Glencoe

Marketing Essentials



Chapter 2

the marketing plan

Section 2.1 Marketing Planning

Section 2.2 Market Segmentation





Before You Read

CONNECT Suppose you had to market yourself as a student. What are your strengths?



OBJECTIVES

- Learn how to conduct a SWOT analysis.
- List the three key areas of an internal company analysis.
- Identify the factors in a PEST analysis.
- Explain the basic elements of a marketing plan.



THE MAIN IDEA

A company looks at itself and the world around it to create a marketing plan for reaching goals.



VOCABULARY

- SWOT analysis
- PEST analysis
- marketing plan
- executive summary
- situation analysis
- marketing strategy
- sales forecasts
- performance standard



Graphic Organizer

Marketing Plan

1. Executive Summary	
2. Situation Analysis	
3. Objectives	
4. Marketing Strategies	
5. Implementation	
6. Evaluation and Control	



Graphic Organizer

Marketing Plan

1. Executive Summary	Provides an overview of plan and explains costs involved in implementing the plan.	
2. Situation Analysis	Provides an examination of factors and trends that affect marketing strategies.	
3. Objectives	Describes what the plan will accomplish.	
4. Marketing Strategies	Identifies target markets and marketing mix choices focused on those markets.	
5. Implementation	Outlines how implementation will be accomplished and provides sales forecasts.	
6. Evaluation and Control	Explains how objectives will be measured and who will evaluate.	



SWOT Analysis

SWOT Analysis prepares a company for competition or a changing marketplace

provides guidance and direction for future marketing strategies



SWOT analysis

An assessment of a company's strengths and weaknesses and the opportunities and threats that surround it; SWOT: strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, threats.



SWOT Analysis





Internal Strengths and Weaknesses

The three C's of internal analysis



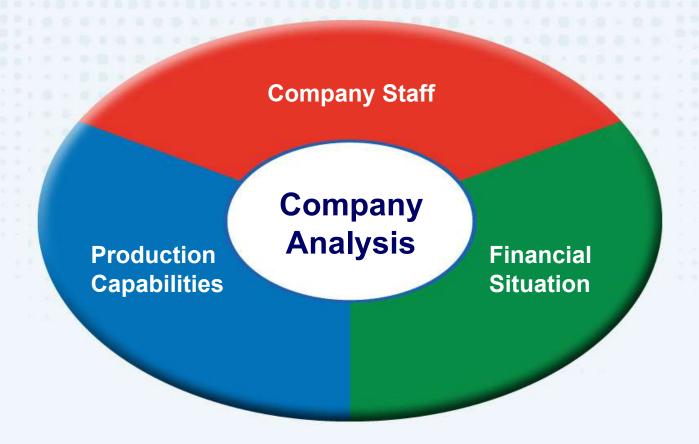
ustomers

ompetition

Strengths and weaknesses are internal factors that affect a business's operation. See page 31 for sample Company Analysis questions. Staff, Financial, Production



Internal Strengths and Weaknesses





Internal Strengths and Weaknesses

Graphic Organizer

MARKETING MIX (FOUR Ps)

P PRODUCT P PLACE
P PRICE PROMOTION

P PRODUCT

Choosing what products to make and sell.



Internal Strengths and Weaknesses

Graphic Organizer

MARKETING MIX (FOUR Ps)

P	PRODUCT	P	PLACE
P	PRICE	P	PROMOTION

P PRODUCT

Choosing what products to make and sell.

- Product development
- Product design
- Product features
- Product improvements



Internal Strengths and Weaknesses

Graphic Organizer

MARKETING MIX (FOUR Ps)

P PRODUCT P PLACE
P PRICE P PROMOTION

PRICE

What is exchanged for the product?



Internal Strengths and Weaknesses

Graphic Organizer

MARKETING MIX (FOUR Ps)

P	PRODUCT	P	PLACE
P	PRICE	P	PROMOTION

P PRICE

What is exchanged for the product?

- What are the customers willing to pay?
- Consumer prices versus reseller price.
- What does the competition charge?



Internal Strengths and Weaknesses

Graphic Organizer

MARKETING MIX (FOUR Ps)

P	PRODUCT	P	PLACE
P	PRICE	P	PROMOTION

P PLACE

The means of getting the product into the consumers' hands.



Internal Strengths and Weaknesses

Graphic Organizer

MARKETING MIX (FOUR Ps)

P	PRODUCT	P	PLACE
P	PRICE	P	PROMOTION

P PLACE

The means of getting the product into the consumers' hands.

- Which geographic areas?
- Which channels of distribution?
- Sold directly or through intermediaries?



Internal Strengths and Weaknesses

Graphic Organizer

MARKETING MIX (FOUR Ps)

P	PRODUCT	P	PLACE
P	PRICE	P	PROMOTION

P PROMOTION

How customers will be told about a company's products.



Internal Strengths and Weaknesses

Graphic Organizer

MARKETING MIX (FOUR Ps)

P	PRODUCT	P	PLACE
P	PRICE	P	PROMOTION

P PROMOTION

How customers will be told about a company's products.

- Advertising, personal selling, sales promotions, and publicity.
- The message and the media selected.



Internal Strengths and Weaknesses

What do customer surveys and customer interviews reveal?

Who are the customers?

How do groups of customers differ from one another?

What, when, where, and how much do they buy?

How do customers rate the company on quality, service, and value?

Is your customer base increasing or decreasing? Why?

Database Technology-Catalog companies use databases to analyze buying patterns. Companies with this technology have a major advantage over competitors. Structure price, promotion and product selection. Monitor customers with surveys.



Internal Strengths and Weaknesses

Questions that help a company analyze its internal competitive position:

What is the company's market share?

What advantages does the company have over its competitors?

What core competencies does the company possess?

Are competitors taking business away? Why?

External factors-Losing market share is weakness and a larger market share than a competitor is a strength. **Need to know what competitors are doing at all times.**

Notice change in competitor's financial situation.

Ex: Starbucks became larges coffee company in the world – bu relied too marketing essentials chapter 2 the marketing plan much on U.S. sales. When the economy went down, consumers wanted a cheaper option.



Internal Strengths and Weaknesses

3	1
	5
	3
•	7

INTERNAL		EXTERNAL		
STRENGTHS	WEAKNESSES	OPPORTUNITIES	THREATS	
 large market share reputation for quality creative product developers 	low profitfew employees	 competitors going out of business strong economy few direct competitors 	legal issuesdecreasing amounts of natural resources	



Losing market share would be a external weakness. Gaining market share over a competitor would be an external strength.

Need to know what competitors are doing at all times.

Notice change in competitor's financial situation. Ex: Starbucks became larges coffee company in the world – but relied too much on U.S. sales. When the economy went down, consumers wanted a cheaper option.

A SWOT analysis allows a company to react and make changes to the marketing mix.



PEST Analysis

Four Factors of a PEST Analysis **Political**

Economic

Socio-Cultural

Technological

PEST analysis

Scanning of outside influences on an organization.



PEST Analysis

Political Issues

Government affects business operations

Economic Issues

- Recession
- Unemployment
- Currency Rates
- Import Pricing
- Trade Restrictions

Socio-Cultural Factors

Changes in attitudes, lifestyles, and opinions provide opportunities and threats

Technology

Companies must embrace technology and innovate to stay competitive



Political – government involved in business. -laws & regulations, structure

- 1. Global regulations in foreign countries
- 2. Do Not Call registry-no telemarketers
- 3. Illegal music downloads from the internet

Economic– recessions, unemployment, currency rates, import pricing, trade restrictions.

When the economy is good, invest in new products and buildings and expand.

A recession would change that



Economic Factors include:

- Unemployment-when unemployment goes down, consumers may spend more and companies can grow.
- Currency Rates-Changes in the exchange rates of foreign currency may make products cheaper or more expensive in that country.
- Import Pricing-Selling imported products at a very low price is a threat to all businesses in that industry.
- 4. Trade Restriction-lowering or raising tariffs on imported goods might be a threat or an opportunity.

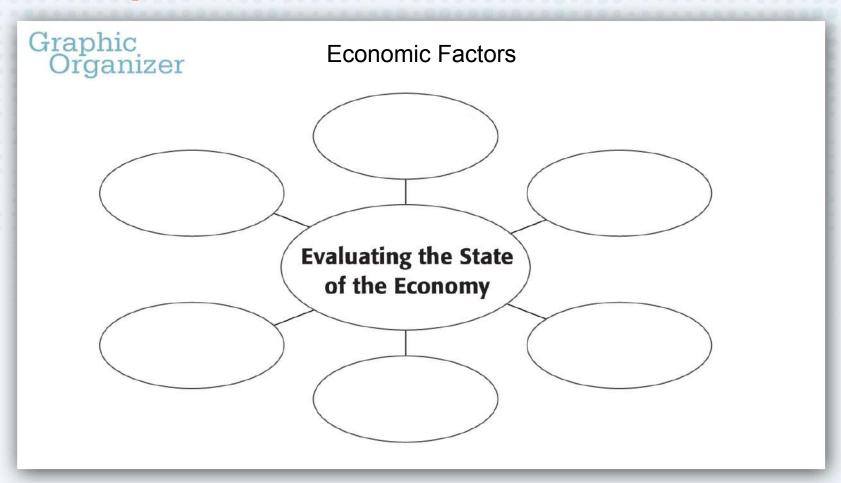
Socio-cultural Factors – changes in attitudes, lifestyle, opinions, income, education, etc.

-Diversity & Health (two big factors that have changed)

Technology – changing technology can hurt a business (Newspapers and digital photography)

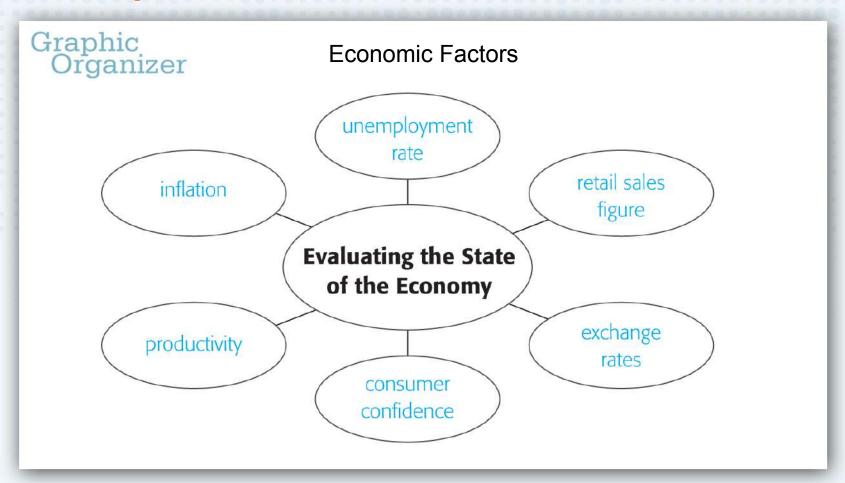


PEST Analysis





PEST Analysis





Writing a Marketing Plan

Marketers create a marketing plan to communicate aspects such as:

Analysis and Research

Goals

Objectives

Strategies



marketing Plan

A formal written document that directs a company's activities for a specific period of time.



Writing a Marketing Plan

Executive Summary

Situation Analysis

Objectives

Marketing Strategies

Implementation

Evaluation and Control

executive summary

A brief overview of the entire marketing plan.



The study of the internal and external factors that affect marketing strategies

marketing strategies

Strategy that identifies target markets and sets marketing mix choices that focus on those markets

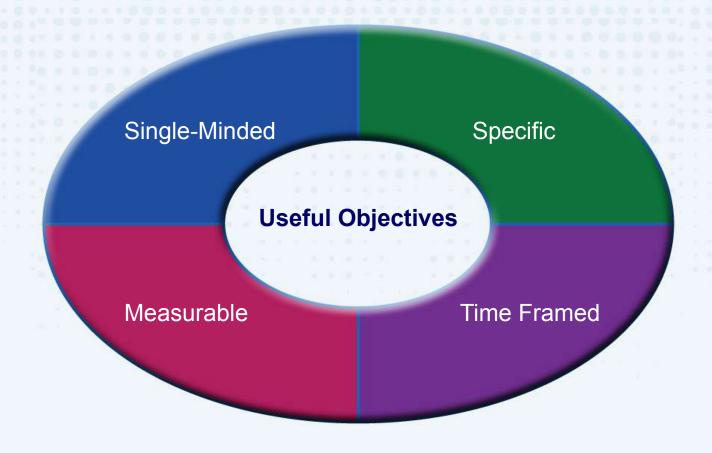
Elements

of a

Marketing Plan



Writing a Marketing Plan





Writing a Marketing Plan

Graphic Organizer

Marketing Plan Objectives

Objective	
Single-minded	
Specific	
Realistic	
Measurable	
Time framed	



Writing a Marketing Plan

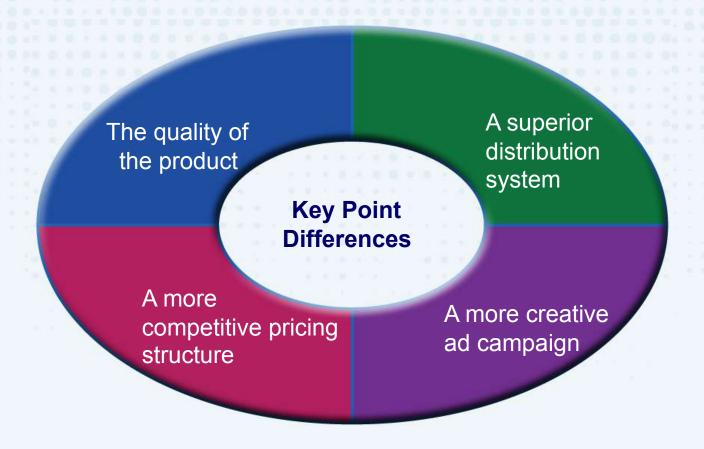
Graphic Organizer

Marketing Plan Objectives

Objective	To increase sales of bottled water at airport kiosks by 10% by the end of this year.
Single-minded	This objective has only one topic.
Specific	This objective is specific to bottled water sold at airport kiosks.
Realistic	This objective is realistic because the airport has the resources necessary to achieve the goal.
Measurable	This objective identifies the percentage increase required, making it measurable.
Time framed	This objective has specific end date by which the objective must be achieved.



Writing a Marketing Plan





Writing a Marketing Plan

Implementation

Schedule of activities

Job assignments

Sales forecasts

Budgets

Details of each activity

Who is responsible for each activity

A marketing strategy identifies target markets and sets marketing mix choices that focus on those markets.



sales forecasts

The projection of probable, future sales in units or dollars.



Writing a Marketing Plan

Performance standards help assess

Marketing Objectives

Financial Objectives

Marketing Mix Strategies



performance standard

An expectation for performance that reflects the plan's objectives.

Marketing Audit-The marketing process is ongoing. Plan, implement, and control. Did we meet the objective? Make adjustments. Evaluate.



Writing a Marketing Plan

Graphic Organizer

An Effective Marketing Strategy		
Identifies		
Sets that focus on target markets.		
Takes the customer's into account		
Takes the objectives of the into account.		
Focuses on the key points of difference: the		



Writing a Marketing Plan

Graphic Organizer

An Effective Marketing Strategy

Identifies target markets

Sets marketing mix choices that focus on target markets.

Takes the customer's needs and wants into account

Takes the objectives of the marketing plan into account.

Focuses on the key points of difference: the <u>competitive</u> advantage





After You Read

Section 2.1

 Explain the four aspects of a SWOT analysis and tell how it fits into a marketing plan.

Four aspects of a SWOT analysis:

- internal strengths
- weaknesses
- external opportunities
- threats

The results of a SWOT analysis are reported in the situational analysis of a marketing plan.





After You Read

Section 2.1

List the four areas that are investigated in PEST analysis and explain why the knowledge gained can be valuable to a company.

External threats and opportunities include

- competition
- environmental scan of political issues
- economic factors
- socio-cultural factors
- technological changes

An accurate analysis of those factors helps a company prepare for threats such as competition or a changing marketplace.





After You Read

Section 2.1

Describe how the marketing mix relates to the implementation of a marketing plan.

The marketing process keeps going through three phases:

- planning
- implementation
- control

The marketing audit at the end of the process evaluates a company's marketing objectives, strategies, budgets, organization, and performance. It identifies problem areas in marketing operations. A marketing audit is done on a formal basis once a year and on an informal basis continuously.





Before You Read

CONNECT Think of all the ways a marketer might describe you as a consumer. Begin with your age and gender, then get more specific about your shopping and requirements.



OBJECTIVES

- Explain the concept of market segmentation.
- Analyze a target market.
- Differentiate between mass marketing and market segmentation.



THE MAIN IDEA

The key to marketing is to know your customer or target market. Market segmentation helps identify the target market.



VOCABULARY

- market segmentation
- demographics
- disposable income
- discretionary income
- geographics
- psychographics
- mass marketing



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Market Segmentation

Methods of Segmentation	Reasons for Use
Demographics	
Geographics	
Psychographics	
Behavioral Characteristics	



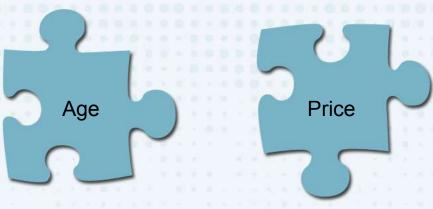
Graphic Organizer

Market Segmentation

Methods of Segmentation	Reasons for Use
Demographics	People with different personal characteristics have different needs and interests.
Geographics	People's needs vary depending on where they live.
Psychographics	Lifestyle has an impact on how money is spent.
Behavioral Characteristics	Behavioral characteristics influence shopping patterns.



Identifying and Analyzing Markets



Market Segmentation



market segmentation

The process of classifying people who form a given market into even smaller groups.



Identifying and Analyzing Markets

Government Data

Private Research

Trade Associations

Company Research

A company gathers data from multiple sources.



Types of Segmentation

Demographic

Age

Gender

Income

Marital status

Ethnic background

Geographic

Local

State

Regional

National

Global

Psychographic

Attitudes

Opinions

Interests

Activities

Personality

Values

Behavioral

Shopping **Patterns**

Decisionmaking process

demographic

Statistics that describe a population in terms of personal characteristics such as age, gender, income, marital status, and ethnic background.



psychographic

Grouping people with similar attitudes, interests, and opinions, as well as lifestyles and shared values.



Types of Segmentation

Labels Used to Segment by Generation





Types of Segmentation

Income

Disposable Income

Discretionary Income



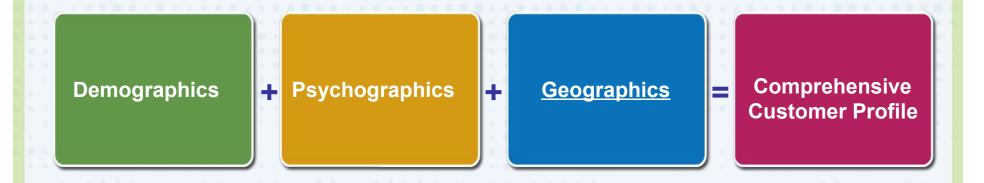
Money left after taking out taxes.



Money left after paying for basic living necessities such as food, shelter, and clothing.



Types of Segmentation

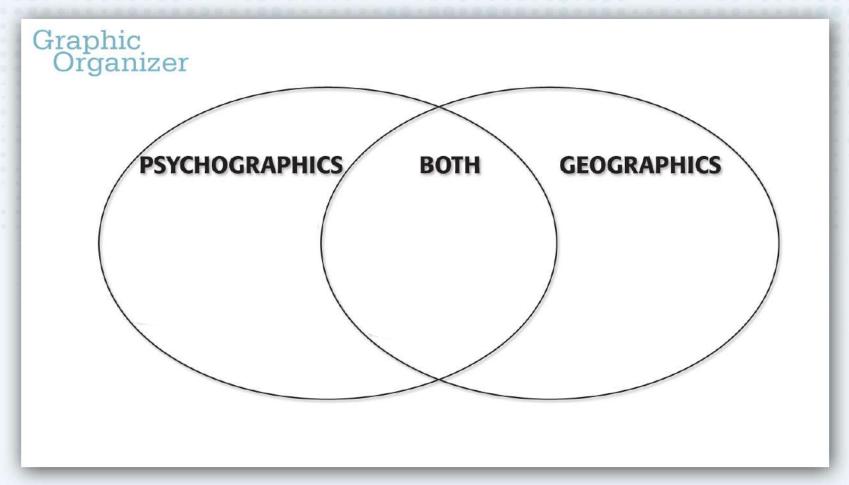




Segmentation of the market based on where people live.

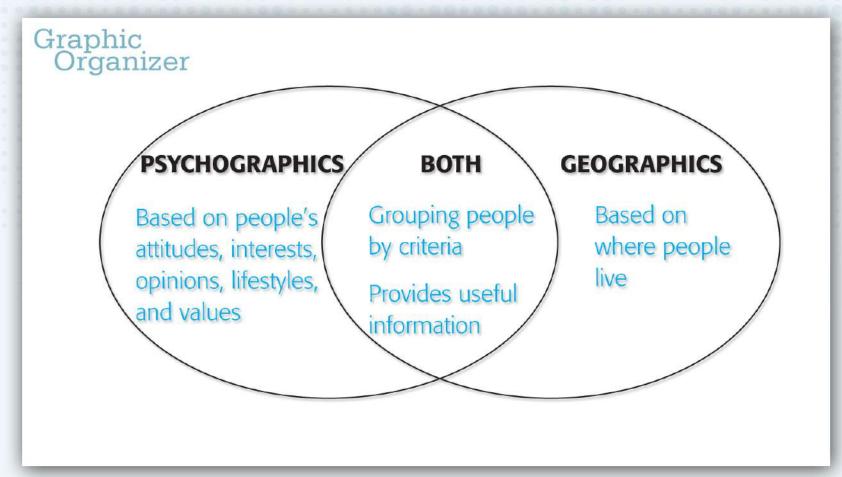


Types of Segmentation





Types of Segmentation





Types of Segmentation





Types of Segmentation



80 percent of a company's sales...

are generated by 20 percent of its loyal customers



Mass Marketing Vs. Segmentation

Mass Marketing

Advantages

- Economics of scale
- Simplified marketing plan

Disadvantage

 Competitors can identify unmet needs and wants and then steal customers

mass marketing

Using a single marketing strategy to reach all customers.



Mass Marketing Vs. Segmentation

Niche Marketing

Advantages

- Extremely precise
- Increased chance for success

Disadvantage

- Cost
 - Research
 - Production
 - Packaging
 - Advertising





After You Read

Section 2.2

 Explain how much segmentation can help a company increase its market share.

Market segmentation allows a company to more accurately target potential customers, thereby taking customers away from competitors who may not have done as good a job of meeting the needs of the targeted market segment.





After You Read

Section 2.2

2. Define the four factors that are used to describe a target market.

Four factors used to describe a target market are demographics, geographics, psychographics, and behavioral characteristics.





After You Read

Section 2.2

List the advantages and disadvantages of niche marketing.

An advantage of niche marketing is that it narrows and defines a market with extreme precision, thereby increasing the chances of success. A disadvantage is that niche marketing is expensive. Because the market is relatively small, niche marketing does not result in the economies of scale that can be obtained in mass marketing. Research is required to identify target markets and develop different marketing strategies.

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Marketing Essentials



Chapter 2

the marketing plan

Section 2.1 Marketing Planning

Section 2.2 Market Segmentation