

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

**Weathering** is defined as:

There are two types of weathering:

1.) Physical/Mechanical Weathering:

2.) Chemical Weathering:

How fast a rock weathers is determined by:

1.) The \_\_\_\_\_ of material \_\_\_\_\_ at the surface .

a. As the surface area \_\_\_\_\_, the rate of weathering \_\_\_\_\_. (This means that smaller particle sizes, of the same composition, will weather faster).

2.) \_\_\_\_\_ - This refers to the average moisture and/or heat available in a geographic location

Looking at the diagram to the right:

- Strong chemical weathering dominates in areas with \_\_\_\_\_ annual rainfall and \_\_\_\_\_ average temperature.
- Strong and moderate physical weathering dominates in areas with moderate to high annual rainfall and average annual temperatures that reach below \_\_\_\_\_ C.
- Slight weathering of any kind, takes place in areas with \_\_\_\_\_ average temperatures and very low annual rainfall.

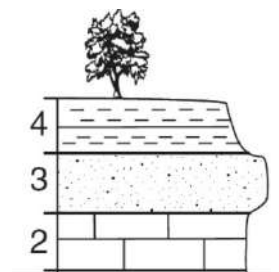
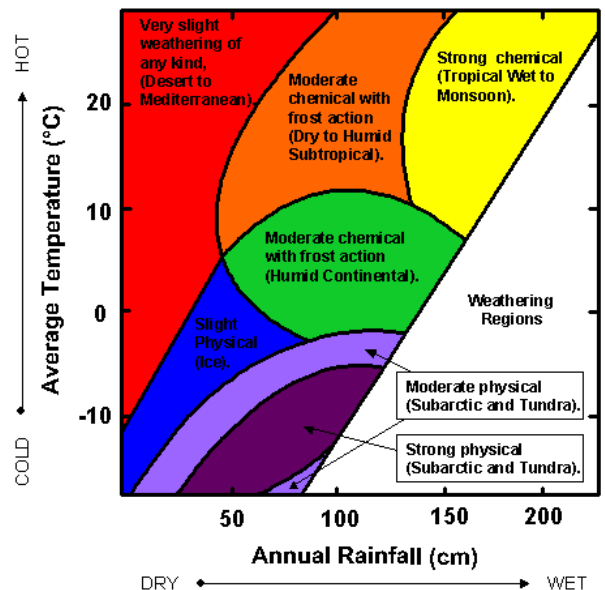
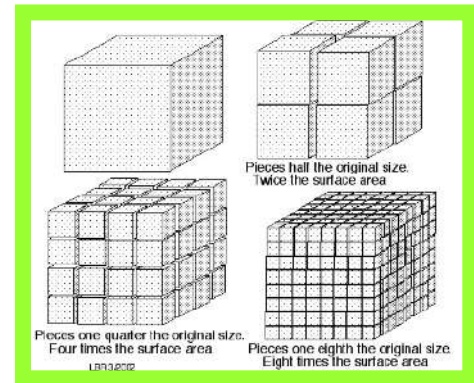
3.) \_\_\_\_\_ :

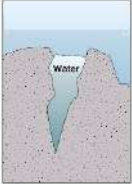

a. Chemical:

b. Physical:



Key Concept: The more resistant rock will be weathered \_\_\_\_\_ than the \_\_\_\_\_ ones. Which layer in the diagram to the right is the most resistant to weathering?



Types of Weathering	Name and Physical/Chemical?	Description
  <p>(a) (b)</p>		
