#### Skill Building WS 1

For each description below, identify what type of relationship exists.

1. As the temperature outside goes up, the number of sweater sales goes down.

#### Inverse

2. As money is invested into a compounding interest savings account, the account value increases exponentially.

# Quadratic

3. As a waitress gets paid based on the amount of hours that they work.

### Linear

4. The mass of a neon sign stays the same as its color changes.

### Hurrzontal

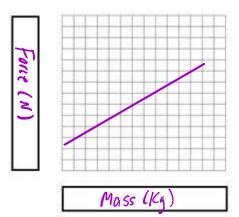
Enter each of the sets of data on the next page into SparkVUE to create a graph demonstrating a certain type of relationship between the variables listed. The independent variable is the one listed in the column on the left. The dependent variable is the one listed in the column on the right. In your mathematical model, include proper units on numbers and variables. Do not use x and y to represent your variables, use more applicable symbols.

Graph Drawings

1.

Mass (kg)	Force (Newtons)
1.0	5.6
2.0	9.0
3.0	12.6
4.0	15.9
5.0	19.5

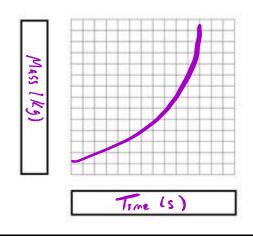
\*For graphs, include shapes only. No numbers!



2.

Time (seconds)	Mass (kg)
1.01	4,2
1.52	9.6
2.42	23.8
3.03	38.0
4.55	85.1

#### \*For graphs, include shapes only. No numbers!



A) What type of relationship does this data produce?

Inear

B) Describe the relationship between these two variables in words.

## As mass increases, force also increases by the same amount.

C) What was the final mathematical model (a.k.a. equation) produced by this data?

 $F = (3.47 \frac{m}{k_g})m + 2.11 N$ 

A) What type of relationship does this data produce?

Quadratic

B) Describe the relationship between these two variables in words.

As time increases, the mass Thereases more and more.

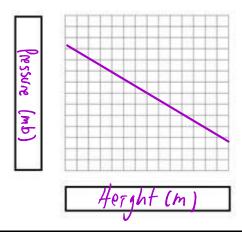
C) What was the final mathematical model (a.k.a. equation) produced by this data?

 $M = (4.11 \frac{k_{9}}{52})t^{2} + 0.0089 \frac{k_{9}}{52}$ 

3.

Height (meters)	Pressure (mb)
100	989
200	897
300	794
400	699
500	600

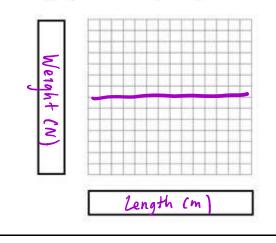
\*For graphs, include shapes only. No numbers!



4.

Length (m)	Weight (N)
1.0	52.4
2.5	53.6
5.0	52.4
10.0	54.0
20.0	52.6

\*For graphs, include shapes only. No numbers!



A) What type of relationship does this data produce?



B) Describe the relationship between these two variables in words.

As height increases, Pressure decreases by the same amount

C) What was the final mathematical model (a.k.a. equation) produced by this data?

 $P = (-0.976 \frac{mb}{m})h + 1090 mb$ 

A) What type of relationship does this data produce?

Horzontal

B) Describe the relationship between these two variables in words.

As length increases, weight stays the same

C) What was the final mathematical model (a.k.a. equation) produced by this data?

W= 53 N

5.		A) What type of relationship does this data produce?
Resistan (Ohms		nverse
100	1.23	
200	0.63	
300	0.37	
400	0.29	B) Describe the relationship between these two
800	0.15	variables in words.
27		As resistance increases,
*For graphs, incl	ude shapes only. No numb	current decreases.
Current (A)	Leststance (A)	C) What was the final mathematical model (a.k.a. equation) produced by this data? (125  A.s.) (175  A.s.) (175  A.s.) (175  A.s.)
6. * Con be	e interpreted as er	A) What type of relationship does this data produce?
Velocity (	m/s) Time (s)	() Quedentra
5	4.01	Guadratre Linear
10	5.71	
15	6.95	Linear
20	8.08	
25	8.65	<ul> <li>B) Describe the relationship between these two variables in words.</li> </ul>
Time (s)	ude shapes only. No numb	ers! As velocity increased, time. Increases by less and less As velocity increased, time increases by the same quant C) What was the final mathematical model (a.k.a. equation) produced by this data? $t = (-0.00677 \frac{s}{(M/s)^2}) V^2 + 2 s$ $t = (0.233 \frac{s}{M/s}) V + 3.18s$
	Velocity (mls)	t = (0.233 =) V + 3.18s