Unit 6 Study Guide

- 1. Explain the US Court system using the SAD cake. Be sure to explain the differences between a district court, an appellate court, and the Supreme Court. Include: jurisdiction, number of courts, number of judges/justices, who hears/decides the case, cases heard, and types of court decisions.
- 2. Explain the NC Court system using the SASD cake. Be sure to explain the differences between a district court, an appellate court, and the Supreme Court. Include: jurisdiction, number of courts, number of judges/justices, who hears/decides the case, cases heard, and types of court decision.
- 3. How long are FEDERAL judges/justices in office?
- 4. What are the Constitutional requirements for a US judge?
- 5. Appellate courts can make 3 decisions when they hear a case. What are those 3 decisions? Explain each one.
- 6. List the different types of decisions Supreme Court Justices have and the differences between those opinions.
- 7. How has National Supremacy evolved since the writing of the Constitution?
- 8. Explain how the rights of criminals have expanded with the SCOTUS cases.
- 9. What is allowed under the first amendment? (Do all part of the RAPPS!)
- 10. What is Judicial Review? How does this affect the Legislative and Executive branches?

SCOTUS Cases Review

Directions: Match the Supreme Court case to the outcome.		
Nation	nal Supremacy	
1.	Marbury v. Madison	a. Congress controls the sea commerce
2.	McCulloch v. Maryland	b. The president must follow the law
3.	Gibbons v. Ogden	c. The SC can declare laws unconstitutional
4.	US v. Nixon	d. Protection of citizens overrules 14th Am
5.	Korematsu v. US	e. State gov't cannot tax fed banks
First A	Amendment Cases	
1.	NY Times v. US	 a. Burning flag is form of protest
2.	Wallace v. Jaffree	b. Free speech legal unless natl sec. issue
3.	Engle v. Vitale	c. Press has freedom unless natl sec. issue
4.	Texas v. Johnson	d. Hate speech is legal
5.	Nazi v. Skokie	e. Moment of silence for PRAYER is uncons
6.	Schenck v. US	f. Student can't be required to pray in school
Stude	ents' Rights	
1.	NJ v. TLO	a. Free speech is limited if it is distraction
2.	Tinker v. Des Moines	b. Free press is limited if it is distraction
3.	Hazelwood v. Kuhlmeier	c. No search warrant needed in school sec.
4.	Bethel v. Frasier	d. Free expression is ok if not distraction

Civil Rights

7.

Plessy v. Ferguson_____
 Brown v. Board of Ed.____
 Univ. of Cal. v. Bakke____
 Heart of Atl v. US____
 Scott v. Sandford___
 Roe v. Wade

Swann v. Charlotte-Meck.____

Rights of the Accused

- 1. Gideon v. Wainwright_____
- 2. Gregg v. Georgia_____
- 3. Furman v. Georgia____
- 4. Miranda v. Arizona_____
- 5. In re Gault____
- 6. Mapp v. Ohio_____

- a. Private business cannot discriminate
- b. Slaves are property, not citizens
- c. Separate is equal
- d. Busing to promote integration is ok
- e. Separate is NOT equal
- f. Affirmative Action is ok; quotas are not
- g. Abortion is protected and legal
- a. Must be informed of rights when arrested
- b. You have the right to an attorney
- c. Evidence in illegal search is excluded
- d. Juveniles have the same rights as adults
- e. Death pen. not cruel/unusual in violent crime
- f. Death pen. cruel/unusual for accident