#### **US History II Summer Assignment**



Welcome to United States History II!

Your summer assignment for this course is due the FIRST DAY OF SCHOOL, in print to your teacher. It will count as a grade for the first marking cycle.

#### NO E-MAILS → HARD COPIES ONLY

This type of assignment, as you should know by now, is known as a Document Based Question (DBQ for short). A DBQ assignment usually has the following format:

- A series of documents, usually with short response questions that follow each. The point of the short response questions is to direct your attention to certain aspects of the document and to aid in your understanding of it.
- An essential question which must be answered in an essay (usually 1-3 pages) in which you refer to specific documents in the packet to support your viewpoint.

#### YOUR ASSIGNMENT is to:

- 1. Analyze the DBQ documents and answer the short response questions for each document in this packet (this part is **mandatory**).
- 2. For *extra credit*, you may choose to write a 1-2 page essay responding to the topic of the DBQ. (This part is **optional**)

Typed responses are preferred, neatly written responses are acceptable.

#### Part I: DBQ Responses

**Historical Context:** At the turn of the twentieth century, Europe seemed to enjoy a period of peace and progress. Yet below the surface, several forces were at work that would lead Europe into the "Great War." One of these forces was nationalism, and it had an explosive effect in the Balkans. However, nationalism was only one of the many causes of World War I. Historians and eyewitnesses have described 4 "M.A.I.N." causes of World War I (M.A.I.N. = Militarism, Imperialism, Nationalism, Alliances) and have tried to assess the responsibility for them.

#### 4

The student has a complete and detailed understanding of the information important to the topic. (Student answers question and provides textual evidence including interpretation of evidence and/or prior knowledge) (CCS 11.1/12.1 and/or 11.6/12.6)

3

The student has a complete understanding of the important information to the topic but not in great detail. (Student answers question and identifies some textual evidence).

2

The student has an incomplete understanding of the topic and/or misconceptions about some of the information. However, the student maintains a basic understanding of the topic. (Student partially answers question but includes information that is irrelevant/incorrect [such as wrong dates, names, unrelated events])

1

The student's understanding of the topic is so incomplete or has so many misconceptions that the student cannot be said to understand the topic. (Student attempts at answer but is completely incorrect.)

0

No judgment can be made about the student's understanding of the topic. (Student did not answer question.)

**Document A**: Source: Wikimedia Commons



- 1. What three main countries make up the Triple Alliance?
- 2. What three main countries make up the Triple Entente?

#### The Dual Alliance between Austria-Hungary and Germany - October 7, 1879

**ARTICLE 1.** Should, contrary to their hope, and against the loyal desire of the two High Contracting Parties, one of the two Empires be attacked by Russia, the High Contracting Parties are bound to come to the assistance one of the other with the whole war strength of their Empires, and accordingly only to conclude peace together and upon mutual agreement.

**ARTICLE 2.** Should one of the High Contracting Parties be attacked by another Power, the other High Contracting Party binds itself hereby, not only not to support the aggressor against its high Ally, but to observe at least a benevolent neutral attitude towards its fellow Contracting Party.

#### Questions:

- 3. What country are Germany and Austria-Hungary most worried about?
- 4. What are Germany and Austria-Hungary "bound" to do for one another?

<u>Document C:</u> Source: <a href="http://www.authentichistory.com/1914-1920/1-overview/1-origins/index.html">http://www.authentichistory.com/1914-1920/1-overview/1-origins/index.html</a>

"By the 1890s, the great land armies of France, Germany, Austria-Hungary, and Russia had no equals on earth except one another. Nicholas warned that 'the accelerating arms race,' which was producing larger armies, more powerful artillery, and bigger warships, was 'transforming the armed peace into a crushing burden that weighs on all nations and, if prolonged, will lead to the very cataclysm it seeks to avert.' Unfortunately, participation in the international court was voluntary. The next year, in an attempt to compensate for its small empire, Germany enacted the Second Naval Law, intending to build a navy capable of challenging the British Royal Navy in combat. The British responded. By 1906, keeping ahead of the Germans in modern battleships was a national priority. France, meanwhile, strove to match the German standing army of sixty million men, no small feat for a nation of forty million people."

#### **Questions:**

- 5. According to Nicholas, what was the arms race leading to?
- 6. How did Britain and France react to Germany's military buildup?

**Document D:** Source: <a href="http://www.oldmagazinearticles.com/Pre-">http://www.oldmagazinearticles.com/Pre-</a> World War One Military Spending pre ww1

# The Literary Digest ~February 23, 1935: p. 42~

# **World Expenditures for Armaments**

### (In millions of dollars)

Figures in Italics prepared by the author, all others from Jacobsson's "World's Armament Expenditure."

	1913	1912	1911	1910	1909	1908
Great Britain. France. Germany. Italy. Russia.		307.8 331.5 158.4	303.9 133.7	301.5 124.9	236.4 306.8 115.8	286.7 216.0 286.7 87.5 291.6
Total Great European Powers All Other European Countries	1,778.8 515.0					1,168.5 338.9
Total Europe. United States. Japan	2,293.8 244.6 104.6	227.0	197.0	197.0	199.0	1,507 .4 189 .3 93 .7
TOTAL	2,643.0 264.3				1,946.8 194.7	1,790.4 179.0
GRAND TOTAL	2,907.3	2,545.7	2,318.1	2,212.4	2,141.5	1,969.4

Grand totals: 1907-1,823.1; 1906-1,687.5; 1905-1,562.1; 1904-1,446.0.

The figures in the above table represent the United States dollar as evaluated before January 31, 1934.

# OldMagazineArticles.com

#### Questions:

- 7. What happened to all European Countries' expenditures from 1908 to 1913?
  - a. What might account for this?
- 8. What two countries spent the most on their militaries in 1913?
  - b. Are these two countries allies?

<u>Document E:</u> Source: <a href="http://www.authentichistory.com/1914-1920/1-overview/1-origins/index.html">http://www.authentichistory.com/1914-1920/1-overview/1-origins/index.html</a>

"One of the main causes of the First World War was imperialism: an unequal relationship, often in the form of an empire, forced on other countries and peoples, resulting in domination and subordination of economics, culture, and territory. Historians disagree on whether the primary impetus for imperialism was cultural or economic, but whatever the reason, Europeans in the late 19<sup>th</sup> century increasingly chose to safeguard their access to markets, raw materials, and returns on their investments by seizing outright political and military control of the undeveloped world. Between the 1850s and 1911, all of Africa was colonized except for Liberia and Ethiopia. The British, who had imposed direct rule on India in 1858, occupied Egypt in 1882, probably a strategic necessity to protect their Indian interests. The French, who had begun missionary work in Indochina in the 17<sup>th</sup> century, finished their conquests of the region in 1887, and in 1893 they added to it neighboring Laos and a small sliver of China."

- 9. According to the passage, why did Britain occupy Egypt?
- 10. What areas are referred to as "the underdeveloped world" in the passage?

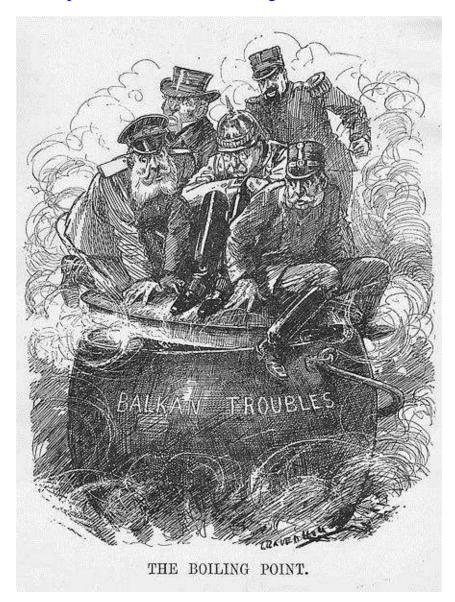
**Document F:** Source: <a href="http://www.authentichistory.com/1914-1920/1-overview/1-origins/index.html">http://www.authentichistory.com/1914-1920/1-overview/1-origins/index.html</a>

#### The Balkan Powder Keg

Serbia was the only Balkan nation to threaten a Great Power directly. Following a change of dynasties in 1903, the aggressive Serbian leader Nicholas Pashich adopted an openly anti-Austrian policy. At the same time, he promoted Pan-Slav nationalism--a vision that the Slavic peoples would one day be united under one nation. Additionally, the Serbians could or would do little to stop the activities of the anti-Austrian secret society, the Black Hand. To the Austrians, the rise of Pan-Slavic nationalism, and particularly Serbian aggression, was a direct threat to the future of the Austrian Empire. Serbia had become "a jackal snapping at the Austro-Hungarian Achilles heel."

- 11. What does it mean that Serbia was "a jackal snapping at the Austro-Hungarian Achilles heel?"
- 12. According to the passage, why was Serbia important?

# **Document G:** Source: <a href="http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:WWI-Causes.jpg">http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:WWI-Causes.jpg</a>



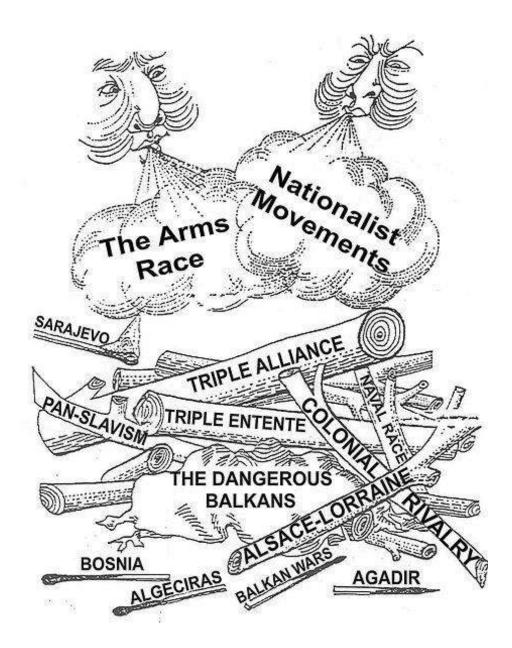
- 13. What countries do you think represent the figures sitting on the "pot?" Why?
- 14.. Why is the cartoon titled "The Boiling Point"?

**Document H:** Source: <a href="http://www.authentichistory.com/1914-1920/1-overview/1-origins/index.html">http://www.authentichistory.com/1914-1920/1-overview/1-origins/index.html</a>

On the eve of the First World War, several social movements had influence over the various classes of citizenry in Europe.

Socialism pressed for social justice and economic rights for the working class. Conservatism was the accepted value system of kings, aristocrats, most priests, and many of their lesser supporters, especially in Eastern Europe. In response to the perceived threat of Socialism, a new Conservatism, with roots in anti-Capitalism and anti-Semitism, began to spread amongst the students and shopkeepers of Paris and Vienna. But the movement that had the most influence in Europe in 1914, including over the workers, was Nationalism--emotional loyalty to the state. The idea of popular sovereignty, that the people should be sovereign, easily led to the notion that sovereignty should be supported by the citizenry with extreme enthusiasm.

- 15. According to the passage, what movement had the most influence on Europe in 1914?
- 16. What other movements influenced Europe?



- 17. Which "M.A.I.N." causes of WWI are represented in the document above?
- 18. If the various alliances and nations are represented as a "wood pile" in the cartoon, what is the "match" that will set them all ablaze? Why?

#### **Document J:** Source:

http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/2/2d/Chain\_of\_Friendship\_cartoon.gif



- 19. Which "M.A.I.N." cause(s) of WWI are illustrated in the picture above? How?
- 20. Why is Serbia the first in the chain? Why is it smallest?

#### Part II: DBQ ESSAY (Optional Extra Credit)

#### **Directions:**

1. Based on your knowledge and on the information found in the documents, formulate a thesis that directly answers the topic:

*Topic:* Of the four M.A.I.N. reasons for the cause of WWI, which factor contributed most to the outbreak of WWI?

*NOTE:* A thesis statement is included towards the beginning of your paper and is a summary of the main point of your paper, a summary of the argument a paper contains, or a summary of the position that the paper is going to take.

- 2. Organize supportive and relevant information into a brief outline.
- 3. Write a well-organized 1-2 page essay proving your thesis. The essay should be logically presented and should include information from the documents and from your own outside knowledge. *Refer to at least 4 of the attached documents to support your ideas*.

Rubric for the essay:

#### **10 Point DBQ Rubric**

	0 pts.	1pt	2pts	3pts
Thesis	-Thesis does not	- Thesis addresses all		
0-1 pt.	address all parts of the	parts of the question		
	question	- Thesis sets up the		
	- Thesis simply restates	argument		
	the question	-Thesis addresses the targeted skill		
Analysis of	-Only describes or	-Analyzes 70% of	-Analyzes 70% of	-Analyzes at least 80%
historical	paraphrases	documents to support	documents to support	of documents to
evidence &	documents	or prove argument/	or prove argument/	support or prove
support of	(inadequate analysis)	thesis	thesis	argument/ thesis
argument	-May use <50% of		AND	AND
0-3 pts.	documents		Does one of the	-Does one of the
			following for 70 % of	following for 80 % of
			documents	documents
			- Historical context	- Historical context
			- Purpose	- Purpose
			- Point of view	- Point of view
	-( <_ Documents)	(/_ Documents)	(/_ Documents)	(_/_ Documents)
Outside	-Does not include any	- Uses and applies		
Evidence	outside evidence	substantial outside		
0-1 pt.	- Has outside evidence	information to support		
	but does not use it to	or prove thesis/		
	advance the argument	argument		
	of the essay; simply			
	lists information			

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			United States his	tory II Summer Assignment			
Context	Has only limited	-Accurately and					
0-1 pt.	connections between	explicitly works the					
	the question and the	essay into the larger					
	time period	story or history within					
	-	the time period					
		- Makes links between					
		some of the documents					
		(topical and					
		chronological)					
Synthesis	Response synthesizes the argument, evidence, analysis of documents, and context into a coherent						
0-1pt.	and persuasive essay by accomplishing ONE or more of the following as relevant to the question.						
-							
	You can get up to ONE point for demonstrating 1+ of the following skills.						
	✓ Appropriately extends or modifies the stated thesis or argument (ex provides the counter						
	arguments)						
	OR						
	-	ates contradictory evidence	from docs in crafting cohe	rent argument			
	OR						
		nnects question to <u>other</u> mo					
	Historical periods, geographical areas, contexts or circumstances (understands the bigger picture)						
Carantin	M	N/	P	Г			
Conventions	Many errors, informal/	Many minor errors,	Few, minor	Excellent grammar,			
0-3pts.	unrefined language,	informal language,	grammatical errors,	with no errors,			
	essay organized	essay organization does	academic language,	sophisticated			
	ineffectively	not further develop the	use of structure	language, advanced			
		essay	progresses essay	use of structure to			
				develop the essay			