

Social Studies
Modern World History
Unit 8: World War II

Essential Understandings	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> After World War I economic depressions, unemployment, and social unrest led to the rise of dictatorships in Europe. By the end of World War II, the balance of power had shifted away from Europe and toward the United States and the Soviet Union. World War II also created a shift in the social landscape of Europe and the rest of the world.
Essential Questions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> What factors led to the rise of dictatorships in Europe after WWI? How did World War II affect the balance of power? What nations emerged from the conflict as world powers? How did World War II change the social landscape?
Essential Knowledge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The important aspects of World War II include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The factors that led to the rise of Fascist dictatorships in Italy and Germany after World War I. The idea that World War II was a product of World War I. How Great Britain and the United States responded to German expansion. How the Soviet Union and the United States entered World War II. The ultimate outcome of the war.
Vocabulary	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <u>Terms:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> dictatorship, sanctions, appeasement, blitzkrieg, lend-lease, Holocaust, genocide, Winston Churchill, FDR, Dwight Eisenhower, D-Day, Hiroshima
Essential Skills	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Define important vocabulary. Explain the causes and beginning events of the war. Identify characteristics of the war. Identify how the war impacted the future.
Related Maine Learning Results	<p><u>Social Studies</u></p> <p>A. Applications of Social Studies Processes, Knowledge, and Skills</p> <p>A1. Researching and Developing Positions on Current Social Studies Issues</p> <p>Students research, develop, present, and defend positions on current social studies issues by developing and modifying research questions, and locating, selecting, evaluating, and synthesizing information from multiple and varied sources.</p> <p>b. Select and apply research methods that are appropriate for the purpose of the inquiry.</p> <p>c. Make judgments about conflicting findings from different sources, incorporating those from sources that are valid and refuting others.</p> <p>f. Create and present a coherent set of findings that integrate paraphrasing, quotations, and citations.</p> <p>g. Develop a clear well-supported position.</p>

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<p style="text-align: center;">Related Maine Learning Results</p>	<p>B. Civics and Government</p> <p>B1.Knowledge, Concepts, Themes, and Patterns of Civics/Government</p> <p>Students understand the ideals, purposes, principles, structures, and processes of constitutional government in the United States and in the American political system, as well as examples of other forms of government and political systems in the world.</p> <p>a. Explain that the study of government includes structures, functions, institutions, and forms of government to citizens in the United States and in other regions of the world.</p> <p>B3.Individual, Cultural, International, and Global Connections in Civics and Government</p> <p>Students understand political and civic aspects of unity and diversity in Maine, the United States, and the world, including Maine Native Americans.</p> <p>b. Analyze the political structures, political power, and political perspectives of diverse cultures, including those of Maine and other Native Americans, various historical and recent immigrant groups in Maine and the United States, and those of various world cultures.</p> <p>C. Economics</p> <p>C1.Economic Knowledge, Concept, Themes, and Patterns</p> <p>Students understand the principles and processes of personal economics, the role of markets, the economic system of the United States, and other economic systems in the world, and how economics serves to inform decisions in the present and future.</p> <p>a. Explain that the study of economics includes the analysis and description of production, distribution, and consumption of goods and services by business and is the basis of individual personal finance management including saving and investing.</p> <p>D. Geography</p> <p>D1.Geographic Knowledge, Concepts, Themes, and Patterns</p> <p>Students understand the geography of the United States and various regions of the world and the effect of geographic influences on decisions about the present and future.</p> <p>d. Evaluate the impact of change, including technological change, on the physical and cultural environment.</p>
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<p style="text-align: center;">Related Maine Learning Results</p>	<p>D2.Individual, Cultural, International, and Global Connections in Geography Students understand geographic aspects of unity and diversity in Maine, the United States, and the world, including Maine native American communities.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Analyze geographic features that have impacted unity and diversity in the United States and other nations and describe their effects. <p>E. History</p> <p>E1.Historical Knowledge, Concepts, Themes, and patterns Students understand major eras, major enduring themes, and historic influences in United States and world history, including the roots of democratic philosophy, ideals, and institutions in the world.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Explain that history includes the study of the past based on the examination of a variety of primary and secondary sources and how history can help one better understand and make informed decisions about the present and future. b. Analyze and critique major historical eras, major enduring themes, turning points, events, consequences, and people in the history of the United States and world and the implications for the present and future. c. Trace and critique the roots and evolution of democratic ideals and constitutional principles in the history of the United States and the world using historical sources. d. Analyze and critique varying interpretations of historic people, issues, or events, and explain how evidence is used to support different interpretations. <p>E2.Individual, Cultural, International, and Global Connections in History Students understand historical aspects of unity and diversity in the United States and the world, including Native American communities.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> b. Identify and analyze major turning points and events in the history of Native Americans and various historical and recent immigrant groups in the United States, and other cultures in the world.
<p style="text-align: center;">Sample Lessons And Activities</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Nuremberg Laws on Citizenship and Race ▪ WWII map ▪ <u>Why We Fight</u> film questions ▪ <u>Schindler's List</u> film ▪ WWII Political cartoon ▪ Important WWII figures biographies

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Sample Classroom Assessment Methods	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Quizzes over each section▪ Cumulative unit exam▪ Mini projects▪ Films▪ Discussion, lecture, video, reading, group projects
Sample Resources	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ <u>Publications:</u><ul style="list-style-type: none">○ <u>World History: The Human Experience – The Modern Era</u>○ <u>The Greatest Generation</u> - Tom Brokaw○ <u>WWII: A Short History</u> - Michael J. Lyons○ <u>The Diary of Anne Frank</u>○ <u>Hiroshima</u> - John Hersey▪ <u>Videos:</u><ul style="list-style-type: none">○ <u>Why We Fight</u>○ <u>Schindler's List</u>○ <u>Nuremburg: Nazi's on Trial</u>○ <u>The Longest Day</u>