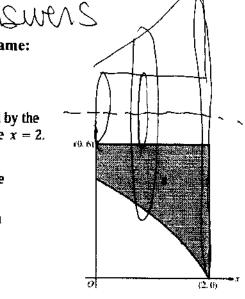
## Volume and Area AP Problems - Mixed Practice

AP Calculus

Name:

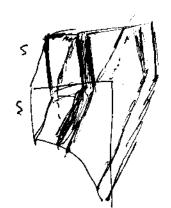
- 1) In the figure above, R is the shaded region in the first quadrant bounded by the graph of  $y = 4\ln(3-x)$ , the horizontal line y = 6, and the vertical line x = 2.
  - (a) Find the area of R.
  - (b) Find the volume of the solid generated when R is revolved about the horizontal line y = 8.
  - (c) The region R is the base of a solid. For this solid, each cross section perpendicular to the x-axis is a square. Find the volume of the solid.

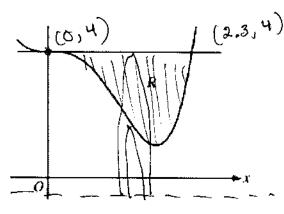


a) 
$$A = \int_{0}^{2} (6 - 4 \ln(3-x)) dx = 6.817$$

b) 
$$V = \pi \int_{0}^{2} ((8-4\ln(3-x))^{2} - (8-6)^{2}) dx = 168.180$$

C) 
$$V = \int_{0}^{2} (6-4\ln(3-x))^{2} dx$$
  
=  $26.267$ 



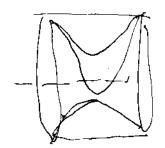


$$\chi^{4} - 2.3\chi^{3} + 4 = 0$$
  
 $\chi = 0, \chi = 2.3$ 

- 2. Let R be the region enclosed by the graph of  $f(x) = x^4 2.3x^3 + 4$  and the horizontal line y = 4, as shown in the figure above.
  - (a) Find the volume of the solid generated when R is rotated about the horizontal line y = -2.
  - (b) Region R is the base of a solid. For this solid, each cross section perpendicular to the x-axis is an isosceles right triangle with a leg in R. Find the volume of the solid.
  - (c) The vertical line x = k divides R into two regions with equal areas. Write, but do not solve, an equation involving integral expressions whose solution gives the value k.

a) 
$$V = V \int ((4+2)^2 - (f(x)+2)^2) dx$$

o  $\approx 98.868$ 



b) 
$$V = \frac{1}{2} \int (4 - (x^4 - 2.3x^2 + 4))^2 dx$$

$$\approx 3.574$$

Area 
$$= \frac{1}{3}bh$$

$$\Delta$$

$$\int_{0}^{K} (4 - f(x)) dx = \int_{0}^{2.3} (4 - f(x)) dx$$
of 
$$\int_{0}^{K} (4 - (x^{4} - 2.3x^{3} + 4)) dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{2.3} (4 - (x^{4} - 2.3x^{3} + 4)) dx$$