WEST VIRGINIA SECONDARY SCHOOL ACTIVITIES COMMISSION

2875 Staunton Turnpike - Parkersburg, WV 26104

ATHLETIC PARTICIPATION/PARENTAL CONSENT/PHYSICIAN'S CERTIFICATE FORM

(Form required each school year on or after June 1st. File in School Administration Office)

ATHLETIC PARTICIPATION / PARENTAL CONSENT

PARTI

Name(Last)	(First)	(M)	School Year:	Grade Enter	ring:
	(First)		Home Address	of Parents:	
City:			City:		
Phone:	Date of Birt	th:	Place of Birth: _		
Last semester I atter WVSSAC athletics. regulations of the sc	nded If accepted as a team me hool authorities and the WV	(High School) of mber, we agree to massSAC.	or (Middle School). Nake every effort to k	We have read the conder keep up school work and	nsed eligibility rules of the d abide by the rules and
must be a r must qualify must have e must not ha must be res must be res un un if living with must be an must have s completely your parent must not ha WVSSAC. must not, w unsanctione must follow	be eligible to represent your so egular bona fide student in god vunder the Residence and Tracarned at least 2 units of credit attained an overall "C" (2.00) a live reached your 15th (MS), 1 iding with parent(s) as specifie pless parents have made a bornless an AFS or other Foreignaless the residence requirement legal guardian/custodian, may amateur as defined by Rule 12 submitted to your principal befulled in and properly signed, at a consent to your participation are transferred from one school are received, in recognition of (127-3-5) hile a member of a school tear and meet or tournament in the stall Star Participation Rule. (1) we been enrolled in more than (1)	od standing of the school ansfer Rule (127-2-7) the previous semester. Inverage the previous semester. Inverage the previous semester. Inverage the previous semester. Inverage the previous semester of the semester of the previous semester. In the previous semester of the semester of th	Summer School may nester. Summer School may nester. Summer School tern year of eligibility only) alendar days attendan arsity level. (127-2-8) or of any school athleticen examined and four purposes. (127-2-7) MS athlete, any away a member of any other school sport season (Season)	y be included. (127-2-6) pol may be included. (127-1 of the current school year. In the current school	ear. (127-2-4) Int Consent/Physician Form, athletic competition and that oved by your school or the individual participant in an
must not ha Eligibility to particip also all other standa any activity or action i	des 7 and 8 or more than three tive been retained without failin toate in interscholastic athlet tirds set by your school and might have on your eligibility, cent and spirit of WVSSAC stand	g in grades 6, 7 or 8. (1 tics is a privilege you the WVSSAC. If you hatheck with your principal	27-2-5) earn by meeting not ave any questions regorn athletic director. T	ot only the above listed garding your eligibility or a hey are aware of the interp	re in doubt about the effect
rule. Meeting the inte	ent and spirit of WV33AC stand	PART II - PAREN		is from being penalized.	
In accordance with the ru	ules of the WVSSAC, I give my cor	nsent and approval to the pr	articipation of the studen	t named above for the sport N	OT MARKED OUT BELOW:
BASEBALL BASKETBALL CHEERLEADING		GOLF SOCCER	SOFTBALL SWIMMING	TENNIS TRACK	VOLLEYBALL WRESTLING
MEDIC	CAL DISQUALIFICATION OF T	HE STUDENT-ATHLETE	E/WITHHOLDING A S	STUDENT-ATHLETE FROM	M ACTIVITY
injury, an illness or pr	team physician has the final re regnancy. In addition, clearan sician's designated representa	nce for that individual to			
contests. I will not he result of this participat appropriate space:	at participation may include, wold the school authorities or William. I also understand that partie/She has student accident in d to our satisfaction ().	est Virginia Secondary S ticipation in any of those	School Activities Comr sports listed above m	mission responsible in cas lay cause permanent disab	se of accident or injury as a ility or death. Please check
I also give my co of this form, by an ap	nsent and approval for the abo proved health care provider as	ove named student to recommended by the n	ceive a physical exam	nination, as required in Par ol administration.	t IV, Physician's Certificate
	SSAC's use of the herein name tests, promotional literature of				
-	ewed the concussion and Su				
Date:		Stude	nt Signature		
		Paren	t Signature		

PART III - STUDENT'S MEDICAL HISTORY

(To be completed by parent or guardian prior to examination)

Name	Birthdate	/_	/	Grade	Age)			
Has the student ever had:	Does the st	udent:							
Yes No 1. Chronic or recurrent illness? (Diabetes, Asthma, Seizetc.,)		Yes No 12. Have any problems with heart/blood pressure? Yes No 13. Has anyone in your family ever fainted during exercise?							
Yes No 2. Any hospitalizations?			nyone in your fami any medicine? List				se?		
Yes No 3. Any surgery (except tonsils)?			glasses, contac				_ ?		
Yes No 4. Any injuries that prohibited your participation in sports			any organs missing						
Yes No 5. Dizziness or frequent headaches?			been longer than						
Yes No 6. Knee, ankle or neck injuries?	shot?		9	,	,				
Yes No 7. Broken bone or dislocation?			you ever been told						
Yes No 8. Heat exhaustion/sun stroke?	Yes No 19		u know of any reas	son this stud	ent should	not p	artici-		
Yes No 9. Fainting or passing out?	Voc. No. 20		n sports? a sudden death his	tory in your f	amily2				
Yes No 10. Have any allergies?			a family history of h		-	502			
Yes No 11. Concussion? If Yes			op coughing, wheez		_		reath		
PLEASE EXPLAIN ANY "YES" ANSWERS OR ANY OTHER			you exercise?			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
ADDITIONAL CONCERNS.	Yes No 23		iles Only) Do you h periods.	nave any pro	blems with	your	men-		
I also give my consent for the physician in attendance and the	e appropriate medi	cal staff	to give treatmen	t at any ath	letic even	t for a	any		
injury. SIGNATURE OF PARENT OR GUARDIAN			DATI	=	/	,			
GIGNATURE OF TAKENT OR GOARDIAN			DATI		//				
PART	IV – VITAL SIGN	s							
Height Weight	Pulse		Blood	d Pressure					
Visual acuity: Uncorrected/; Corre	cted/_	R	; Pupils equa	al diameter:	YN				
DARTY COR		A L E V	A 3.4						
This exam is not meant to replace a full	EENING PHYSIC physical examinati			physician.					
Mouth: Respiratory:			Abdomen:						
	breath sounds Y	N	Masses			Υ	N		
	Y	N	Organome	aaly		Ϋ́			
3		IN	•		h.A.	'	IN		
Caries needing treatment Y N Cardiovascular:		N.I.	Genitourinary	-	ıy),		N.I		
Enlarged lymph nodes Y N Murmur		N	Inguinal he			Y			
Skin - infectious lesions Y N Irregularities	Y	N	Bilaterally	descended	testicles	Υ	N		
Peripheral pulses equal Y N Murmur with	Valsalva Y	N							
Musculoskeletal: (note any abnormalities)									
Neck: Y N Elbow: Y N	Knee/Hip:	Υ	N Ham	strings:	/ N				
Shoulder: Y N Wrist: Y N	Ankle:	Υ	N Scoli	osis:	/ N				
DECOMMENDATIONS DAGED ON ADOME EVALUATION									
RECOMMENDATIONS BASED ON ABOVE EVALUATION:									
After my evaluation, I give my:									
Full Approval;									
Full approval; but needs further evaluation by Famil	y Dentist; E	ye Doct	or; Family	Physician	; Ot	her _	;		
Limited approval with the following restrictions: _							;		
Denial of approval for the following reasons:							·		
				/	/				



What is a concussion?

A concussion is a type of traumatic brain injury. Concussions are caused by a bump or blow to the head. Even a "ding," "getting your bell rung," or what seems to be a mild bump or blow to the head can be serious.

You can't see a concussion. Signs and symptoms of concussion can show up right after the injury or may not appear or be noticed until days or weeks after the injury. If your child reports any symptoms of concussion, or if you notice the symptoms yourself, seek medical attention right away.

What are the signs and symptoms of a concussion?

If your child has experienced a bump or blow to the head during a game or practice, look for any of the following signs of a concussion:

SYMPTOMS REPORTED BY ATHLETE

- Headache or "pressure" in head
- Nausea or vomiting
- Balance problems or dizziness
- Double or blurry vision
- Sensitivity to light
- Sensitivity to noise
- Feeling sluggish, hazy, foggy, or groggy
- Concentration or memory problems
- Confusion
- Just "not feeling right" or "feeling down"

SIGNS OBSERVED BY PARENTS/GUARDIANS

- Appears dazed or stunned
- Is confused about assignment or position
- Forgets an instruction
- Is unsure of game, score, or opponent
- Moves clumsily
- Answers questions slowly
- Loses consciousness (even briefly)
- Shows mood, behavior, or personality changes

How can you help your child prevent a concussion or other serious brain injury?

- Ensure that they follow their coach's rules for safety and the rules of the sport.
- Encourage them to practice good sportsmanship at all times.
- Make sure they wear the right protective equipment for their activity. Protective equipment should fit properly and be well maintained.
- Wearing a helmet is a must to reduce the risk of a serious brain injury or skull fracture.
 - However, helmets are not designed to prevent concussions. There is no "concussion-proof" helmet.
 So, even with a helmet, it is important for kids and teens to avoid hits to the head.

What should you do if you think your child has a concussion?

SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION RIGHT AWAY. A health care professional will be able to decide how serious the concussion is and when it is safe for your child to return to regular activities, including sports.

KEEP YOUR CHILD OUT OF PLAY. Concussions take time to heal. Don't let your child return to play the day of the injury and until a health care professional says it's OK. Children who return to play too soon—while the brain is still healing—risk a greater chance of having a repeat concussion. Repeat or later concussions can be very serious. They can cause permanent brain damage, affecting your child for a lifetime.

TELL YOUR CHILD'S COACH ABOUT ANY PREVIOUS

CONCUSSION. Coaches should know if your child had a previous concussion. Your child's coach may not know about a concussion your child received in another sport or activity unless you tell the coach.

If you think your teen has a concussion: Don't assess it yourself. Take him/her out of play. Seek the advice of a health care professional.

It's better to miss one game than the whole season.

For more information, visit www.cdc.gov/Concussion.





WYSSAC



SUDDEN CARDIAC ARREST AWARENESS

What is Sudden Cardiac Arrest?

- Occurs suddenly and often without warning.
- An electrical malfunction (short-circuit) causes the bottom chambers of the heart (ventricles) to beat dangerously fast (ventricular tachycardia or fibrillation) and disrupts the pumping ability of the heart.
- The heart cannot pump blood to the brain, lungs and other organs of the body.
- The person loses consciousness (passes out) and has no pulse.
- Death occurs within minutes if not treated immediately.

What are the symptoms/warning signs of Sudden Cardiac Arrest?

- SCA should be suspected in any athlete who has collapsed and is unresponsive
- Fainting, a seizure, or convulsions during physical activity
- Dizziness or lightheadedness during physical activity
- Unusual fatigue/weakness
- Chest pain
- Shortness of breath
- Nausea/vomiting
- Palpitations (heart is beating unusually fast or skipping beats)
- Family history of sudden cardiac arrest at age <50

ANY of these symptoms/warning signs may necessitate further evaluation from your physician before returning to practice or a game.

What causes Sudden Cardiac Arrest?

- Conditions present at birth (inherited and non-inherited heart abnormalities)
- A blow to the chest (Commotio Cordis)
- An infection/inflammation of the heart, usually caused by a virus. (Myocarditis)
- Recreational/Performance-Enhancing drug use.
- Other cardiac & medical conditions / Unknown causes. (Obesity/Idiopathic)

What are ways to screen for Sudden Cardiac Arrest?

- The American Heart Association recommends a pre-participation history and physical which is mandatory annually in West Virginia.
- Always answer the heart history questions on the student Health History section of the WVSSAC Physical Form completely and honestly.
- Additional screening may be necessary at the recommendation of a physician.

What is the treatment for Sudden Cardiac Arrest?

- Act immediately; time is critical to increase survival rate
- Activate emergency action plan
- Call 911
- Begin CPR
- Use Automated External Defibrillator (AED)

Where can one find additional information?

- Contact your primary health care provider
- American Heart Association (www.heart.org)