Regions and People of the Eastern Hemisphere

		FIRST SEMESTER		
Unit	Strands and Content Statements	Student Expectations	Resources/Assessments	Key Concepts
1	Geography (3) Globes and other geographic tools	Geography	(3) Lesson Plan-Mapping Perceptions www.asiasociety.org	Basic terms
Basic Geography and Map Skills	can be used to gather, process and report information about people,	(3) Use appropriate maps, globes and geographic tools to gather, process and report information about people, places	(3) National Atlas Map Maker tool http://www.nationalatlas.gov/mapmaker	Continents
(4 weeks) Big Idea:	places and environments. Cartographers decide which information to include and how it is displayed.	and environments. (3) Understand that maps are created for specific purposes and represent the	 Identify the seven continents and 5 oceans Types of maps and their purposes (physical, political, population density, 	Longitude and Latitude (revisit in all units)
Essential Questions: How do we know		context in which they were created.	climate, topographic, resource, historical)	Hemispheres
about the world today?	(4) Latitude and Longitude can be used to identify absolute location	(4) Use latitude and longitude coordinates to identify absolute location	(4) National Atlas (articles of latitude and longitude) http://nationalatlas.gov/articles/mapping/a I	Oceans Types of Maps Political
How does where you live influence how you live? How does where you live influence	(5) Regions can be determined, classified and compared using various criteria (e.g. landform, climate, population, cultural, economic)	(5) Use various criteria to describe, classify and compare regions within the Eastern Hemisphere.	atlong.html (4) Crack the Code (solving mysteries using longitude and latitude) http://www.nationalgeographic.com/xpeditions/hall/index.html	Physical Topographic Climate Resource Population
how you live?	u live? (6) Variations among physical environments within the Eastern Hemisphere influence human activities. Human activities also alter the physical environment.	(6) Explain how variations among physical environments in the Eastern Hemisphere influence human activities.(6) Explain how human activities have altered environments of the Eastern Hemisphere.	Longitude and Latitude Bingo Game Battleship Game	Parts of Map

Unit 2	Strands and Content Statements	Student Expectations	Resources/Assessments	Key Concepts
Roles and Systems of Governments (2 weeks) Big Idea: Governments may be organized in different ways and have limited or unlimited powers. Essential Questions: How does governmental authority affect citizens' rights?	Government (10) Governments can be categorized as monarchies, theocracies, dictatorships or democracies, but categories may overlap and labels may not accurately represent how governments function. The extent of citizens' liberties and responsibilities varies according to limits on government authority.	Government (10) Describe the relationship between those in power and individual citizens in a democracy, dictatorship, monarchy and theocracy. (10) Understand that the characteristics of governments often overlap and can misrepresent the actual relationship between those governing and those being governed.	(10) CIA's World Factbook: www.cia.gov (Access information on world governments) Suggestions: Use graphic organizers Teaching note taking skills Jigsaw	Basic understanding of 4 types of governments (democracy, dictatorship, monarchy and theocracy) and the differences between them Citizen rights and responsibilities

Unit 3	Strands and Content Statements	Student Expectations	Resources/Assessments	Key Concepts
Economic Decision Making and Skills (4 weeks) Big Idea: The choices people make have both present and future consequences. Essential Questions: Why can't people have everything they want? How do we know what we know about the world today?	Economics (12) The choices people make have both present and future consequences. The evaluation of choices is relative and may differ across individuals and societies. (13) The fundamental questions of economics include what to produce, how to produce and for whom to produce. (14) When regions and/or countries specialize, global trade occurs. (15) The interaction of supply and demand, influenced by competition, helps to determine price in a market. This interaction also determines the quantities of outputs produced and the quantities of inputs (human resources, natural resources and capital) used. (16) When selecting items to buy, individuals can compare the price and quality of available goods and services.	Economics (12) Predict the present and future consequences of an economic decision and explain how individuals and societies may evaluate the choices differently. (13) Explain how individuals and societies answer the fundamental questions of economics. (14) Explain how specialization leads to global trade. (15) Explain how supply, demand and competition interact to determine price. (15) Explain how supply, demand and competition interact to influence quantities of inputs and outputs. (16) Explain how individuals compare prices and quality when selecting goods and services to buy.	(12) Lesson Plan: The International Trade Game www.westernreservepublicmedia.org/eco nomics/index.htm Producing Ohio, Creating Our Economy (resource book) Partners in Trade IMS Lesson http://dnet01.ode.state.oh.us/IMS.ItemD etails/LessonDetail.aspx?id=0907f84c8053 0f02 One Hen (Book) Hot Shot Business http://disney.go.com/hotshot/hsb2/ (15) Lesson Plan: The Price of Gasoline: What's Behind it? www.econedlink.org (16) Lesson Plan: The Best Deal www.econedlink.org	Supply and Demand Competition Trade Specialization Import and Export Natural Resources Goods and Services Developed vs. Developing Countries Interdependence Absolute advantage Opportunity Cost Comparing sets of data to draw conclusions

Unit 4	Strands and Content Statements	Student Expectations	Resources/Assessments	Key Concepts
Religion (5 weeks)	Geography (8) Modern cultural practices and products show the influence of	Geography (8) Explain how tradition and diffusion have influenced modern cultural practices	Lesson Plan: Geometry and Islam: Religious Beliefs Made Visual www.asiasociety.org	Diffusion of cultural practices
Big Idea: Essential Questions: How have ideas and	tradition and diffusion, including the impact of major world religions (Buddhism, Christianity, Hinduism, Islam and Judaism)	and products in the Eastern Hemisphere (8) Describe the influence of religious diffusion in the modern world	Identify geographic origin, founding leaders and teachings. Look for evidence of lasting influence of religious diffusion in the modern world.	Traits Monotheism Polytheism Buddhism
events from the past shaped the Eastern Hemisphere today?			Resources: Inside Judaism (Milliken Publishing Co) Inside Christianity (Milliken Publishing Co) Inside Hinduism (Milliken Publishing Co) Inside Islam (Milliken Publishing Co)	Christianity Hinduism Islam Judaism
			http://www.mapsofwar.com/images/Religion.swf	

		SECOND SEMESTER		
Unit 5	Strands and Content Statements	Student Expectations	Resources/Assessments	Key Concepts
Mesopotamia and the Middle East today (4 weeks) Big Idea: Understanding how past civilizations developed and changed helps us understand our world today. Essential Questions: How have ideas and events from the past shaped the Eastern Hemisphere today? What role did geography play in the development of early civilizations?	History (2) Early civilizations (India, Egypt, China, and Mesopotamia) with unique governments, economic systems, social structures, religions, technologies and agricultural practices and products flourished as a result of favorable geographic characteristics. The cultural practices and products of these early civilizations can be used to help understand the Eastern Hemisphere today. Geography (7)Political, environmental, social and economic factors cause people, products and ideas to move from place to place in the Eastern Hemisphere in the past and today. (8) Modern cultural practices and products show the influence of tradition and diffusion, including the impact of major world religions (Buddhism, Christianity, Hinduism, Islam and Judaism)	History (2) Describe the influence of geography on the development of unique civilizations in India, Egypt, China and Mesopotamia. (2) Describe the governments, cultures, economic systems, technologies and agricultural practices and products of early civilizations and their enduring influence in the Eastern Hemisphere today. Geography (7) Explain political, environmental, social and economic factors that cause the movement of people, products and ideas in the Eastern Hemisphere. (7) Describe the lasting impact of the movement of people, products and ideas in the Eastern Hemisphere. (8) Explain how tradition and diffusion have influenced modern cultural practices and products in the Eastern Hemisphere. (8) Describe the influence of religious diffusion in the modern world.	(8) Lesson Plan: Geometry and Islam: Religious Beliefs Made Visual www.asiasociety.org	Fertile Crescent River valleys Tigris and Euphrates City States-Sumer Hammurabi (code and laws) Ziggurats Cuneiform Social class Irrigation Polytheism Birth of agriculture Push and Pull factors Migration Major accomplishment s of area (wheel, plow, circle -360 degrees, areas of rectangles and triangles) Why did people settle where they didgeographical areas Make connections between ancient civilizations and today's world: economics, technologies, political, social, maps

Unit 5 Strands and Content Stateme	nts Student Expectations	Resources/Assessments	Key Concepts
Ancient Egypt to Present Day Africa (5 weeks) Big Idea: Understanding how past civilizations developed and changed helps us understand our world today. Essential Questions: How have ideas and events from the past shaped the Eastern Hemisphere today? What role did geography play in the development of early civilizations? Ancient Egypt to Present Day Africa (2) Early civilizations (India, Egypt, China, and Mesopotamia) with un governments, economic systems, social structures, religions, technologies and agricultural practices and products flourished cresult of favorable geographic characteristics. The cultural practices and products of these early civilizations can be used to help understand the Eastern Hemisphere today. Geography (7)Political, environmental, social deconomic factors cause people, products and ideas to move from place to place in the Eastern Hemisphere in the past and today.	History (2) Describe the influence of geography on the development of unique civilizations in India, Egypt, China and Mesopotamia. (2) Describe the governments, cultures, economic systems, technologies and agricultural practices and products of early civilizations and their enduring influence in the Eastern Hemisphere today.	Resources: (Can be found on Amazon) Ancient Civilizations Activity Book (Shell Education) Amazing Facts in World History (Carson-Dellosa Publishing Company)	Trade Barter Pyramid Mummification Polytheism Nile River Mediterranean Dynasties Empire Papyrus Afterlife Hieroglyphics Delta Silt Pharaoh Social class pyramid Monarchy Irrigation 3 Kingdoms: Old, Middle, New Why did people settle where they did- geographical areas Make connections between ancient civilizations and today's world: economics, technologies, political, social, maps Major Accomplishments: Calendar, Pyramids, embalming, Paper, Writing system, art, jewelry, cosmetics, medical documentation

Unit 7	Strands and Content Statements	Student Expectations	Resources/Assessments	Key Concepts
Ancient India to Present Day India (5 weeks) Big Idea: Understanding how past civilizations developed and changed helps us understand our world today. Essential Questions: How have ideas and events from the past shaped the Eastern Hemisphere today? What role did geography play in the development of early civilizations?	History (2) Early civilizations (India, Egypt, China, and Mesopotamia) with unique governments, economic systems, social structures, religions, technologies and agricultural practices and products flourished as a result of favorable geographic characteristics. The cultural practices and products of these early civilizations can be used to help understand the Eastern Hemisphere today. Geography (7) Political, environmental, social and economic factors cause people, products and ideas to move from place to place in the Eastern Hemisphere in the past and today.	(2) Describe the influence of geography on the development of unique civilizations in India, Egypt, China and Mesopotamia. (2) Describe the governments, cultures, economic systems, technologies and agricultural practices and products of early civilizations and their enduring influence in the Eastern Hemisphere today. Geography (7) Explain political, environmental, social and economic factors that cause the movement of people, products and ideas in the Eastern Hemisphere. (7) Describe the lasting impact of the movement of people, products and ideas in the Eastern Hemisphere.	Resources: (Can be found on Amazon) Ancient Civilizations Activity Book (Shell Education) Amazing Facts in World History (Carson-Dellosa Publishing Company)	Harappan Civilization Aryan Civilization Jainism Sanskrit Nirvana Asoka: Mauryan Emperor Chandra Gupta II: Gupta Empire Raja Subcontinent Mohenjo Daro Caste system Reincarnation Hinduism Major Accomplishments Metalworking, Medicine, Math, Astronomy, Indoor Plumbing, Arts (plays, poetry) religious artwork, wells, road work Why did people settle where they did- geographical areas Make connections between ancient civilizations and today's world: economics, technologies, political, social, maps

Unit 8	Strands and Content Statements	Student Expectations	Resources/Assessments	Key Concepts
Ancient China to Present Day China (4 weeks) Big Idea: Understanding how past civilizations developed and changed helps us understand our world today. Essential Questions: How have ideas and events from the past shaped the Eastern Hemisphere today? What role did geography play in the development of early civilizations?	History (2) Early civilizations (India, Egypt, China, and Mesopotamia) with unique governments, economic systems, social structures, religions, technologies and agricultural practices and products flourished as a result of favorable geographic characteristics. The cultural practices and products of these early civilizations can be used to help understand the Eastern Hemisphere today. Geography (7) Political, environmental, social and economic factors cause people, products and ideas to move from place to place in the Eastern Hemisphere in the past and today. Economics (11) Economists compare data sets to draw conclusions about relationships among them.	History (2) Describe the influence of geography on the development of unique civilizations in India, Egypt, China and Mesopotamia. (2) Describe the governments, cultures, economic systems, technologies and agricultural practices and products of early civilizations and their enduring influence in the Eastern Hemisphere today. Geography (7) Explain political, environmental, social and economic factors that cause the movement of people, products and ideas in the Eastern Hemisphere. (7) Describe the lasting impact of the movement of people, products and ideas in the Eastern Hemisphere. Economics (11) Compare economic data sets to identify relationships and draw conclusions.	(2) Chinese Inventions: www.asiasociety.org Resources: (Can be found on Amazon) Ancient Civilizations Activity Book (Shell Education) Amazing Facts in World History (Carson-Dellosa Publishing Company)	Huang He River Chang Jiang River Gobi Desert Xia and Shang Zhou Dynasty Qin Dynasty Han Dynasty Confucianism Daoism Legalism Silk Road Diffusion Great Wall Buddhism Tibet Major Accomplishments Writing System, Magnetic Compass, Sun dial, seismograph, swords and armor, silk, paper process, figure painting, fireworks Why did people settle where they did- geographical areas (map study) Make connections between ancient civilizations and today's world: economics, technologies, political, social, maps

Unit 8	Strands and	Student Expectations	Resources/Assessments	Key Concepts
	Content Statements			
Culminating Activity (4 weeks) (Bringing it all together) In what ways do cultural elements-economics, political systems, religious beliefs-influence life in a given region of the world?	Content Statements	History (2) Describe the influence of geography on the development of unique civilizations in India, Egypt, China and Mesopotamia. (2) Describe the governments, cultures, economic systems, technologies and agricultural practices and products of early civilizations and their enduring influence in the Eastern Hemisphere today. Geography (3) Use appropriate maps, globes and geographic tools to gather, process and report information about people, places and environments. (8) Explain how tradition and diffusion have influenced modern cultural practices and products in the Eastern Hemisphere (8) Describe the influence of religious diffusion in the modern world Economics (12) Predict the present and future consequences of an economic decision and explain how individuals and societies may evaluate the choices differently.	Suggestions for Culminating Activities: Create your own civilization Europe project – Apply concepts taught to chosen country And the winner is(IMS Lesson) http://ims.ode.state.oh.us/ODE/IMS/Lessons/Web Content/CSS LP S01 BB L 06 I04 02.pdf	

		Strands & Content Statements	Student Expectations
Gover	nment	(9) Different perspectives on a topic can be obtained from a variety of	(9) Use a variety of historic and contemporary sources to obtain
How	do we	historic and contemporary sources. Sources can be examined for	multiple perspectives on a topic.
know v	what we	accuracy.	(9) Examine a variety of sources for accuracy.
know a	bout the	•	
world	today?		