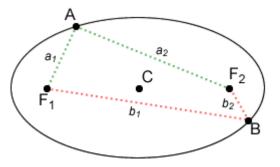
Vocabulary: Solar System Explorer

Vocabulary

- Astronomical unit a distance unit equal to the average Earth-Sun distance.
 - The symbol for astronomical unit is "AU."
 - One astronomical unit is approximately equal to 150 million kilometers. (The actual distance is 149,597,871.7 km.)
- <u>Dwarf planet</u> an object that is orbiting a star and is large enough to be rounded by its own gravity but not large enough to have cleared its neighborhood of other objects.
 - There are currently five recognized dwarf planets in our solar system: Ceres, Pluto, Haumea, Makemake, and Eris. Other objects, such as Sedna, may eventually be classified as dwarf planets.
- Eccentricity the degree by which the shape of an orbit differs from a circle.
 - The eccentricity of an ellipse can vary between 0 and 1. An ellipse with an
 eccentricity of 0 is a circle. An ellipse with an eccentricity of 1 is a line segment.
 - \circ To measure the eccentricity of an ellipse, divide the distance between the *foci* by the width of the ellipse. (On the diagram below, the foci are labeled F_1 and F_2 .)
- <u>Ellipse</u> a flattened circle.
 - An ellipse contains two foci, labeled F₁
 and F₂ on the diagram at right.
 - The sum of the distances from any point on the ellipse to the two foci is constant. On the diagram, $a_1 + a_2 = b_1 + b_2$.
 - The orbits of planets and other objects in the solar system are elliptical, with the Sun at one focus.



- Gas giant a large planet composed mainly of gas.
- Kepler's laws three laws that describe the orbits of planets and other orbiting bodies.
 - Kepler's first law states that planets orbit in ellipses, with the Sun at one focus.
 - Kepler's second law states that planets speed up as they get nearer the Sun and slow down as they move farther from the Sun.
 - Kepler's third law states that the square of a planet's period is proportional to the cube of the planet's orbital radius.
- Orbit the path of one body around another body in space, such as the path of Earth around the Sun.



- Orbital radius the average distance from an orbiting object to the object it is orbiting around.
 - o The orbital radius of a planet is the mean distance from the planet to the Sun.
- Period the amount of time it takes for an object to complete one full orbit.
- <u>Planet</u> an object orbiting a star that is round, not itself a star, and large enough to have cleared small objects from the area around itself.
 - There are eight known planets in our solar system: Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, and Neptune.
 - This definition of planet was agreed on by the International Astronomical Union in 2006. It remains controversial.
- Solar system a star and the objects that orbit it.
 - Our solar system includes the Sun (known to scientists as "Sol"), the eight planets, and their moons.
 - Our solar system also includes asteroids, comets, dwarf planets, and planetoids.
- Terrestrial planet a planet having a rocky surface like Earth's.
 - Also called "rocky planet."

