The Aztec Civilization



Aztec Eagle Warrior

The Beginnings of an Empire

 The Aztecs began as a group of farmers from northern Mexico

- They soon migrated into Central Mexico

- Created a city on an island of Lake Texcoco
- 1300s Aztecs began to spread out by conquering others

Aztec Empire





http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lake_Texcoco

The Aztecs Build an Empire

- War was very important to the Aztecs
 - Fierce fighters
 - Demanded tribute from those they conquered
 - Tribute the conquered pay the conqueror
- Tribute combined with trade made the Aztecs VERY rich

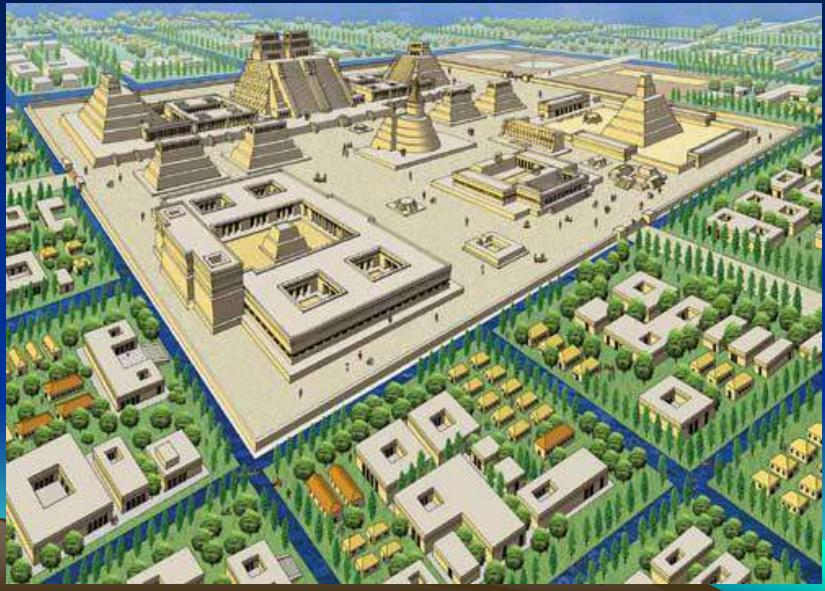


- 1400s Aztecs are the most powerful people in Mesoamerica
- Capital city Tenochtitlan
 City built on an island
- Population of over 200,000 at its height

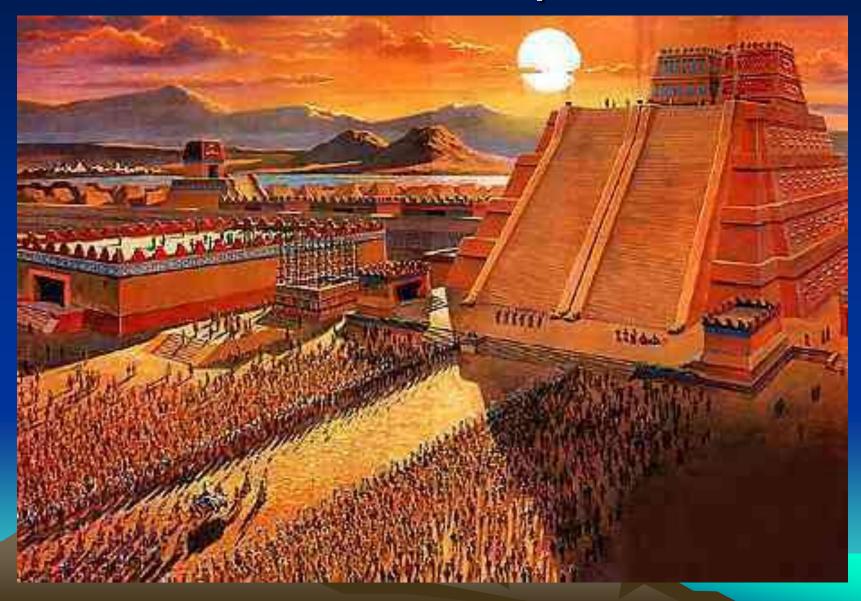




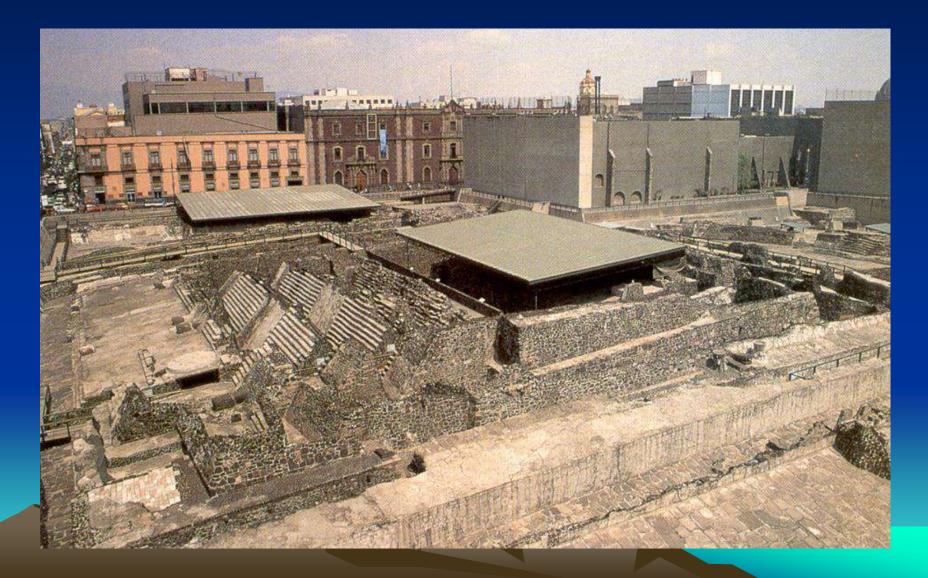
History Textboo



Great Temple



Great Temple



- Geographic challenges of an island city:
 - How do we get to and from the city from shore?
 - Causeways connected island to lake shore
 - Causeways raised roads over water or wet ground
 - How do we farm on an island?
 - The Aztecs piled soil on large rafts
 - Anchored rafts to trees standing in the water
 - Chinampas Floating gardens

Chinampas



Chinampas





Aztec Society

 Aztec Emperor was the most important person in society

– Highest class

Nobles – 2nd Class

- In charge with the emperor



Warriors and priests – 3rd class

– Warriors – highly respected for their bravery

- Priests - Kept calendars and in charge of religion

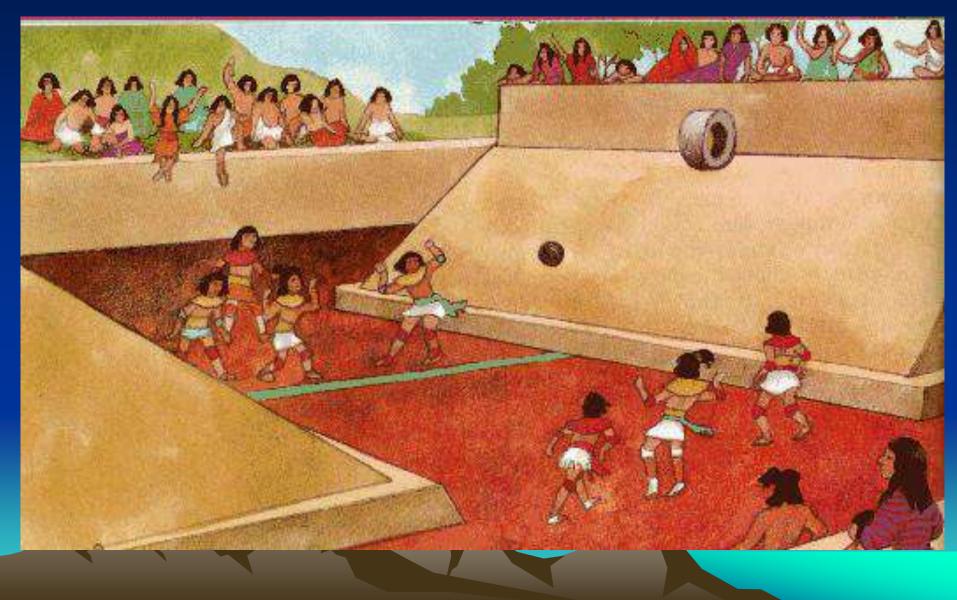
Aztec Society

- Merchants and Craftsmen 4th Class
 - Merchants = traders
 - Craftsmen made specific items for people
- Farmers 5th Class
 - Majority of population
 - Did not own their own land



- Upper classes demanded a lot from them
- Slaves Bottom 6th Class

Tlachtli



Tlachtli Hoop



Religion and Warfare

- Aztecs were polytheistic
- Believed they had to please the gods

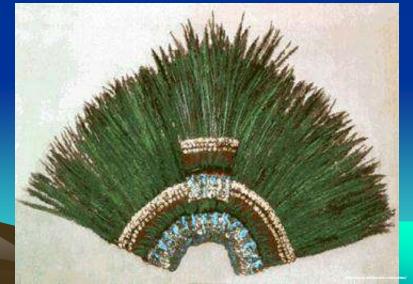
 Human sacrifices were necessary
 Sacrificed as many as 10,000 a year
- To make sure they had enough victims, they would often go to war to acquire more



Cultural Achievements

Aztecs greatly appreciated art and beauty

 Stone pyramids and statues were built
 Decorated with gold and gemstones
 Used feathers and jewelry to make masks
 Wove colorful designs on their clothing

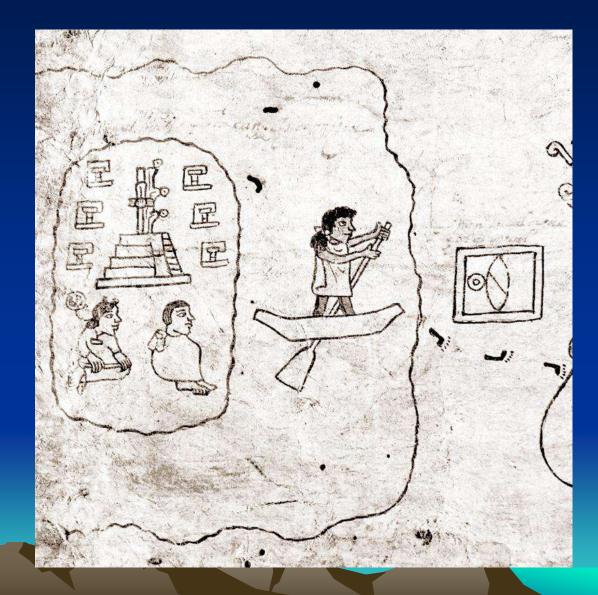


Cultural Achievements

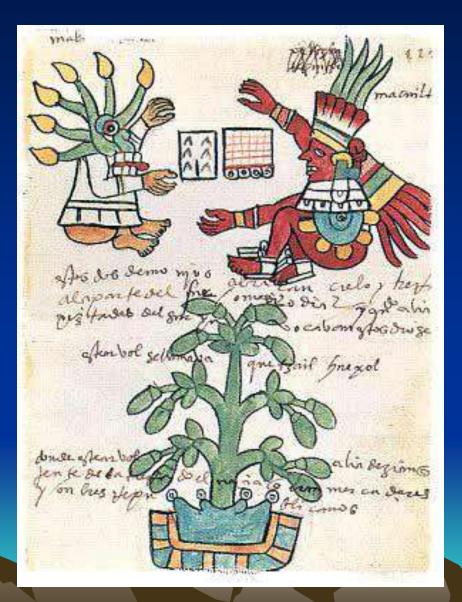
- Aztecs studied astronomy a lot

 Created a calendar similar to the Mayans
- Believed in education
- Kept detailed written records about their history
- Passed on stories with oral traditions

Aztec Codex



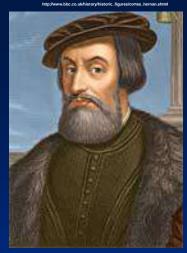
Cacao Plant in an Aztec Codex



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Aztec Calendar





- 1519 Spanish conquistadors reach Mexico
 Conquistador Spanish conqueror
- Looking for gold, land, and slaves
- Led by Hernando Cortes
- Aztec Emperor Moctezuma II believed Cortes to be the god Quetzalcoatl

Aztec legend: Quetzalcoatl will return in 1519
Moctezuma II gives Cortes gifts

Cortes and Moctezuma



- Cortes was not satisfied with gifts

 Takes Moctezuma II hostage
- Aztecs attacked the Spanish and drove them away

- Moctezuma II is killed in battle



- Cortes returns in 1520 with help from Indian tribes who dislike Aztecs
 - Spanish had better armor, cannons, and horses
 - Aztecs had never seen horses before
 - Terrified them
 - Combined with diseases, Aztecs are weakened
- 1521 Aztecs surrender; the Empire is over

