















arts movement (writing, music, and art) in the 1920s that centered on Harlem.



Notable Harlem Renaissance Artists: Langston Hughes, Author Louis Armstrong, Jazz Musician Duke Ellington, Jazz Musician Marian Anderson, Singer Billie Holiday, Singer



Langston Hughes

In his many poems and novels of the 1920s, Langston Hughes creatively suggested the idea that black culture should be celebrated.



The Weary Blues (1925)

Droning a drowsy syncopated tune, Rocking back and forth to a mellow croon, I heard a Negro play. Down on Lenox Avenue the other night By the pale dull pallor of an old gas light He did a lazy sway . . . He did a lazy sway . . . To the tune o' those Weary Blues. With his ebony hands on each ivory key He made that poor piano moan with melody. O Blues! Swaying to and fro on his rickety stool He played that sad raggy tune like a musical fool. Sweet Blues! Coming from a black man's soul. O Blues! In a deep song voice with a melancholy tone I heard that Negro sing, that old piano moan-"Ain't got nobody in all this world, Ain't got nobody but ma self. I's gwine to quit ma frownin' And put ma troubles on the shelf." Thump, thump, thump, went his foot on the floor. He played a few chords then he sang some more-"I got the Weary Blues And I can't be satisfied. Got the Weary Blues And can't be satisfied-I ain't happy no mo' And I wish that I had died." And far into the night he crooned that tune. The stars went out and so did the moon. The singer stopped playing and went to bed

While the Weary Blues echoed through his head. He slept like a rock or a man that's dead.

An



New Orleans native Louis Armstrong moved to New York City in 1924, where he played the clubs and on Broadway, helping to spread the sound of jazz to a larger audience.

By forming a band, moving to New York City in the early 1920s and playing at exclusively white clubs like the Cotton Club, Duke Ellington impacted the way that Jazz developed as an artform during the Harlem Renaissance.





Billie Holiday moved her career forward into becoming one of the most influential jazz singers in history after performing in the Apollo Theater in Harlem. Songstress Marian Anderson made her contralto voice heard as an opera singer who performed at Carnegie Hall in 1928 and at the New York Metropolitan Opera House in the 1930s, the first black performer to ever do so.





| | <i>The</i> of a,1915 silent film directed by D. W. Griffith based on the novel and play <i>The Clansman</i> , by Thomas Dixon, Jr. many Americans believed it was true, including President! | |
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| THE FIERY CROSS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN- | Birth of A Nation excerpt | |
| D.W.GRIFFITH'S SPECTACLE | | |
| | | |
| THE BIRTH OF A | | |
| NATION THOMAS DIXONS THE CLANSMAN | | |
| THE CLARSHAN | | |





Ku Klux Klan procession, Portland, ca. 1923

The Ku Klux Klan impacted Maine politics in 1923 when over 7,000 of their number rallied to change the Portland city government structure from having an elected mayor to hiring a city manager.

The Klan had a huge headquarters complex on Forest Avenue. The Klan's Maine director, F. Eugene "Doc" Farnsworth, spoke against Catholics, Jews and immigrants.



Civic leaders had put up \$500 to celebrate 100 years as a town. The Piscataquis County community of 1,743 people was experiencing divisive labor problems and some residents struck out at arriving Catholic Franco-Americans.



The Automobile Revolution

Henry Ford's ______line produced a new car every 10 seconds by 1929, there were 26 ______registered cars - 1 car for every 4.9

people America (now it's 1 for every 3 people)



cars created 6 million new jobs (making cars and gas stations, roads, etc.)







The original Ford Model A, also called the Fordmobile, was the first car produced by Ford Motor Company, beginning production in 1903.











young modern women in the 20's

visited speakeasies, drank alcohol, dressed in short dresses, "bobbed" their hair

danced to the ____



Some of the Many Other American Events and People of the Roaring 20s

1920

First Commercial Radio Broadcast Aired League of Nations Established Women Granted the Right to Vote in US

> **1921** Lie Detector Invented

1922 Insulin Discovered The Reader's Digest Published

1923 Talking Movies Invented Time Magazine Founded

1924

First Olympic Winter Games J. Edgar Hoover Appointed FBI Director

1925

Flapper Dresses in Style The Scopes (Monkey) Trial

1926

A.A. Milne Publishes Winnie-the-Pooh Houdini Dies After Being Punched

1927

Babe Ruth Makes Home-Run Record The First Talking Movie, *The Jazz Singer* Lindbergh Flies Solo Across the Atlantic Sacco and Venzetti Executed

1928

Bubble Gum Invented First Mickey Mouse Cartoon First Oxford English Dictionary Published Kellogg-Briand Treaty Outlaws War Penicillin Discovered Sliced Bread Invented

1929

Car Radio Invented First Academy Awards The Great Depression Begins Stock Market Crashes