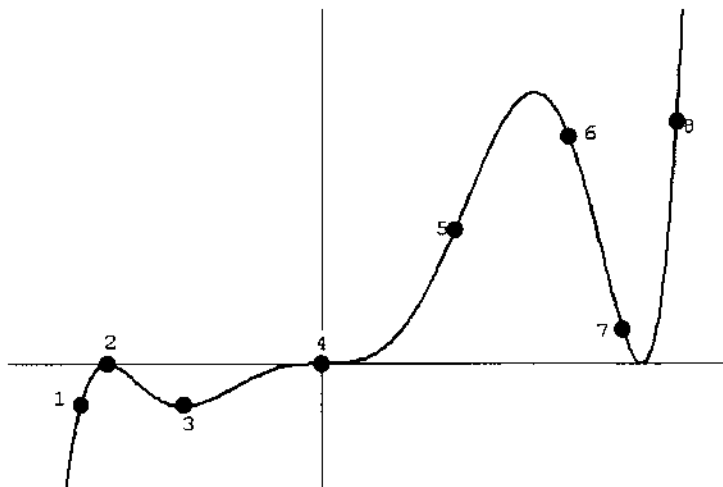


Name Answers **quiz PRACTICE Meaning of Derivatives 2020**

1) Given the function $f(x)$ below indicate if $f(x)$, $f'(x)$, and $f''(x)$ are positive, negative or zero at each point.

| Point | $f(x)$ | $f'(x)$ | $f''(x)$ |
|-------|--------|---------|----------|
| 1 | — | + | — |
| 2 | 0 | 0 | — |
| 3 | — | 0 | + |
| 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5 | + | + | 0 |
| 6 | + | — | — |
| 7 | + | — | + |
| 8 | + | + | + |



2) For equally high quality diamonds the **cost** (in thousands of dollars) is a function of **weight** (in carats). $c=f(w)$.

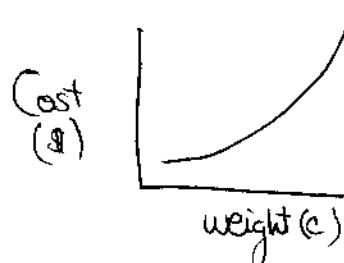
a) A 2 carat costs \$6,000 is best expressed as:

(1) $f(6)=2$ (2) $f(2)=6$ (3) $f'(2)=6$ (4) $f'(6)=2$

b) Since large diamonds are more rare, the larger a diamond is the greater the cost per carat. Which of the following must be true?

(1) $f'(x) > 0$ (2) $f'(x) < 0$ (3) $f'(x) = 0$

(4) $f''(x) > 0$ (5) $f''(x) < 0$ (6) $f''(x) = 0$



3) Use the limit definition of the derivative to find the derivative of $f(x) = -x^3 - 5x + 1$

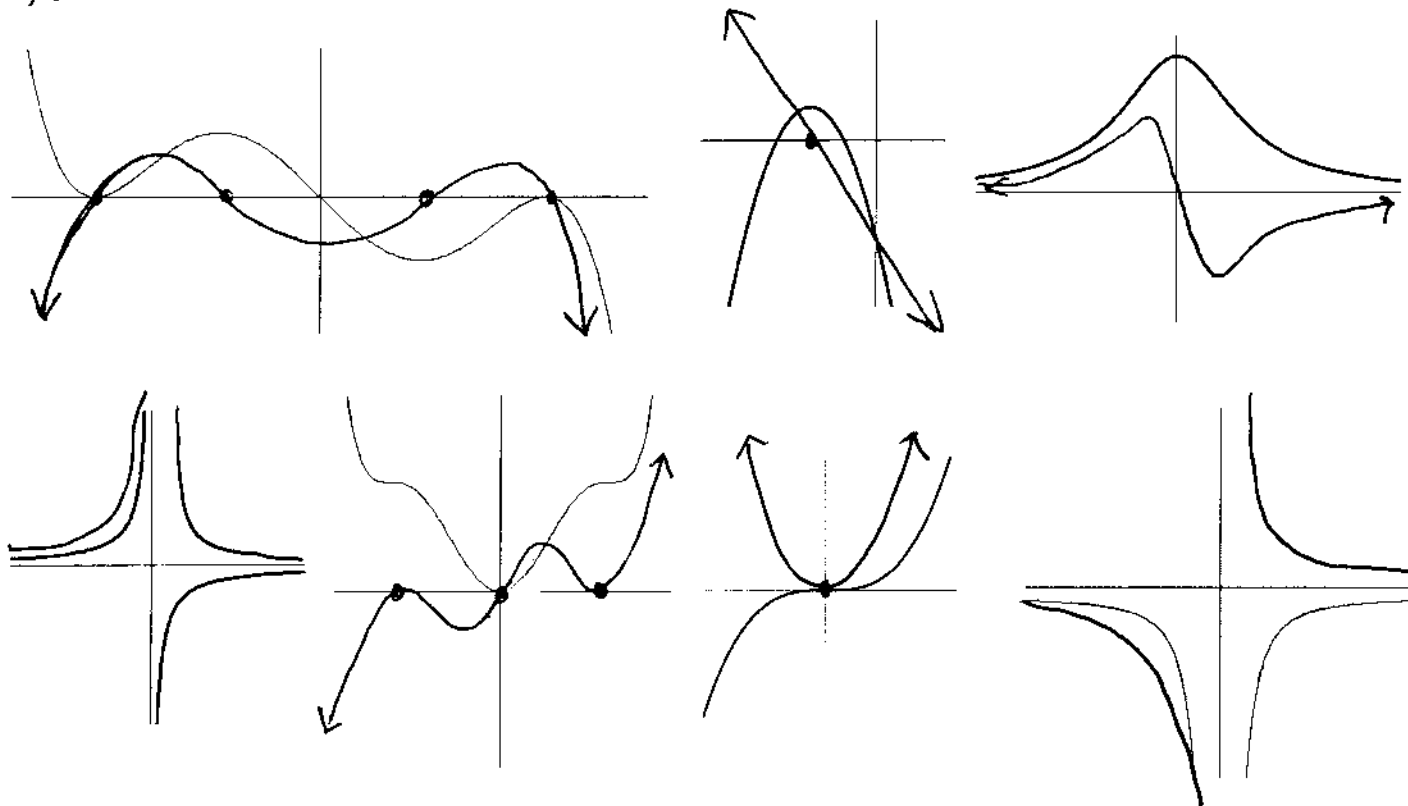
$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-(x+h)^3 - 5(x+h) + 1 - (-x^3 - 5x + 1)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-x^3 - 3x^2h - 3xh^2 - h^3 - 5x - 5h + 1 + x^3 + 5x - 1}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-3x^2h - 3xh^2 - h^3 - 5h}{h} \Rightarrow -3x^2 - 3x(0) - (0)^2 - 5$$

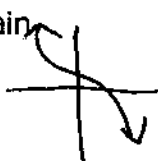
$$\boxed{f'(x) = -3x^2 - 5}$$

4) Sketch the first derivatives of the functions below.



5) Sketch a function given the following information about its first and second derivative.

- a) $f'(x) < 0$ for all x in the domain.
 $f''(x) > 0$ for $x < 0$
 $f''(x) < 0$ for $x > 0$



- $f'(x) > 0$ for $x < 0$
 $f'(x) < 0$ for $x > 0$
 $f''(x) < 0$ for all x in the domain



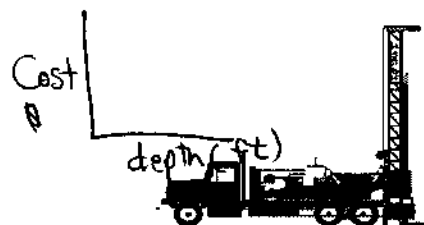
6) The cost 'c' of drilling a well in dollars is a function of depth in feet 'd'.

Explain the meaning of the following: **(Include units!!!)**

- (a) $f(85)=900$ A 85 ft deep well costs \$900.

- (b) $f'(75)=15$ At 75 ft, the cost is increasing by \$15/ft.

- (c) $f''(x)=0.10$ for all x . The cost per foot increases by \$.10 per foot each foot.



Sketch $f(x)$, $f'(x)$, and $f''(x)$ below:

