

CELLULAR RESPIRATION



First Floor

What is Cellular Respiration?

2 Second Floor

Glycolysis

3 Third Floor

The Mighty Mitochondria

4 Fourth Floor

The Room Where it Happens

5 Fifth Floor

ATP - it gives you wings.

6 Sixth Floor

Aerobic Respiration

7 Seventh Floor

Anaerobic Respiration

8 Eighth Floor

Lactic Acid Fermentation

9 Ninth Floor

Alcohol Fermentation

10 Tenth Floor

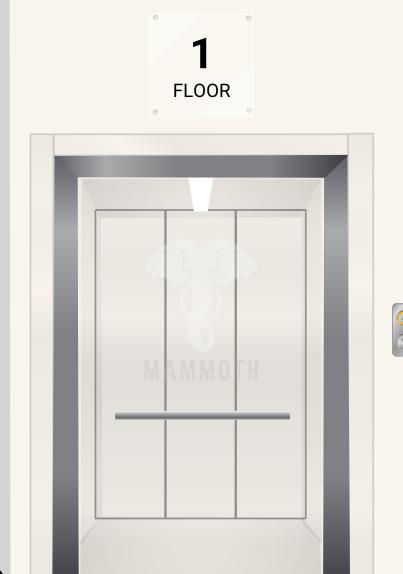
Putting it Together - Jamboard

Unit 7: What is Cellular Respiration

Proceed through each floor by answering the questions pertaining to that particular topic found on that floor. A menu has been provided in the elevator controls. Good Luck and happy learning!



Summarize Cellular Respiration and why it is important to both types of Eukaryotic Cells



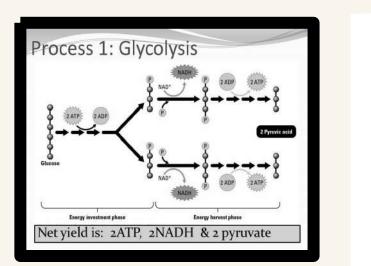
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Scienci



Glycolysis

1. Briefly describe the possible metabolic fates of pyruvate produced by glycolysis in humans, and explain the circumstances that favor each. (*Think Aerobic vs Anaerobic*)



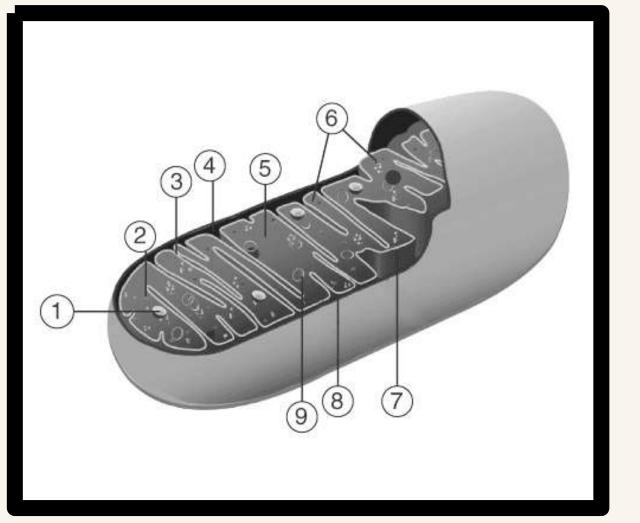


0 0 3 The Mighty Mitochondria FLOOR 0 Structure Summary 1 © Mammoth Science

Structure

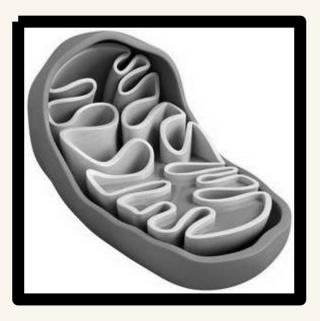
Using the following terms – match the structure with the image right:

- Intermembrane space
- Cristae
- Outer Membrane
- Inner membrane
- ATP Synthase
- Ribosome
- DNA (Maternal)
- Granules
- Matrix



Summary

- What are the layered structures that look like folds in the mitochondria called?
- How many cell membrane(s) does mitochondria have?
- 3. What type of cell is mitochondria found in?
- 4. Which of the following division technique is similar in mitochondria and bacteria?

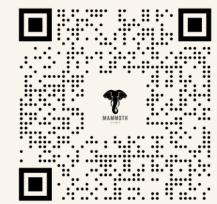


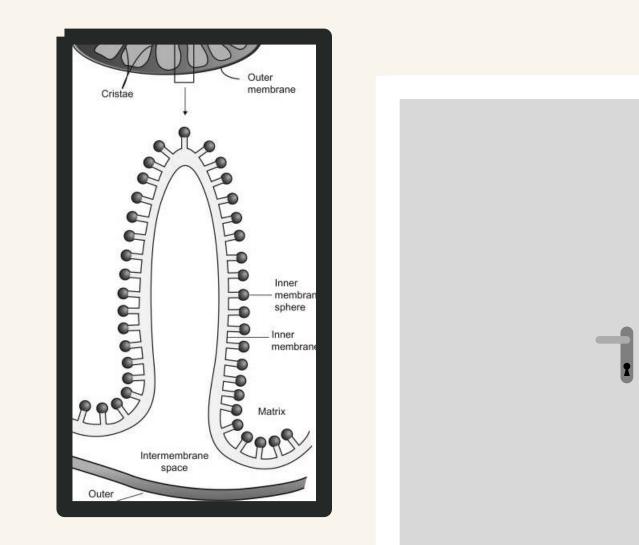




The Inner Membrane

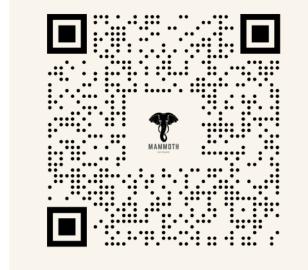
- What two compartments does the inner membrane create?
- 2. What is the folding of the inner membrane called?
- 3. What process occurs here in cellular respiration?

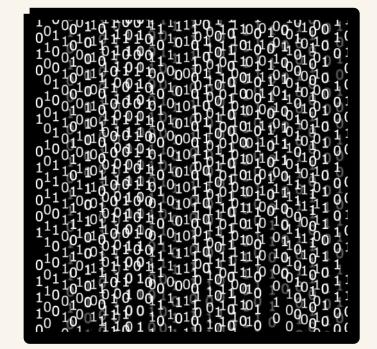




The Matrix

- 1. Describe the Matrix
- 2. What all does the matrix contain?
- 3. What process/es of Cellular
 - Respiration happens in the matrix?



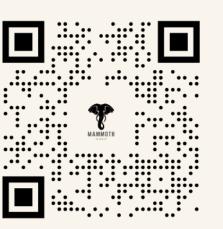


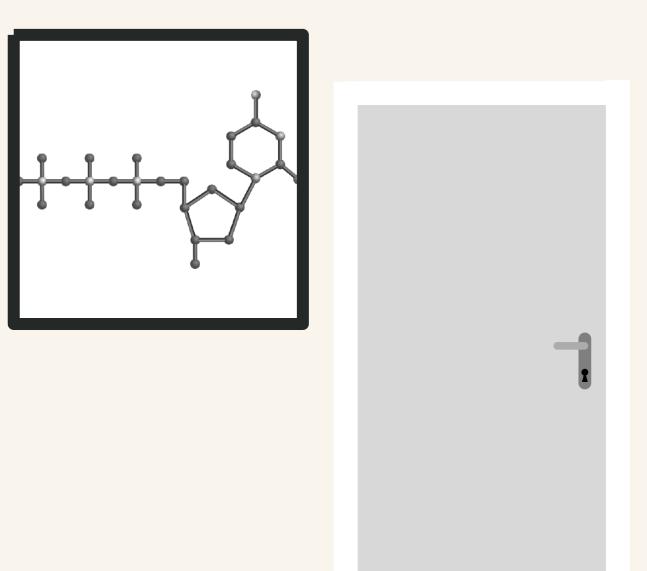




Adenosine Triphosphate

- 1. What is ATP?
- 2. How is it generated in Photosynthesis?
- How much ATP is produced in each step of Cellular Respiration?
 - d. Glycolysis
 - e. Intermediate Step
 - f. Krebs cycle
 - g. Electron Transport

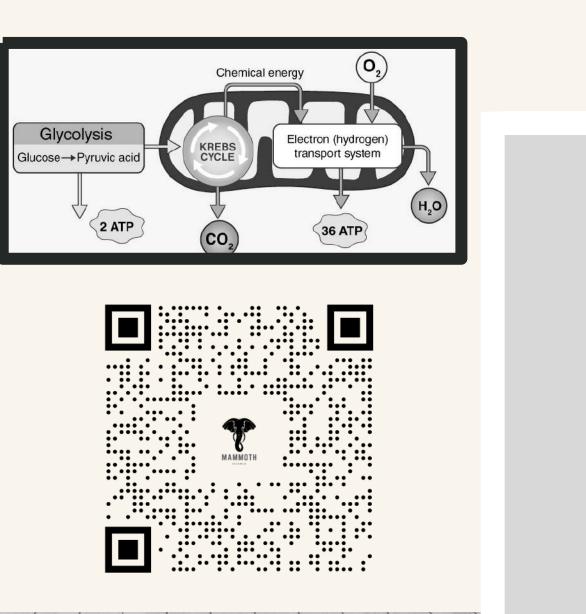






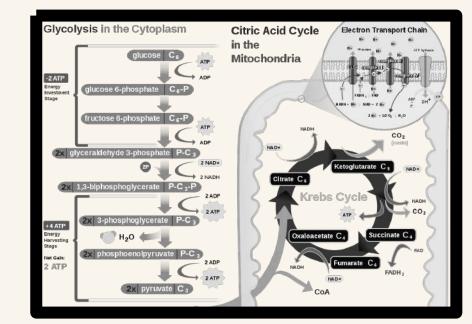
Aerobic

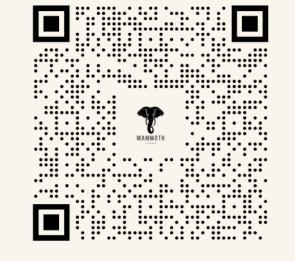
- 1. What does it mean to be aerobic?
- 2. What 3 processes make upAerobic CellularRespiration?
- 3. Is every process in
 "aerobic cellular respiration need O₂? Why?



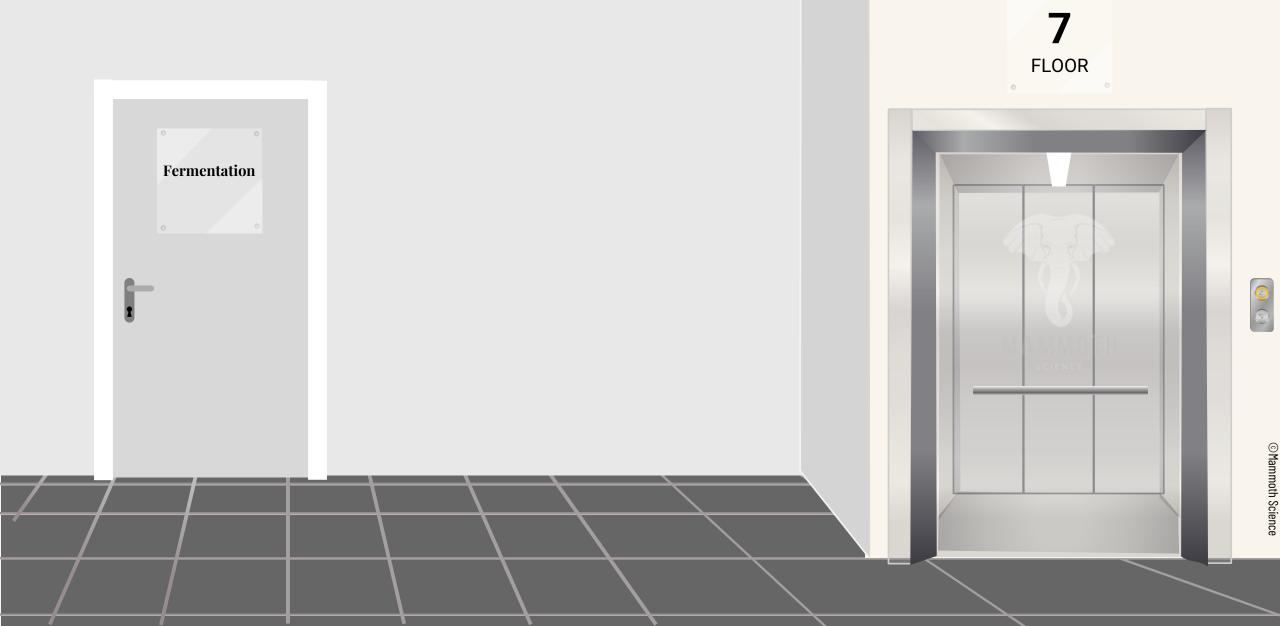
The Stages

- List the Stages in Cellular Respiration
- 2. What are the Reactants and products of the Krebs Cycle?
- 3. How many turns go through the Krebs Cycle?
- 4. What does Pyruvate turn
 - into before the Krebs?
- 5. What are the Products on the ETC?





Anaerobic Cellular Respiration

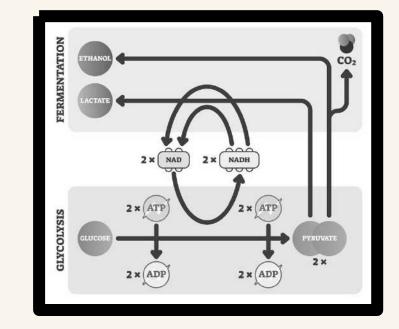


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Anaerobic Respiration

- 1. Define Anaerobic
- 2. List the Two types ofAnaerobic Respiration
- 3. Compare and contrastAerobic vs AnaerobicRespiration.
- 4. What kind of organisms undergo Anaerobic Respiration?







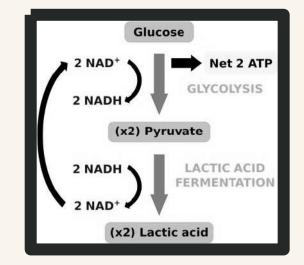


Lactic Acid Respiration

1. Describe Lactic Acid

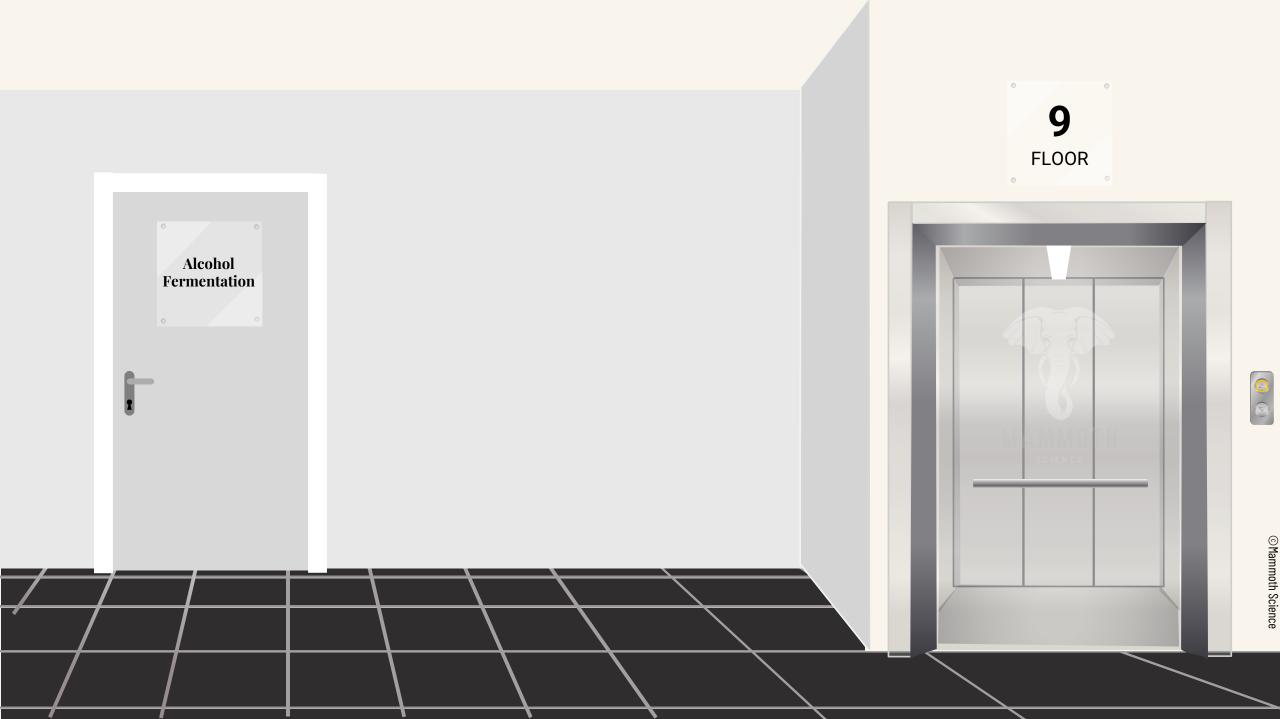
Respiration

- 2. Which organisms perform this process?
- 3. What is the product?
- 4. What effect does it have on human muscle tissue?
- 5. What types of foods are made using this respiration for a certain type of organism?

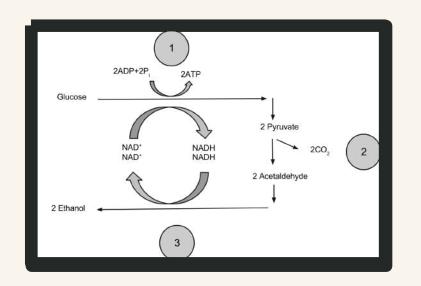








Alcohol Fermentation





- What are the products of Alcoholic fermentation?
- 2. Which organisms perform this process?
- 3. What foods are produced using Alcoholic Fermentation?
- 4. Compare and ContrastAerobic vs Fermentation in terms of ATP production.



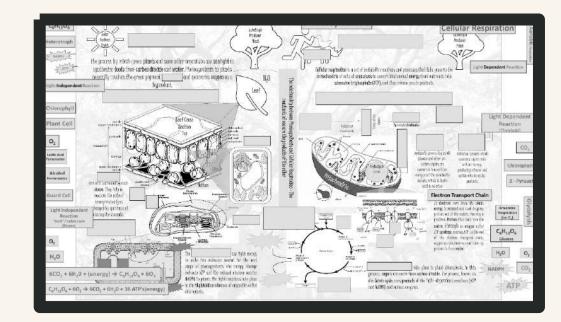
Jamboard

Complete the Jamboard -

<u>LINK</u>

2. Take a

screenshot and place in your answer document.









Do you have any questions?

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