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"Understanding Car Crashes It's Basics Physics" Video Concept Organizer



| TIME | Running Time: 22 minutes | | | | | |
|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Directions: To help you remember the key physics concepts discussed while viewing the video, fill in the blanks or circle the correct answer. | | | | | |
| | Vides Scenes & Key Concepts | | | | | |
| 2:15 | Test Track Laws Why did the dummy get left behind? It's called, the property of matter that causes it to | | | | | |
| 254 | Isaac Newton's circle one 1st 2nd 3rd Law of Motion states: A body at rest remains at unless acted upon by an external , and a body in continues to move at a constant in a straight line unless it is acted upon by an external force. | | | | | |
| \$:20 | Crashing Dummies Now watch what happens when the car crashes into a barrier. The front end of the car is crushing and absorbing which slows down the rest of the car. | | | | | |
| 4:00 | In this case, it is the steering wheel and windshield that applies the that overcomes the dummy's | | | | | |
| 4:85 | Crash-Barrier Chalkbeard Newton explained the relationship between crash forces and inertia in his circle one 1st 2nd 3rd Law of Motion. (Fill in the blanks to explain what each letter in the formula represents.) | | | | | |
| | F = → F = ma | | | | | |
| | $F = \frac{mhv}{t} \qquad hv = \frac{1}{t}$ | | | | | |
| | Ft = → Ft = m∆v | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

"CRASH COURSE" ACTIVITY



"Understanding Car Crashes It's Basics Physics" Video Concept Organizer



| TIME | Surfers, Cheetol | hs, and Elephants | eh mg! | | | |
|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| 5:20 | Momentum is | | in motion. It is the pro- | duct of an object's | | |
| | | and its | | | | |
| 5:35 | | | n 80,000 pound big rig) mph? (circle one) Bigl | | | |
| | Saccer Kicks SI | op Shets, and Egg | 22 6 T 1 | | | |
| 6:05 | • | | ct's momentum? | . It is | | |
| 9.50 | the product of | | and the | for which it acts. | | |
| 6 :18 | If the eggs are of equal mass and are thrown at the same velocity they will have the same The wall and the sheet both apply equal | | | | | |
| 6 :45 | | | force over a force over a | | | |
| 7:16 | With panic braking the driver stops in less time or distance and experiences more | | | | | |
| | Crashing and S | mashing | , | | | |
| 8:26 | | | front end is less stiff so eleration to | | | |
| 9:04 | Extending the time of impact is the basis for many of the ideas about keeping people safe in crashes. List three applications in vehicle or highway safety. | | | | | |
| | 1, | 2 | 3 | | | |
| 9:42 | In a collision o | erience much hig | t's the Low! qual mass, the occupan her, h ants of the heavier car. | _ | | |
| 12:55 | Motion related object's positio | l energy is called on or conditions i | , Energ | gy due to an | | |
| 13:50 | | ? | 's swing is its potential _ When is its kinetic en | | | |
| 14:36 | 14:36 Circle) the correct formula for kinetic energy (KE). | | | | | |
| | KE = 1/2 m2v | KE = 1/2 2mv² | KE = 1/2 mv ² | KE - 1/2 mv2 | | |