Logan Township School District Visual and Performing Arts

Curriculum Map for Music Units of Study

Kindergarten	 Melody: Introduction-short/long sounds, high/low sounds, repeating a simple melody Rhythm: Introduction-steady beat, staying in unison, repeating basic rhythmic patterns Performance: Introduction-preparing by practicing for a particular concert or program, staying in unison, standing properly, moving accordingly if necessary, performing proudly and with confidence Listening: Introduction-being able to tell the difference when hearing the vocal qualities of a man, woman, or child, using a classroom instrument, and matching the melodic or rhythmic pattern. Technology: Introduction –usage of the CD-ROM, laptop, computer or SmartBoard for music instruction
First Grade	 Review ALL of the above-mentioned unist and be able to take it to the next level. Melody: Match pitches more closely, memorize songs by rote that are longer in length, use Orff instruments to play simple melodies by matching pitches, or letters of the notes with the instrument. Performance: Singing songs that are challenging rhythmically and melodically, possibly in another language or sign language. Solos, duets, or trios may be used, be able to follow the director conducting. Listening: Can easily identify the different vocal qualities, and different qualities of an instrument and voice, acapella as opposed to accompaniment, identify the rhythmic pattern heard. Technology: More hands-on experience with the various technology items used.
Second Grade	 Melody: Learn the notes so, mi, la, re, and do Rhythm: Learn quarter rests, quarter notes, eighth notes, and half notes Form: Learn AB and ABA forms Listening: Discuss different elements of a song. Students will also learn about critiquing a song Seasonal/ Cultural Songs: Students learn seasonal and cultural songs throughout the year
Third Grade	 Melody: Building upon skills taught in second grade, students will learn the notes high do, low so and low la Rhythm: Building upon skills taught in second grade, students will learn sixteenth notes, whole notes, whole rests and half rests. Form/Harmony: Building upon skills taught in second grade, students will learn rounds and ostinatos Listening: Discuss different elements of a song. Students will also learn about critiquing a song Seasonal/ Cultural Songs: Students learn seasonal and cultural songs throughout the year
Fourth Grade	 Melody: Building upon skills taught in third grade, students will learn ti and fa Rhythm: Building upon skills taught in third grade, students will learn sixteenth/eighth note patterns and dotted patterns Form/Harmony: Building upon skills taught in third grade, students will learn Rondo form and partner songs. Listening: Discuss different elements of a song. Students will also learn about critiquing a song. Seasonal Songs: Students learn seasonal and cultural songs throughout the year.

	One of Analysis of Oktober to another analysis of the Control of t
	Song Analysis: Students analyze songs they perform on piano, drums and / or guitar, using correct Song Analysis: Students analyze songs they perform on piano, drums and / or guitar, using correct
	music terminology.
	Music Notation: Students learn different types of music symbols. Music Output Control of the symbol of the s
Fifth Grade	Music Opposites: Students discuss different types of opposites in music (i.e. high/low, up/down, major/minor etc.)
	major/minor etc.)
	Around the World: Students discuss international culture with the emphasis on world music drumming Song Writing: Students greate a gang on pigns and drums.
	Song Writing: Students create a song on piano and drums. Male the Identification and Identificatio
	Melody: Identify through listening and performing songs with voice and piano. Emphasis and
	assessment will be on musical notation, reading, and performing.
Sixth Grade	Rhythm: Read and perform rhythm patterns on instruments such as piano and drums. The state of the state
	• Form/Harmony: Identify harmony by listening and performing piano music; Identify form in all music to
	be performed.
	Tone Color: Identify through listening and performing drums. Identify through listening and performing drums.
	Melody: Identify through listening, singing, and performing songs with voice and guitar accompaniment and piece.
	and piano
Savanth Crada	Rhythm: Read and perform rhythms using guitar, piano, and singing performance Harmony, Identify through listoning and performing (guitar shortle and years).
Seventh Grade	Harmony: Identify through listening and performing (guitar chords and vocal; piano) Forms Identify through listening and performing (guitar chords and vocal; piano)
	Form: Identify through listening and performing (voice, guitar, and piano) To a Colombia de listening and performing (voice, guitar, and piano)
	Tone Color: Identify through listening and performing (vocal, electric and acoustic guitars, piano and list heard acoustic guitars)
	 keyboard sound settings) Melody: Performing songs with guitar and piano
	Rhythm: Read and perform rhythms using piano, drums, guitars and base guitar
Eighth Grade	Harmony: Identify through listening and performing (vocal and piano and guitar) - Harmony: Identify through listening and performing (vocal and piano and guitar) - Harmony: Identify through listening and performing (vocal and piano and guitar)
_	Form: Identify through listening and performing (vocal and piano)- Use form in the creation of student
	composition
	Tone Color: Identify through listening, performing and student composition
	Specific Performance Units of Study for Music
	Unit 1 Music Notation Unit 2 Pierre References
Fifth Grade	Unit 2 Piano Performance Unit 2 Outlook Performance
	Unit 3: Guitar Performance Unit 4. Research as
	Unit 4: Drumming Unit 4: Diago Desformance
Circle Correla	Unit 1: Piano Performance Unit 2: Outlook Borformance
Sixth Grade	Unit 2: Guitar Performance Unit 2: Research as
	Unit 3: Drumming
	Unit 1: Piano Performance Unit 0: Piano Companyities Companyities and the piano design
Seventh Grade	Unit 2: Piano Composition: Compose songs or song patterns with emphasis on rhythmic and melodic
	notation; use of harmony structure
	Unit 3: Guitar Performance Unit 4: Performance Track is a piece quiter develope puitor.
Eighth Grade	Unit 1: Performance Track, i. e. piano, guitar, drums, base guitar Unit 2: Composition Track, i. e. piano, guitar, accompaniere Unit 2: Composition Track, i. e. piano, guitar, accompaniere Unit 2: Composition Track, i. e. piano, guitar, drums, base guitar
	Unit 2: Composition Track, i.e. piano, guitar as a medium

Logan Township School District Visual and Performing Arts

Curriculum Map for Art Units of Study Grades K to 4

Kindergarten	First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Fourth Grade
Coloring	Painting	Painting	Painting	Painting
Students learn how to	Students will learn how	Students will learn	Students will learn	Students will learn how
color using a variety of	mix colors to create new	different methods of	different methods of	to create tertiary colors
media such as crayons,	colors along with mixing	applying paint for	applying paint for	and experiment with
markers to color in	primary colors to create	differentiated results.	differentiated results and	color mixing.
objects.	secondary colors.	 Drawing 	experiment with color	 Drawing
Painting	 Drawing 	Students will learn how	mixing.	Students will learn how
Students learn how to	Students learn how to	to draw people and	 Drawing 	to draw people and how
paint inside objects and	use a pencil as a form of	other objects	Students will learn how	to draw an object from
how to mix primary	outline and use line	realistically.	to draw people and	life. They will also be
colors to create	alone to create an	Sculpture	other objects	introduced into shading
secondary colors.	original work of art.	Students will use model	realistically.	and value.
 Drawing 	Sculpture	magic to create a two-	 Sculpture 	 Sculpture
Students learn how to	Students will learn	dimensional drawing	Students will use the coil	Students will learn the
draw simple shapes and	sculptural elements by	into a three-dimensional	method to create an	basic elements of clay
use a pencil as a form of	creating structures out	sculpture.	original work of art using	and how to build simple
outline.	of model magic.	 Printmaking 	model magic.	structures out of clay.
Sculpture	 Printmaking 	Students will learn a	 Printmaking 	 Printmaking
Students will learn to	Students will learn how	reductive process to	Students will learn how	Students will use an
use a pinching method	to create a monoprint	create a plate that they	to create a monoprint	additive process to
to create simple	out of various materials.	will print.	out of various materials.	create a variety of prints.
structures out of model	Collage	 Mixed media 	 Mixed media 	 Mixed media
magic.	Students will learn to cut	Students will use a	Students will use a	Students will use a two-
 Printmaking 	paper and paste it to	variety of media to	variety of media to	dimensional medium
Students will learn how	another surface to	create a two-	create a two-	along with a three-
to print by creating their	create an original work	dimensional work of art.	dimensional work of art.	dimensional medium to
own plate or stamp.	of art.			create an original work
				of art.

Logan Township School District Visual and Performing Arts

Curriculum Map for Art Units of Study Grades 5 to 8

Fifth Grade	Sixth Grade	Seventh Grade	Eighth Grade
Drawing:	Drawing:	Drawing:	Drawing:
Line drawing using media of pencil	Line drawings using pencil,	Line drawings to help students	Line drawings to help students
only. Students learn how to begin	charcoal and colored pencil.	develop one-point exterior	further develop interior one-point
to add shading to their drawings.	Students learn how to mix colors using colored pencils.	linear perspective skills. Shading skills are improved	perspective skills. Students explore the media of charcoal an
• Painting:	One point interior linear	using a value scale to create a	value scales while they begin to
Students learn how to mix tertiary	perspective.	portrait.	apply their knowledge of
colors using the secondary and			proportion as it applies to the
primary colors. They also use the	Printmaking:	Ceramics:	human body.
color wheel to mix skin tones.	Students learn the basics of	Students build on their	
	printmaking and the	knowledge of the properties of	Ceramics:
• Ceramics:	differentiation between the	clay using the slab method to	Students combine their
Students learn the basic	styles and methodologies of	create a 3D work of art using	knowledge of the properties of
terminology in ceramics. The	printmaking.	the slip and score method to	clay with all the methodologies o
entstucreate a work of art using the	B: 4.1 A 4.	attach.	creating a work of art such as
pinch pot method. They also learn	• Digital Arts		pinch pot method, slab method
how to join parts of clay using the	(same as grade 5)	Multi-media:	and coil method
slip and score methods.		Students combine their	Multi-media:
	Ceramics:	knowledge of mixing paints	Students marry their knowledge of
Digital Arts:	Students build on their	with creating a 3D piece.	mixing paint colors using either
working with interior one	knowledge of the properties of	- Coulmture	watercolor or tempra paints with
point perspective using the Paint program	clay using the coil method to	Sculpture	3D sculpture or multi-media piec
i aint program	create a work of art. They join		of work.
	the each small part of the		
	project using the slip and score		Sculpture
	method.		_

Specific Themes for Art Units of Study

Second Grade	Going Around the World				
Third Grade	From Impressionism to Surrealism				
Fourth Grade	From Surrealism to Contemporary				
	Focus on Identity				
	Alaska				
Fifth Grade	Women in Art				
	Chuck Close				
	Pop Art				
	Cultural Perspectives				
	Ancient Egypt				
	Ancient India				
Sixth Grade	Movement				
	Native American				
	Computer Art				
	Printmaking				
	Africa				
	Australia				
Seventh Grade	Cubism				
	Nature				
	Surrealism				
	Sculpture				
	Careers				
	China				
Eighth Grade	Japan				
	Pop Art				
	Altered Images and Objects				

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