

1) Find the limits (if they exist) for the graph of f(x) below.

$$x \lim_{x \rightarrow -4^-} f(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$x \lim_{x \rightarrow -4^+} f(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$x \lim_{x \rightarrow -4} f(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

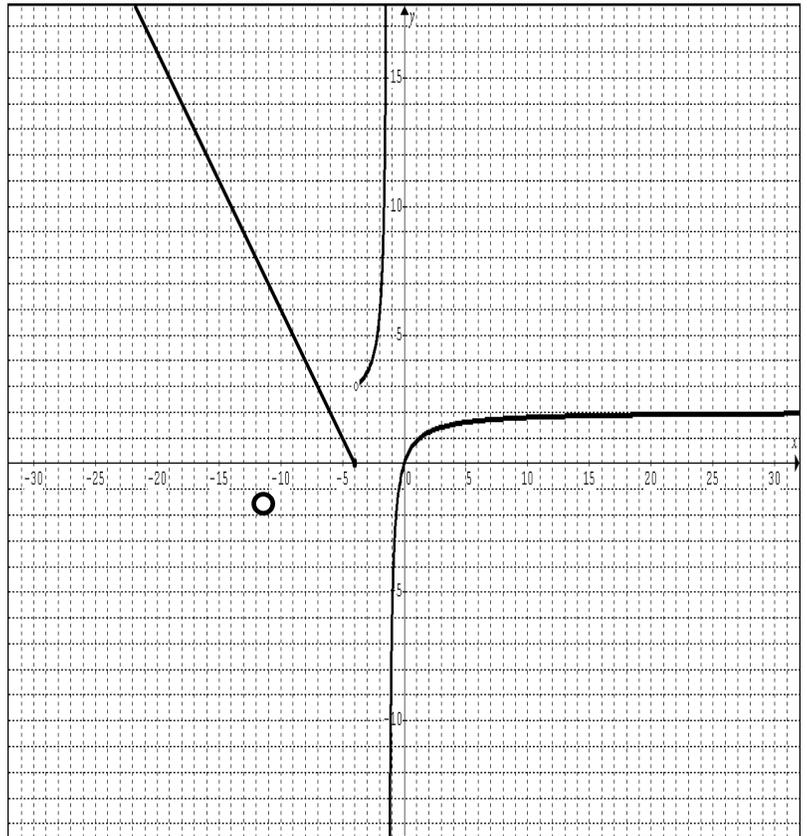
$$x \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$x \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$x \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$x \lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} f(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$x \lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} f(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$



2) Find the following limits algebraically.

a) $x \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x^2 + x}{x^3 + 2x^2}$

b) $x \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 + 3}{2x^2 - 2}$

c) $x \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3 - x^2 - 2}{-2x^2}$

d) $x \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x^3 - x^2 - 2}{-2x^2}$

3) Find the following limits algebraically.

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4^-} \frac{x^2 + 8x + 16}{x + 4}$

- (a) 0 (b) 8 (c) 16 (d) $-\infty$ (DNE) (e) ∞ (DNE)

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -4^-} \frac{x^2 + 8x + 16}{x + 4}$

- (a) 0 (b) 8 (c) 16 (d) $-\infty$ (DNE) (e) ∞ (DNE)

c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5^+} \frac{-x}{x - 5}$

- (a) 0 (b) 5 (c) $\frac{-1}{5}$ (d) $-\infty$ (DNE) (e) ∞ (DNE)

d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{-x}{x - 5}$

- (a) $\frac{-1}{6}$ (b) $\frac{1}{4}$ (c) $\frac{1}{5}$ (d) $-\infty$ (DNE) (e) ∞ (DNE)

e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{x^2 - x - 12}{x^2 - 4x}$

- (a) -12 (b) 0 (c) 3 (d) $-\infty$ (DNE) (e) ∞ (DNE)

f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^2 - x - 12}{x^2 - 4x}$

- (a) -3 (b) -2 (c) 2 (d) $-\infty$ (DNE) (e) ∞ (DNE)