

Connie Cheston, Pat Peoples, Rick Wilkerson

Primary School Curriculum Pacing Guide		
ELA	NCSCOS:	NCSCOS Extensions:
Introduction to Alphabet	Kindergarten:	Kindergarten:
	<ul> <li>1.02 Develop phonemic awareness and knowledge of alphabetic principle:</li> <li>demonstrate understanding that spoken language is a sequence of identifiable speech sounds.</li> <li>demonstrate understanding that the sequence of letters in the written word represents the sequence of sounds in the spoken word.</li> <li>demonstrate understanding of the sounds of letters and understanding that words begin and end alike (onsets and rimes).</li> </ul> Grade 1:	Develop phonemic awareness.  Attend to pictures, text, environmental print or symbols.  Grade 1:



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1.01 Develop phonemic awareness and Demonstrate awareness of letters and non-letters. demonstrate knowledge of alphabetic Develop phonemic awareness – attend to principle: similarities and differences in sound. count syllables in a word. blend the phonemes of one-syllable words. Demonstrate awareness of symbol/letter-sound segment the phonemes of one-syllable relationships words. • change the beginning, middle, and ending sounds to produce new words. • create and state a series of rhyming words that may include consonant blends (e.g., flag, brag). Grade 2: Grade 2: Demonstrate awareness of symbol/letter-sound 1.01 Use phonics knowledge and structural relationships analysis (e.g., knowledge of syllables, suffixes, prefixes, root words) to decode regular multisyllable words when reading text.



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Math	NCSCOS:	NCSCOS Extensions:
Introduction to Numbers (Words and Numbers)	Kindergarten:  1.01 Develop number sense for whole numbers through 30.  a) Connect model, number word (orally), and number, using a variety of representations.  Grade 1:	Kindergarten:  Develop number sense for whole numbers (from the set 0-30).  Represent numbers in different forms.  Grade 1:
	1.03 Develop flexibility in solving problems by selecting strategies and using mental computation, estimation, calculators or computers, and paper and pencil.	Represent numbers in different forms.
	Grade 2:	Grade 2:
	1.01 Develop number sense for whole numbers through 99.	Develop number sense for whole numbers (from the set 0-99).
	a) Connect the model, number word, and number using a variety of representations.	Represent numbers in different forms.



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Science	NCSCOS:	NCSCOS Extensions:
Introduction to Science (Who, What, When, Where, Why, etc.)	Kindergarten:  Nature of Science	Kindergarten: Unifying Concepts
	<ul> <li>Science as a human endeavor.</li> <li>Science as inquiry.</li> <li>The nature of scientific inquiry.</li> </ul> Science as Inquiry <ul> <li>Abilities necessary to do scientific inquiry.</li> <li>Abilities necessary to understand, to use, and to apply the unifying concepts and processes of science including:</li> <li>Evidence, explanation, measurement.</li> <li>Ordering, organizing.</li> <li>Changes (time, rate, scale, patterns, trends, cycles).</li> <li>Systems.         <ul> <li>boundaries</li> <li>components.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Systems, Order and Organization.</li> <li>Evidence, Models, and Explanation.</li> <li>Constancy, Change, and Measurement.</li> <li>Evolution and Equilibrium.</li> <li>Form and Function.</li> </ul>



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Grade 1:	Grade 1:
<ul> <li>Impacts of science and technology on their daily lives.</li> <li>The relationship of science to personal health and welfare.</li> <li>Characteristics of and changes i populations.</li> <li>Applications of science and technology to local challenges.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Ability to use and create technological designs.</li> <li>Understanding about technolog and design.</li> <li>Ability to distinguish between natural and human made object</li> <li>Science in Personal and Social Perspectives</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>resources.</li> <li>flow.</li> <li>feedback.</li> <li>Form, function, equilibrium.</li> <li>Models.</li> </ul> Science and Technology	



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- Systems, Order and Organization.
- Evidence, Models, and Explanation.
- Constancy, Change, and Measurement.
- Evolution and Equilibrium.
- Form and Function.

#### **Nature of Science**

- Science as a human endeavor.
- Science as inquiry.
- The nature of scientific inquiry.

#### **Science as Inquiry**

- Abilities necessary to do scientific inquiry.
- Abilities necessary to understand, to use, and to apply the unifying concepts and processes of science including:
- Evidence, explanation, measurement.
- Ordering, organizing.
- Changes (time, rate, scale, patterns, trends, cycles).
- Systems.

- Systems, Order and Organization.
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resources. flow. feedback. Form, function, equilibrium. Models.  Science and Technology  Ability to use and create technological designs. Understanding about technology and design. Ability to distinguish between natural and human made objects.  Science in Personal and Social Perspectives  Impacts of science and technology on their daily lives. The relationship of science to personal health and welfare. Characteristics of and changes in populations. Applications of science and technology to local challenges.	Grade 2:	Grade 2:
<ul> <li>resources.</li> <li>flow.</li> <li>feedback.</li> <li>Form, function, equilibrium.</li> <li>Models.</li> </ul> Science and Technology <ul> <li>Ability to use and create technological designs.</li> <li>Understanding about technology and design.</li> <li>Ability to distinguish between natural and human made objects.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>on their daily lives.</li> <li>The relationship of science to personal health and welfare.</li> <li>Characteristics of and changes in populations.</li> <li>Applications of science and</li> </ul>	
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<ul> <li>resources.</li> <li>flow.</li> <li>feedback.</li> <li>Form, function, equilibrium.</li> <li>Models.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>technological designs.</li> <li>Understanding about technology and design.</li> <li>Ability to distinguish between</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>resources.</li> <li>flow.</li> <li>feedback.</li> <li>Form, function, equilibrium.</li> </ul>	Science and Technology	
o boundaries	<ul> <li>components.</li> <li>resources.</li> <li>flow.</li> <li>feedback.</li> <li>Form, function, equilibrium.</li> </ul>	



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#### **Unifying Concepts**

- Systems, Order and Organization.
- Evidence, Models, and Explanation.
- Constancy, Change, and Measurement.
- Evolution and Equilibrium.
- Form and Function.

#### **Nature of Science**

- Science as a human endeavor.
- Science as inquiry.
- The nature of scientific inquiry.

#### **Science as Inquiry**

- Abilities necessary to do scientific inquiry.
- Abilities necessary to understand, to use, and to apply the unifying concepts and processes of science including:
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#### **Unifying Concepts**

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	patterns, trends, cycles).  Systems.  boundaries  components.  resources.  flow.  feedback.  Form, function, equilibrium.  Models.	
	Science and Technology	
	<ul> <li>Ability to use and create technological designs.</li> <li>Understanding about technology and design.</li> <li>Ability to distinguish between natural and human made objects.</li> </ul>	
	Science in Personal and Social Perspectives	
	<ul> <li>Impacts of science and technology on their daily lives.</li> <li>The relationship of science to personal health and welfare.</li> <li>Characteristics of and changes in populations.</li> <li>Applications of science and</li> </ul>	



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	technology to local challenges.	



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Social Studies	NCSCOS:	NCSCOS Skills:
Introduction to School (Who, What, When, Where, Why, etc.)	Kindergarten:	Kindergarten:
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2.01 Use appropriate sources of information.	The learner will acquire strategies to access a variety of sources, and use appropriate research
	2.02 Explore print and non-print materials.	skills to gather, synthesize, and report information
	2.03 Utilize different types of technology.	using diverse modalities to demonstrate the knowledge acquired.
	2.04 Utilize community-related resources such as field trips, guest speakers, and interviews.	
	2.05 Transfer information from one medium to another such as written to visual and statistical to written.	
	2.06 Create written, oral, musical, visual, and theatrical presentations of social studies information.	
	Grade 1:	Grade 1:
	2.01 Use appropriate sources of information.	The learner will acquire strategies to access a variety of sources, and use appropriate research



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2.02 Explore print and non-print materials. skills to gather, synthesize, and report information using diverse modalities to demonstrate the 2.03 Utilize different types of technology. knowledge acquired. 2.04 Utilize community-related resources such as field trips, guest speakers, and interviews. 2.05 Transfer information from one medium to another such as written to visual and statistical to written. 2.06 Create written, oral, musical, visual, and theatrical presentations of social studies information. Grade 2: Grade 2: The learner will acquire strategies to access a 2.01 Use appropriate sources of information. variety of sources, and use appropriate research

- 2.02 Explore print and non-print materials.
- 2.03 Utilize different types of technology.
- 2.04 Utilize community-related resources such as field trips, guest speakers, and interviews.
- 2.05 Transfer information from one medium to another such as written to visual and statistical to written.

The learner will acquire strategies to access a variety of sources, and use appropriate research skills to gather, synthesize, and report information using diverse modalities to demonstrate the knowledge acquired.



information.

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August	ugust		
	2.06 Create written, oral, musical, visual, and		