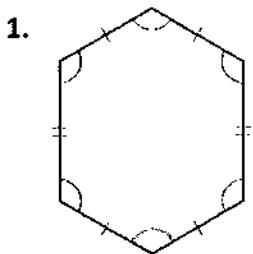


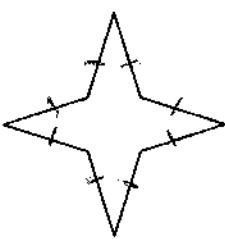
For numbers 1 and 2, do the following: (3 points each)

- Name the polygon based on the number of sides.
- Is the polygon equilateral, equiangular, regular, or none?
- Is the polygon concave or convex?



1. a) hexagon
b) equiangular
c) Convex

2.



- a) octagon
b) equilateral
c) Concave

3. Find the sum of the measures of the interior angles in a convex 13-gon.

$$(13-2)180 = 1980^\circ$$

4. Find the measure of each interior angle in a regular 13-gon.

$$\frac{\text{total}}{\# \text{ sides}} = \frac{(13-2)180}{13} \approx 152.31^\circ$$

5. Find the sum of the measures of the exterior angles of a convex decagon.

$$360^\circ$$

6. Find the measure of each exterior angle of a regular decagon.

$$\frac{360^\circ}{10} = 36^\circ$$

7. The measure of each interior angle of a regular n -gon is 162° . Find the value of n .

$$\frac{(n-2)180^\circ}{n} = 162$$

$$180n - 360 = 162n$$

$$18n = 360 \quad n = 20 \text{ sides}$$

OR $\frac{180 \cdot 62^\circ}{18^\circ} = 20$

\nearrow
exterior \neq

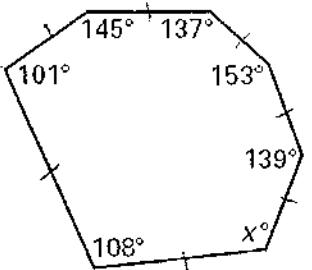
$$\frac{360^\circ}{18^\circ} = 20$$

interior \neq
 162° 36° ext

8. The measure of each exterior angle of a regular n -gon is 15° . Find the value of n .

$$\frac{360^\circ}{15} = 24$$

9. Find the value of x .



7 sided polygon - heptagon

$$(7-2)180 = 900^\circ \quad \text{total sum}$$

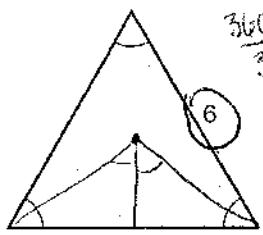
$$x + 139 + 153 + 137 + 145 + 101 + 108 = 900$$

783

$$x = 117^\circ$$

Find the area of each regular polygon:

10.



$$\frac{360}{6} = 120^\circ \text{ central angle}$$

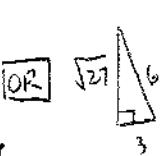


$$\tan 60^\circ = \frac{3}{h}$$

$$h \approx 1.73$$

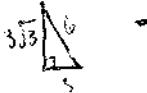
$$A_{\Delta} = \frac{1}{2}(1.73)(6) = 5.20$$

$$A_{\text{big}} = 15.54$$

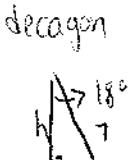
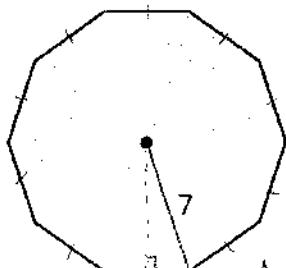


$$A = \frac{\sqrt{27}}{2}(6)$$

$$= 15.59$$



12.



$$\frac{360}{10} = 36^\circ \text{ central angle}$$

$$\sin 18 = \frac{x}{7} \quad x = 2.16$$

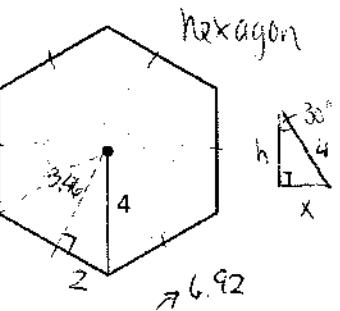
$$\cos 18 = \frac{h}{7} \quad h = 6.66$$

$$A_{\Delta} = \frac{1}{2}(6.66)(4.32) = 14.38$$

$$A_{\text{dec}} = 10 \cdot A_{\Delta} = 10(14.38)$$

$$= 143.8 \text{ units}^2$$

11.



Hexagon

$$\frac{360}{6} = 60^\circ \text{ central angle}$$

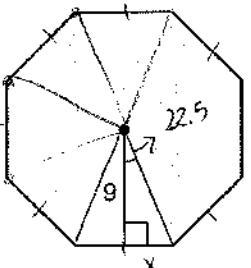
$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} = \sin 30^\circ$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} = \cos 30^\circ$$

$$A_{\text{big}} = A_{\text{small}} \cdot 6$$

$$= 41.60 \text{ units}^2$$

13.



$$\text{octagon } \frac{360}{8} = 45^\circ \text{ central angle}$$

$$\tan 22.5 = \frac{x}{9}$$

$$x \approx 3.73$$

$$A_{\Delta} = \frac{1}{2}(3.73)(2)(9)$$

$$= 33.55$$

$$A_{\text{big}} = A_{\Delta} \cdot 8$$

$$= (33.55)(8) = 268.41$$

$$\text{units}^2$$

