



Dear Parent/Guardian,

These are the Purple Team's snow day assignments. Please have your child complete the designated assignment for each day missed. These assignments will be graded and recorded. If the assignment is not turned in it will be recorded as a zero. If your child has any questions while completing the assignments, they can email us or send us a message on Livegrades. They may also call the school between 10:00 AM and 2:00 PM and ask to speak to us (304-636-9176).

Math – Mrs. Howell – [mrhowell@k12.wv.us](mailto:mrhowell@k12.wv.us)

English – Ms. Anderson – [Jessica.anderson@k12.wv.us](mailto:Jessica.anderson@k12.wv.us)

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Science – Mr. Eisenbrey – [eric.eisenbrey@k12.wv.us](mailto:eric.eisenbrey@k12.wv.us)

Principal Mr. Lucas

# Formulas

Perimeter	square	$P = 4s$
	rectangle	$P = 2\ell + 2w$ or $P = 2(\ell + w)$
Circumference	circle	$C = 2\pi r$ or $C = \pi d$
Area	square	$A = s^2$
	rectangle	$A = \ell w$
	parallelogram	$A = bh$
	triangle	$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$
	trapezoid	$A = \frac{1}{2}h(b_1 + b_2)$
	circle	$A = \pi r^2$
Surface Area	cube	$S = 6s^2$
	rectangular prism	$S = 2\ell w + 2\ell h + 2wh$
	cylinder	$S = 2\pi rh + 2\pi r^2$
Volume	cube	$V = s^3$
	prism	$V = \ell wh$ or $Bh$
	cylinder	$V = \pi r^2 h$ or $Bh$
	pyramid	$V = \frac{1}{3}Bh$
	cone	$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$ or $\frac{1}{3}Bh$
Pythagorean Theorem	right triangle	$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$
Temperature	Fahrenheit to Celsius	$C = \frac{5}{9}(F - 32)$
	Celsius to Fahrenheit	$F = \frac{9}{5}C + 32$

## Measurement Conversions

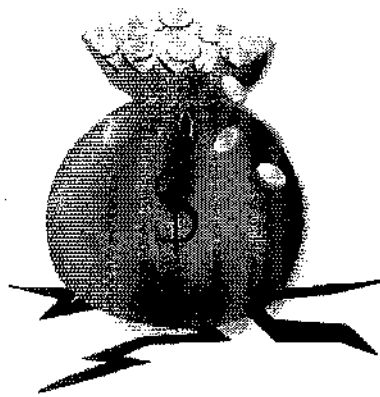
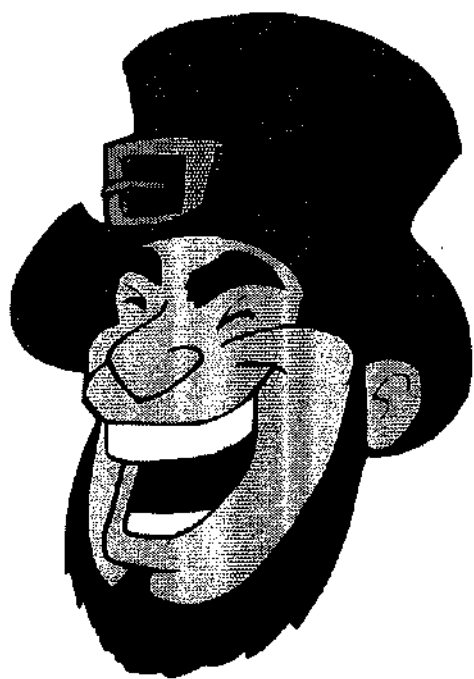
Length	1 kilometer (km) = 1,000 meters (m)	1 foot (ft) = 12 inches (in.)
	1 meter = 100 centimeters (cm)	1 yard (yd) = 3 feet or 36 inches
	1 centimeter = 10 millimeters (mm)	1 mile (mi) = 1,760 yards or 5,280 feet
Volume and Capacity	1 liter (L) = 1,000 milliliters (mL)	1 cup (c) = 8 fluid ounces (fl oz)
	1 kiloliter (kL) = 1,000 liters	1 pint (pt) = 2 cups
		1 quart (qt) = 2 pints
Weight and Mass	1 kilogram (kg) = 1,000 grams (g)	1 pound (lb) = 16 ounces (oz)
	1 gram = 1,000 milligrams (mg)	1 ton (T) = 2,000 pounds
	1 metric ton = 1,000 kilograms	
Time	1 minute (min) = 60 seconds (s)	1 week (wk) = 7 days
	1 hour (h) = 60 minutes	1 year (yr) = 12 months (mo) or 52 weeks or 365 days
	1 day (d) = 24 hours	1 leap year = 366 days
Metric to Customary	1 meter $\approx$ 39.37 inches	1 kilogram $\approx$ 2.2 pounds
	1 kilometer $\approx$ 0.62 mile	1 gram $\approx$ 0.035 ounce
	1 centimeter $\approx$ 0.39 inch	1 liter $\approx$ 1.057 quarts



# C.S.I. MATH

Packet #6

## Saint Patrick's Day



WHO STOLE THE  
LEPRECHAUN'S GOLD?

# TEACHER NOTES

#6

Firstly, a big THANK YOU for purchasing this product. Please check out my store for more products and follow me for updates.

These CSI projects are a great way to capture your students' interest in math. This activity is also great to use as a fun Saint Patrick's Day math activity.

## Included in this activity you will find:

Four math clues which your students will need to solve in order to uncover who stole the leprechaun's gold . The clues are:

**Hidden Message:** Students use their basic facts, mainly multiplication, in order to uncover a hidden message left by the thief.

**The Getaway:** Students calculate the speed of each suspect's mode of transport.

**Room for Gold?** – Students calculate the volume of each suspect's safe to determine if they would have had room for the gold.

**Who Needs the Money?** – Students add numbers with decimals to determine how much money each suspect has.

After the students have found out who stole the gold pot they can complete the last activity to find out where the next rainbow will form. To make this activity shorter you don't have to include this sheet.

Two early finisher activities are also included. Keep these on hand to give to your students who finish early. One of the extra activities is a short writing activity and the other is a multiplication maze.



# CRIME SCENE INVESTIGATION

#6






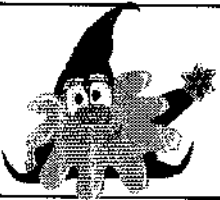

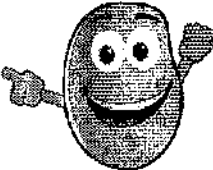
Once upon a time in the great land of Ireland there lived a lucky leprechaun named Larry.

Lucky Larry lived a lovely life, laughing often with the loud but loveable children and laymen of Lismore, which was the nearby Irish village. One day as Larry was laying lazily near a lake, a lovely large rainbow appeared. He ran to the end of the rainbow and found a large pot of gold. He excitedly ran back the village to share the news with everyone.

However, when he arrived he was instead greeted with a grim discovery: the local town hall had burned down!

Larry went home feeling sad for the people of Lismore. When he got home, he locked his pot of gold away in his safe. During the night he decided he would use his pot of gold to fund the building of a new town hall for the people of Lismore. In the morning he ran to his safe so he could get the pot of gold and give it to the people. When he got to his safe, however, he couldn't find his gold; someone had stolen it!

The village and nearby forest were searched, and the most likely suspects were gathered up and are shown below. Use the evidence on the following pages to find out who stole the gold.

			
<b>Magic Shamrock</b> <i>A shamrock is a young sprig of clover and is a national symbol of Ireland.</i>	<b>Irish Maiden</b> <i>The beautiful Irish maidens are said to be smart, lovely, witty and charming.</i>	<b>Druid</b> <i>In pre-Christian times the Druids were members of the high-ranking professional class.</i>	<b>Saint Patrick</b> <i>Saint Patrick lived in the 5<sup>th</sup> Century and is the patron saint of Ireland. He is regarded by many as the founder of Christianity in Ireland.</i>
			
<b>Irish Dragon</b> <i>There are stories of mythical dragons in Ireland both during and before it became a Christian country.</i>	<b>Clurichaun</b> <i>A Clurichaun was an Irish elf who looked like a tiny old man and loved to play practical jokes.</i>	<b>Harpist</b> <i>The Harpist was an important part of Ireland's past. Ireland's national code of arms is a golden harp.</i>	<b>Potato Head</b> <i>The potato has long been a staple food in Ireland. In the 1850s a blight affected the growth of the potatoes and caused a great famine.</i>

**FOUR CLUES HAVE BEEN FOUND, WHICH ARE ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES.**

**AFTER YOU HAVE SOLVED EACH CLUE, COME BACK HERE TO CROSS SUSPECTS OFF UNTIL YOU HAVE FOUND OUT WHO STOLE THE POT OF GOLD.**

# HIDDEN MESSAGE

A note was found left hidden in the safe with an encrypted code written on it. Once cracked, this message will allow you to eliminate one person from the suspect list.

**Solve the problems, then fill in the message spaces with the letters that match the correct answers to read the secret message.**

**Hint:** When a number is not known it can be replaced with a letter.

**For example.** There were 3 lollipops, now there is only one.

In an equation it looks like this:  $1+L=3 \longrightarrow 1+2=3 \longrightarrow L=2$

$\nwarrow$  L can be used to show the unknown number lollipops that are gone.

**Another example.**  $2 \times C = 10 \longrightarrow 2 \times 5 = 10 \longrightarrow C = 5$

<b>A</b> $3 \times 5 = A$ A =	<b>B</b> $3 \times B = 6$ B =	<b>C</b> $C + 20 = 33$ C =	<b>D</b> $22 - D = 15$ D =	<b>E</b> $5 \times 5 = E$ E =	<b>F</b> $6 \times F = 54$ F =	<b>G</b> $3 \times G = 9$ G =
<b>H</b> $11 + 15 = H$ H =	<b>I</b> $34 - I = 24$ I =	<b>J</b> $9 \times 9 = J$ J =	<b>K</b> $13 + 16 = K$ K =	<b>L</b> $4 \times 4 = L$ L =	<b>M</b> $4 \times 7 = M$ M =	<b>N</b> $42 + N = 56$ N =
<b>O</b> $7 \times 5 = O$ O =	<b>P</b> $8 \times P = 40$ P =	<b>Q</b> $12 + Q = 52$ Q =	<b>R</b> $9 + R = 20$ R =	<b>S</b> $4 \times 3 = S$ S =	<b>T</b> $8 \times 7 = T$ T =	<b>U</b> $9 \times 3 = U$ U =
<b>V</b> $24 + 42 = V$ V =	<b>W</b> $4 \times W = 24$ W =	<b>X</b> $86 - 21 = X$ X =	<b>Y</b> $8 \times 6 = Y$ Y =	<b>Z</b> $31 + Z = 53$ Z =		

10      26   15   66   25      12   56   35   16   25   14      48   35   27   11

3   35   16   7   ,      12   35   11   11   48   ,      5   16   25   15   12   25

9   35   11   3   10   66   25      28   25   ,      5   16   25   15   12   25

56   25   16   16      12   15   10   14   56      5   15   56   11   10   13   29

56   35      9   35   11   3   10   66   25      28   48      12   10   14   ,

You read the deciphered note to the leprechaun and he sighed. "I'm not sure yet if I can forgive him. At least the thief let us know of one person who we can cross off the suspect list."

**CROSS THIS PERSON OFF YOUR SUSPECT LIST.**

# THE GETAWAY

gfv

A witness was found and said that he saw an object, perhaps a vehicle or animal, moving at a very high speed away from the leprechaun's house on the night of the robbery. It was a dark foggy night, however, so he didn't get a good look at what it was; he just knew it was fast. All the suspects were questioned about how they travelled. The two suspects whose modes of transport are the slowest can be crossed off the suspect list.



The speed of a vehicle, animal, or object can be calculated by dividing how far it travelled by how much time it took to travel the distance.

Distance = 50 meters

Time = 5 seconds








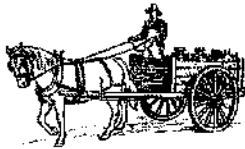


Speed = Distance ÷ Time

Speed = 50 ÷ 5

Speed = 10 m/s (meters per second)

Calculate the speed of each suspect's mode of transport.

Cross the TWO suspects with the SLOWEST mode of transport off the suspect list.

Magic Shamrock	Irish Maiden	Druid	Saint Patrick
			
Distance travelled = 100m Time: 20 seconds Speed = $100 \div 20$ Speed =	Distance travelled = 24m Time: 3 seconds Speed = $24 \div 3$ Speed =	Distance travelled = 63m Time: 9 seconds Speed = $63 \div 9$ Speed =	Distance travelled = 36m Time: 4 seconds Speed =
Irish Dragon	Clurichaun	Harpist	Potato Head
			
Distance travelled = 120m Time: 10 seconds Speed =	Distance travelled = 45m Time: 9 seconds Speed =	Distance travelled = 56m Time: 8 seconds Speed =	Distance travelled = 40m Time: 2 seconds Speed =

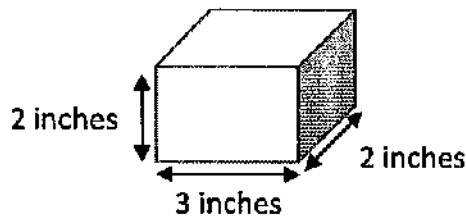
Cross the TWO suspects with the slowest cars off the suspect list

# ROOM FOR THE GOLD?

#6

A tip-off was received that said that after the gold was stolen it was placed in the thief's safe. The safes of all the suspects were searched but the gold was not found, so the thief must have moved it somewhere else. The large amount of gold would have taken up a lot of space, however, and the smallest safes wouldn't have been able to fit all the gold.

Calculate the volume of each suspect's safe and cross the TWO suspects who have the safes with the SMALLEST volume off the suspect list.



To Calculate Volume = height x width x length  
e.g., 2 inches x 3 inches x 2 inches  
= 12 inches<sup>3</sup>

Magic Shamrock	Irish Maiden	Druid	Saint Patrick
Volume = height x width x length Volume = 3 x 5 x 2 Volume =	Volume = height x width x length Volume = 6 x 4 x 2 Volume =	Volume =	Volume =
Irish Dragon	Clurichaun	Harpist	Potato Head
Volume =	Volume =	Volume =	Volume =

CROSS THE TWO SUSPECTS WITH THE SMALLEST SAFES OFF THE SUSPECT LIST.



# WHO NEEDS THE MONEY?

#10

The night before the pot of gold was stolen, a man reported hearing hushed whispers in a dark alleyway. One of the voices said, "I really need some money; some gold coins would be nice. I don't have much and would be willing to steal to get some. Do you know of someone who has a big pot of gold I could take?"

This means that whoever stole the gold couldn't have had much money. The TWO suspects who have the MOST amount of money can be crossed off the suspect list, as they would not have needed to steal the gold.

Work out the total amount of money each suspect has.  
Cross off the TWO suspects who have the MOST amount of money.

	Gold coins in Pot	Money in Bank	Cash in Safe	Total money
Magic Shamrock	\$23	\$12.50	\$36.40	
Irish Maiden	\$42	\$9.70	\$15.10	
Druid	\$36	\$21.20	\$32.60	
Saint Patrick	\$16	\$32.30	\$22.40	
Celtic Dragon	\$35	\$23.70	\$21.10	
Clurichaun	\$33	\$21.20	\$32.50	
Harpist	\$31	\$44.50	\$22.20	
Potato Head	\$21	\$24.60	\$40.10	

Once solved, this should only leave one person on your suspect list.

The thief was the: \_\_\_\_\_







# RAINBOW MAGIC

46

Great job in helping Larry find the pot of gold! He now needs to return it to the end of the rainbow, so it can be returned to the other side and be refilled with gold for someone else.

The leprechaun has a special power which can help him find the end of the rainbow. Leprechauns look for magic Irish symbols hidden throughout the land. Each symbol has a given amount of rainbow magic. The place which has the largest amount of rainbow magic will be where the next rainbow will form. Help Larry find out where the next rainbow will form so he can take the pot there.

Tri Star	Quad Star	Quint Star	Celtic Charm
 3 Rainbow Points	 4 Rainbow Points	 5 Rainbow Points	 6 Rainbow Points

Calculate how many rainbow points each region of the land has. The place with the largest amount of points is where the next rainbow will form.

E.g., 5 Tri Stars = 3 points x 5 = 15 rainbow points.



## Forest:

4 Tri Stars       $4 \times 3 =$   
6 Quint Stars     $6 \times 5 =$

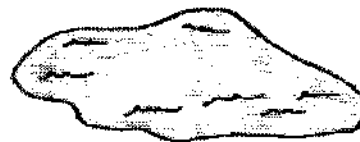
Total =



## Village:

5 Quad Stars  
3 Celtic Charms

Total =



## Lake:

3 Tri Stars  
3 Quad Stars  
2 Celtic Charms

Total =



## Mountain Caves:

7 Quad Stars  
3 Quint Stars  
1 Celtic Charm

Total =



## Farm:

8 Tri Stars  
1 Quad Star  
7 Celtic Charms

Total =



## Sea:

2 Tri Stars  
3 Quad Stars  
4 Quint Stars  
5 Celtic Charms

Total =

Place where the next rainbow will form: \_\_\_\_\_

4

**Write what happens to Larry on the other side of the rainbow. What does he do or see?**

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.



# STAR GEOMETRY WARS

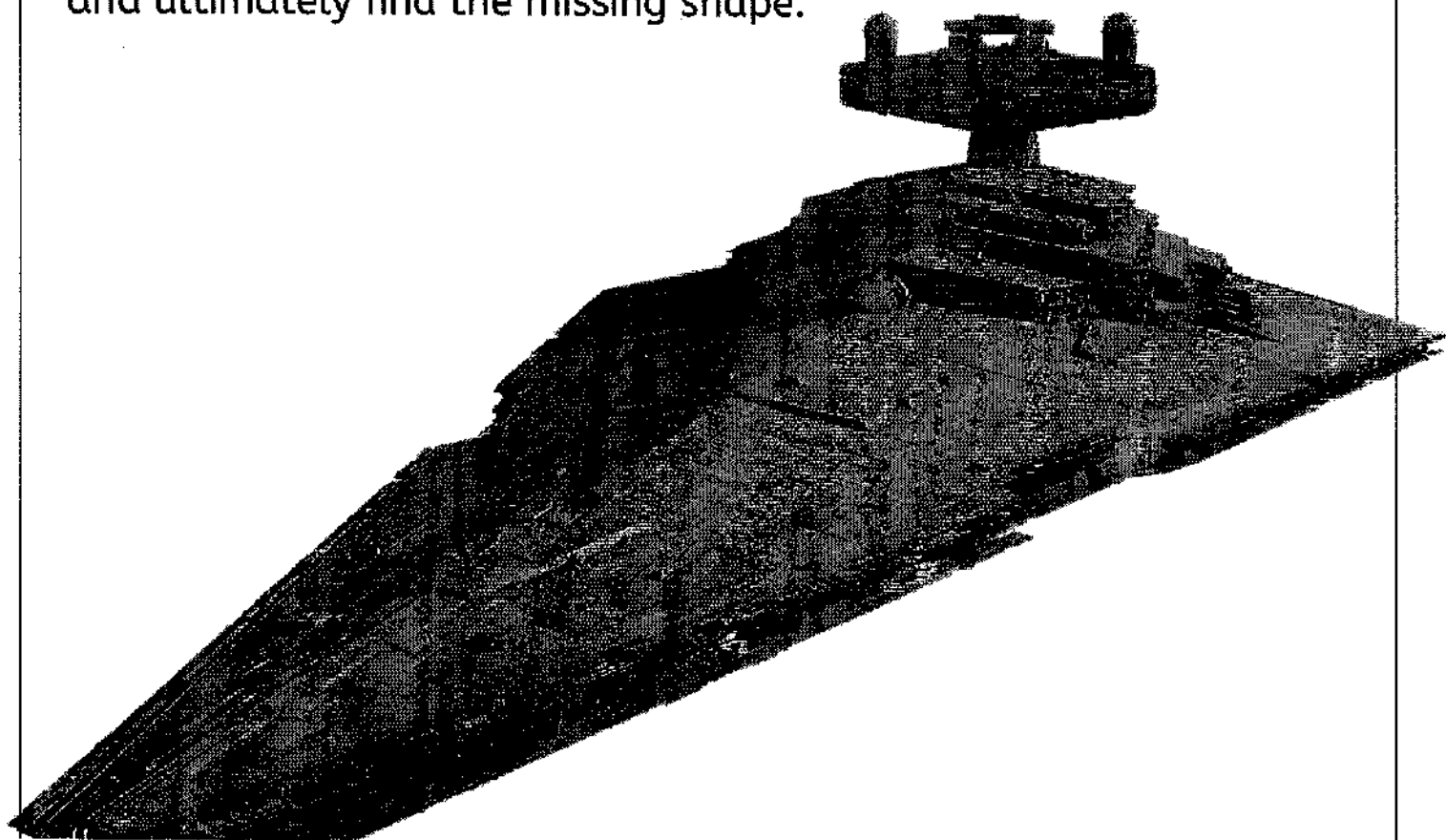
Packet #7



Geometry can be a violent activity. If you use the wrong shapes for the wrong job it's a disaster. If you miscalculate the angles then someone is going to be upset. Most importantly though you have to always remember to never ever call a shape by the wrong name.

This is how the original Geometry War started. Some poor student didn't know their shapes and then an argument started between the classroom shapes. It soon spread to a debate with the shapes in the playground and before long the whole town was involved.

And now a shape has been kidnapped. Work through the problems to solve the clues for who has kidnapped the shape and ultimately find the missing shape.





# STAR GEOMETRY WARS

#7



## The Suspects

*Use this chart to mark off the innocent suspects.*

Name	Jedi or Sith	Planet	Color of Lightsaber	Droid Partner	Power	Clue
Llewas Dalledos	Jedi	Hermes	Red	R2-D2	Telekinesis	
Zaimur Glopio	Sith	Nimiset	Blue	C-3PO	Mind Control	
Dhirh Martano	Sith	Nimiset	Red	AZI-3	Telekinesis	
Keylara Duann	Jedi	Keziah	Green	2-1B	Telekinesis	
Milbin Renning	Jedi	Hermes	Blue	AZI-3	Telekinesis	
Igniv Masha	Sith	Nimiset	Blue	R2-D2	Mind Control	
Ta Draav	Sith	Hermes	Red	AZI-3	Mind Control	
Kangrang Dane	Jedi	Keziah	Blue	C-3PO	Telekinesis	
Nataya Skyblade	Sith	Keziah	Red	R2-D2	Mind Control	
Raoul Silth	Sith	Keziah	Red	AZI-3	Telekinesis	
Essia Shinte	Sith	Nimiset	Red	R2-D2	Mind Control	
Kaz Laatl	Sith	Keziah	Blue	R2-D2	Mind Control	
Gunther Colton	Jedi	Nimiset	Blue	AZI-3	Telekinesis	
Jake Scorpio	Sith	Nimiset	Red	R2-D2	Mind Control	



# STAR GEOMETRY WARS

#7



## Clue One:

Is the suspect a Jedi or a Sith? Discover the answer by examining the problems below. Put a tick in the corresponding box if either the perimeter, area, or both answers / statements are correct. Tally up the correct amount of ticks to uncover the clue. If the **perimeter has more ticks they are a Sith**, if **area has more ticks then they are a Jedi**.

		Perimeter	Area
		Tick if correct	Tick if correct
1	A football field at the park down the street is in the shape of a rectangle. Two sides measure 100 yards, and the other two sides measure 50 yards. The perimeter is 400 yards and the area is 5000 yards <sup>2</sup> .	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2	The gazebo in Peter's backyard is in the shape of a square. Each side of the square measures 4 feet. The perimeter is 16 feet and the area is 16 feet <sup>2</sup> .	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3	You measure a school book and it is 10 inches on one side and 5 inches on the other side. The perimeter is 15 inches and the area is 50 inches <sup>2</sup> .	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4	A rug covers the floor in your bedroom. It is 7 feet by 5 feet. The perimeter of this rug is 24 feet and the area is 30 feet <sup>2</sup> .	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5	For a school project you need to measure the top of your school table. It is 3 feet by 2 feet. The area of the table is 5 feet <sup>2</sup> and the perimeter is 10 feet.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Total ticks		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Write below if the suspect is a Jedi or a Sith.



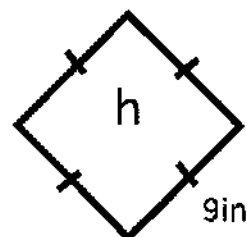
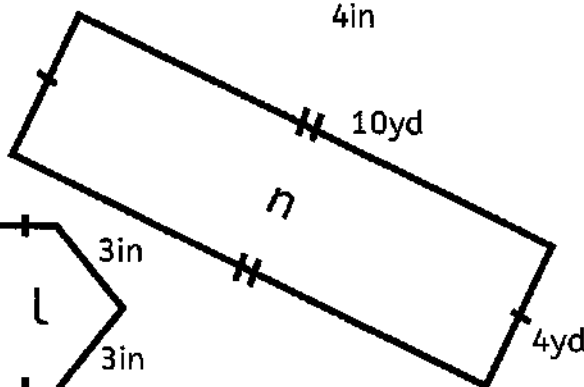
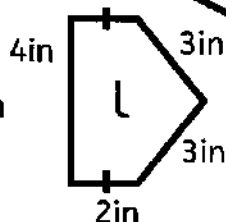
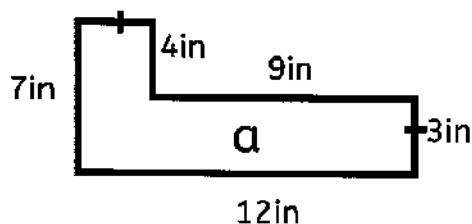
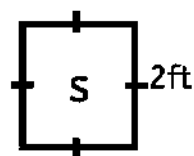
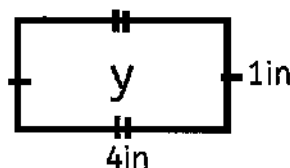
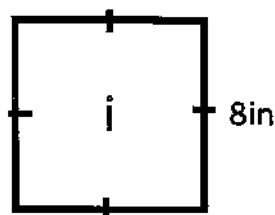
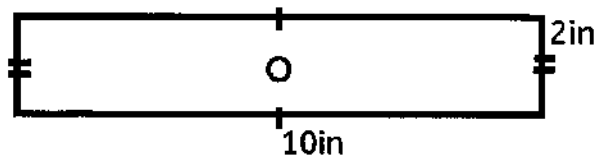
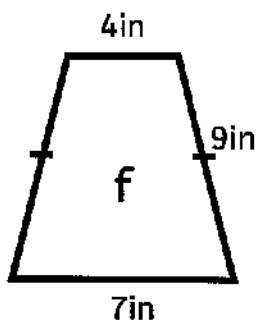
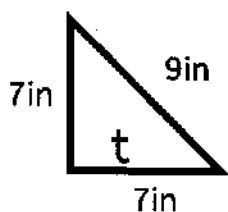
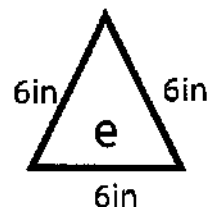
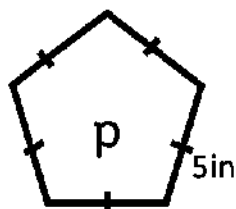
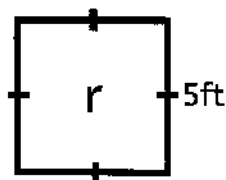
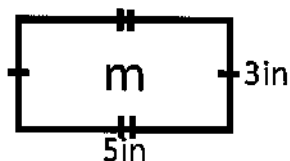
# STAR GEOMETRY WARS

#7



## Clue Two:

What planet is the kidnapper from? Discover the answer by examining the problems below. Work out the perimeter of each shape and use your answer to solve the code at the bottom.



23	36	18	10

38	20	18

29	20	24	16

25	14	38	28	18	23

28	32	16	32	8	18	23



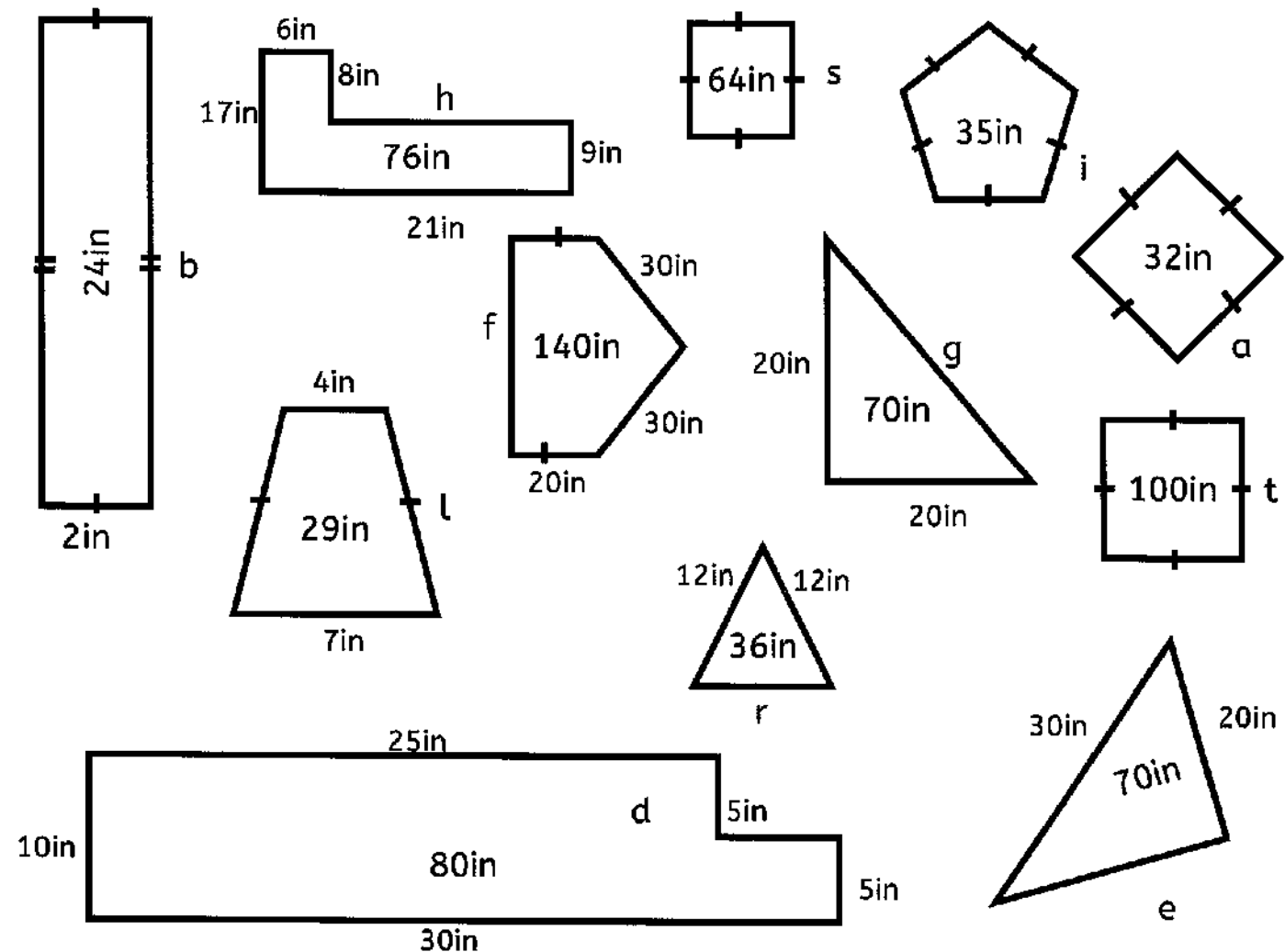
# STAR GEOMETRY WARS

#7



## Clue Three:

What color is the lightsaber? Discover the answer by examining the problems below. Using the perimeter of the shape, work out the missing length of the shape to reveal the number and letter for the code at the bottom.



25	15	20

9	7	30	15	25	16	8	10	20	12

40	9	8	16	15	20	16

12	20	5



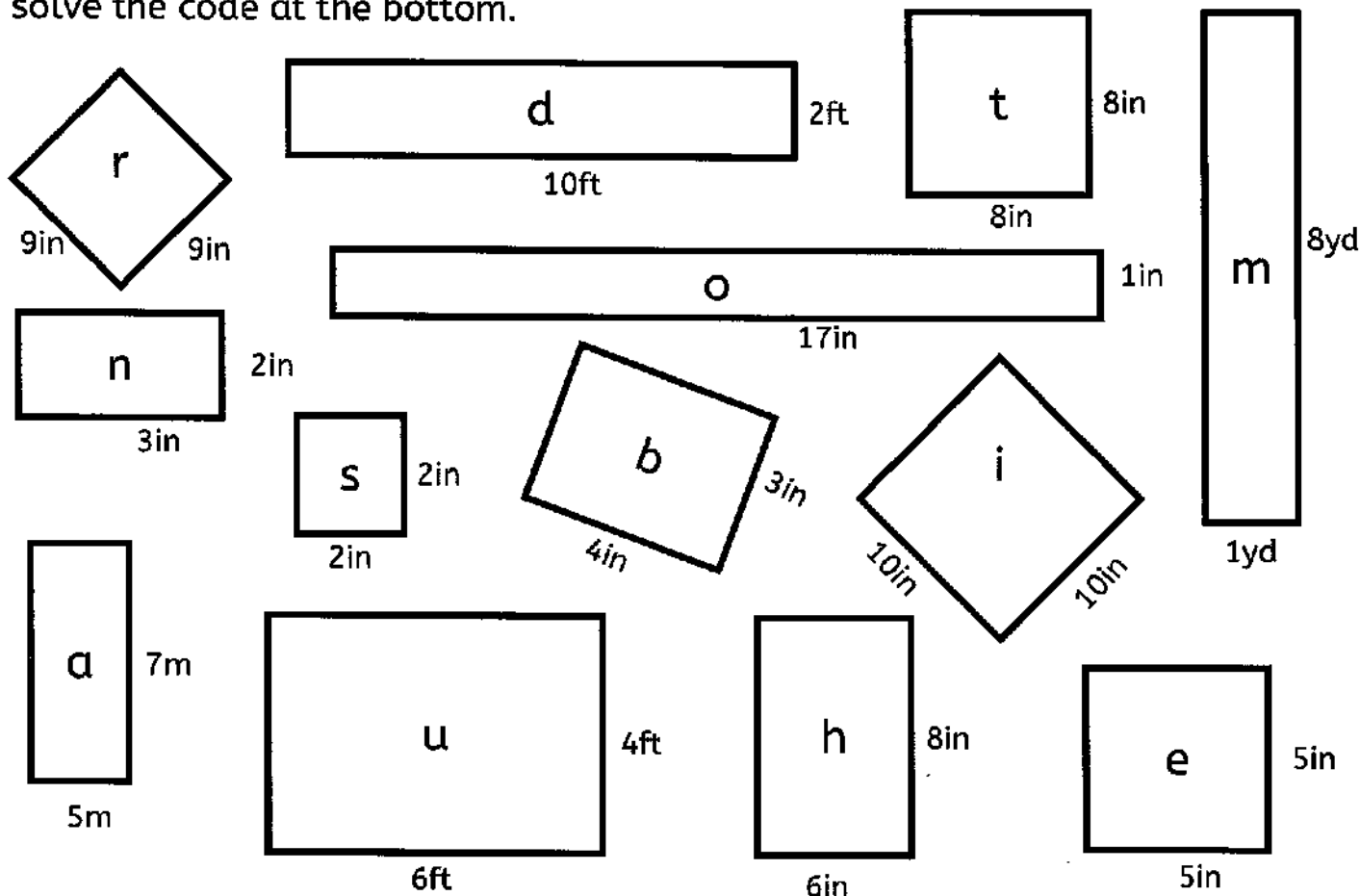


# STAR GEOMETRY WARS



## Clue Four:

What droid does the kidnapper work with? Discover the answer by examining the problems below. Work out the area of each shape and use your answer to solve the code at the bottom.



20	81	17	100	20

48	35	4

64	48	25

6	24	8	12	25	81

64	48	81	25	25

100	6

100	64	4

6	35	8	25



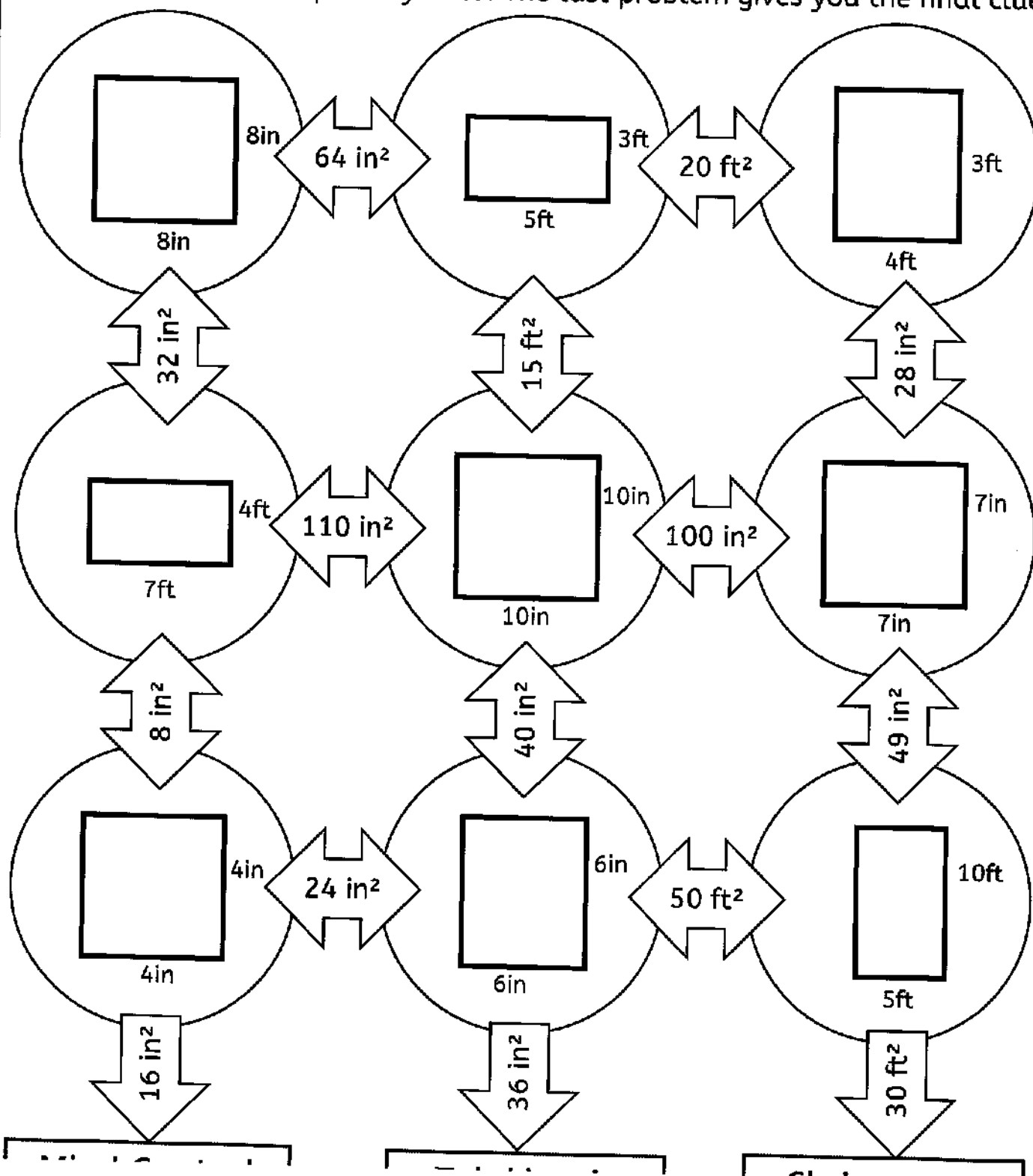
# STAR GEOMETRY WARS

#7



## Clue Five:

Find out how the suspect uses the Force by solving these area problems. Color the correct arrow with the answer and follow onto the next problem that the direction of the arrow points you to. The last problem gives you the final clue.



**Course 2: BTS****Section 7.4 Exercises****Quadrilaterals****Exercise 1**

Select all the statements that are true.

- ☒ All squares are rectangles.
- ☒ All squares are parallelograms.
- ☒ All rectangles are parallelograms.
- ☐ All squares are rhombuses.
- ☒ All rhombuses are parallelograms.

**Exercise 2**

Select two types of quadrilaterals with four right angles.

- ☒ rectangle
- ☐ trapezoid
- ☐ square
- ☐ hexagon
- ☒ kite

**Exercise 3**

Which type of quadrilateral does *not* belong with the other three?

☐ rectangle

☐ parallelogram

☐ square

☐ kite

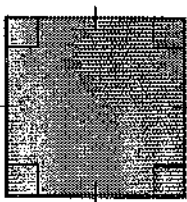
Explain your reasoning.

The chosen shape does not fit with the other three because it is the only one that

opposite sides that are .

#### Exercise 4

Classify the quadrilateral by selecting its most specific name.



☐ trapezoid

☐ parallelogram

☐ kite

☐ rectangle

☐ square

☐ rhombus

#### Exercise 5

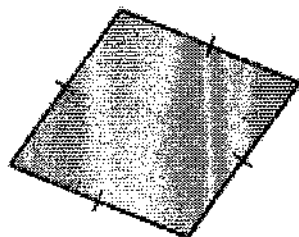
Classify the quadrilateral by selecting its most specific name.



- ☐ trapezoid
- ☐ parallelogram
- ☐ kite
- ☐ rectangle
- ☐ square
- ☐ rhombus

### Exercise 6

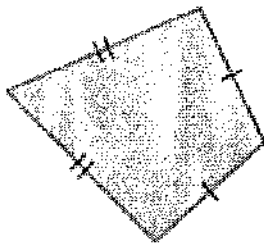
Classify the quadrilateral by selecting its most specific name.



- ☐ trapezoid
- ☐ parallelogram
- ☐ kite
- ☐ rectangle
- ☐ square
- ☐ rhombus

### Exercise 7

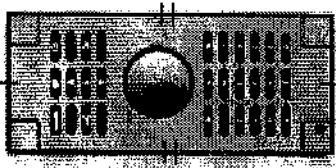
Classify the quadrilateral by selecting its most specific name.



- ☐ trapezoid
- ☐ parallelogram
- ☐ kite
- ☐ rectangle
- ☐ square
- ☐ rhombus

### Exercise 9

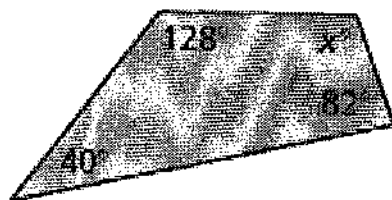
Classify the quadrilateral by selecting its most specific name.



- ☐ trapezoid
- ☐ parallelogram
- ☐ kite
- ☐ rectangle
- ☐ square
- ☐ rhombus

### Exercise 11

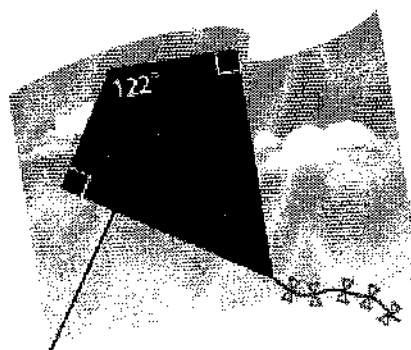
Find the value of  $x$ .



$$x = \boxed{\phantom{00}}$$

### Exercise 13

What is the measure of the angle at the tail end of the kite?



The measure at the tail end of the kite is  $\boxed{\phantom{00}}^\circ$ .

### Exercise 14

Which figure is a trapezoid with a pair of congruent, nonparallel sides?

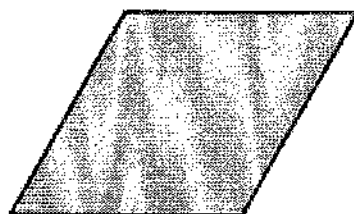
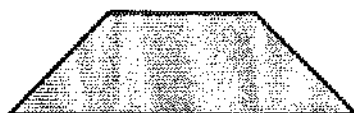


### Exercise 16

 Protractor



Which figure is a parallelogram with a  $45^\circ$  angle and a  $135^\circ$  angle?

**Exercise 18**

Complete the sentence using *always*, *sometimes*, or *never*.

A square is  a rectangle.

**Exercise 20**

Complete the sentence using *always*, *sometimes*, or *never*.

A rhombus is  a square.

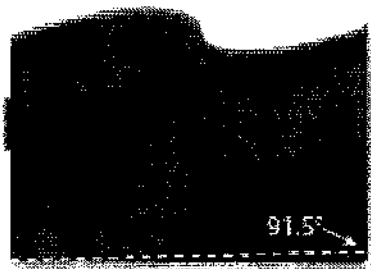
**Exercise 22**

Complete the sentence using *always*, *sometimes*, or *never*.

A trapezoid is  a kite.

**Exercise 24**

The dashed line shows how you cut the bottom of a rectangular door so it opens more easily.



a. Identify the new shape of the door. Explain.

The new shape of the door is a  because it is a  with

.

b. What is the new angle at the bottom left side of the door?

The new angle at the bottom left side of the door is °.

**Exercise 27**

Write the ratio as a fraction in simplest form.

The ratio for 3 turnovers : 12 assists as a fraction is .

**Exercise 28**

Write the ratio as a fraction in simplest form.

The ratio for 18 girls to 27 boys as a fraction is .

**Exercise 29**

Write the ratio as a fraction in simplest form.

The ratio for 42 pens : 35 pencils as a fraction is .

**Exercise 30**

Computer sales decreased from 40 to 32. What is the percent of decrease?

A 8%

B 20%

C 25%

D 80%

Rocket  
#9**Course 2: BTS****Section 7.5 Exercises****Scale Drawings****Exercise 1**

Compare and contrast the terms *scale* and *scale factor*.

A  is the ratio that compares the measurements of the drawing or model with the actual measurements.

A  is a scale without any units.

**Exercise 2**

The scale of a drawing is 2 cm : 1 mm. Is the scale drawing *larger* or *smaller* than the actual object. Explain.

The scale drawing is  because 2 cm is  1 mm.

**Exercise 3**

How would you find the scale factor of a drawing that shows a length of 4 inches when the actual object is 8 feet long?

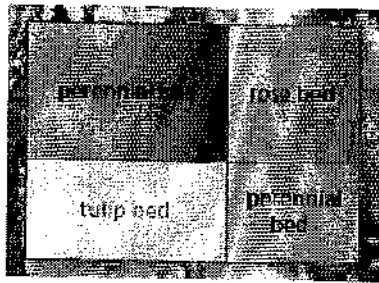
- ☒ Use the given lengths, form a scale, and then simplify.
- ☐ Convert one of the lengths into the same units as the other length. Then, form a scale and simplify.
- ☐ Multiply the given lengths, then simplify.
- ☐ Add the given lengths, then divide by 12 and simplify.

**Exercise 4**

 Ruler

Use the drawing and the provided ruler. Each centimeter in the drawing represents 5 feet.

#9



What is the actual length of the flower garden?

- ☐ 5 ft
- ☐ 25 ft
- ☐ 25 cm
- ☐ 5 cm

### Exercise 5

Ruler

Use the drawing and the provided ruler. Each centimeter in the drawing represents 5 feet.



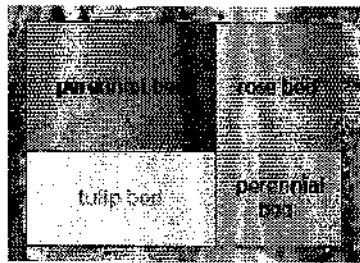
What are the actual dimensions of the rose bed?

- ☐ 2 ft by 2 ft
- ☐ 5 ft by 5 ft
- ☐ 10 ft by 10 ft
- ☐ 15 ft by 15 ft

### Exercise 6

Ruler

Use the drawing and the provided ruler. Each centimeter in the drawing represents 5 feet.



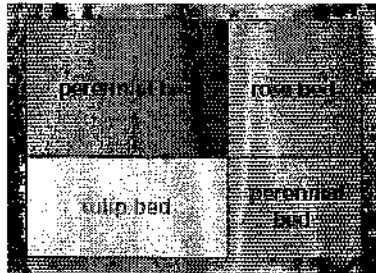
The perimeter of the blue perennial bed is  feet.

The perimeter of the green perennial bed is  feet.

### Exercise 7

Ruler

Use the drawing and the provided ruler. Each centimeter in the drawing represents 5 feet.



The area of the tulip bed is what percent of the area of the rose bed?

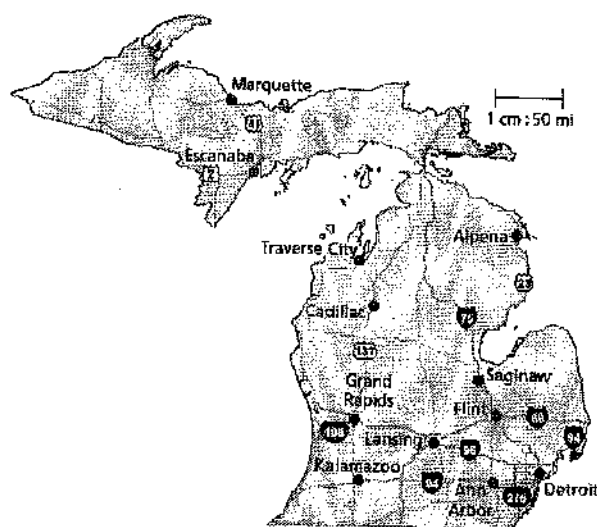
- ☐ 12.5%
- ☐ 89%
- ☐ 112.5%
- ☐ 125%

### Exercise 9

Ruler

Use the map and the provided ruler to find the actual distance between cities.

#9

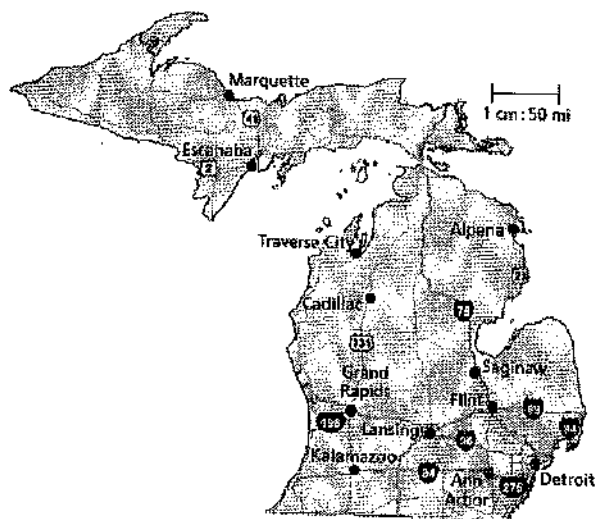


The actual distance between Lansing and Flint is  miles.

### Exercise 11

Ruler

Use the map and the provided ruler to find the actual distance between cities.



The actual distance between Saginaw and Alpena is  miles.

### Exercise 13

Find the missing dimension. Use the scale factor 1 : 12.

#9

Item	Model	Actual
Corvette	Length: <input type="text"/> in.	Length: 15 ft

### Exercise 15

Find the missing dimension. Use the scale factor 1 : 12.

Item	Model	Actual
Wingspan	Width: 5.4 ft	Width: <input type="text"/> yd

### Exercise 17

A scale is 1 cm : 20 m.

Which describes the error in finding the actual distance that corresponds to 5 centimeters?

**X**

$$\frac{1 \text{ cm}}{20 \text{ m}} = \frac{x \text{ m}}{5 \text{ cm}}$$

$$x = 0.25 \text{ m}$$

- ☐ The units on the measurements are incorrect.
- ☐ The 5 cm should be in the numerator.
- ☐ The multiplication was done incorrectly.
- ☐ The division was done incorrectly.

Write the correct answer to fix the error.

The actual distance that corresponds to 5 centimeters is  meters.

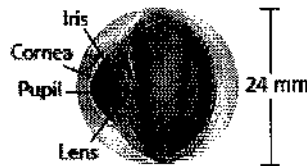


#9

**Exercise 19**

= Ruler

Use the provided ruler to measure the segment shown. Find the scale of the drawing.



The length of the segment is  centimeters.

The scale is  cm :  mm.

**Exercise 21**

You are in charge of creating a billboard advertisement with the dimensions shown. You make a scale drawing that is 32 inches wide and 16 inches high. What is the scale factor of your drawing of the billboard?

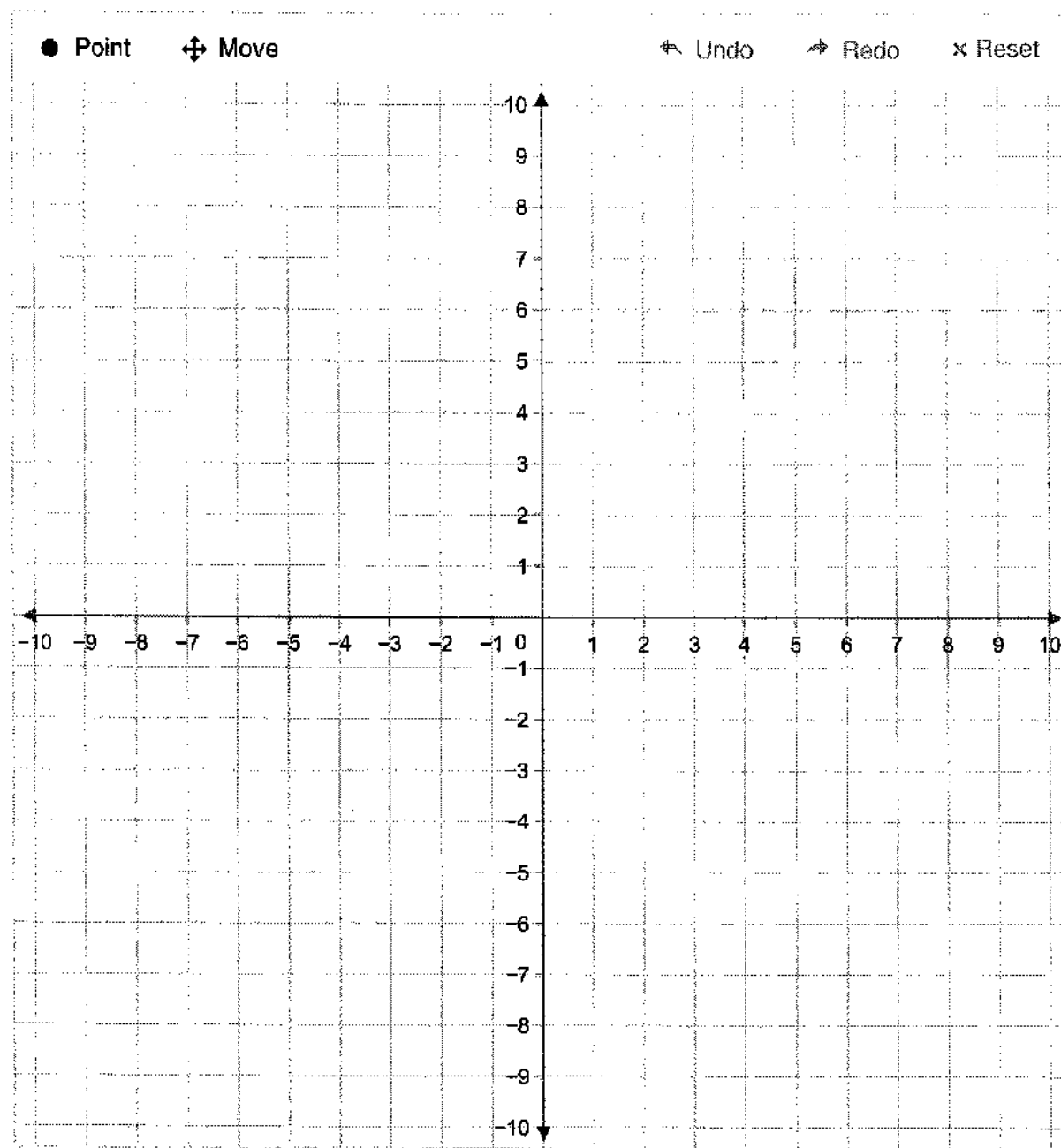


The scale factor is .

**Exercise 32**

Plot the ordered pair in a coordinate plane.

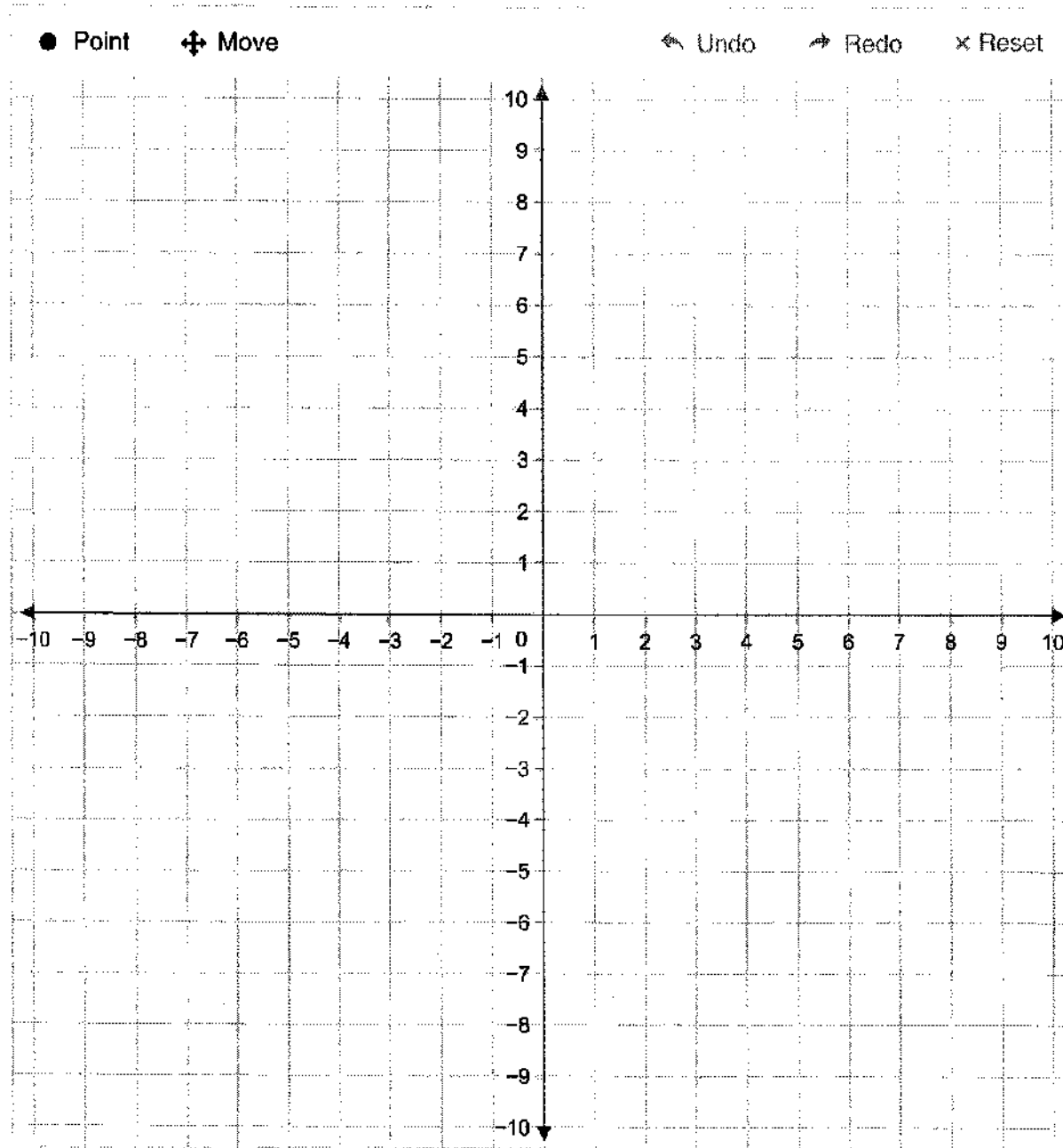
$(-4, 3)$



### Exercise 33

Plot the ordered pair in a coordinate plane.

$(2, -6)$

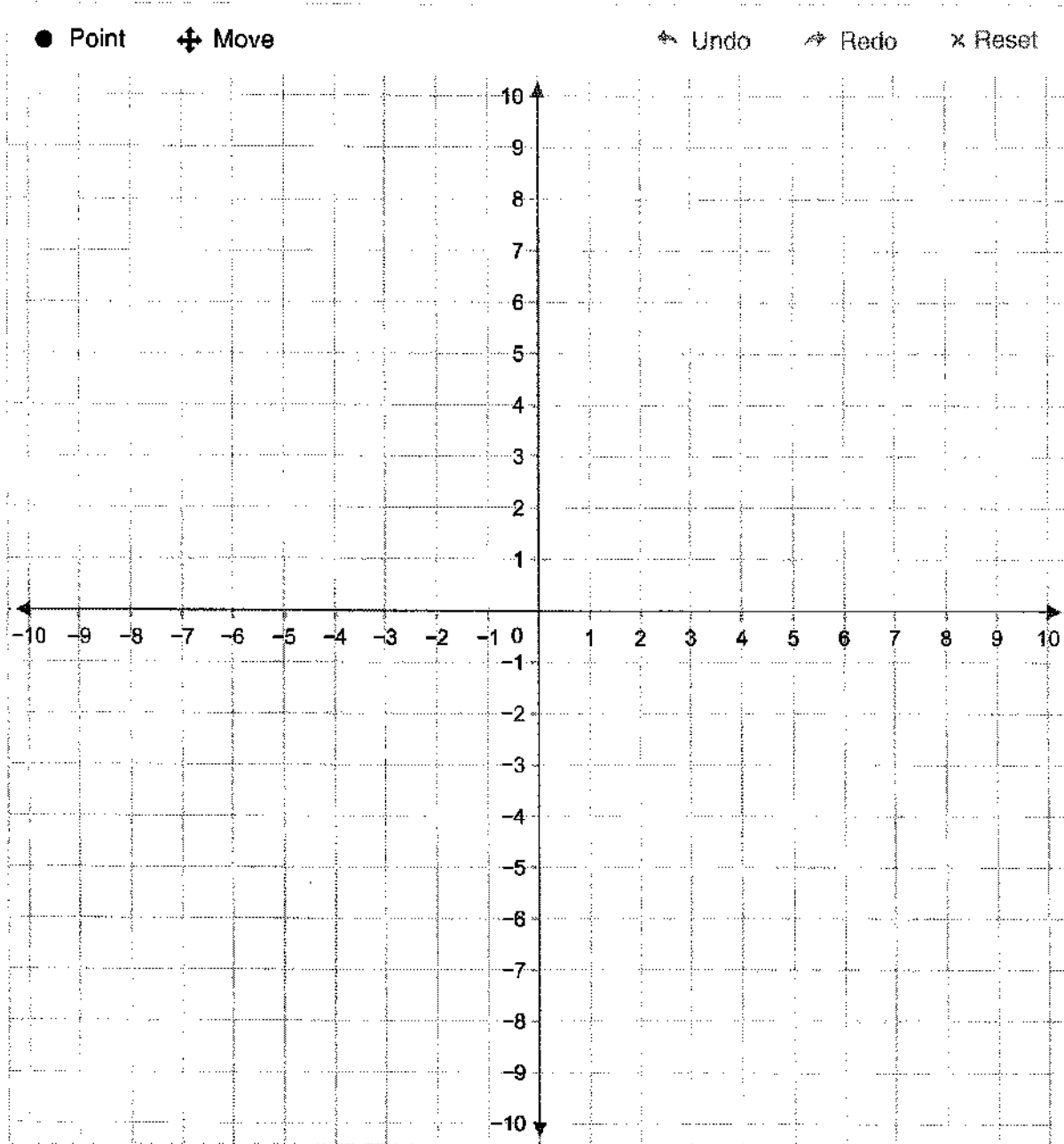


### Exercise 34

#9

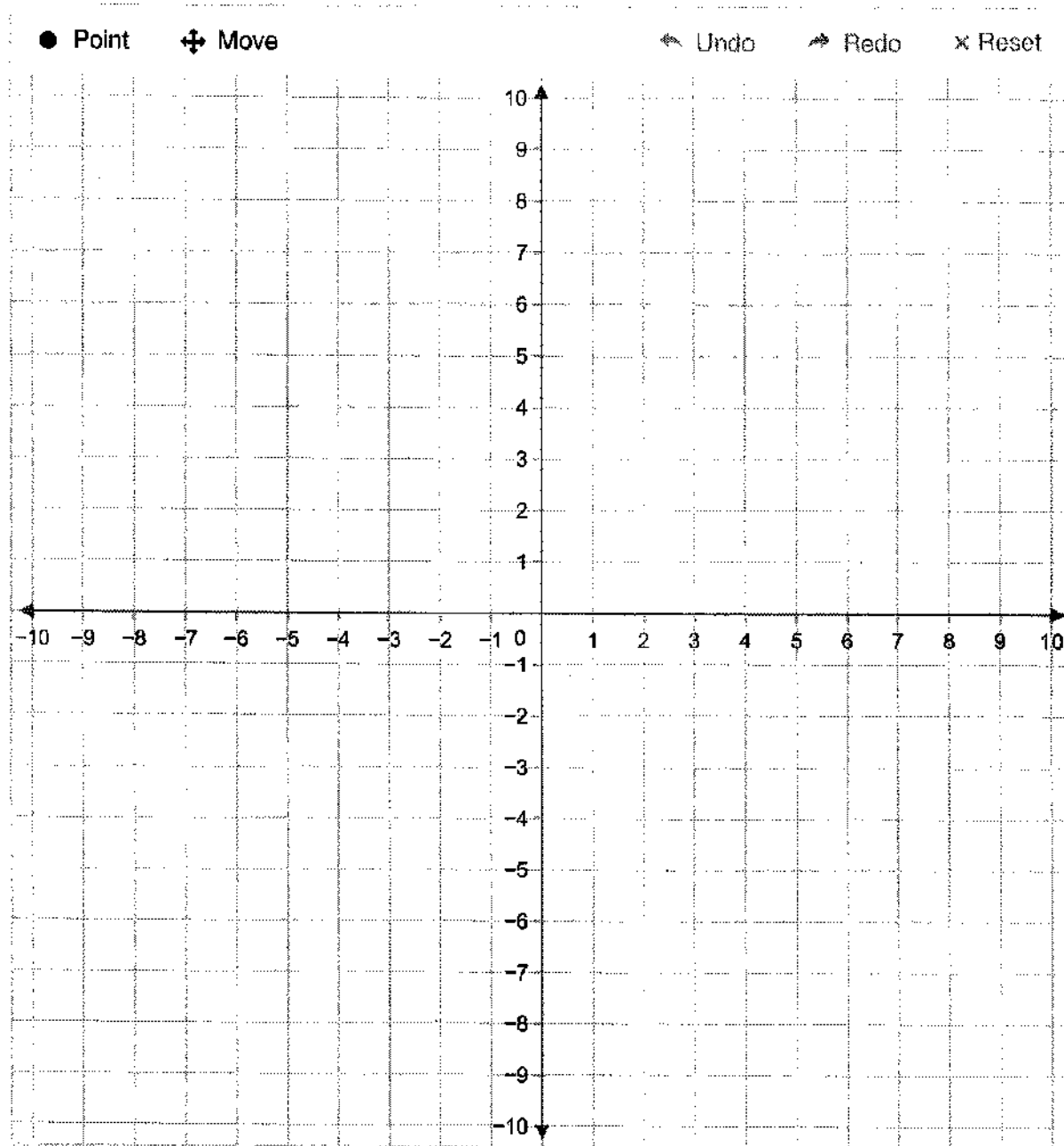
Plot the ordered pair in a coordinate plane.

(5, 1)

**Exercise 35**

Plot the ordered pair in a coordinate plane.

$(-3, -7)$



### Exercise 36

Which set of numbers is ordered from least to greatest?

A  $\frac{7}{20}$ , 32%, 0.45

B 17%, 0.21,  $\frac{3}{25}$

C 0.88,  $\frac{7}{8}$ , 93%

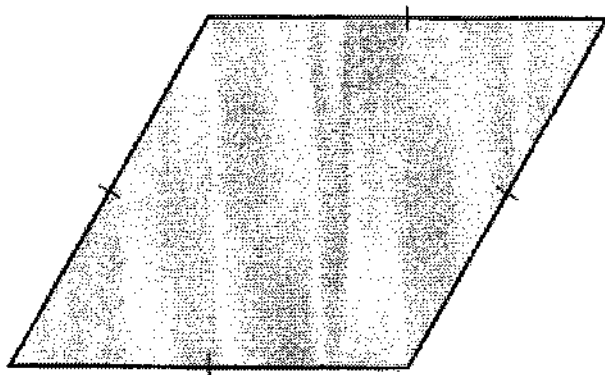
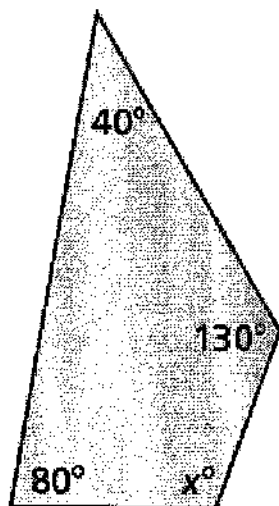
D 57%,  $\frac{11}{16}$ , 5.7

Rack

#10

**Course 2: BTS****7.4-7.5 Quiz****Exercise 1**

Classify the quadrilateral. Select the most specific name.

☐ Trapezoid☐ Kite☐ Rhombus☐ Parallelogram☐ Rectangle☐ Square**Exercise 2**Find the value of  $x$ .The value of  $x$  is .**Exercise 3**

A scale drawing of a rectangular object has a scale of 1 in. : 3 ft. The scale drawing has a length of 5 inches. What is the actual length?

#10

The actual length is  feet.

**Exercise 4**

A scale model of an object has a scale of 1 cm : 2 ft. The actual object is 11 feet tall. How tall is the model?

The model is  centimeters tall.

**Exercise 5**

A scale model of an object is 5 inches tall. The actual object is 250 feet tall. What is the scale factor of the model?

The scale factor is  : .

**Exercise 6**

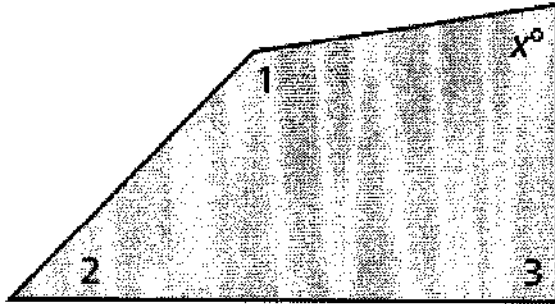
A scale drawing of a square object has a scale of 1 in. : 5 mm. The scale drawing has a length of 2.5 inches. Find the perimeter and the area of the object in the scale drawing. Then find the perimeter and area of the actual object.

Drawing	Actual
Perimeter: <input type="text"/> in.	Perimeter: <input type="text"/> mm
Area: <input type="text"/> in. <sup>2</sup>	Area: <input type="text"/> mm <sup>2</sup>

**Exercise 7**



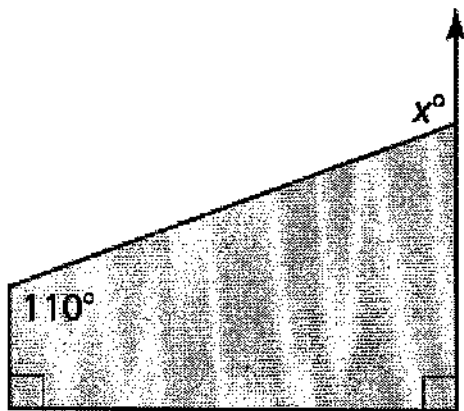
The measures of  $\angle 1$ ,  $\angle 2$ , and  $\angle 3$  are 40%, 12.5%, and 25% of the sum of the angle measures of the quadrilateral. Find the value of  $x$ .



$$x = \boxed{\phantom{00}}$$

### Exercise 8

Find the value of  $x$ .



$$x = \boxed{\phantom{00}}$$

### Exercise 9

A painter is hired to paint a mural on the side of a 16-foot-tall building. The painter wants to use the entire height of the building to paint a scale drawing of a skyscraper that is in the city. The skyscraper is 800 feet tall. What is the scale factor of the painting?

The scale factor is  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} : \boxed{\phantom{00}}$ .

### Exercise 10

You have \$3000 to enclose a rectangular piece of property with a fence. The fence costs \$9 per foot. A scale drawing of the property has a length of 8 inches and a width of 7 inches. The scale is 1 in. : 12 ft. How much will it cost to enclose the property with the fence? Do you have enough money?

It will cost \$  to enclose the property with the fence.

- ☐ You have enough money.
- ☐ You do not have enough money.

Purple Team

English

Ms. Anderson

Packet work days 6-10

Day 6: Evaluating Media Messages pages

Read and complete the activity comparing at least 3 ads/commercials

Day 7: Write a one page news article about yourself or something that has happened in your life.

Day 8: Language Practice Worksheet

Day 9: Read at least 30 minutes and complete a reading journal on what you have read.

Day 10: Reflective Essay



## Evaluating Media Messages and Advertisements

Media messages and advertisements appear on television, the radio, and the Internet. To ensure you understand and respond appropriately to these messages, critically evaluate them using the strategies in this lesson.

### Learn the Skills

**Determine the purpose.** Identify the purpose, or goal, of the message. Some messages are meant to inform, to persuade, or to entertain. Some messages are attempts to sell you something or to convince you to do something.

**Analyze images and sounds.** Think critically about what you see and hear. Notice how the mood created by music and sounds influences your response to the message. Analyze the differences between images and sounds used in messages designed to sell and those used in messages designed to inform.

**Challenge the claims and evidence.** Analyze the accuracy of the claims. Consider whether the reasoning is logical and whether sufficient and relevant evidence supports the claims.

**Identify propaganda techniques.** To effectively analyze the logic of the messages, be alert to techniques involving faulty reasoning.

- **Slant and Bias:** Beware of any message that presents only one side of a many-sided issue.
- **Bandwagon Appeal:** Beware of messages that suggest you will feel left out if you do not do or buy something.
- **Spokespersons:** Ask yourself whether the spokesperson for the message has the knowledge to back up his or her claims.

**Analyze the use of language.** Advertisers use language to appeal to certain groups of people. For example, formal language can make messages seem more accurate. While informal language and popular slang are often used to appeal to a younger audience.

**Interpret visual techniques.** Lighting can draw attention to specific parts of an image or create a certain mood. Camera angles can influence the way you view an image. For instance, a close-up shot can focus your attention on a single subject, whereas a panoramic shot will show you the larger context but with few details. Special visual effects can change or enhance an existing image to increase audience appeal or interest.



Common Core  
State Standards

### Speaking and Listening

2. Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study.
3. Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.



## Practice the Skills

**Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas** Use what you have learned in this workshop to complete the following activity.

### ACTIVITY: Evaluate Media Advertisements

Watch three television commercials. Then, follow these steps:

- Identify the message and interpret the purpose of each commercial.
- Ask questions that help you evaluate the evidence that supports the claims in each commercial.
- Explain how each commercial makes you feel.
- List memorable details from each commercial, such as special effects, camera angles, lighting, and music. Explain how these elements support the purpose of the commercial.
- Use the Interpretation Guide to interpret the advertisements.

Use the Interpretation Guide to analyze the content of each commercial.

### Interpretation Guide

#### Visual Techniques

Which visual techniques are evident in the advertisement? Briefly explain each.

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> camera angles    | <input type="checkbox"/> special effects |
| <input type="checkbox"/> special lighting | <input type="checkbox"/> other visual    |

#### Sound Techniques

Which sound techniques are evident in the advertisement? Briefly explain each.

- |                                |  |  |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> music | <input type="checkbox"/> special effects | <input type="checkbox"/> other visual techniques |
|--------------------------------|--|--|

#### Messages

What is the ad's message? How can you tell?

#### Claims and Evidence

Does the advertisement contain claims about a product? If so, what are they? What evidence is provided to support the claims? Is the evidence relevant? Is there enough reasonable evidence to support the claims? Explain.

#### Purpose

What is the purpose of the advertisement?

**Comprehension and Collaboration** Compare your findings with those of your classmates. As a group, interpret how visual and sound techniques influence the message in an advertisement.



1. Choose the correct word.

The matador waved his cape with smooth, (**graceful, gracious**) movements.

2. Edit the sentence.

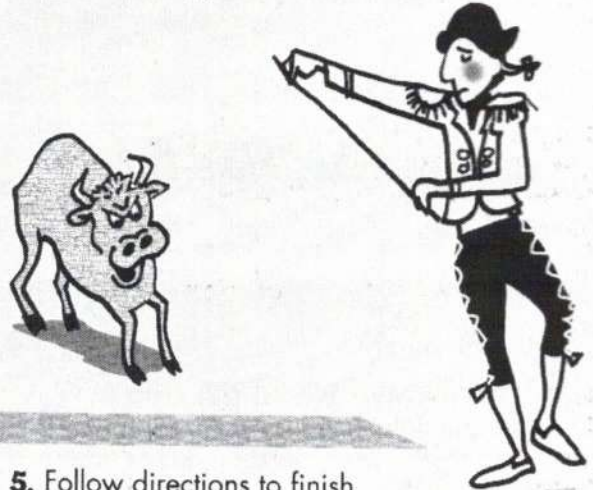
**bullfighting is a popular sport in portugal southern france and many Spanish-speaking countries such as spain and mexico**

3. Underline any adjectives and draw a box around any adverbs.

**See how he skillfully maneuvers the charging bull by moving the red cape?**

4. Which example shows personification?

- a. The red cape invites the bull to come closer.
- b. Dust billowed and hooves pounded as the bull pushed against the gates.



5. Follow directions to finish the picture.

Draw a cape in the matador's hands.

Add detail and decoration to his clothes.

Draw a tail on the bull.

Draw hot breath coming out of the bull's nostrils.

1. What is the meaning of the underlined word?

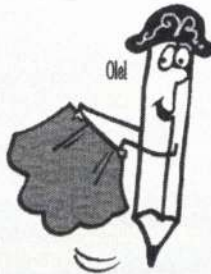
Usually the bullfight lasts much longer, but this one was truncated by the injury of the matador in the opening minutes.

2. Write the sentence in past tense.

The matador runs, leaps, and falls as the bull tries to gore him.

3. Circle the participle.

**Did the angry bull, charging with its tremendous weight, really terrify the matador?**



4. Which of these words would be found between dictionary guidewords: **bullfight** and **bungle**?

- ☐ bull      ☐ bully      ☐ bullet
- ☐ bunk      ☐ bed      ☐ bumble

5. Write a brief summary of this passage.

In early July, people from all over the world head for Pamplona, Spain, to run with the bulls. The race takes place each morning from July 17 – July 14. At precisely 8:00 a.m., a rocket is launched to signal the opening of the corral gates. Six wild bulls and two herds of tame bulls run through the streets of the town toward the bull ring. The run only lasts a few minutes, but the crowds and the speed of the bulls make it a dangerous sport. Even with the strict rules, over 200 runners have been injured, and several people have been killed.

Download more copies of this template at [www.jlc.net/~rwright/pages/rjournal.doc](http://www.jlc.net/~rwright/pages/rjournal.doc)

## **Reading Journal**

(TYPE IN all information, responses, etc.)

**Name:**

**Date:**

**Title of Book:**

**Author:**

**Scene/Chapter Plot Summary:**

**Discussion Question** (may be an open-ended, thought-provoking question for the class OR something from the reading that didn't make sense):

**QUOTATION (with page #)**

**REACTION/REFLECTION**

(continued on reverse)

## Reflective Essay

Using your last two weeks off, reflect on what you have done and think about what you would change if you were able to go back in time. Write a 1-2 page reflective essay/ journal entry about your experience. Be as specific as possible.



## ***Mrs. Warner Social Studies Snow Day Packets 2019-2020***

***For all Days: Watch CNN 10 daily.***

- ***Use the next available page in your notebook to tell me what was talked about on each day.***
- ***For example: 3/13/2020 President Trump issues a speech on the Coronavirus at the White House. NBA, NHL, MLB is suspended due to virus.***
- ***You should have at least one fact for each day. All 10 should fit on one page.***

***DAY 1:*** Log into BrainPOP using your Clever account. Watch the video and take the graded quiz for ***“Agricultural Revolution.”***

***Day 2*** Log into BrainPOP using your Clever account. Watch the video and take the graded quiz for ***“Egyptian Pharaohs.”***

***Day 3:*** Log into BrainPOP using your Clever account. Watch the video and take the graded quiz for ***“Greek Gods.”***

***Day 4:*** Log into BrainPOP using your Clever account. Watch the video and take the graded quiz for ***“Mesoamerica.”***

***Day 5:*** Log into BrainPOP using your Clever account. Watch the video and take the graded quiz for ***“Middle Ages.”***

***Day 6:*** Log into BrainPOP using your Clever account. Watch the videos and take the graded quizzes for ***“Columbian Exchange”*** and ***“Conquistadors.”***

***Day 7:*** Log into BrainPOP using your Clever account. Watch the videos and take the graded quizzes for ***“Athens”*** and ***“Homer.”***

***Day 8:*** Log into BrainPOP using your Clever account. Watch the videos and take the graded quizzes for ***“Rise of the Roman Empire,” “Roman Republic,” “Pax Romana,”*** and ***“Fall of the Roman Empire.”***

***Day 9:*** Log into BrainPOP using your Clever account. Watch the videos and take the graded quizzes for ***“Aztec Civilization,” “Inca Civilization,”*** and ***“Maya Civilization.”***

***Day 10:*** Log into BrainPOP using your Clever account. Watch the videos and take the graded quizzes for ***“Latitude and Longitude,” Time Zones,”*** and ***“Geography Themes.”***

**Please make sure to submit all grades!!!! You must watch both the video and take the quiz for it to show completed.**

## Purple Team Science Out of School Packet

Here is a schedule of the assignments to be completed over the next 10 days plus day 11 because it is a Friday. Links are included. Are the first 5 days follow the original snow packet days.

If you are using Chrome browser and would like to have the text read to you I would recommend the extension Speak It (<https://chrome.google.com/webstore/detail/speak-it/amcnjejmndfilapnnfngnhnidhkifadk/related?hl=en>) this will read anything you highlight and tell it to read.

If you have any questions contact me through Livegrades or if desperate you may try my email [eric.eisenbrey@k12.wv.us](mailto:eric.eisenbrey@k12.wv.us)

Day 1 March 19 <sup>th</sup>	Log into BrainPOP using your Clever account. Watch the video and take the graded quiz for “Weather” and “Natural Disasters”.
Day 2 March 20 <sup>th</sup>	Log into BrainPOP using your Clever account. Watch the video and take the graded quiz for “Wind” and “Clouds.”
Day 3 March 23 <sup>rd</sup>	Log into BrainPOP using your Clever account. Watch the video and take the graded quiz for “Thunderstorms” and “Snowflakes”.
Day 4 March 24 <sup>th</sup>	Log into BrainPOP using your Clever account. Watch the video and take the graded quiz for “ <b>Tornadoes</b> ” and “ <b>Hurricanes</b> ”.
Day 5 March 25 <sup>th</sup>	Log into BrainPOP using your Clever account. Watch the video and take the graded quiz for “ <b>Floods</b> ” and “ <b>Droughts</b> ”.
Day 6 March 27 <sup>th</sup>	Science article following the format below.
Day 7 March 30 <sup>th</sup>	Go to the link <a href="https://www.curriculumpathways.com/portal/Launch?id=67">https://www.curriculumpathways.com/portal/Launch?id=67</a> and log in with Clever. Complete the assignment by putting it in a word doc and sharing that with my email. Use these links to supplement any that don’t work on the assignment. <a href="https://flexbooks.ck12.org/cbook/ck-12-middle-school-earth-science-flexbook-2.0/section/3.13/primary/lesson/earths-outer-layers-ms-es">https://flexbooks.ck12.org/cbook/ck-12-middle-school-earth-science-flexbook-2.0/section/3.13/primary/lesson/earths-outer-layers-ms-es</a> <a href="https://flexbooks.ck12.org/cbook/ck-12-middle-school-earth-science-flexbook-2.0/section/3.14/primary/lesson/earths-inner-layers-ms-es">https://flexbooks.ck12.org/cbook/ck-12-middle-school-earth-science-flexbook-2.0/section/3.14/primary/lesson/earths-inner-layers-ms-es</a>
Day 8 March 31 <sup>st</sup>	Log into BrainPOP using your Clever account. Watch the video and take the graded quiz for “ <b>Earth Structure</b> ”.
Day 9 April 1 <sup>st</sup>	Log into BrainPOP using your Clever account. Watch the video and take the graded quiz for “ <b>Rock Types</b> ”. Then complete a Nature observation using the directions below.
Day 10 April 2 <sup>nd</sup>	Go to the link <a href="https://www.curriculumpathways.com/portal/Launch?id=71">https://www.curriculumpathways.com/portal/Launch?id=71</a> and log in with Clever. Complete the assignment by putting it in a word doc and sharing that with my email. Use these links to supplement any that don’t work on the assignment. <a href="https://flexbooks.ck12.org/cbook/ck-12-middle-school-earth-science-flexbook-2.0/section/4.5/primary/lesson/rocks-ms-es">https://flexbooks.ck12.org/cbook/ck-12-middle-school-earth-science-flexbook-2.0/section/4.5/primary/lesson/rocks-ms-es</a> <a href="https://flexbooks.ck12.org/cbook/ck-12-middle-school-earth-science-flexbook-2.0/section/4.6/primary/lesson/rocks-and-processes-of-the-rock-cycle-ms-es">https://flexbooks.ck12.org/cbook/ck-12-middle-school-earth-science-flexbook-2.0/section/4.6/primary/lesson/rocks-and-processes-of-the-rock-cycle-ms-es</a>
Day 11 April 3 <sup>rd</sup>	Log into BrainPOP using your Clever account. Watch the video and take the graded quiz for “ <b>Rock Cycle</b> ”.

## Article Summary

*Source: (magazine or web site name)*

*Article Title:*

*Date of Publication:*

\* one thing that seemed important

? words/phrases you did not understand or would like to know more about

! anything you found surprising or especially interesting

♥ your favorite part

≡B key part you would share with others about the article

1. Paragraph one Identify the main claim of the article. State what the main claim is followed by a **because** statement. [ex. *The article claimed that climate change is occurring, because average global temperatures have risen by more than 1 degree Celsius over the past 100 years.*] State the main claim again and this time follow it up with a **but** statement. [ex. *The article claimed that climate change is occurring, but even with plenty of data to support the current rise it is not clear what a continued rise will do to the worlds weather.*] State the main claim again and this time follow it up with a **so** statement. [ex. *The article claimed that climate change is occurring, so we should be thinking about ways that we can keep the temperatures from continuing to rise.*]
2. Paragraph two How well was the main idea of the article presented. Did the images and information given make the main idea easier to understand? What worked in the presentation or what could have been done to make the main idea clearer? Was there to little or too much information?
3. Paragraph three is about how the information relates to you. What impact might the information have on your life? Who might the information presented be useful to? What questions did the article leave you with?

## Nature Observations Grading Criteria

### Criteria

Correct Heading written in the correct location(4 pts) - Date, time, weather, specific location, object
Neat, Legible, well-written paragraph, complete sentences (4 pts) - Can I easily read your nature journal? Is there one complete paragraph? Are the sentences complete?
Detailed, specific, Description (4pts) - Have you written a detailed description of the object? Can I read what you wrote and understand what object you are talking about?
Ten (10) full lines of an observation (4pts) - Are ten full lines completely filled with your observation? Is the observation written from margin to margin?
Observed 1 object or interaction during the observation (4pts) - Have you written your observation about only one object or interaction?