<u>Day 1</u>	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Lesson: Diversity of Living Things.	Lesson: Diversity of Living Things.	Lesson: Diversity of Living Things.	Lesson: Diversity of Living Things.	Lesson: Diversity of Living Things.
Essential Question: What is the theory of evolution by natural selection?				
Clarifying Objective:	Clarifying Objective:	Clarifying Objective:	Clarifying Objective:	Clarifying Objective:
8. L.4.1: Summarize the use of evidence drawn from geology, fossils, and comparative anatomy to form the basis for biological classification systems and	8. L.4.1: Summarize the use of evidence drawn from geology, fossils, and comparative anatomy to form the basis for biological classification	8. L.4.1: Summarize the use of evidence drawn from geology, fossils, and comparative anatomy to form the basis for biological classification	8. L.4.1: Summarize the use of evidence drawn from geology, fossils, and comparative anatomy to form the basis for biological classification	8. L.4.1: Summarize the use of evidence drawn from geology, fossils, and comparative anatomy to form the basis for biological classification
the theory of evolution.	systems and the theory of evolution.	systems and the theory of evolution.	systems and the theory of evolution.	systems and the theory of evolution.
Academic Vocabulary: Evolution, variation, adaptation, artificial selection, natural selection, extinction, mutation	Academic Vocabulary: Evolution, variation, adaptation, artificial selection, natural selection, extinction, mutation	Academic Vocabulary: Evolution, variation, adaptation, artificial selection, natural selection, extinction, mutation	Academic Vocabulary: Evolution, variation, adaptation, artificial selection, natural selection, extinction, mutation	Academic Vocabulary: Evolution, variation, adaptation, artificial selection, natural selection, extinction, mutation
Bell Ringer: What are some ways that animals can adapt and survive? Instructional Tasks: Use Science Fusion	Bell Ringer: How might having a shorter, heavier beak allow a bird to eat harder foods than a bird that has a longer, thinner beak? (Module B, Pg 37)	Bell Ringer: Uncovering student ideas in science. Vol. 4 (Keely) • Biological evolution p.99 Instructional Tasks:	Bell Ringer: How does an inherited characteristic differ from an acquired characteristic? (answer in Module B, pg 38) or Uncovering student ideas in science. Vol. 4 (Keely)	Bell Ringer: Why do you think Darwin labeled the finch specimens with information about the islands on which he observed them? (Answer on page Module B page 37)

(Module B- Diversity	of
Living Things)	

Pg. 28- 41 teacher pages

Student pages 1525

Options:

- -Read Unit 1 Lesson 2 pg. 28-41
- -Powerpoint with skeletal notes
- -Digital Lesson with skeletal notes
- -Virtual Lab

Summarizer:

- 3-2-1 on powerpoint notes or digital lesson
- -3 things you liked, 2 new ideas you learned, 1 question you have.

Instructional Tasks:

Options-

- -Continue/finish day 1 lesson
- -Vocabulary activity on Theory of Evolution

Card Sort- Found in teacher resources-vocabulary strategies.

Word Splash- Found in teacher resources-vocabulary strategies.

(use any strategy you like: ex- Frayer model, word triangle, Four Square, etc.)

- Quick Lab: The Opposable Thumb. Worksheet can be found online Module B- Lesson 2 in Lesson inquiry or on the CD.

Summarizer:

Create an Acrostic Poem using one of your vocabulary words. Make sure the words or sentences match the

Options:

- -Students can take a "book walk" through the lesson. Each page of the student book has questions they will answer after reading each section. If using laptops, the program will read to the student. If laptops are not available, you can make a class set of the lesson for students to use.
- -Activity- Virtual Lab-Module B – Unit 1-Lesson 2
- ~ Exploration Lab-Environmental Change and Evolution pg 31-Directed or guided inquiry.

Summarizer:

Think-pair-Share will work for all activities listed.

• Adaptation p.113

Instructional Tasks:

Options-

Exploration Lab-Environmental Change and Evolution pg 31-Directed or guided inquiry.

WTL-Science 6 8.2 How do Earth's plates help create landforms?

WTL-Continental Drift

-Or choose an option from the previous three days that has not been completed.

Summarizer:

Review KWL chart from previous activity.
Students should be able to fill in the learned column.

Instructional Tasks:

One Day Options-

- -Lesson Review pg 25 Module D- Student Edition
- ~Complete the previous activity from the previous day.

Option 2- Two day activities-

Alternative Assessment-Evolving Activities- pg 35

Summarizer:

Students could present their alternative assessment.

You can review the Lesson review as a class.

	definition of the vocabulary word. Card Sort and Word Splash can be used as summarizer.			
Assessment:	Assessment:	Assessment:	Assessment:	Assessment:
Observation/ Summarizer	Observation	summarizer, observation	summarizer, observation/	Observation
Day 6	Day 7	Day 8	Day 9	<u>Day 10</u>
Lesson: Diversity of Living	Lesson: Evidence of	Lesson: Evidence of	Lesson: Evidence of	Lesson: Evidence of
Things.	Evolution	Evolution	Evolution	Evolution
	Essential Question: What Evidence supports the theory of evolution?			
Clarifying Objective:	Clarifying Objective:	Clarifying Objective:	Clarifying Objective:	Clarifying Objective:
8. L.4.1: Summarize the	8. L.4.1: Summarize the	8. L.4.1: Summarize the	8. L.4.1: Summarize the	8. L.4.1: Summarize the
use of evidence drawn	use of evidence drawn	use of evidence drawn	use of evidence drawn	use of evidence drawn
from geology, fossils, and	from geology, fossils, and	from geology, fossils, and	from geology, fossils, and	from geology, fossils, and
comparative anatomy to	comparative anatomy to	comparative anatomy to	comparative anatomy to	comparative anatomy to
form the basis for	form the basis for	form the basis for	form the basis for	form the basis for
biological classification	biological classification	biological classification	biological classification	biological classification
systems and the theory of	systems and the theory of	systems and the theory of	systems and the theory of	systems and the theory of
evolution.	evolution.	evolution.	evolution.	evolution.
Academic Vocabulary:	8. L.4.2: Explain the	8. L.4.2: Explain the	8. L.4.2: Explain the	8. L.4.2: Explain the
Evolution, variation,	relationship between	relationship between	relationship between	relationship between
adaptation, artificial	genetic variation and	genetic variation and	genetic variation and	genetic variation and
selection, natural selection,	an organism's ability	an organism's ability to	an organism's ability	an organism's ability to
extinction, mutation	to adapt to its	adapt to its	to adapt to its	adapt to its

	environment.	environment.	environment.	environment.
	Academic Vocabulary:	Academic Vocabulary:	Academic Vocabulary:	Academic Vocabulary:
	Fossil, fossil record,	Fossil, fossil record,	Fossil, fossil record,	Fossil, fossil record,
	extinction, geologic	extinction, geologic time	extinction, geologic	extinction, geologic time
	time scale, genus	scale, genus domain,	time scale, genus	scale, genus domain,
	domain, species	species	domain, species	species
Bell Ringer:	Bell Ringer:	Bell Ringer:	Bell Ringer:	Bell Ringer:
Science Formative	Daily Demo- Module B pg	KWL- Chart on Fossils or	Probing Questions:	Besides pelvic and leg
Assessment 75 practical	47. You can substitute a	How can scientist tell, based	Catacean Similarities.	bones, what similarities do
strategies (Keeley)	live animal for a youtube	on rock layers, which fossils	Module B pg 46	you see between the
Commit and toss	clip. Directions are in the	are younger and which are	Instructional Tasks:	skeletons of modern
p.65	Science Fusion book.	older? (answer in Module B	instructional rasks.	whales and the skeleton of
p.00	Instructional Tasks:	pg 53)		whale ancestors? (show students a picture)
 Focused listening. 	Use Science Fusion	Instructional Tasks:	Options:	students a picture)
p.95	(Module B- Diversity	mondonal ruener	-Students can take a	Instructional Tasks:
Instructional Tasks:	of Living Things) Unit	O a satisface of the state of t	"book walk" through the	
ilistructional rasks.	1 Lesson 3	-Continue/finish day 1	lesson. Each page of	Option 1-
Teachers can take this	1 Lesson 5	lesson	the student book has	<u> </u>
day to re-teach a	Pg. 44- 56 teacher	-Vocabulary activity on	questions they will	-Lesson Review- Unit
concept students did	pages	Geological Change	answer after reading	Lesson 3 pg 37 in
not understand, or pick	Page 1		each section. If using	student workbook.
an instructional task	Student pages 29-37	Over Time	laptops, the program	
they were unable to get		Card Sort- Found in	will read to the student.	Alternative
to at the time. This will	Options:	teacher resources-	If laptops are not	assessment- Prove It!
	-Read Unit 1 Lesson 3	vocabulary strategies.	available, you can make	Pg 51
help solidify student's		vocabulary strategies.	a class set of the lesson	
knowledge and prepare	pg. 44-56	Word Splash- Found in	for students to use.	Option 2- Continue to
for benchmarks and/or	-Powerpoint with	teacher resources-		Next lesson.
end of unit test.	skeletal notes	vocabulary strategies.	~Quick Lab- Genetic	Han Calamara Free!
Ontion 2 Bill Nyo the			Evidence for Evolution-	Use Science Fusion
Option 2- Bill Nye the Science Guy- found on	-Digital Lesson with	-Field Lab- Mystery	worksheet can be found	(Module B- Diversity of
youtube. Evolution	skeletal notes	Footprints. Module B	online in Lesson Inquiry	Living Things) Unit 1
youtube. Evolution	Summarizer:	pg 47. This activity will	Resources.	Lesson 4

or ParrMr also found on youtube. Hundreds of science songs. -Traditional Test/ Quiz -Project Learning Tree: Activity 9 ,10, 11 -Project Wild: "Who Fits Here?" p. 64 Summarizer- Depends on the activity chosen Assessment:	3-2-1 on powerpoint notes or digital lesson -3 things you liked, 2 new ideas you learned, 1 question you have. **Take it Home Worksheet available under Module B-Unit1-Lesson 3 student activity or on the CD	take up to two class periods. (use any strategy you like: ex- Frayer model, word triangle, Four Square, etc.) Summarizer: Create an Acrostic Poem using one of your vocabulary words. Make sure the words or sentences match the definition of the vocabulary word. Card Sort and Word Splash can be used as summarizer.	Quick Lab- Comparing Anatomy. worksheet can be found online in Lesson Inquiry Resources Summarizer: Graphic Organizer- Cluster Diagram, Venn Diagram, Concept Mapping, Main Idea Web. Choose a graphic organizer for students to complete their ideas of the concept they are learning.	Pg. 58- 71 teacher pages Student pages 39-49 Options: -Read Unit 1 Lesson 3 pg. 58-71 -Powerpoint with skeletal notes -Digital Lesson with skeletal notes Summarizer: 3-2-1 on powerpoint notes or digital lesson -3 things you liked, 2 new ideas you learned, 1 question you have. Assessment:
Observation/ summarizer	Observation	summarizer, observation	summarizer, observation/	Observation

<u>Day 11</u>	<u>Day 12</u>	<u>Day 13</u>	<u>Day 14</u>	<u>Day 15</u>
<u>Lesson:</u> History of Life on Earth	<u>Lesson:</u> History of Life on Earth	<u>Lesson:</u> History of Life on Earth	<u>Lesson:</u> History of Life on Earth	<u>Lesson:</u> History of Life on Earth
Essential Question: How has life on Earth changed over time?				
Clarifying Objective:	Clarifying Objective:	Clarifying Objective:	Clarifying Objective:	Clarifying Objective:
8. L.4.1: Summarize the use of evidence drawn from geology, fossils, and comparative anatomy to form the basis for biological classification systems and the theory of evolution. 8. L.4.2: Explain the relationship between genetic variation and an organism's ability to adapt to its environment. Academic Vocabulary: Fossil, fossil record, extinction, geologic	 8. L.4.1: Summarize the use of evidence drawn from geology, fossils, and comparative anatomy to form the basis for biological classification systems and the theory of evolution. 8. L.4.2: Explain the relationship between genetic variation and an organism's ability to adapt to its environment. Academic Vocabulary: Fossil, fossil record, extinction, geologic 	8. L.4.1: Summarize the use of evidence drawn from geology, fossils, and comparative anatomy to form the basis for biological classification systems and the theory of evolution. 8. L.4.2: Explain the relationship between genetic variation and an organism's ability to adapt to its environment. Academic Vocabulary: Fossil, fossil record, extinction, geologic time	 8. L.4.1: Summarize the use of evidence drawn from geology, fossils, and comparative anatomy to form the basis for biological classification systems and the theory of evolution. 8. L.4.2: Explain the relationship between genetic variation and an organism's ability to adapt to its environment. Academic Vocabulary: Fossil, fossil record, extinction, geologic time 	8. L.4.1: Summarize the use of evidence drawn from geology, fossils, and comparative anatomy to form the basis for biological classification systems and the theory of evolution. 8. L.4.2: Explain the relationship between genetic variation and an organism's ability to adapt to its environment. Academic Vocabulary: Fossil, fossil record, extinction, geologic time scale, genus domain, appoints
time scale, genus domain, species	time scale, genus domain, species	scale, genus domain, species	scale, genus domain, species	species
Bell Ringer:	Bell Ringer:	Bell Ringer:	Bell Ringer:	Bell Ringer:

Probing Question: Fossil Sequences. Module B-Unit 1- Lesson 4 pg 60

Instructional Tasks:

Options-

-Continue/finish day 1 lesson

-Vocabulary activity on Theory of Evolution

-Students can take a "book walk" through the lesson. Each page of the student book has questions they will answer after reading each section. If using laptops, the program will read to the student. If laptops are not available, you can make a class set of the lesson for students to use.

-Activity- Daily Demo-Living Fossils. Module B – Unit 1-Lesson 2

~ Quick Lab- How Do

Why are rock layers near Earth's surface generally younger than rock layers below them? (answer on pg 67 Module B)

Instructional Tasks:

Options:

-Complete an activity from the previous day.

-Cells and Heredity: 5.1 Darwin's Theory

-Activity- Daily Demo-Living Fossils. Module B – Unit 1-Lesson 2

~ Quick Lab- How Do We Know What Happened When? Pg 61

-Quick Lab- Investigate Relative and Absolute Age pg 61

-Activity- What's in a name? pg 80

Summarizer:

Think-pair-Share will work for all activities listed.

Of the time periods shown in the Geological Time Graphic, which period do you think we've learned the most about through fossil records? Explain. (pg 68)

Instructional Tasks:

***When looking at Unit
1- Lesson 5, it is not
necessary to go over the
entire chapter. Students
do not need to know the
actual classification
names; they only need to
know there is a
classification system
and the importance of
having one. This is why I
have only allotted one
day to this section.****

Module B- Unit 1- Lesson 5

Options-

-Virtual Lab

-Digital Lesson with notes

How does DNA lead scientists to better classify organisms? (DNA indicates characteristics that may not be visible to scientists. It is also more objective than observation. A red panda looks a bit like a giant panda, but its DNA indicates thatthey are not as similar as they look)

Instructional Tasks:

One Day Options-(Review Day)

-Lesson Review pg 49 Module B- Student Edition

-Lesson Review pg 67student edition

~Complete the previous activity from the previous day.

-Alternative Assessment-Classifying- pg 81

***Unit 1 Review pg 70-74

Why do people need a universal system of naming organisms? (Having a universal naming system allows people speaking different languages to refer to all animals in the same way)

Instructional Tasks:

- -Traditional Test/ Quiz
- Alternative Tests listed previously.
- -Unit Tests A or B on CD or in assessments online Module B

Summarizer:

Create an Acrostic Poem using one of your vocabulary words. Make sure the words or sentences match the definition of the vocabulary word.

Card Sort and Word Splash can be used as summarizer.

Summarizer:

We Know What Happened When? Pg 61 -Quick Lab- Investigate Relative and Absolute Age pg 61 Summarizer: Create an Acrostic Poem using one of your vocabulary words. Make sure the words or sentences match the definition of the vocabulary word. Card Sort and Word Splash can be used as summarizer. Venn Diagram	***Take it Home Worksheet available under Module B-Unit1- Lesson 4 student activity or on the CD	-Quick Lab- Using a Dichotomous Key pg 77. - Exploration Lab- Developing Scientific Names pg 77 Summarizer: Review KWL chart from previous activity. Students should be able to fill in the learned column.	Students could present their alternative assessment. You can review the Lesson review as a class.	
Assessment: Observation	Assessment: Observation	Assessment: summarizer, observation	Assessment: summarizer, observation/	Assessment: Observation