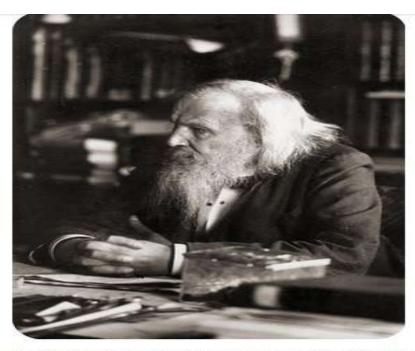


INTRODUCTION TO
ATOMS,ELEMENTS, AND IONS
PART 3- "DEALING" WITH THE
PERIODIC TABLE

## Review of what Mendeleev did.



Mendeleev was a teacher as well as a chemist. He was writing a chemistry textbook and wanted to find a way to organize the 63 known elements so it would be easier for students to learn about them. He made a set of cards of the elements, similar to a deck of playing cards. On each card, he wrote the name of a different element, its atomic mass, and other known properties. Mendeleev arranged and rearranged the cards in many different ways, looking for a pattern. He finally found it when he placed the elements in order by increasing atomic mass.

Q: What is atomic mass? Why might it be a good basis for organizing elements?

A: Atomic mass is the mass of one atom of an element. It is about equal to the mass of the protons plus the neutrons in an atom. It is a good basis for organizing elements because each element has a unique number of protons and atomic mass is an indirect way of organizing elements by number of protons.

## We will do what Mendeleev did.

- Download the element cards in the lesson
- Cut out each element card.
- Going left to right arrange the elements using increasing atomic mass.

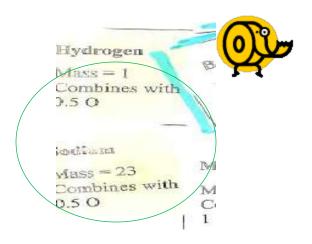
(don't leave spaces for missing numbers)

Going top to bottom arrange in columns with similar combing powers — the colors with help you (don't leave spaces for missing numbers )

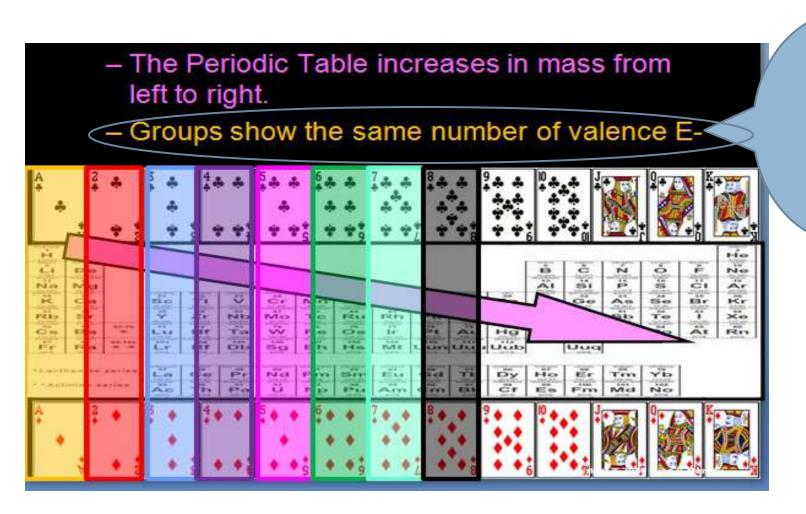
(You will have 7 elements across and 3 rows down)

☐ Tape or glue down to hold in place.





## These arrangements are similar to how you arranged your playing cards



Same as Combing Power

## Just like Mendeleev, you found the patterns

□ Take the Quiz to answer questions about this acitivity and how it relates to what Mendeleev did.

■Thanks!

 $\square$ The End

