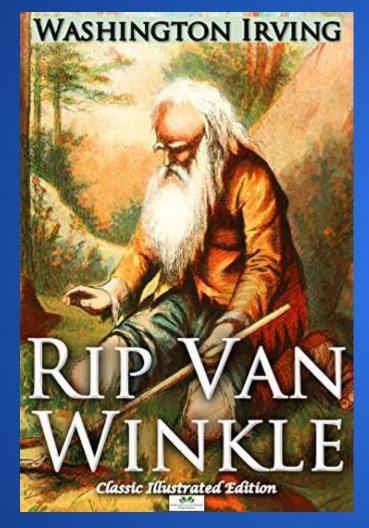


Lesson 15: Rip Van Winkle





Today we will be reading Rip Van Winkle. Another adaptation from a Washington Irving story.





This story was published in the same collection of short stories as "The Legend of Sleepy Hollow."



Vocabulary for "Rip Van Winkle"

- provoke, v. to cause something to happen; to bring out anger in a person or people (provoked) (72)
- console, v. to comfort or try to make someone feel better and less sad (72)
- 3. peal, n. a loud noise or repeated noises (peals) (74)
- 4. ninepins, n. a bowling game played with nine pins (74)
- breeches, n. pants that cover the hips down to just below the knee (74)
- 6. melancholy, adj. sad or depressed (74)
- 7. **skeptical**, *adj*. doubtful (**79**)
- 8. revere, v. to respect or honor (revered) (79)
- henpecked, adj. used to describe a man who is constantly controlled and criticized by his wife (79)

Before we begin reading chapter 9: "Rip Van Winkle" let's go over some vocabulary. Turn to Activity page 15.2 (workbook page 139)



Chapter 9

Rip Van Winkle (Adapted from the story

by Washington Irving)

How does Washington Irving weave fact and fiction together in the telling of "Rip Van Winkle"?

THE BIG QUESTION

In a village in the Catskill Mountains, there lived a simple, goodnatured fellow by the name of Rip Van Winkle. He was a kind neighbor, and the children would shout with joy whenever he approached. Rip Van Winkle was a lovable soul who was ready to attend to anybody's business but his own. As to keeping his own farm in order, he found it impossible, and his children were as ragged as if they belonged to nobody.

Rip was one of those happy fools who lived without a care, ate white bread or brown, whichever required less thought or trouble, and preferred to starve on a penny than work for a pound. If left to himself, he would have whistled his life away in perfect contentment, but his wife was continually complaining about his laziness and the ruin he was bringing upon his family. Rip would shrug his shoulders, shake his head, cast up his eyes, but say nothing. This always **provoked** a fresh attack from his wife, and so he frequently left the house to go outside.

Rip used to console himself, when driven from home, with the company of a group of other men who met on a bench in front of an inn. Sitting beneath a portrait of His Majesty King George III, they talked over village gossip and told stories. If by chance an old newspaper fell into their hands, they would listen as Van Bummel, the schoolmaster, read aloud its contents. All kinds of discussions followed the reading of the newspaper. Nicholas Vedder, a respected elder member of the village, made his opinions known by the manner in

THE BIG QUESTION

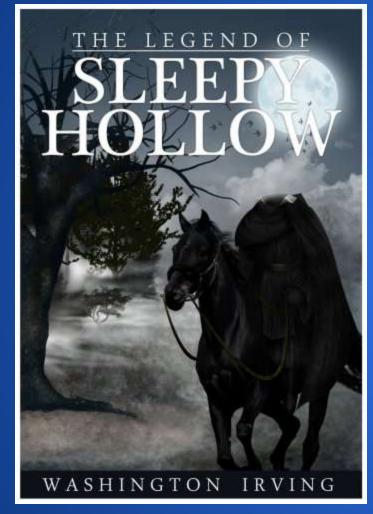
How does Washington Irving weave fact and fiction together in the telling of "Rip Van Winkle"?

Turn to page 72 in your reader.



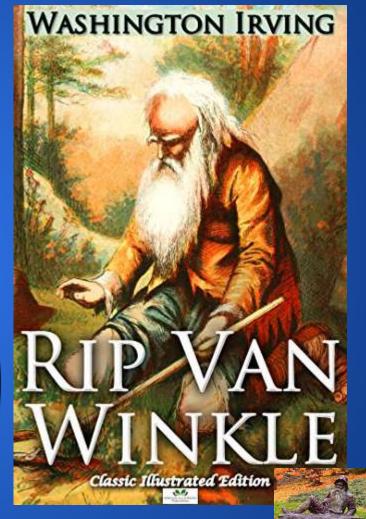


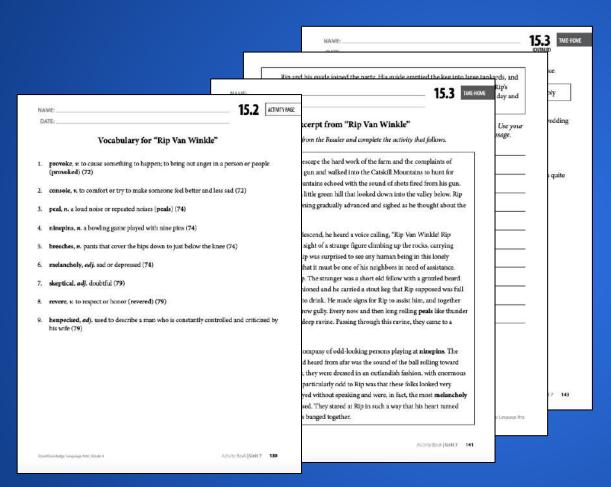




How are these two stories alike?
What elements do you think would be included in other Washington Irving stories?







Tear out Activity pages 15.2 and 15.3 (workbook pages 139 – 143). You will be doing Activity page 15.3 for homework tonight.

**You may need page 15.2 to help you complete the last activity on page 15.3.





Is anyone ready to share their essay with the class?

Let's be good listeners and give the reader some feedback about their essay.





You have the rest of the class period to work on completing or revising your cause and effect essay.

Don't forget to complete Activity page 15.3 for homework!