Name:	PrepUS History	Date:
	Unit 2 – The Constitution	
	The Balance of Government - Out Government's Seesaw	

The three branches of our government - the Legislative Branch, Executive, and Judicial Branches - each have powers that make them <u>equally</u> powerful. They're like three people who weigh the same taking turns on a seesaw - no matter which two are on the seesaw at opposite ends, they always stay balanced.

Using the information below, fill in the seesaws on the following pages to show how each branch balances the other.

Legislative:

Makes laws
Can override a President's veto of a bill by 2/3 vote
Can impeach a President for misconduct
Must approve judicial appointments
Must approve treaties
Can remove judges from office for misconduct

Executive:

Makes treaties with other nations
Carries out laws
Vetoes bills Congress passes if he or she thinks they are wrong
Appoints judges in the Judicial Branch for a life term
Writes the budget

Judicial:

Interprets laws
Decides if laws that Congress makes are Constitutional
Decides if decisions that the President makes are Constitutional
Have a life term

Legislative: Makes laws

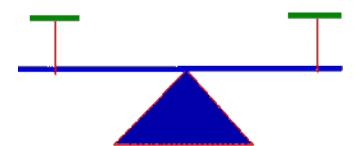
Executive:

Executive:

Judicial:



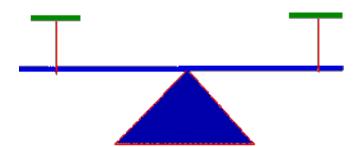
Writes the budget



Legislative:

Judicial:

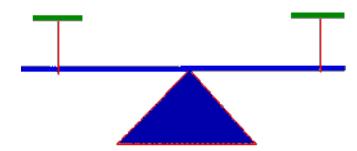
Makes laws



Executive:

Legislative:

Appoints judges



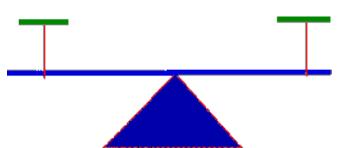
Make your own:

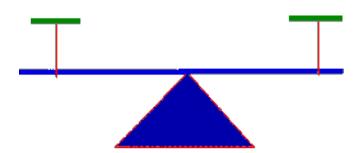
Judicial: Legislative:

Branch:

Branch:

Appointed by President





Make your own:

Judicial: Executive:

Branch:

Branch:

Interprets Laws

