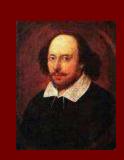
## The Renaissance

Test Review

### What does the term **Renaissance** mean?

- The word Renaissance means **rebirth** or revival.
- This period was the humanistic revival for classical art, literature, architecture, and learning.















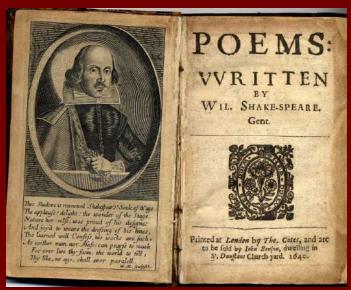
### When did the Renaissance Occur?

- The Renaissance occurred from 1445~1660 A.D.
- Overall, it lasted approximately 175 years.
- The Renaissance happened after the **Middle Ages**, when people were barbaric in nature and didn't even use silverware!
- How could a time of such beauty and marvel spring from such dark times as the Middle Ages?

### Brand New Interests

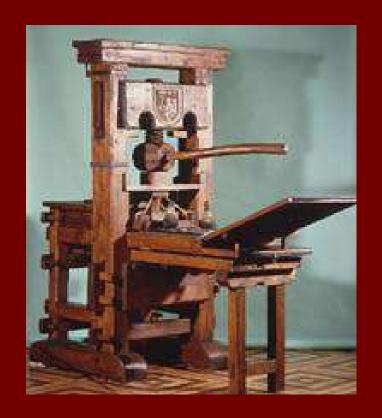
- Unlike the Middle Ages, people in the Renaissance became more interested in the **individual** and on human development.
- Humanism was the school of thought that dominated this period; Greek & Latin classical works became valued again and were believed to contain great moral lessons.
- People who lived during the Renaissance delighted in the arts, literature, and in science.
- People also became interested in beauty and in nature.
- People were more attuned and accepting of human impulses and felt a new sense of mastery (i.e. control) of their world.





#### Literacy and the Invention of the Printing Press

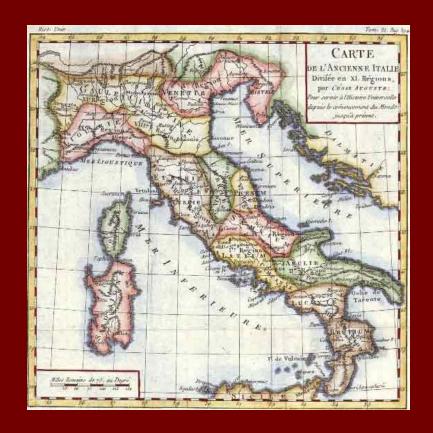
- Literacy is the ability to read and write.
- In the Middle Ages literacy was not prominent.
- The invention of the printing press allowed for reproduction of books, which caused more and more people to become educated.



# Where did the Renaissance begin and how far did it spread?

The Renaissance first began in Italy but quickly spread throughout Europe.





# The people of the Renaissance used what two ancient civilizations to model their own society after?

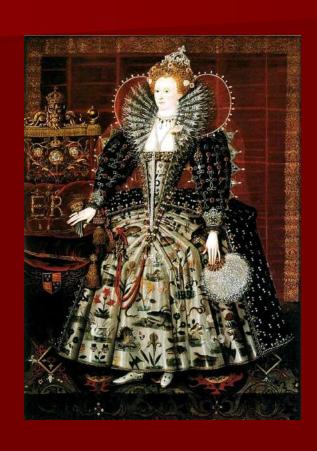




GREECE

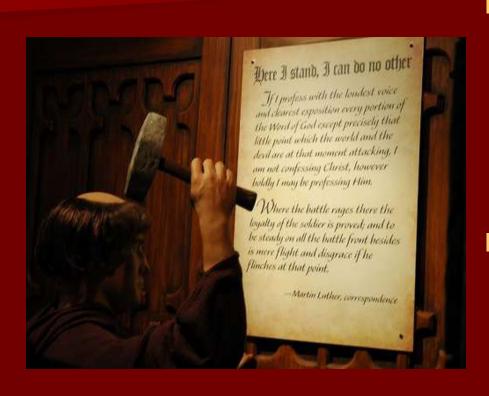
ROME

# Who was the Queen of England during the Renaissance?



Queen Elizabeth
I was on the
throne at the
time of the
Renaissance.

### Martin Luther and The 95 Theses



- The authority of the Roman Catholic Church was challenged when Martin Luther nailed his 95 Theses to the door of a prominent church.
  - Remember! People of the Renaissance began to question known truths & authority. This is a classic example.

## William Shakespeare

- William Shakespeare was an actor, a poet, and a playwright.
- Shakespeare was arguably the most notable writer of the Renaissance.
- Shakespeare had indirect political influence because his plays were performed before Queen Elizabeth I.

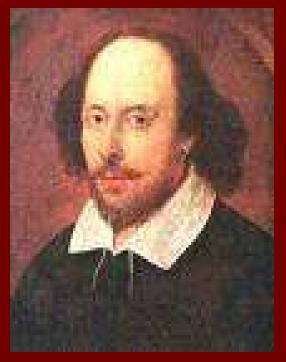












### The Bubonic Plague

- The Bubonic Plague was said to have killed 1,000 people per week in London.
- If one presented with symptoms of The Plague, there was a 70% chance he/she would not survive.

