

# Physics- Monday, October 28th

## Schedule

1. Turn in Unit 1 Final Model
2. Review Modeling
3. Get White Boards
4. Light Phenomenon
5. Present Models to classmates

## Warm Up

- Take out your notebook.
- List at least 5 qualities of a great model

## Standards

- 2.1 Wave Behavior: I can explain and model the behavior of waves including interactions between two waves and predict behavior.
- 2.2 Sound: I can determine how sound will travel and predict behavior between one or more sources of sound
- 2.3 Light Behavior: I can determine the interaction of light waves and predict behavior through different mediums.

# Phenomenon Waves Light Sound

1. Shine Laser Across Room- Model
2. Sprinkle Powdered Sugar on Laser Light
3. Sprinkle Water on Laser Light
4. Sprinkle Oil on Laser Light

**Phenomenon Question:**  
Which substance showed the  
laser light the best?

# Physics- Tuesday, October 29th

## Schedule

1. Pass Back Papers
2. Class Model
3. Class Questions
4. Hand out Calendar and SS
5. Pre-Assess Standards
6. What can we measure from a wave?
7. Wave Investigation

## Warm Up

- Sit with your partner from yesterday and get model from teacher or take it out.

## Standards

- 2.1 Wave Behavior: I can explain and model the behavior of waves including interactions between two waves and predict behavior.
- 2.2 Sound: I can determine how sound will travel and predict behavior between one or more sources of sound
- 2.3 Light Behavior: I can determine the interaction of light waves and predict behavior through different mediums.

Per: 1 Physics S1 (HSSC330-1)

19/20 AHS

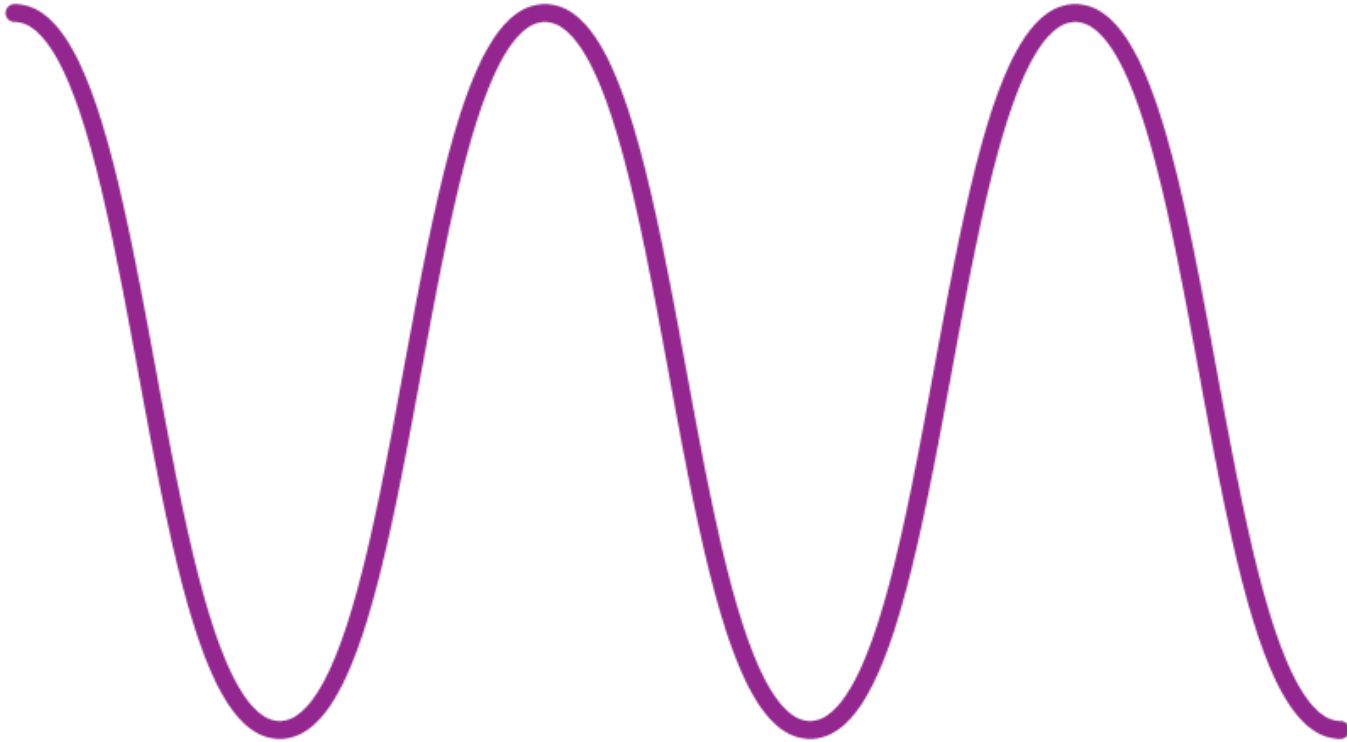
Current Sem1 - Progress Rpt 2 Grade: B+



Teacher: Wentzloff, Vanessa

Detail	Date Due	Assigned	Assignment	Pts Possible	Score	Scored As	Extra Credit	Not Graded	Comments
	09/23/2019	09/23/2019	1.1 Electrostatics	4	2.8	2- Functional understanding towards proficiency			Balloon Labs CERs due 10/2
	09/23/2019	09/23/2019	1.2 Circuit Configuration	4	3.8	3.5 - Proficiency working towards mastery			Circuit Assessment
	09/23/2019	09/23/2019	1.3 Ohm's Law	4	3.2	2.5 - Functional understanding almost proficiency			Circuit Assessment
	09/23/2019	09/23/2019	1.4 Electricity and Magnetism	4	4	4- In depth mastery			Final Phenomenon Model
	09/23/2019	09/23/2019	M.1 Modeling Details	4	3.2	2.5 - Functional understanding almost proficiency			missing key details- Final Phenomenon Model
	09/23/2019	09/23/2019	A.1 Claim (CER)	4	3.6	3- Proficiency			Balloon Labs CERs due 10/2
	09/23/2019	09/23/2019	A.2 Evidence (CER)	4	4	4- In depth mastery			Balloon Labs CERs due 10/2
	09/23/2019	09/23/2019	A.3 Reasoning (CER)	4	3.6	3- Proficiency			Balloon Labs CERs due 10/2
	09/16/2019	09/16/2019	0.1 Measurements in the Metric System	4	4	4- In depth mastery			Hallway Scale Drawing Due 9/23
	09/16/2019	09/16/2019	0.2 Scale Drawings	4	3.2	2.5 - Functional understanding almost proficiency			missing measurements- Hallway Scale Drawing Due 9/23

What can we measure about this wave?



At WHS (Wavetown High School) there was a  
break in...

A wave destroyed classrooms.

Who was it?

# Physics- Wednesday, October 30th

## Schedule

1. Pass back papers + calendar/SS
2. Wave Investigation
3. Parts of a Wave
4. What makes a wave a wave?
5. Slinky Fun

## Warm Up

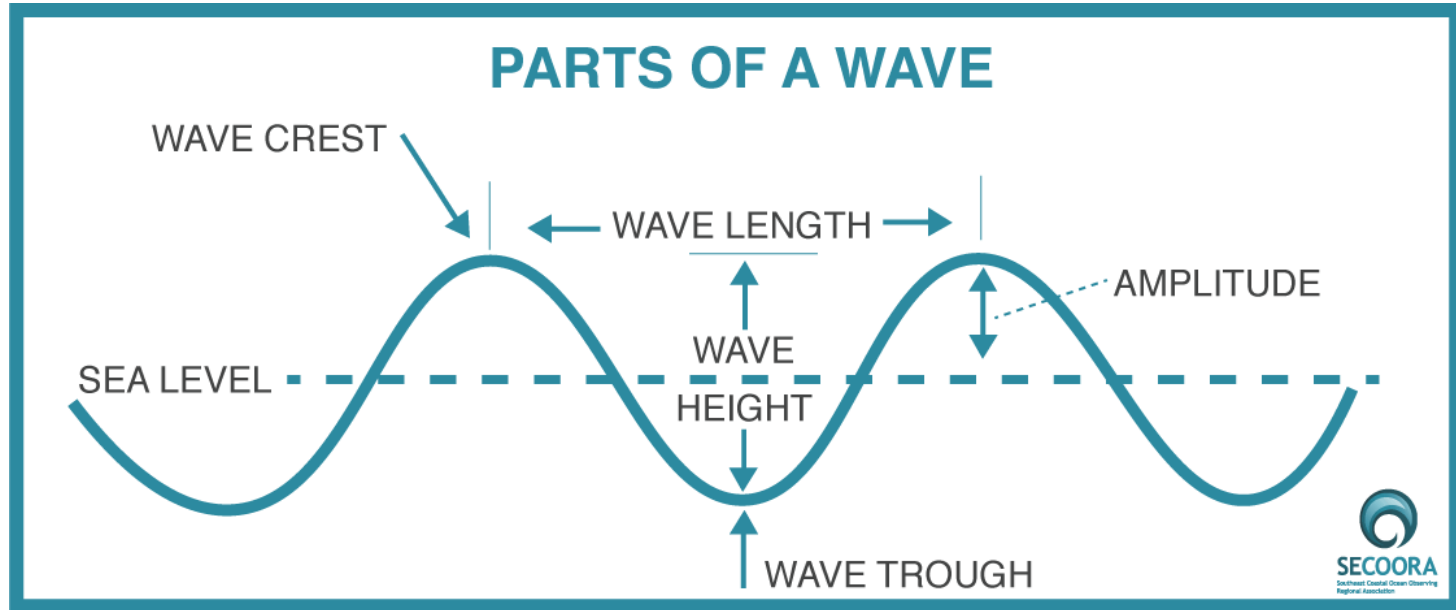
- Take out your wave investigation from yesterday.

## Standards

- 2.1 Wave Behavior: I can explain and model the behavior of waves including interactions between two waves and predict behavior.
- 2.2 Sound: I can determine how sound will travel and predict behavior between one or more sources of sound
- 2.3 Light Behavior: I can determine the interaction of light waves and predict behavior through different mediums.



# What is a wave?



Frequency:

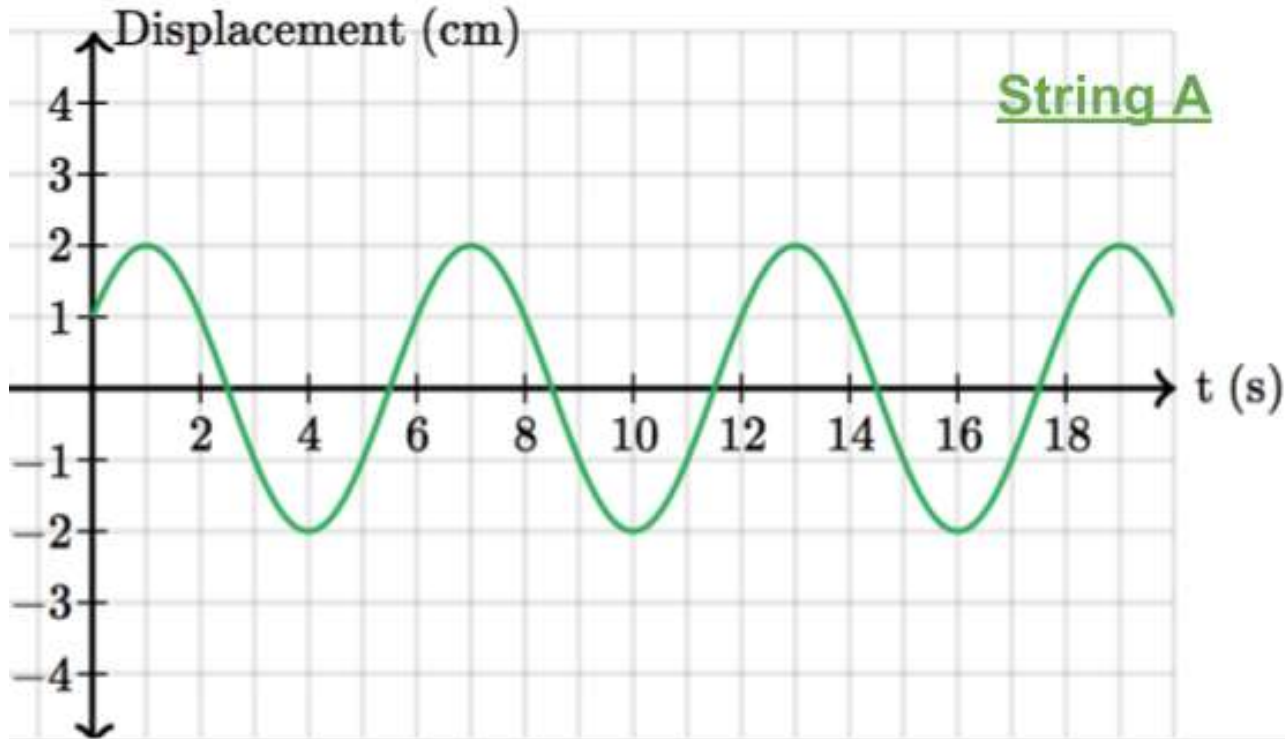
Period:

Wave Speed:

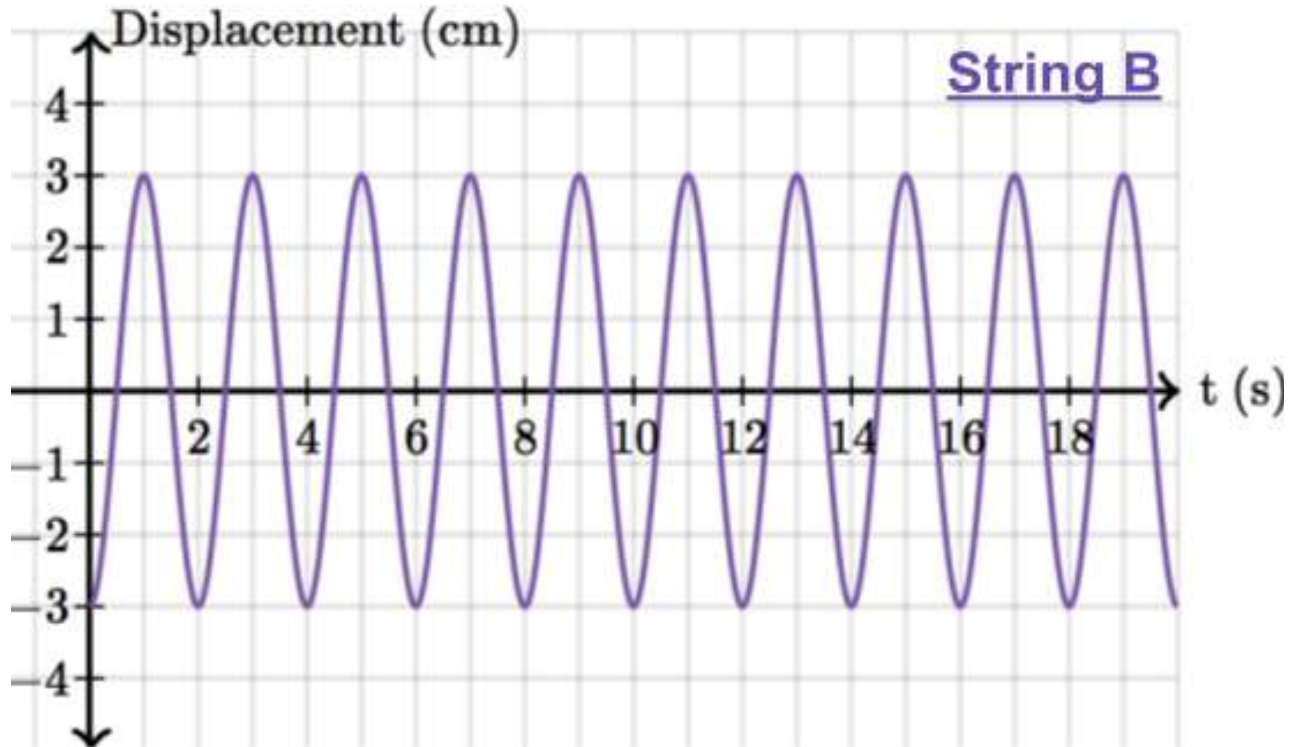
$$V = f \times \lambda$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \text{WAVE SPEED} & = & \text{FREQUENCY} & \times & \text{WAVELENGTH} \\ (\text{m/s}) & & (\text{Hz}) & & (\text{m}) \end{array}$$

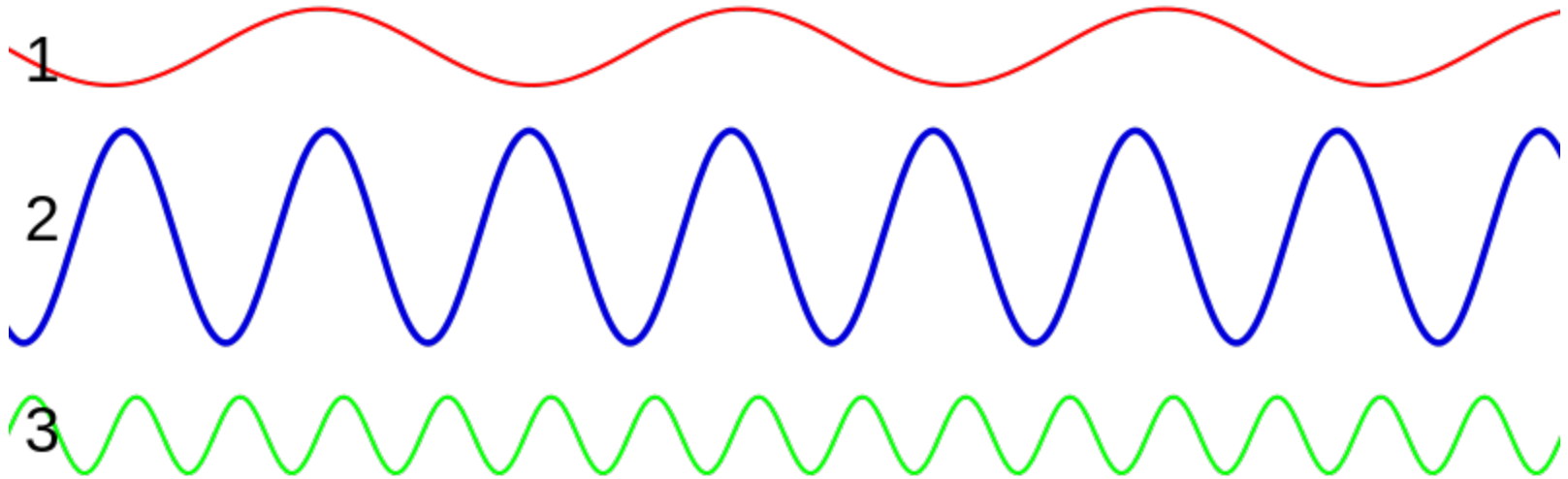
# Frequency, amplitude, wavelength, wave speed



# Frequency, amplitude, wavelength, wave speed



Rank smallest to biggest wavelength, frequency and amplitude



# Physics- Thursday, October 31st

## Schedule

1. Parts of a Wave  
Review and  
Practice
2. Partners for  
Slinkies
3. Review of Parts  
of a Lab
4. Slinky Design  
Lab

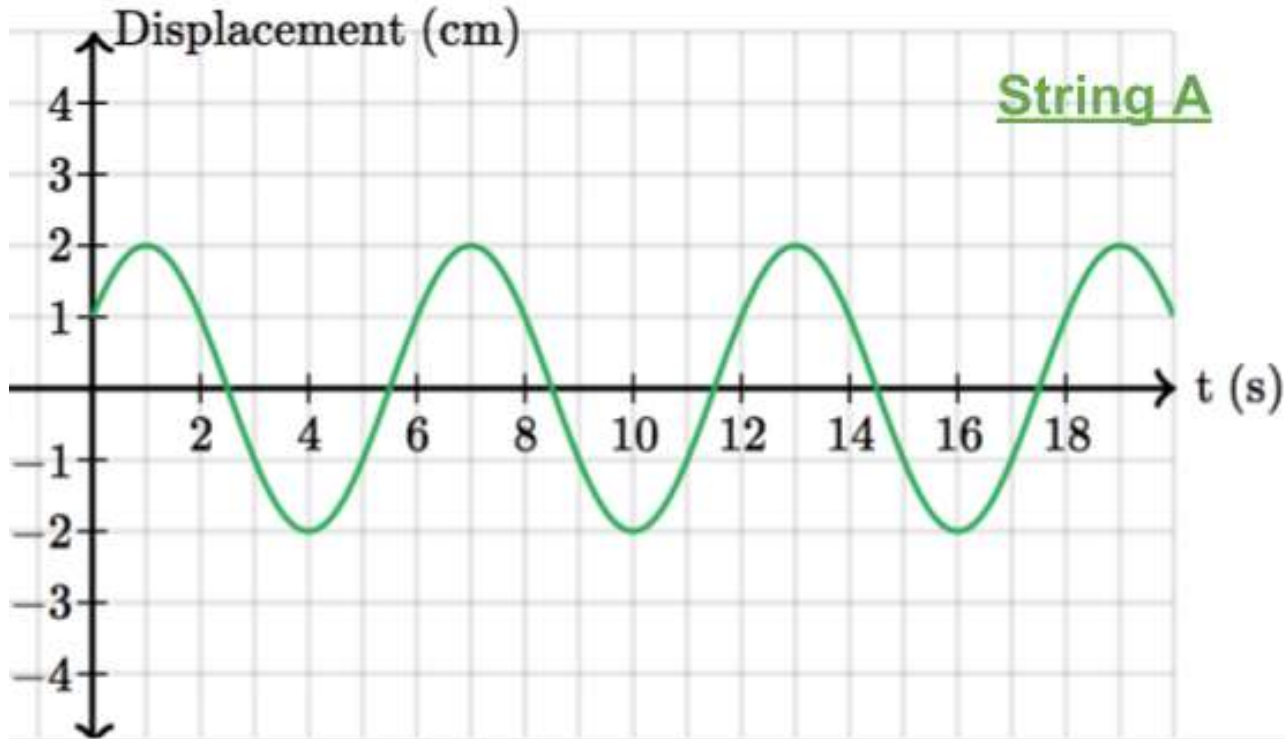
## Warm Up

- Take out your  
wave  
investigation  
from yesterday.

## Standards

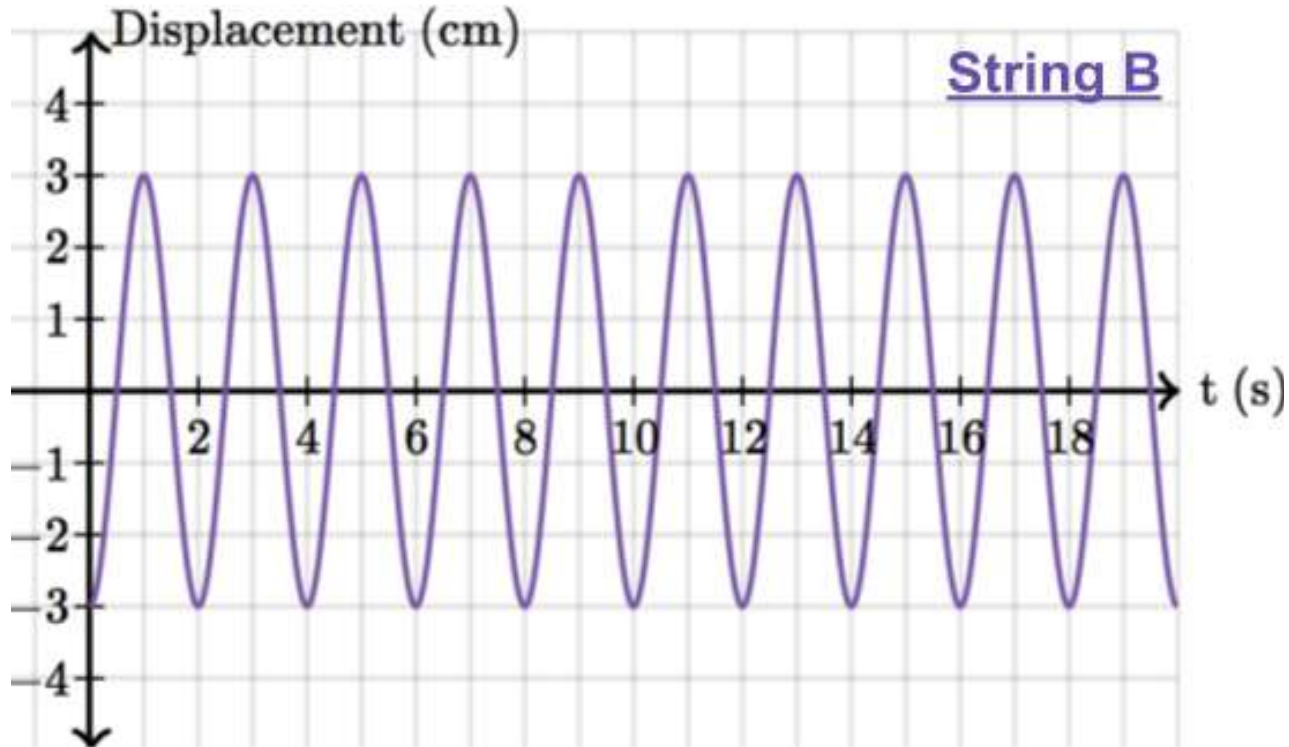
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- 2.3 Light Behavior: I can determine the interaction of light waves and predict behavior through different mediums.

# Frequency, amplitude, wavelength, wave speed

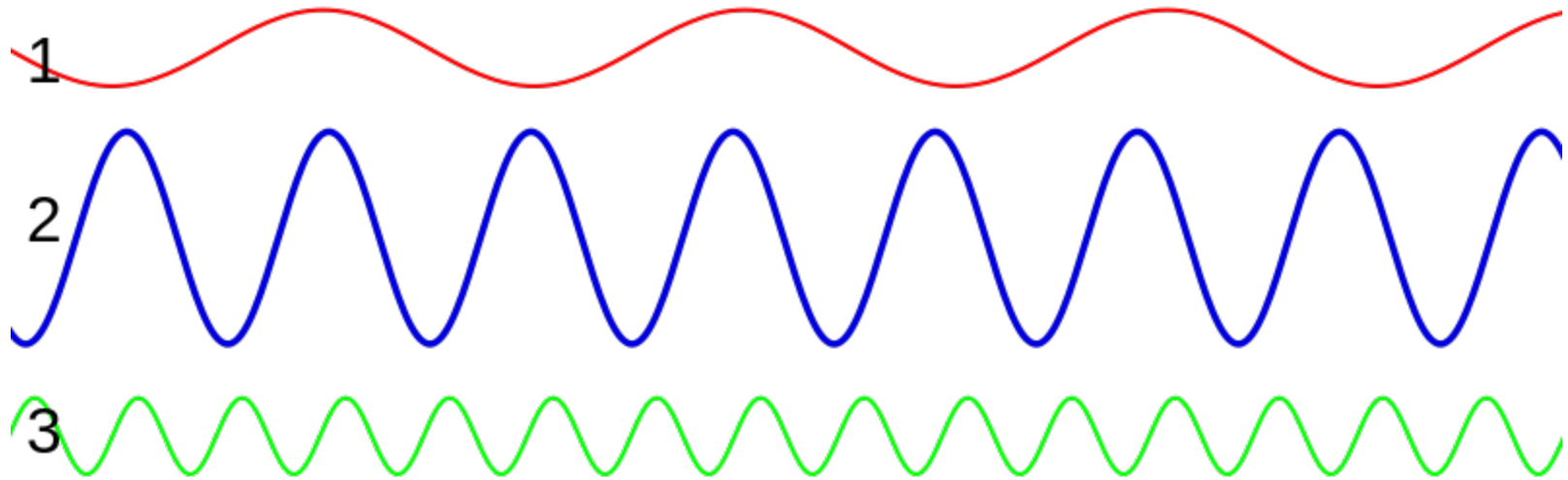




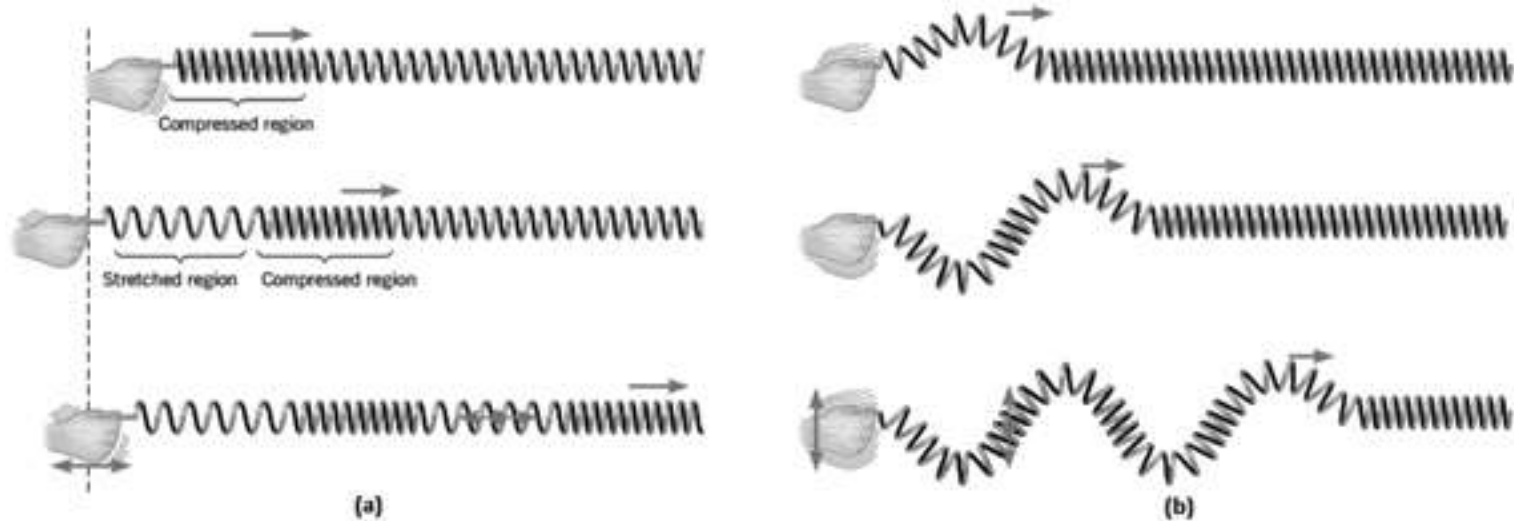
# Frequency, amplitude, wavelength, wave speed



Rank smallest to biggest wavelength, frequency and amplitude



# Slinky Waves



**Figure 4.** Propagation in longitudinal and transverse waves generated using a Slinky®  
(a) longitudinal, (b) transverse (Cutnell & Johnston, 2012)

What are parts of a lab?

# Writing a great procedure

- 1) Units
- 2) Exactly what you are doing with measurements
- 3) Reference a diagram
- 4) Never assume

# Variables

Independent

Dependent

Controls

Create Your Lab

When you done, show your teacher.

Then we will swap labs and try it out to  
get feedback

**Maximum Stretch of 2m**

# Physics- Friday, November 1st

## Schedule

1. Slinky Design Lab  
Create, Feedback and Improve
2. Interference,  
Destruction of  
Waves with Slinkies
3. What do waves  
need to travel  
through?
4. Star Wars Video
5. Examples of Waves  
in Everyday Life
6. Sound Waves Intro

## Warm Up

- Sit with you  
Slinky Partner  
from yesterday!

## Standards

- 2.1 Wave Behavior: I can explain and model the behavior of waves including interactions between two waves and predict behavior.
- 2.2 Sound: I can determine how sound will travel and predict behavior between one or more sources of sound
- 2.3 Light Behavior: I can determine the interaction of light waves and predict behavior through different mediums.



Create Your Lab

When you done, show your teacher.

Then we will swap labs and try it out to  
get feedback

**Maximum Stretch of 2m**

Try out the other group's  
lab.

Give feedback. What  
worked? What didn't?

# Physics- Monday, November 4th

## Schedule

1. Practice Procedures
2. Interference, Destruction of Waves with Slinkies
3. Examples of Waves in Everyday Life
4. What do waves need to travel through?
5. Star Wars Video
6. Particle Diagrams
7. Sound Wave Group Demo

## Warm Up

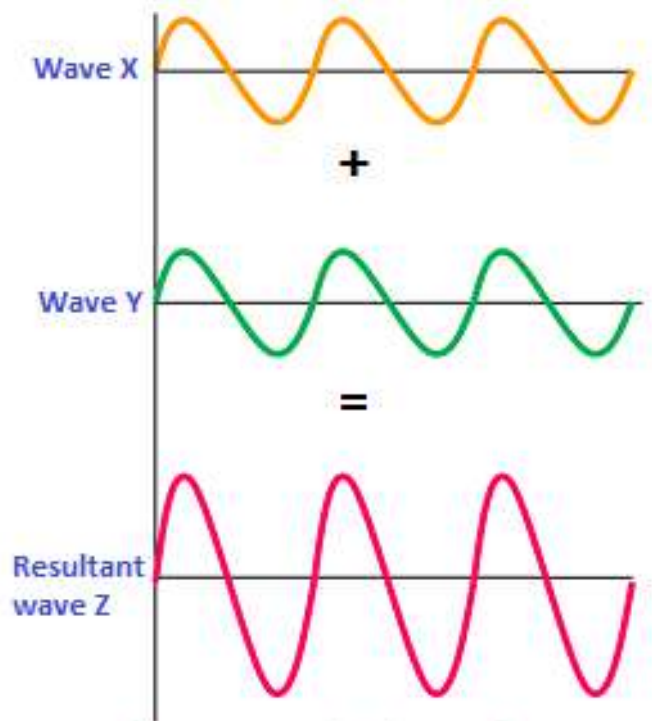
- Sit with you Slinky Partner and take out your slinky lab.

## Standards

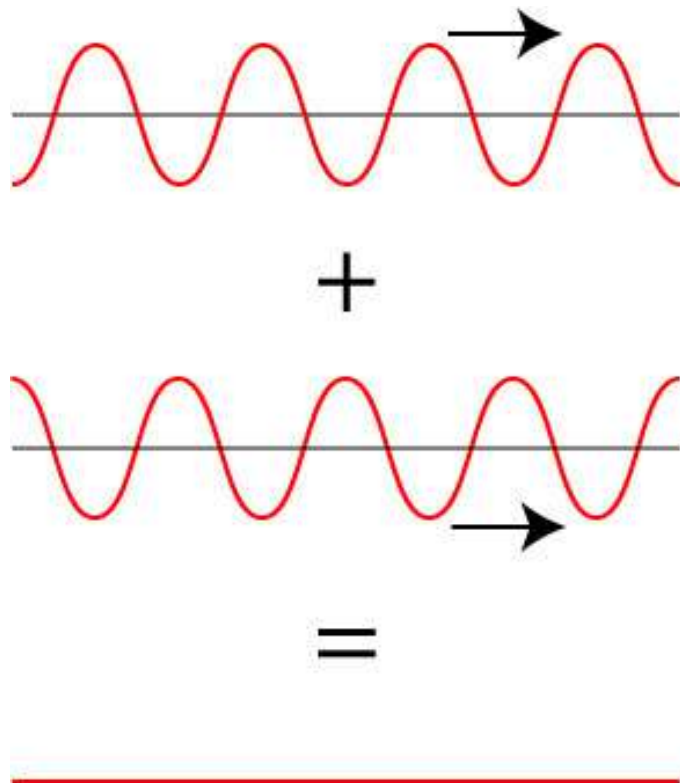
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Procedure Practice:

Write a procedure of how to  
walk from my room to the  
language hall



Constructive interference



What will happen to the wave after the two waves meet (middle) and after they meet (after)?



What do  
waves need?





Waves need a  
medium

Does sound travel faster  
through steel, wood, water, air  
or space?

# Particle Diagrams

# Physics- Tuesday, November 5th

## Schedule

1. Particle Diagrams and Particle Demos
2. Sound Wave Group Demo

## Warm Up

- Take out your notebook!

## Standards

- 2.1 Wave Behavior: I can explain and model the behavior of waves including interactions between two waves and predict behavior.
- 2.2 Sound: I can determine how sound will travel and predict behavior between one or more sources of sound
- 2.3 Light Behavior: I can determine the interaction of light waves and predict behavior through different mediums.

# Try it as a group

1 student- sound wave

Make it from one side to another- but must go from one particle to another

Dominoes?



# Physics- Tuesday, November 5th

## Schedule

1. Particle Diagrams and Particle Demos
2. Sound Wave Group Demo

## Warm Up

- Take out your notebook!

## Standards

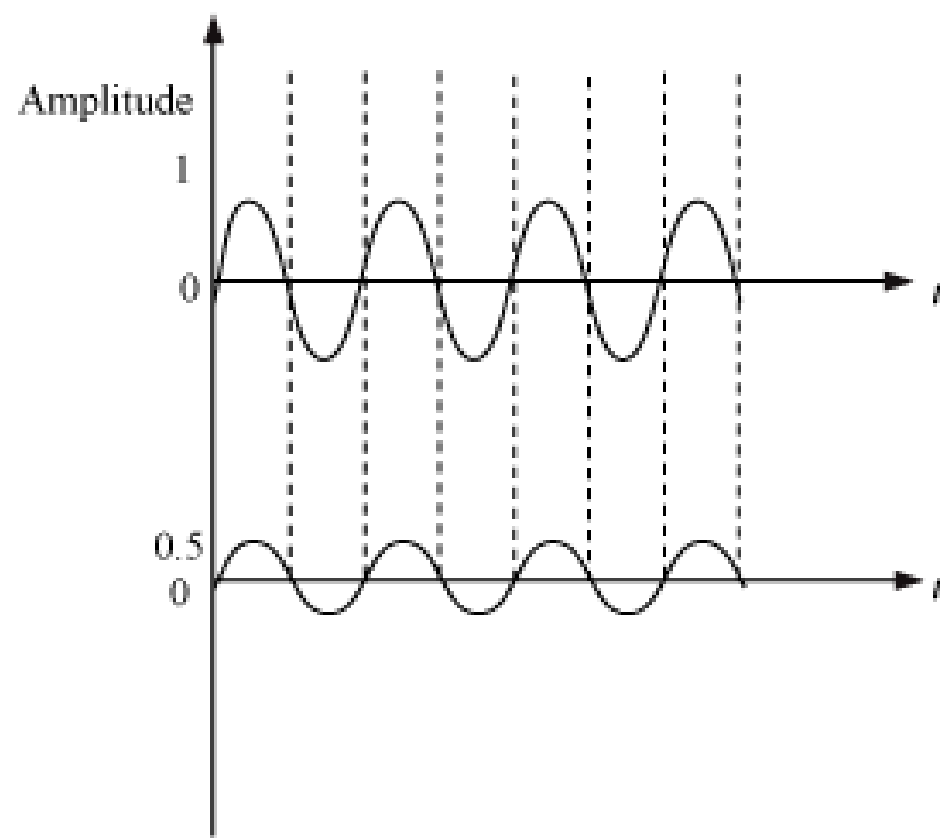
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- 2.3 Light Behavior: I can determine the interaction of light waves and predict behavior through different mediums.

# Compare particle diagrams



But why can't I hear it as  
well through brick?

Amplitude is different from speed. Amplitude is  
LOUDNESS



# Big Ideas:

- More dense, faster to move through
- Loudness = Amplitude

# Physics- Wednesday, November 6th

## Schedule

1. Sound Bath
2. Sound Wave Exploration
3. Class Consensus Circle
4. Doppler Effect

## Warm Up

- Take out your notebook and find somewhere to sit!

## Standards

- 2.1 Wave Behavior: I can explain and model the behavior of waves including interactions between two waves and predict behavior.
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- 2.3 Light Behavior: I can determine the interaction of light waves and predict behavior through different mediums.

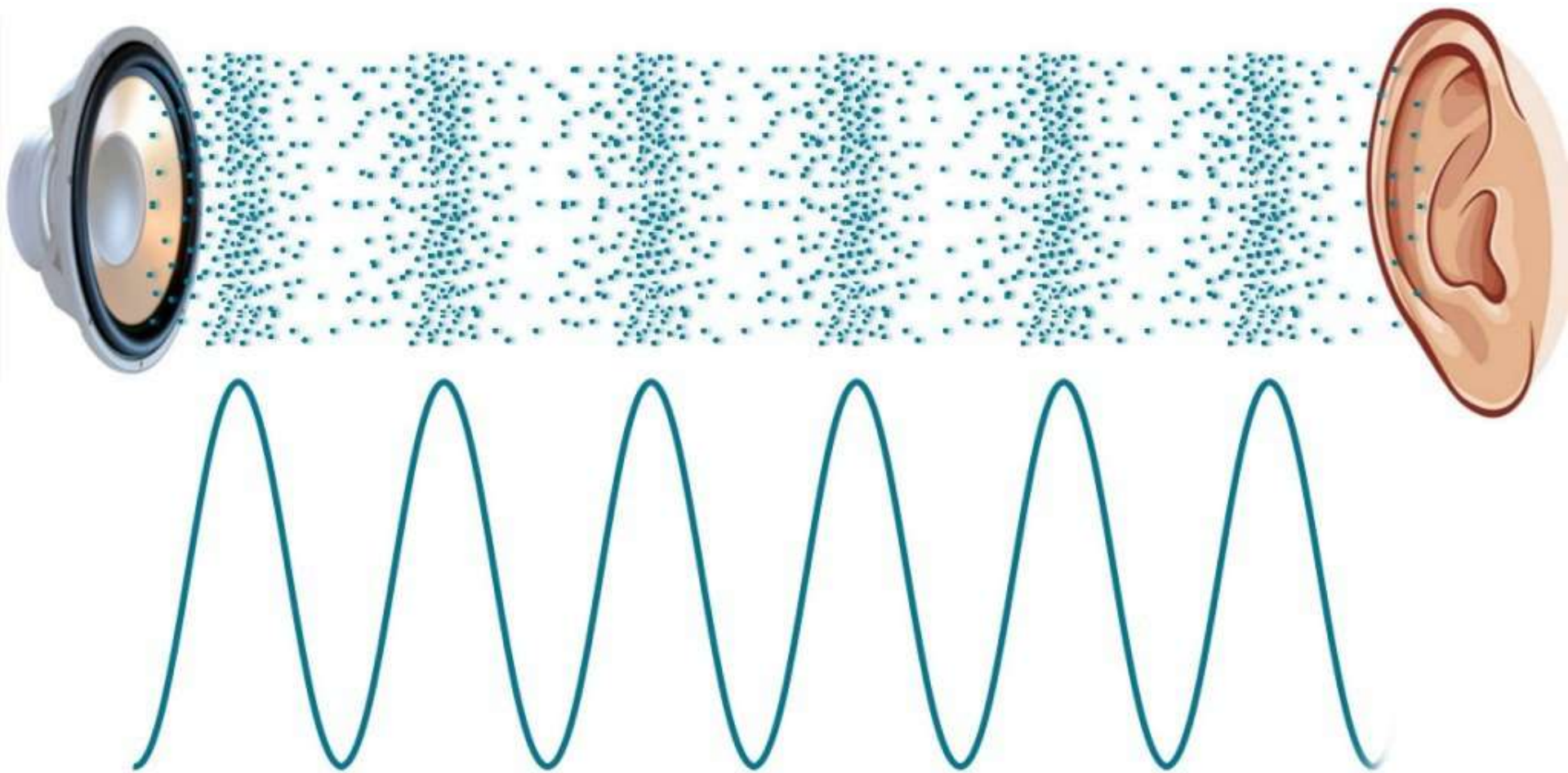


# What does sound “look like”

Tuning Forks- Drums and Water Observations

## Observations

- Frequency?
- Loudness?
- Compare splashes and vibrations of salt





# Consensus Meeting

**Purpose:** To formally and informally discuss findings from a scientific discovery.

**Goal:** Share your findings. Listen to others. Experience discourse and disagreeing. Find out what you agree on.

- Timed 15 minutes.
- Student led discussion- I will not intervene at any time (except to put students on mute) but will be taking notes on discussion and keeping track of which students speak.
- Questions need to be said out loud before we start. This is an opportunity to talk!

<https://academo.org/demos/virtual-oscilloscope/>

# Sound Waves Consensus Circle

## Questions to Answer:

- **What did you notice about frequency and loudness when the tuning forks got close to the salt? To the water?**
- **Why do you think this is happening?**
- Why are the tuning forks made of steel and not another material?
- Do you think the size or material of the water containers mattered?
- What situations in real life can you relate this to?
- Sources of errors? How to make it more controlled?

## **Sentence Stems:**

- (Name), what do you think?
- I agree/disagree because...
- What do you mean by that?
- Does anyone want to respond to this idea?
- What is your evidence?
- Can you give me an example?
- Why do you think that?
- The next question to discuss is...

# Physics- Thursday, November 7th

## Schedule

1. Consensus Circle Wrap Up
2. Doppler Effect
3. Waves and Sound Assessment

## Warm Up

- Question: What were some positives from the consensus from yesterday? What can your class work on?

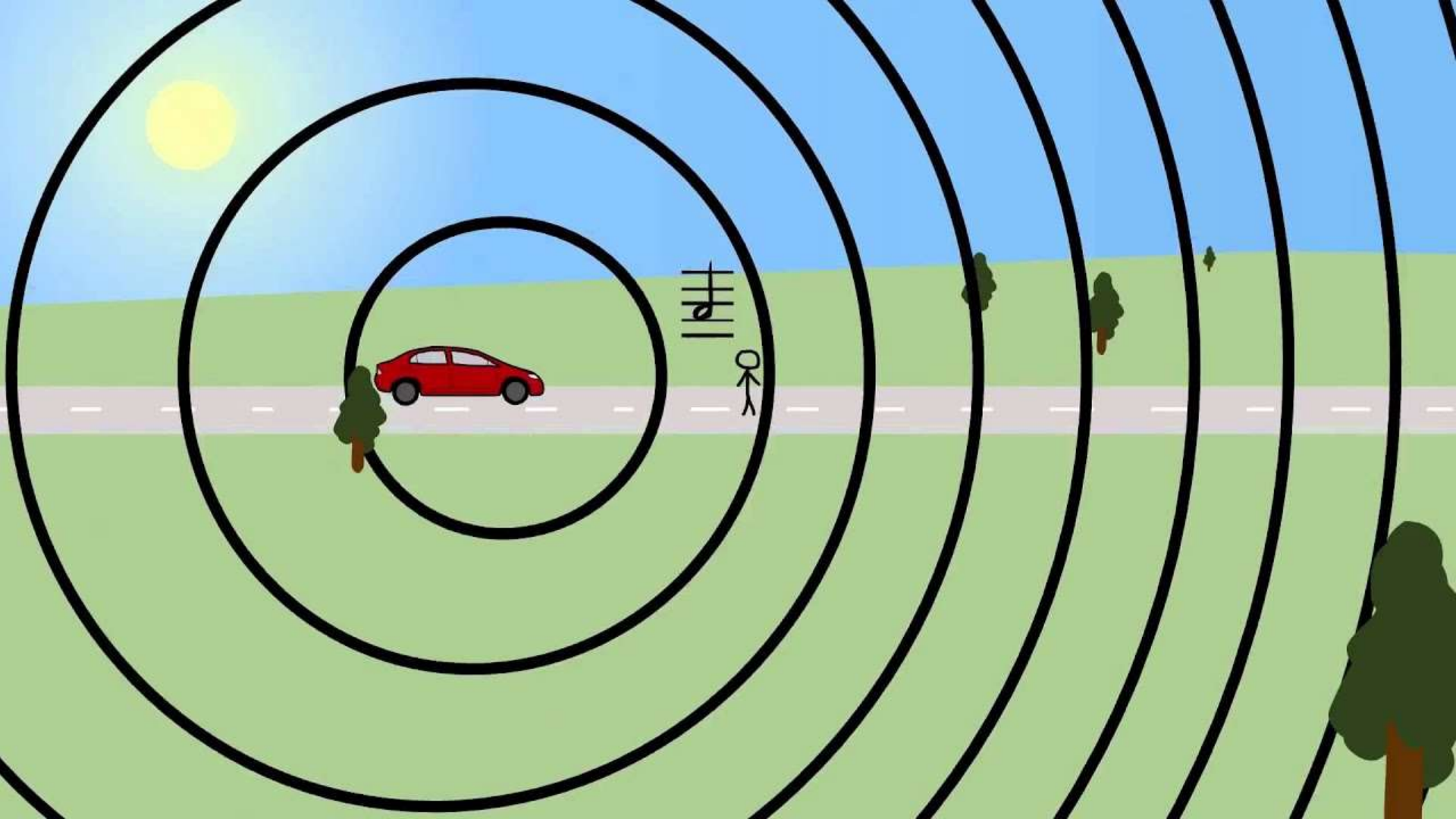
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# Doppler Effect

- Speaker Spinning Demo
- Model
- Discuss
- Video





$$f' = \frac{v}{(v - v_s)} f$$

$f'$  = observed frequency

$f$  = actual frequency

$v$  = velocity of sound waves

$v_s$  = velocity of the source



# Work on Waves and Sound Assessment

Due MONDAY beginning of  
class

# Physics- Friday, November 8th

## Schedule

1. Waves and Sound Assessment Due Monday beginning of class

## Warm Up

- Take out your wave and sound assessment.

## Standards

- 2.1 Wave Behavior: I can explain and model the behavior of waves including interactions between two waves and predict behavior.
- 2.2 Sound: I can determine how sound will travel and predict behavior between one or more sources of sound
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# Physics- Monday, November 11th

## Schedule

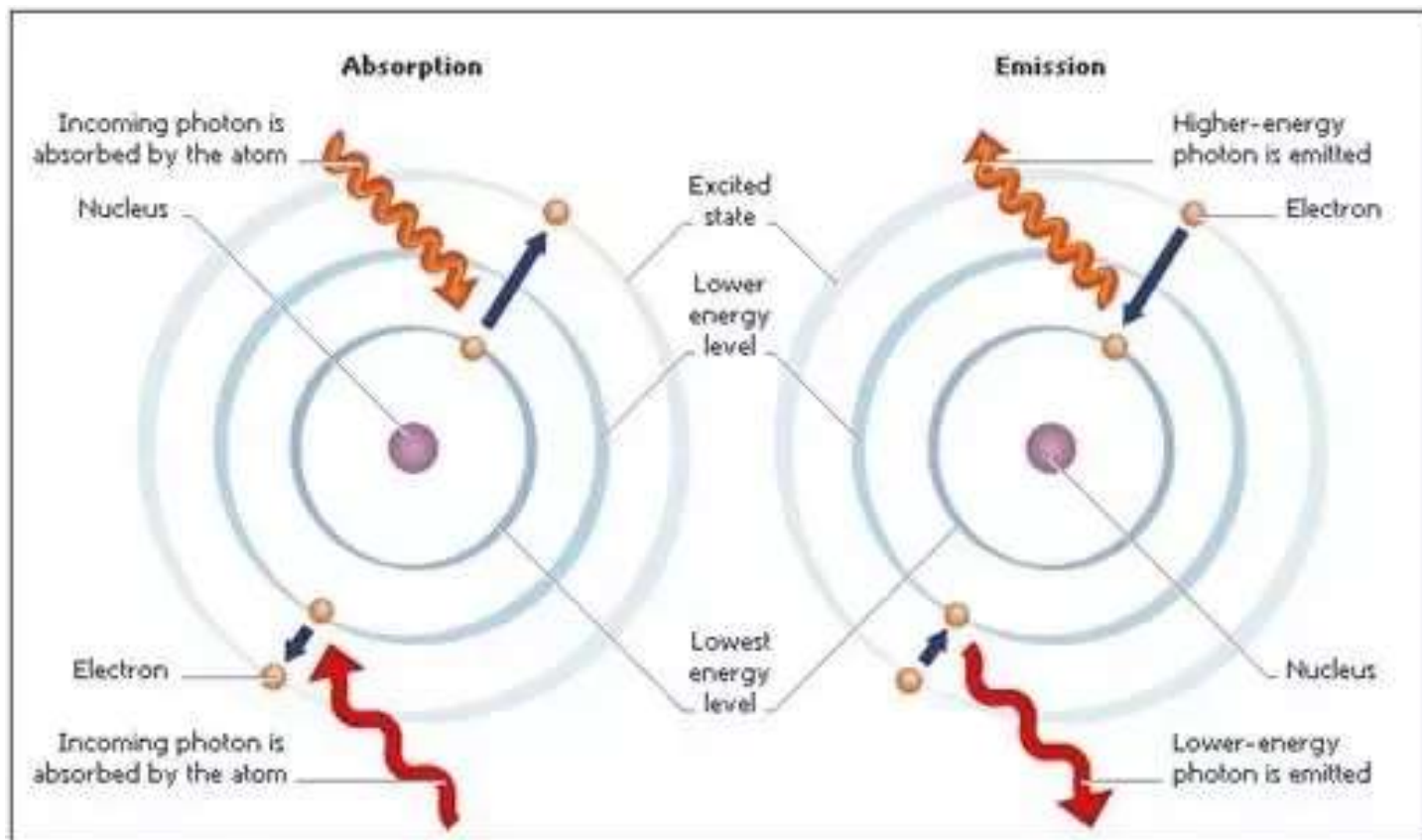
1. Waves and Sound Assessment Turn In
2. What's a laser & Laser Safety
3. Light Exploration
4. Class Conclusions

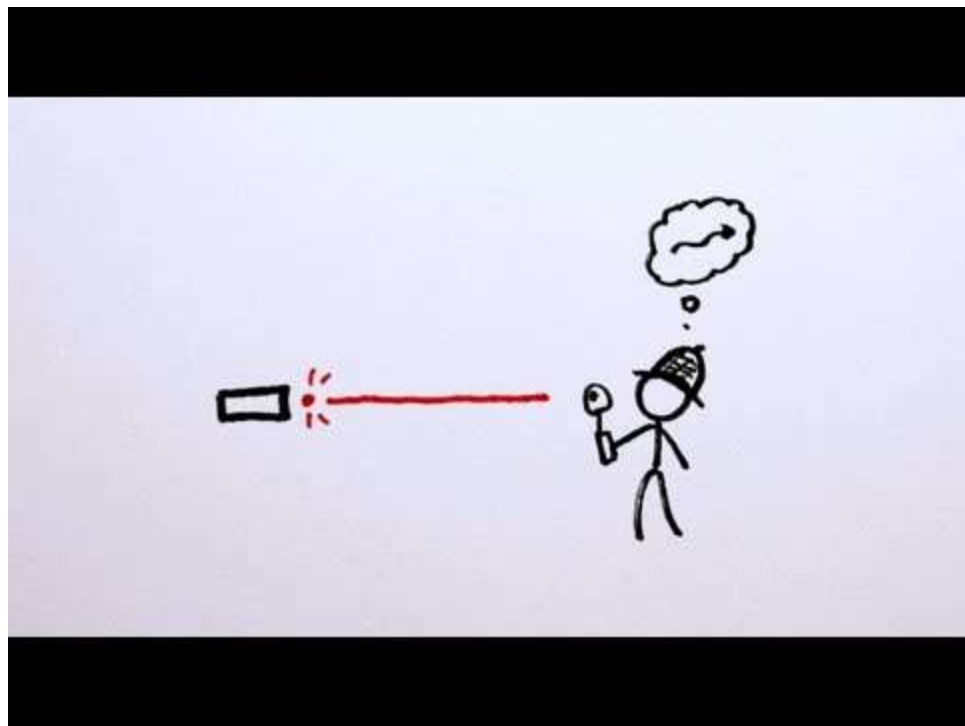
## Warm Up

- Take out your wave and sound assessment.

## Standards

- 2.1 Wave Behavior: I can explain and model the behavior of waves including interactions between two waves and predict behavior.
- 2.2 Sound: I can determine how sound will travel and predict behavior between one or more sources of sound
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# Laser Safety

- Do not EVER direct them across the room or at someone (eyes or body)
- You will have one warning and then be sent out
- Do not steal the lasers- we had one stolen last year :(

# Light Waves Exploration

## Four “Stations”

### Mirrors, Lenses, Prisms and Color

How does the flashlight and laser interact through each based on shape? What happens when you look through it?

# Physics- Wednesday, November 13th

## Schedule

1. Light  
Exploration  
Wrap Up
2. Class  
Conclusions
3. What is light?
4. Reflection Lab  
Intro

## Warm Up

- Take out your notebook with your observations from Monday!

## Standards

- 2.1 Wave Behavior: I can explain and model the behavior of waves including interactions between two waves and predict behavior.
- 2.2 Sound: I can determine how sound will travel and predict behavior between one or more sources of sound
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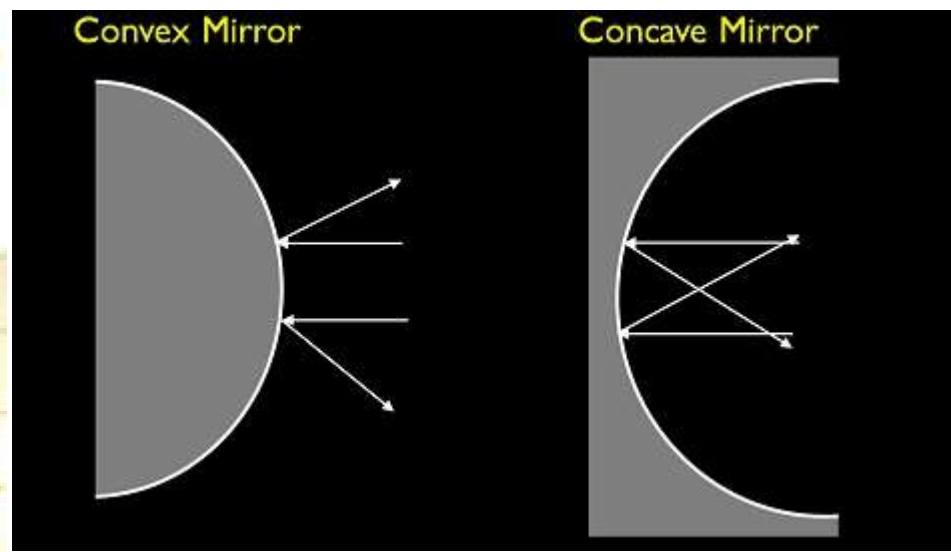
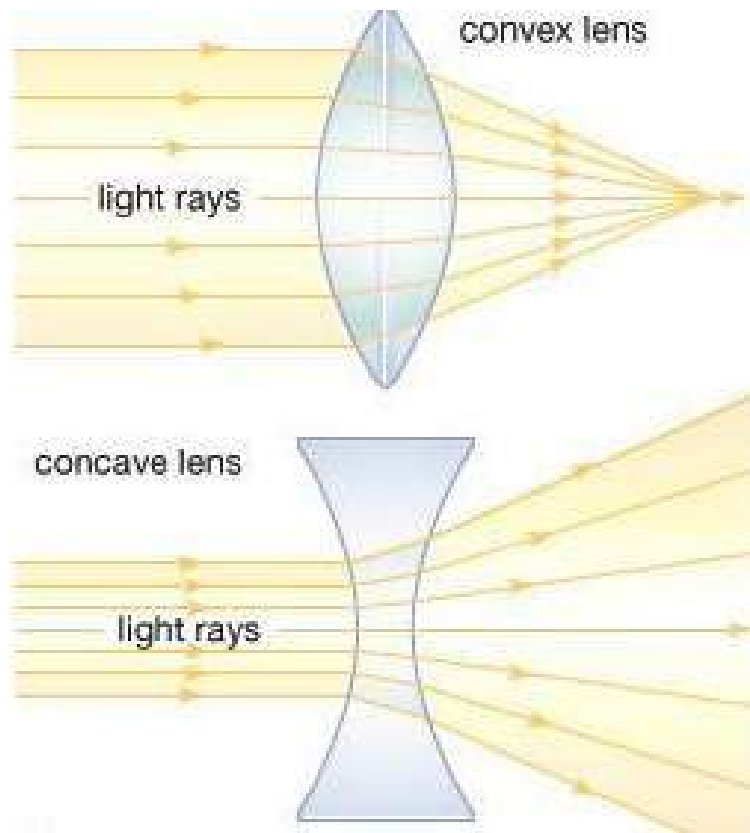
# Conclusions: What is the difference in the image or reflection?

Lenses: Convex vs. Concave vs. Flat

Mirrors: Convex vs. Concave vs. Flat

Prisms: How does the shape affect the light? At least 4 examples

Color: How do the color lenses affect the light? At least 4 examples



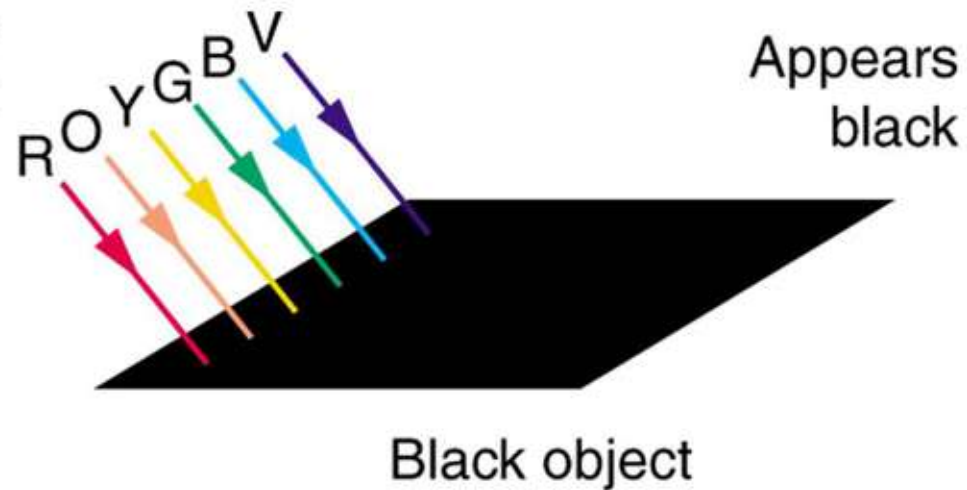
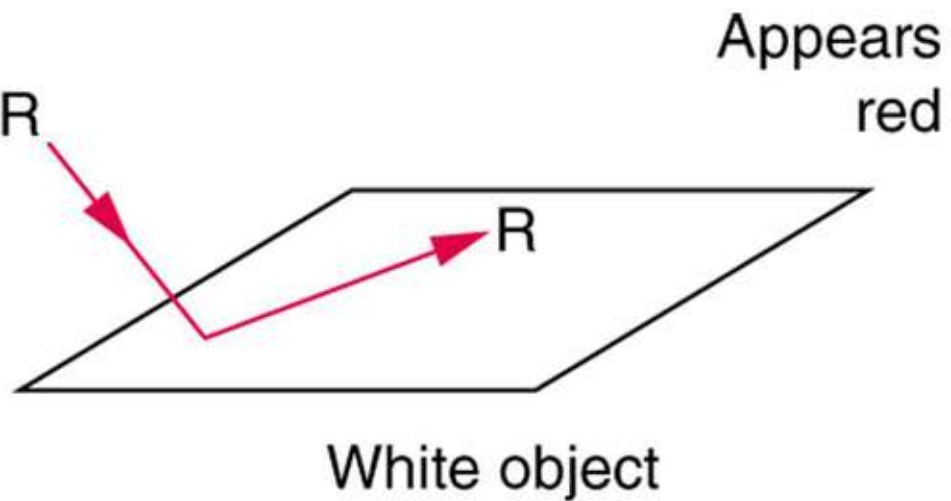
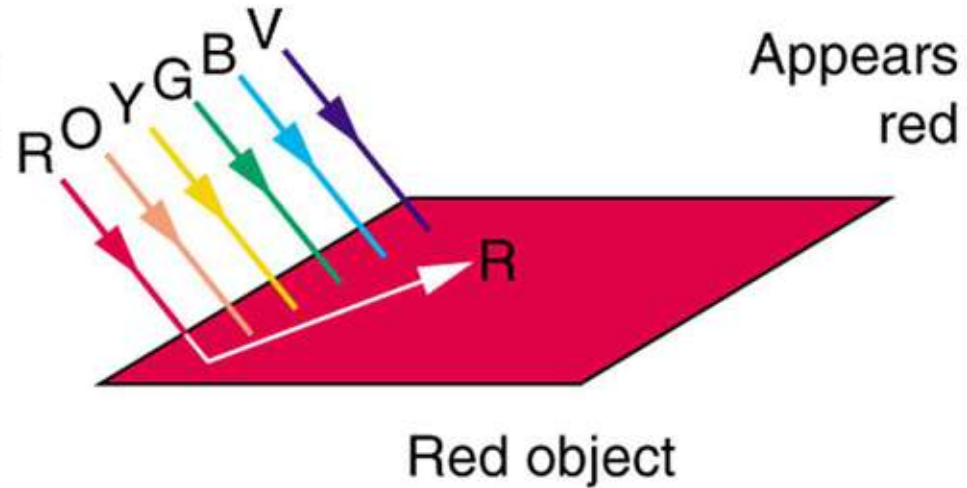
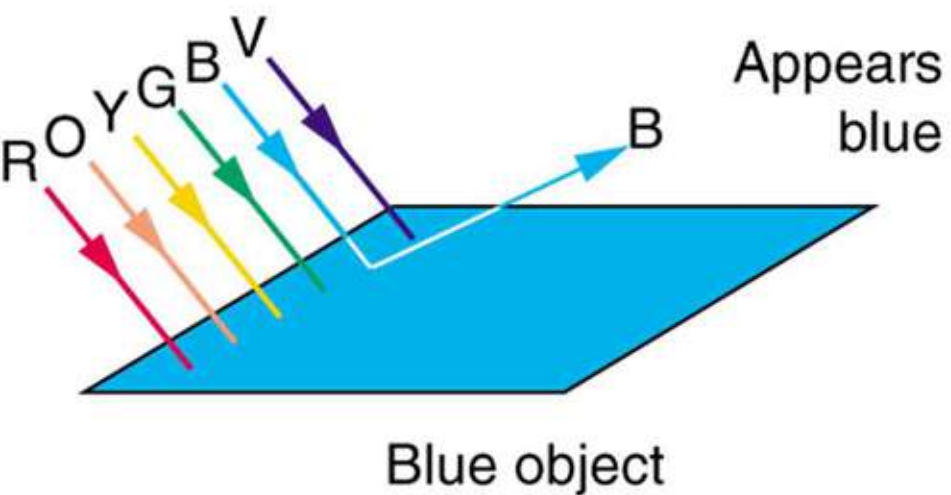
# WHAT IS LIGHT?





Do waves carry energy,  
particles or both?

CER





## The Sun in Different Wavelengths

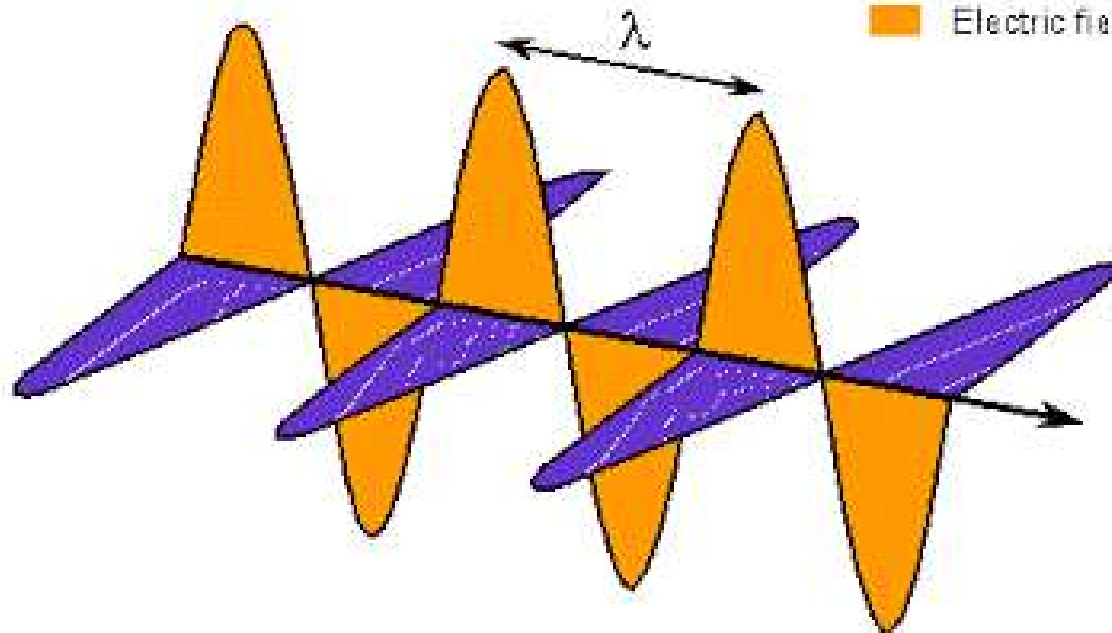




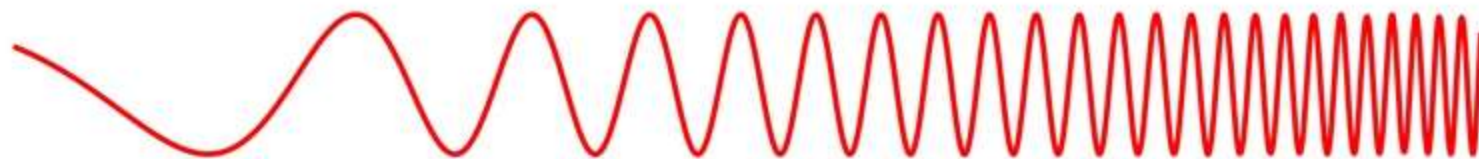
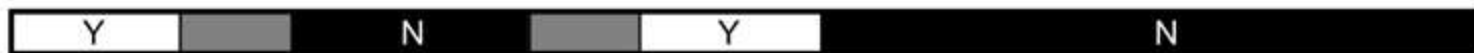
If waves need a medium to travel through, why can we see light from space?

# Electromagnetic Wave

■ Magnetic field  
■ Electric field



Penetrates Earth's Atmosphere?



Radiation Type  
Wavelength (m)

**Radio**  
 $10^3$

**Microwave**  
 $10^{-2}$

**Infrared**  
 $10^{-5}$

**Visible**  
 $0.5 \times 10^{-6}$

**Ultraviolet**  
 $10^{-8}$

**X-ray**  
 $10^{-10}$

**Gamma ray**  
 $10^{-12}$

Approximate Scale  
of Wavelength



Buildings

Humans

Butterflies

Needle Point

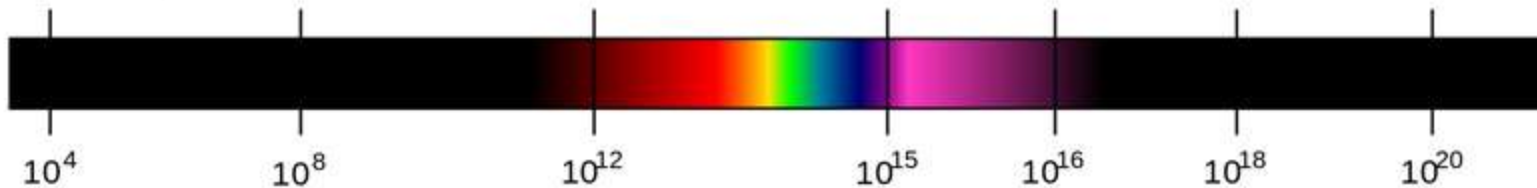
Protozoans

Molecules

Atoms

Atomic Nuclei

Frequency (Hz)



# Physics- Thursday, November 14th

## Schedule

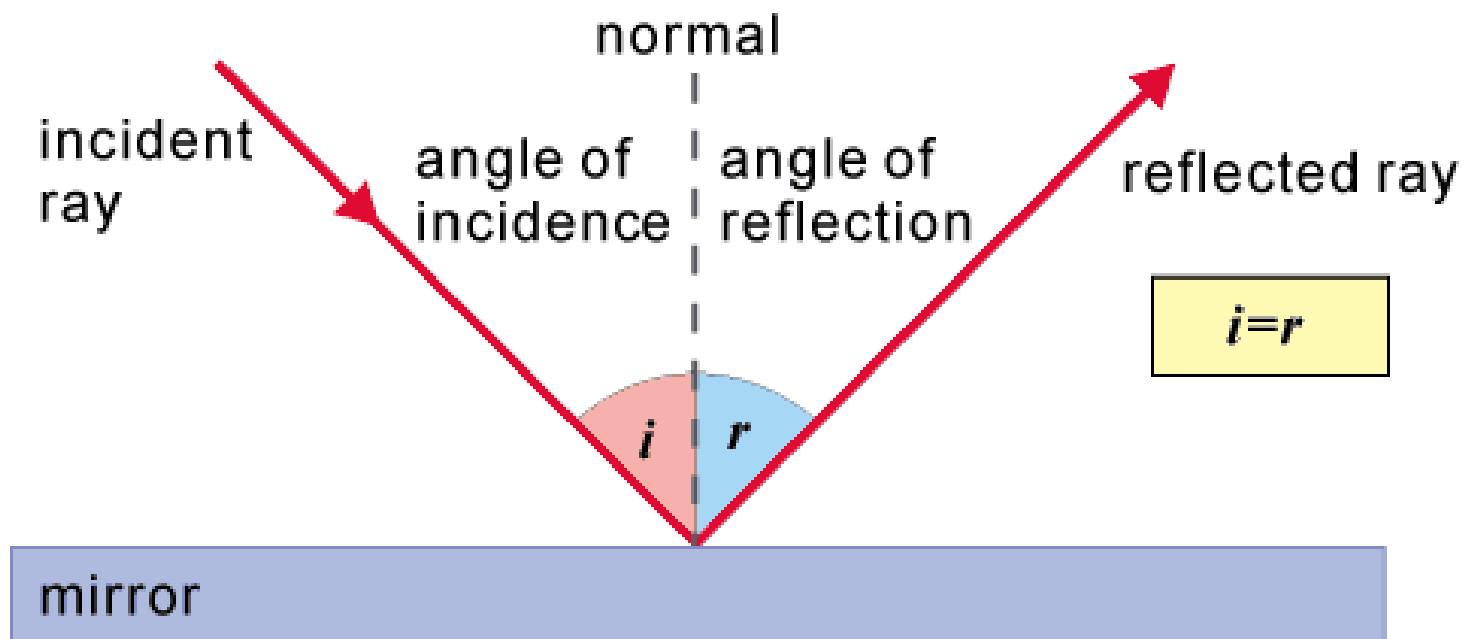
1. Pre-Lab Check
2. Groups
3. Lab Intro
4. Data
5. Work on final product (1 per group)

## Warm Up

- Take out your Reflection Lab and notebook

## Standards

- 2.1 Wave Behavior: I can explain and model the behavior of waves including interactions between two waves and predict behavior.
- 2.2 Sound: I can determine how sound will travel and predict behavior between one or more sources of sound
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# Lab Report

- On copy paper or graph paper
- 1 per group
- Neat, organized, outlined in pen or marker.
- All components of the lab

# Physics- Friday, November 15th

## Schedule

1. Finish Reflection Lab- due at the end of the hour

## Warm Up

- Take your Reflection Lab and notebook

## Standards

- 2.1 Wave Behavior: I can explain and model the behavior of waves including interactions between two waves and predict behavior.
- 2.2 Sound: I can determine how sound will travel and predict behavior between one or more sources of sound
- 2.3 Light Behavior: I can determine the interaction of light waves and predict behavior through different mediums.

# Physics- Monday, November 18th

## Schedule

1. Reflection Lab  
Peer Rubric  
Assessment
2. Refraction Lab  
Pre-Lab

Reflection Lab due  
Thursday

## Warm Up

- Take your  
Reflection Lab  
write up and sit  
with your  
partner.

## Standards

- 2.1 Wave Behavior: I can explain and model the behavior of waves including interactions between two waves and predict behavior.
- 2.2 Sound: I can determine how sound will travel and predict behavior between one or more sources of sound
- 2.3 Light Behavior: I can determine the interaction of light waves and predict behavior through different mediums.

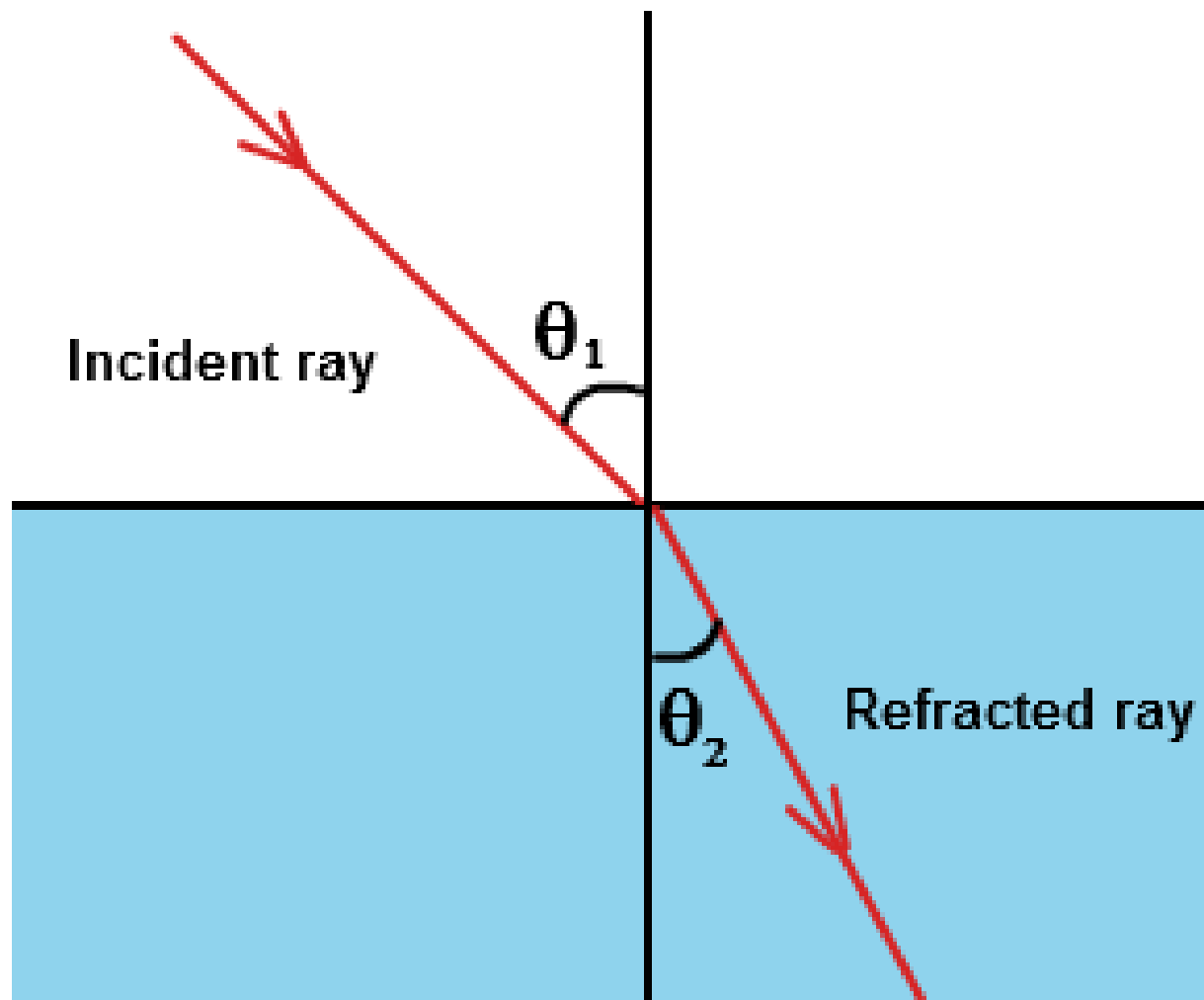


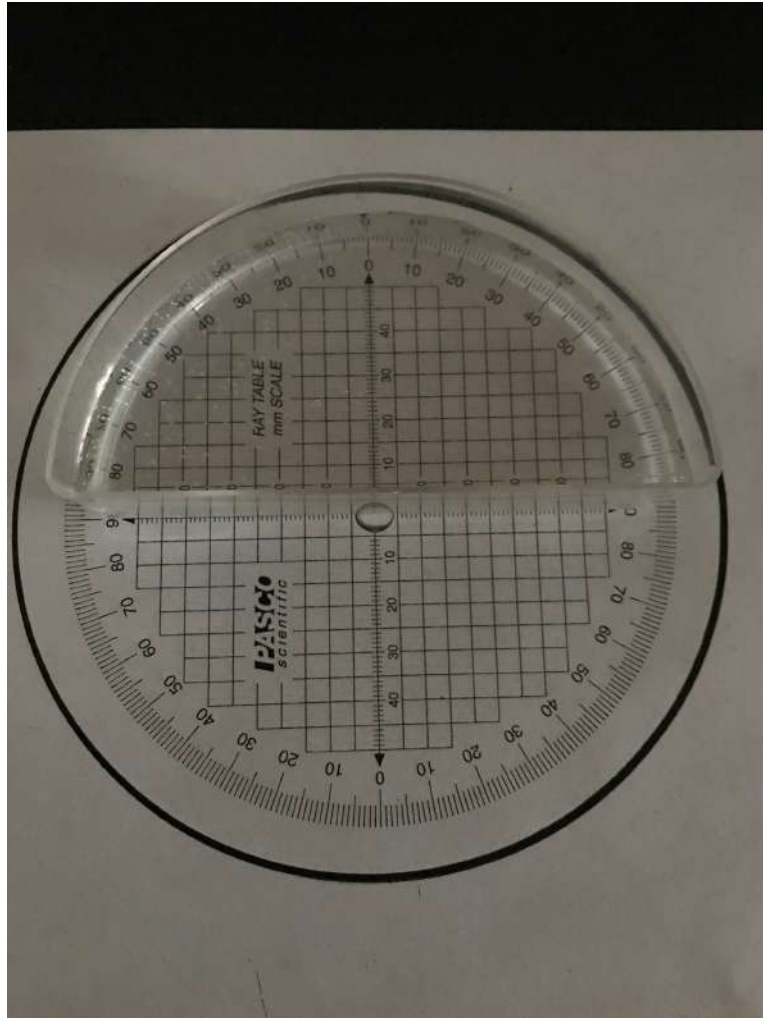
What are sources of error?

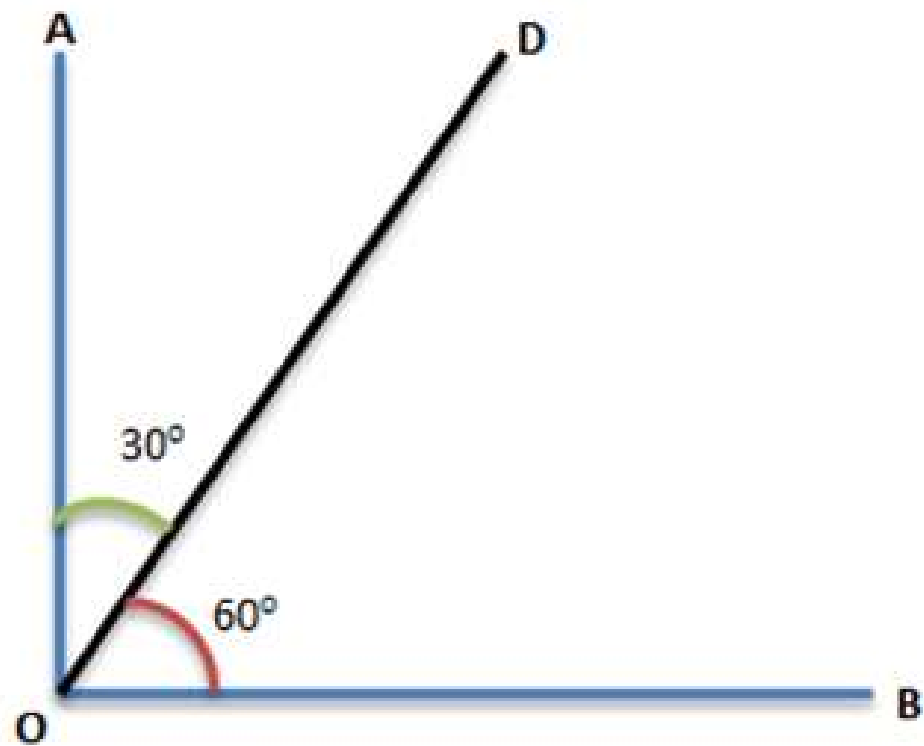


pour the  
magic  
liquid....









# Physics- Tuesday, November 19th

## Schedule

1. Refraction Lab  
Pre-Lab due  
beginning of  
class  
**Wednesday**

Refraction Lab due  
**Friday- Individual**

## Warm Up

- Take your  
**Refraction Lab**  
and sit with  
your chosen  
group/partner

## Standards

- 2.1 Wave Behavior: I can explain and model the behavior of waves including interactions between two waves and predict behavior.
- 2.2 Sound: I can determine how sound will travel and predict behavior between one or more sources of sound
- 2.3 Light Behavior: I can determine the interaction of light waves and predict behavior through different mediums.

# Pre-Lab Requirements

- Purpose- One sentence in your own words
- Background- Theory of the Law of Refraction (drawn and explained)
- Materials
- Procedure
- Set Up/Diagram with labels
- Variables- Independent, Dependent, Controls with explanations
- Data Table



# Hour 1

1. Izzy, Cam, Alex
2. Sia, Brenna
3. Jack, Evan
4. Smilee, Ashley, Kimber
5. Max, Josh R
6. Zach, Cara
7. Jaelyn, Samantha, Mikayla
8. Rema, Farrah
9. Niah, Amarea, Faith
10. Teddy, Nathan
11. Emily, Madison, Josh G
12. Javonn

# Hour 3

1. Evan
2. Isaiah, Megan, Kory
3. Tyler, Lane, Jibril
4. Iniya, CJ, Laila
5. Daniel, Gabe
6. Lauren, Claire
7. Leslie, Ahjaynay, Nora
8. Christian, Stephanie
9. Steven, Joe
10. Q
11. Shane
12. Keziah

# Hour 4

1. Joey, Jake
2. Yamama, Hufsah
3. Emma, Lily
4. Gavin, Richard
5. Angelo, Nico
6. Joanna, Shannon
7. Andre, Luke
8. Monet, AD, Citlaly
9. Devonte, Liam, Sydney
10. Emmy, Kelli
11. Austin, Skye, Bryseida

# Hour 5

1. Hannah, Teagan
2. Adam, Connor G
3. Nitya, Madilyn, Alyssa
4. Nathan, Connor R
5. Anthony P, Jamiere, Larry
6. Brian, Tanner
7. Jessie, Ligia
8. Jack, Natalie
9. Sade, Mya
10. Nick
11. Jake, Drevon
12. Jacob, Anthony E

# Physics- Wednesday, November 20th

## Schedule

1. Pass back papers
2. Refraction Lab Data
3. Work on Lab Report

Refraction Lab due  
**Friday (with draft)-  
Individual**

## Warm Up

- Take your **Refraction Lab** and sit with your group/partner

## Standards

- 2.1 Wave Behavior: I can explain and model the behavior of waves including interactions between two waves and predict behavior.
- 2.2 Sound: I can determine how sound will travel and predict behavior between one or more sources of sound
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# Physics- Thursday, November 21st

## Schedule

1. Review Lab "Report" Expectations and how to find refraction index
2. Work on Refraction Lab Report

Refraction Lab due  
**Friday (with draft)-  
Individual**

## Warm Up

- Take your **Refraction Lab** and sit with your group/partner

## Standards

- 2.1 Wave Behavior: I can explain and model the behavior of waves including interactions between two waves and predict behavior.
- 2.2 Sound: I can determine how sound will travel and predict behavior between one or more sources of sound
- 2.3 Light Behavior: I can determine the interaction of light waves and predict behavior through different mediums.

# Post Data

- Find refraction index for all data points (water and vegetable oil)
- Take out any **clear outliers**
- Find average refraction index for water and vegetable oil
- Find percent error for each using the known/theoretical values on back
- Show your teacher
- Work on your FINAL DRAFT on copy and/or graph paper

# Physics- Friday, November 22nd

## Schedule

1. Review Expectations and Rubric
2. Work on Refraction Lab Report

Refraction Lab due  
**Monday end of class (with draft attached)**

## Warm Up

- Take your **Refraction Lab** and sit with your group/partner

## Standards

- 2.1 Wave Behavior: I can explain and model the behavior of waves including interactions between two waves and predict behavior.
- 2.2 Sound: I can determine how sound will travel and predict behavior between one or more sources of sound
- 2.3 Light Behavior: I can determine the interaction of light waves and predict behavior through different mediums.



# Physics- Monday, November 25th

## Schedule

1. Turn in refraction lab by the end of class
2. Start to work on final model for light (Part 1)

## Warm Up

- Take out your refraction lab

## Standards

2.3 Light Behavior: I can determine the interaction of light waves and predict behavior through different mediums.

# Physics- Tuesday, November 25th

## Schedule

1. Turn in refraction lab (if you have not already)
2. Work on final model for light

## Warm Up

- Find somewhere to sit and take out your notebook

## Standards

2.3 Light Behavior: I can determine the interaction of light waves and predict behavior through different mediums.