Essential Understandings	■ The significant political, social, and economic differences between defined regions of North and South led to various political compromises and confrontations that occurred between the regions concerning slavery and states rights.
Essential Questions	 How did the regions of the US known as the North and the South differ? What compromises were attempted between the North and the South? What major confrontations occurred between the North and the
Essential Knowledge	 South? Industrialization and innovation contributed to sectionalism. The North and the South had extremely different political, economic, and social makeups. Many events contributed to slavery and abolition There were many attempts at compromise, such as Missouri Compromise, the Compromise of 1850, and the Kansas-Nebraska Act. There were many varied confrontations leading to the Civil War, such as the incidents related to "Bloody" Kansas, the Sumner-Brooks caning, the Dred Scott Decision, and John Brown's Raid of Harper's Ferry.
Vocabulary	 Terms: industrialization, innovations, compromise, confrontation, abolitionism, Missouri Compromise, popular sovereignty, Compromise of 1850, Underground Railroad, Fugitive Slave Act, Kansas-Nebraska Act, Bleeding Kansas, Sumner-Brooks caning incident, Dred Scott Decision, Lincoln-Douglas Debates, Harpers Ferry
Essential Skills	 Read and interpret primary sources. Memorize and retell required material. Memorize and label map locations. Perform expository writing with primary sources on quizzes and tests. Apply note taking skills.

Brunswick School Department: Grades 9-12

Social Studies U.S. History and Government-Academic Unit 4: The Antebellum Era

Related Maine Learning

Results

Social Studies

- A. Applications of Social Studies Processes, Knowledge, and Skills
 A1.Researching and Developing Positions on Current Social
 Studies Issues
 - Students research, develop, present, and defend positions on current social studies issues by developing and modifying research questions, and locating, selecting, evaluating, and synthesizing information from multiple and varied sources.
 - b. Select and apply research methods that are appropriate for the purpose of the inquiry.
 - c. Make judgments about conflicting findings from different sources, incorporating those from sources that are valid and refuting others.
 - d. Synthesize information from varied sources, fieldwork, experiments, and/or interviews that reflect multiple perspectives.
 - e. Utilize media relevant to audience and purpose that extend and support oral, written, and visual communication.
 - f. Create and present a coherent set of findings that integrate paraphrasing, quotations, and citations.
 - g. Develop a clear well-supported position.
 - h. Present and defend a well-supported position to a variety of audiences using a prescribed format.
 - i. Select and use appropriate tools, methods, and sources from government, history, geography, economics, or related fields including ethical reasoning skills.
 - j. Access and present information ethically and legally.
 - A2.Making Decisions Using Social Studies Knowledge and Skills Students make individual and collaborative decisions on matters related to social studies using relevant information and research, discussion, and ethical reasoning skills.
 - b. Make a real or simulated decision related to the classroom, school, community, civic organization, Maine, United States, or international entity by applying appropriate and relevant social studies knowledge and skills, including research skills, ethical reasoning skills, and other relevant information.

B. Civics and Government

B1.Knowledge, Concepts, Themes, and Patterns of Civics/Government

Students understand the ideals, purposes, principles, structures, and processes of constitutional government in the United States and in the American political system, as well as examples of other forms of government and political systems in the world.

- a. Explain that the study of government includes structures, functions, institutions, and forms of government to citizens in the United States and in other regions of the world.
- B2.Rights, Duties, Responsibilities, and Citizen Participation in Government

Students understand the constitutional and legal rights, the civic duties and responsibilities, and roles of citizens in a constitutional democracy and the role of citizens living under other forms of government in the world.

- Explain the relationship between constitutional and legal rights, and civic duties and responsibilities in a constitutional democracy.
- b. Evaluate the relationship between the government and the individual as evident in the United States Constitution, the Bill of Rights, and landmark court cases.
- c. Analyze the constitutional principles and the roles of the citizen and the government in major laws or cases.
- d. Compare the rights, duties, and responsibilities of United States citizens with those of citizens from other nations.
- e. Evaluate how people influence government and work for the common good including voting, writing to legislators, performing community service, and engaging in civil disobedience.
- B3.Individual, Cultural, International, and Global Connections in Civics and Government

Students understand political and civic aspects of unity and diversity in Maine, the United States, and the world, including Maine Native Americans.

- Analyze the constitutional, political, and civic aspects of historical and/or current issues that involve unity and diversity in Maine, the United States, and other nations.
- Analyze the political structures, political power, and political perspectives of diverse cultures, including those of Maine and other Native Americans, various historical and recent immigrant groups in Maine and the United States, and those

Related Maine Learning Results

	C. Economics C1.Economic Knowledge, Concept, Themes, and Patterns Students understand the principles and processes of personal economics, the role of markets, the economic system of the United States, and other economic systems in the world, and how economics serves to inform decisions in the present and future. a. Explain that the study of economics includes the analysis and description of production, distribution, and consumption
	of goods and services by business and is the basis of individual personal finance management including saving and investing.
Related	b. Explain and analyze the role of financial institutions, the
Maine Learning	stock market, and government, including fiscal, monetary,
Results	and trade policies, in personal, business, and national
	economics.
	 c. Evaluate different forms of money management, and the positive and negative impacts that credit can have on individual finances, using economic reasoning.
	d. Identify and explain various economic indicators and how
	they represent and influence economic activity.
	e. Analyze economic activities and policies in relationship to
	freedom, efficiency, equity, security, growth and
	sustainability.
	C2.Individual, Cultural, International, and Global Connections in
	Economics Students understand economic concets of unity and diversity in
	Students understand economic aspects of unity and diversity in Maine, the United States, and the world, including Maine Native
	American communities.
	a. Analyze the role of regional, international, and global
	organizations that are engaged in economic development.

	D. Geography
Related Maine Learning Results	D1.Geographic Knowledge, Concepts, Themes, and Patterns Students understand the geography of the United States and various regions of the world and the effect of geographic influences on decisions about the present and future. a. Explain that geography includes the study of physical, environmental, and cultural features at the local, state, national, and global levels and helps people to better predict and evaluate consequences of geographic influences. b. Describe the major regions of the Earth and their major physical, environmental, and cultural features using a variety of geographic tools. c. Analyze local, national, and global geographic data on physical, environmental, and cultural processes that shape and change places and regions. d. Evaluate the impact of change, including technological change, on the physical and cultural environment. D2.Individual, Cultural, International, and Global Connections in Geography Students understand geographic aspects of unity and diversity in Maine, the United States, and the world, including Maine native American communities. a. Analyze geographic features that have impacted unity and diversity in the United States and other nations and describe their effects. b. Analyze the dynamic relationship between geographic features and various cultures, including the cultures of Maine and other Native Americans, various historical and recent immigrant groups in the United States, and other cultures in the world.

Related Maine Learning Results	 E. History E1.Historical Knowledge, Concepts, Themes, and patterns Students understand major eras, major enduring themes, and historic influences in United States and world history, including the roots of democratic philosophy, ideals, and institutions in the world. a. Explain that history includes the study of the past based on the examination of a variety of primary and secondary sources and how history can help one better understand and make informed decisions about the present and future. b. Analyze and critique major historical eras, major enduring themes, turning points, events, consequences, and people in the history of the United States and world and the implications for the present and future. c. Trace and critique the roots and evolution of democratic ideals and constitutional principles in the history of the United States and the world using historical sources. d. Analyze and critique varying interpretations of historic people, issues, or events, and explain now evidence is used to support different interpretations. E2.Individual, Cultural, International, and Global Connections in History Students understand historical aspects of unity and diversity in the United States and the world, including Native American communities. a. Identify and critique issues characterized by unity and diversity in the history of the United States and other nations, and describe their effects. b. Identify and analyze major turning points and events in the history of Native Americans and various historical and recent immigrant groups in the United States, and other cultures in the world.
Sample	Notes
Lessons	 Textbooks readings and questions
And	Debate: North v. South, pro-slavery v. abolitionists
Activities	Review game
Sample	Oral questioning during class discussions
Classroom	Reading questions
Assessment	Essay writing
Methods	 Quizzes
	Review game

Brunswick School Department: Grades 9-12

	Publications:
	 Uncle Tom's Cabin - Harriet Beecher Stowe
	 Emancipation Proclamation
Sample	 Abraham Lincoln, Steven Douglas, John Brown; assorted
Resources	speeches
	■ Videos:
	o Glory
	o North and South
	 Abraham Lincoln - A&E Biography