BINARY IONIC BONDING WITH MANIPULATIVES VIRTUAL LAB

Type your name here

LET'S REVIEW!

• IONS ARE ATOMS THAT HAVE Type here OR Type here VALENCE ELECTRONS SO THAT THEY ARE NO LONGER NEUTRAL AND HAVE A NET CHARGE.

METALS TEND TO LOSE/GAIN VALENCE ELECTRONS TO FORM CATIONS/ANIONS
 WHICH ARE POSITIVE/NEGATIVE. (CIRCLE YOUR CHOICES)

NONMETALS TEND TO LOSE/GAIN VALENCE ELECTRONS TO FORM
 CATIONS/ANIONS WHICH ARE POSITIVE/NEGATIVE. (CIRCLE YOUR CHOICES)



LET'S REVIEW!

• NOBLE GASES HAVE A Type _ VALENCE SHELL SO THEY DO NOT FORM IONS.

• WHEN IONS CHEMICALLY BOND THEY WILL BOND SO THE RATIO OF CATIONS TO ANIONS FORM NEUTRAL COMPOUNDS! IN OTHER WORDS, THE RATIO OF CATIONS AND ANIONS WILL MAKE THE POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE CHARGES WILL CANCEL OUT.

LET'S REVIEW!

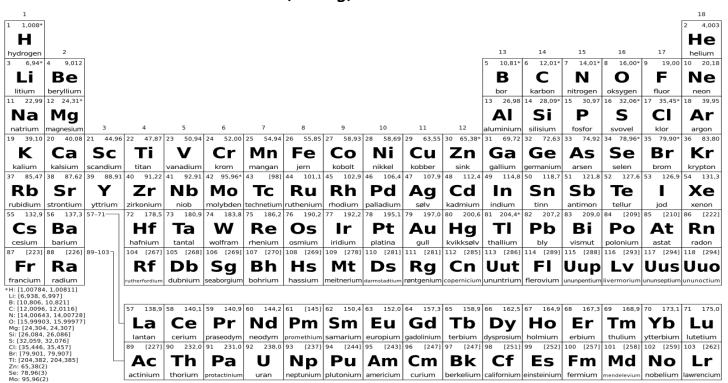
Use the drag and drop blocks to highlight the predictable charges of the groups by placing the block over the first element in the periodic column (family).

+2

+3

+/-

4



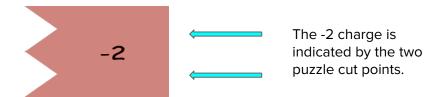
LET'S LEARN!

How can we use puzzle pieces to help us visualize ions and ionic bonding?

When Sodium (Na) forms an ion it _____ its 1 valence electron to become a +1 cation (just like all other alkali metals).



When Oxygen(O) forms an ion it _____ two valence electrons so that it has a full valence shell, and becomes a -2 anion (just like all other group 16/6A elements).



LET'S LEARN!

How can we use puzzle pieces to help us visualize ions and ionic bonding?

What happens when sodium and oxygen bond?

Remember compounds are neutral. To make a perfect neutral puzzle (compound), the points need to match up so that all the valence electrons have a place!



1 Na ion and 1 O ion do not make a neutral compound. There is still a needed electron. So another Na ion will bond to donate its electron to oxygen and now all the charges are balanced. This makes a perfect neutral compound with the formula:

 $Na_2O!$ \leftarrow Notice that there is no subscript for O, since there is only 1!

Ratio \rightarrow cations:
anions

+1

2 Sodiums: 1 Oxygen

We call this ionic compound

sodium oxide.

The metal keeps its elemental name and the end of the nonmetal is changed to "ide".

Magnesium + Oxygen

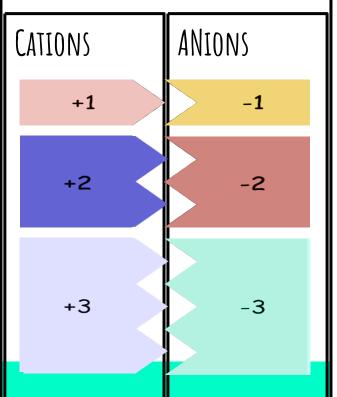
Use the pieces necessary to form a rectangle below.

Write the formula!

Type Here

Name your compound!

Type Here



Aluminum + Phosphorus

Use the pieces necessary to form a rectangle below.

Write the formula!

Type Here

Name your compound!

Calcium + Sulfur

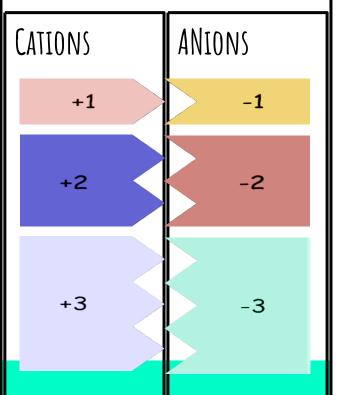
Use the pieces necessary to form a rectangle below.

Write the formula!

Type Here

Name your compound!

Type Here



Lithium + Chlorine

Use the pieces necessary to form a rectangle below.

Write the formula!

Type Here

Name your compound!

Aluminum + Fluorine

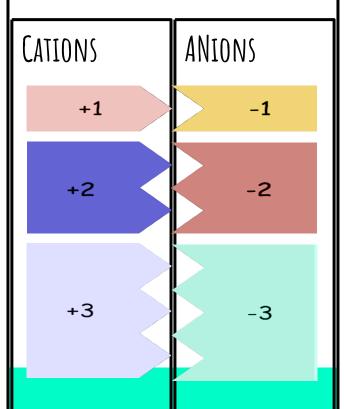
Use the pieces necessary to form a rectangle below.

Write the formula!

Type Here

Name your compound!

Type Here



Potassium + Nitrogen

Use the pieces necessary to form a rectangle below.

Write the formula!

Type Here

Name your compound!

Beryllium + Iodine

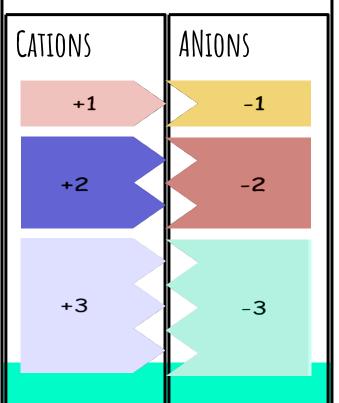
Use the pieces necessary to form a rectangle below.

Write the formula!

Type Here

Name your compound!

Type Here



Lithium + Phosphorus

Use the pieces necessary to form a rectangle below.

Write the formula!

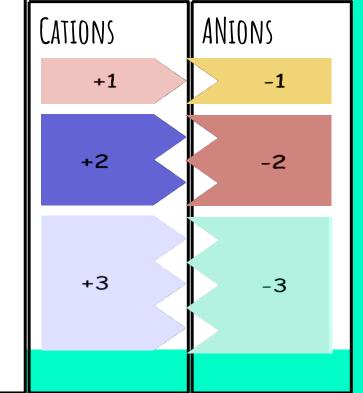
Type Here

Name your compound!

LET'S BOND! CHALLENGE PROBLEMS!

Calcium + Nitrogen

Use the pieces necessary to form a rectangle below.



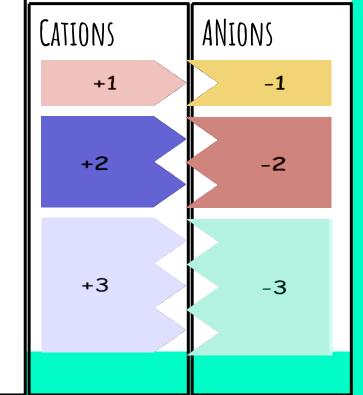
Write the formula! Name your compound!

Type Here

LET'S BOND! CHALLENGE PROBLEMS!

Aluminum + Oxygen

Use the pieces necessary to form a rectangle below.

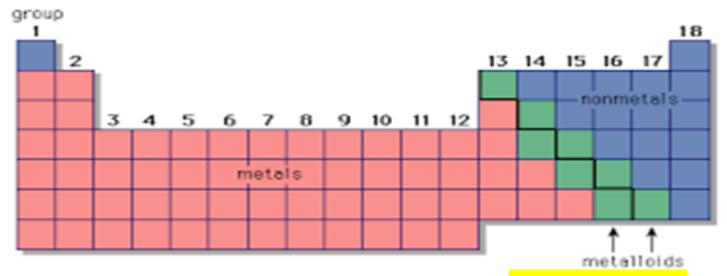


Write the formula! Name your compound!

Type Here

LET'S BOND! ACTIVITY REVIEW AND SUMMARY!

Consider the periodic table below:



In general, which type of element forms positive cations?

In general, which type of element forms negative anions? Type Here

LET'S BOND! ACTIVITY REVIEW AND SUMMARY!

What happens to the total charge of the compound after the ions bond together? (Hint: add together the charges of the ions in the compound).

Type Here

How many lithium ions are required to bond with one nitrogen ion? Why?

Type Here

How many chlorine ions are required to bond with one aluminum ion? Why?

Type Here

Why do you suppose there aren't any group 18 (VIIIA) elements included in this activity?

LET'S BOND! ACTIVITY REVIEW AND SUMMARY!

Use your knowledge of the metal and nonmetal charges to determine the formula of ionic compounds formed from the following elements and name the compound:

