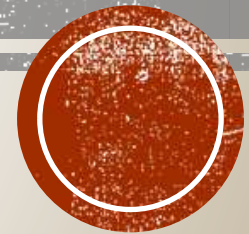


APHG PRACTICE EXAM

ROUND 1



1. The term describing the average number of births a woman will bear in her lifetime is

- A. Crude birth rate
- B. Crude death rate
- C. Total fertility rate
- D. Natural increase rate



2. New trends in clothing styles might originate in big cities like Paris, London, or New York. Then, they might spread to smaller cities like Las Vegas, Dallas, or Denver. From there, they spread to smaller towns. This would be an example of what type of diffusion?

- A. Contagious diffusion
- B. Expansion diffusion
- C. Hierarchical diffusion
- D. Relocation diffusion



3. African Americans are clustered in the _____ part of the United States, while Asian Americans are clustered in the _____ part of the United States. (Make sure to select the choice with the answers in the correct order.)

- A. Western, Northeastern
- B. Western, Southeastern
- C. Southeastern, Northeastern
- D. Southeastern, Western



4. The world's population in 1985 was approximately 5 billion people. With a consistent rate of growth, the total population was expected to reach 10 billion in about 35 years - year 2020. The period of 35 years is known as

- A. Demographic transition rate
- B. Life expectancy
- C. Natural increase rate
- D. Doubling time



5. Which of the following is TRUE about the difference between folk culture and popular culture?

- A. Popular culture is usually practiced by a relatively small group of people
- B. Popular culture is usually practiced by people living in isolation from other groups
- C. Folk culture is usually practiced by homogenous groups
- D. Folk culture is usually practiced by a relatively large group of people



6. According to the classic bid-rent curve, what happens to the value of land as one gets closer to the Central Business District (CBD)?

- A. Land gets used more extensively.
- B. Land gets more expensive.
- C. Land gets used less intensively.
- D. Land gets more affordable along busy streets.



7. The visible imprint put on the environment by people is called?

- A. Cultural Landscape
- B. Place
- C. Location
- D. Human Environment Interaction



8. What does it mean when a religion does not seek converts and is usually spatially concentrated?

- A. Universal
- B. Global
- C. Animist
- D. Ethnic



9. Whip/nae nae, Harlem Shake, or Ice bucket challenge videos are examples this type of diffusion...

- A. Relocation Diffusion
- B. Contagious Diffusion
- C. Stimulus Diffusion
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10. Which of the following religions would be a good example of a hierarchical religion?

- A. Buddhism (Buddhists)
- B. LDS Religion (Mormons)
- C. Hinduism (Hindus)
- D. Islam (Muslims)



11. The annual global population growth rate increased approximately two hundred years ago because of the

- A. Green Revolution
- B. Agricultural Revolution
- C. Industrial Revolution
- D. Medical Revolution



12. The result of overgrazing in semi-arid climates is

- A. environmental modification
- B. desertification
- C. aquaculture
- D. desalination



13. According to Carl Sauer, there are two distinctive types of agriculture

- A. vegetative planting and double-cropping
- B. shifting cultivation and vegetative planting
- C. vegetative planting and seed agriculture
- D. slash-and-burn agriculture and double-cropping



14. Which crop is associated with intensive agriculture?

- A. Corn
- B. Rice
- C. Wheat
- D. Cotton



15. Mediterranean agriculture must be practiced in a climate that is

- A. Several different crops produced in the same year
- B. Plentiful rainfall year round
- C. Dry summer, cool moist winter
- D. Mild and dry year round



16. All of the following are true about the Green Revolution EXCEPT

- A. Several different crops produced in the same year
- B. Only tested on farms in MDCs
- C. Allows for plants and animals that grow in conditions they normally would not
- D. Led to the increase in industrial farming



17. Which of the following includes the world's earliest centers of plant domestication?

- A. Northeast Asia, Eastern Europe, South Africa
- B. Russia, China, Latin America
- C. British Isles, Scandinavia, United States
- D. Southeast Asia, Mesoamerica, Middle East



18. Physiological density is defined as

- A. the average farm production compared to arable land.
- B. the number of farmers as compared to the total population.
- C. the number of people compared to arable land.
- D. the number of farms compared to the total land area.



19. Into which stage of the demographic transition model would Australia and Canada fit?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4



20. Farmers that produce food that they need to survive on a daily basis are called

- A. Commercial agriculture
- B. Industrial agriculture
- C. Slash-and-burn agriculture
- D. subsistence agriculture



APHG REVIEW

ROUND 1



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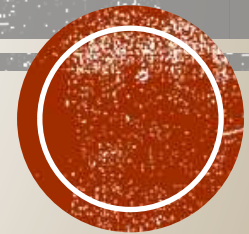
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APHG PRACTICE EXAM

ROUND 2



21. Which type of agriculture is found primarily in developing countries?

- A. Several different crops produced in the same year
- B. Truck farming
- C. Mediterranean
- D. Livestock ranching



22. Which of the following definitions best matches the term "assimilation?"

- A. The process of a less dominant culture losing their culture to a more dominant one.
- B. When a language develops distinct variations in pronunciation and vocabulary, based on geographic regions.
- C. The development of an increasingly integrated global economy.
- D. The adoption of cultural traits by one group when it comes into contact with another cultural group.



23. Which of the following examples would Juan Carlos consider as a "push factor," as he considers moving from his home country of Mexico to Canada?

- A. Harsh climates and weather conditions in Canada
- B. A federally funded health care system in Canada
- C. A large majority of people practice his religion (Catholicism) in his home country
- D. High crime rates and drug problems in his hometown of Mexico



24. According to von Thunen's Model, which agricultural zone is closest to the market?

- A. Livestock
- B. Commercial Grain
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25. All of the following are assumptions made in the von Thunen model EXCEPT

- A. Terrain has forested areas with several small lakes and rivers
- B. Farmers sell all of their harvest
- C. The city is located centrally within an isolated state
- D. Soil and climate are the same



26. According to Ravenstein's Laws of Migration, every migration flow generates a return migration flow. This phenomenon is known as

- A. counter-migration.
- B. counter-urbanization.
- C. reverse migration.
- D. transposed migration.



27. In which area of the world is life expectancy the lowest?

- A. Africa
- B. South America
- C. Europe
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28. Into which stage of the demographic transition model would Brazil and Mexico fit?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4



29. According to the von Thunen model, what costs does a commercial farmer consider when deciding what crops to plant?

- A. transportation costs
- B. cost of land
- C. transaction costs
- D. both transportation and cost of land



30. The theory that farmers will adopt new and modern methods to keep up with demand caused by an increasing population was proposed by

- A. Thomas Malthus.
- B. Neo-Malthusians.
- C. Esther Boserup.
- D. Ernest Ravenstein.



31. The location of a place using the latitude-longitude grid is called:

- A. referenced location
- B. central location
- C. relative location
- D. absolute location



32. Scale is...

- A. the system used by geographers to transfer locations from a globe to a map
- B. the extent of spread of a phenomenon over a given area
- C. the difference in elevation between two points in an area
- D. the relationship between the length of an object on a map and that feature on the landscape



33. The location of a place based on nearby characteristics.

- A. site
- B. regionalism
- C. situation
- D. place



34. What type of diffusion is when the idea is adopted, but changed?

- A. Stimulus
- B. Relocation
- C. Hierarchical
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35. In the demographic transition model, which stage would traditionally involve an agricultural society?

- A. Stage 1
- B. Stage 2
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36. Heterogeneous Population

- A. Folk Culture
- B. Pop Culture
- C. Neither
- D. Both



37. Asian populations in the United States are disproportionately concentrated in

- A. West
- B. East
- C. South
- D. Midwest



38. Which geographer believed the world's population growth was far outpacing the world's ability to create food?

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- B. Ernest W. Burgess
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39. Which of the following would NOT be a good example of a cultural region?

- A. The Northern Hemisphere of the Earth
- B. The East Coast of the USA
- C. The Bible Belt
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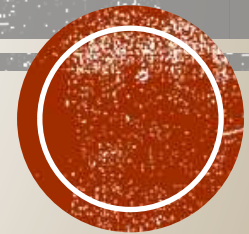
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APHG REVIEW

ROUND 2



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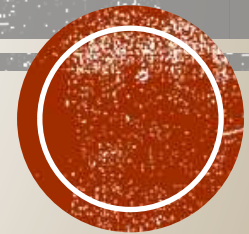
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APHG PRACTICE EXAM

ROUND 3



41. Environment influences, but does not strictly determine, how a culture interacts with the environment.

- A. Environmental Determinism
- B. Environmental Possibilism
- C. Cultural Determinism
- D. Cultural Environmentalism



42. In which stage of the demographic transition model is population growth the highest?

- A. Stage 1
- B. Stage 2
- C. Stage 3
- D. Stage 4



43. A major benefit to crop rotation would be

- A. Several different crops produced in the same year
- B. Nitrogen is put into the soil, which is needed for plants
- C. Requires less manual labor
- D. Farmers can replenish the soil and improve agricultural productivity



44. Corn was first domesticated in

- A. the Tibetan Plateau
- B. the Canadian Prairie.
- C. Central Mexico
- D. Northern Argentina.



45. According to Ravenstein's Laws of Migration, which group is most likely to move?

- A. older adults
- B. younger adults
- C. children
- D. families



46. In what country are most Hindus concentrated today?

- A. China
- B. Japan
- C. USA
- D. India



47. According to Thomas Malthus, natural “checks” on a population include all of the following except

- A. disease
- B. famine
- C. war
- D. agricultural advancements



48. For every 1,000 babies born in Mexico this year, 18 of them will die before they reach their first birthday. The rate of 18 deaths per 1,000 births is known as the

- A. Crude death rate
- B. Infant mortality rate
- C. Total fertility rate
- D. Terminal population rate



49. The map projection with the greatest amount of distortion, although visually appealing because of its nice, straight lines, is called _____.

- A. Mercator
- B. Gall-Peters
- C. Azimuthal
- D. Homolosine



50. Which branch of Islam is the minority?

- A. Sunni
- B. Shia
- C. Farsi
- D. Arab



51. The frequent repetition of an act, to the extent that it becomes characteristic of a group of people, is a

- A. Custom
- B. Popular Culture
- C. Habit
- D. Taboo



52. What does human geography examine?

- A. climate, land , water plants, and animals
- B. physical environments and people
- C. living and inanimate things on Earth
- D. people in the past present and future



53. Longitude lines indicate

- A. distance north and south of the Equator
- B. distance north and south of the Prime Meridian
- C. distances east and west of the Equator
- D. distances east and west of the Prime Meridian



54. Jewish places for prayer and worship are called...

- A. cathedrals
- B. churches
- C. schools
- D. synagogues



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56. What happens when cultures move and merge with other cultures?

- A. Culture Diffusion
- B. Ethnocentrism
- C. Innovation
- D. Stereotyping



57. Which of the following is an example of new technology from the 2nd agricultural revolution?

- A. Selective Breeding
- B. Hybrid Seeds
- C. Biotech Crops
- D. Seed Drill



58. How long a person is expected to live is called what....

- A. labor
- B. high GDP
- C. life expectancy
- D. low GDP



59. What Chinese school of thought teaches respect to elders and the law as the best way to maintain a peaceful society?

- A. Taoism
- B. Christianity
- C. Confucianism
- D. Buddhism



60. What religion/philosophy teaches the Four Noble Truths and the Eightfold Path?

- A. Hinduism
- B. Buddhism
- C. Confucianism
- D. Legalism



APHG REVIEW

ROUND 3

