OWN YOUR OWN

What Is The Entrepreneurial Challenge?

Objective A

Describe the risks and rewards of entrepreneurship



So What?

- There are boundless opportunities in starting a business.
 - A. Sixty percent of new businesses are started by people between 25 and 40 years old.
 - B. Seventy percent of 14-19 year olds want to start their own businesses.
- More young people are starting their own businesses.
 - http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LevOTJWPV-w
 - http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cl2G3_aFHf8
 - http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Zfz90xlvh4c
 - http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_2bo3v97c8A
 - http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=11bOrQG3xMw

Have You Done Any of These?

- Lemonade stand
- Lawn care or mowing
- Washing cars
- Babysitting/childcare
- Pet walking services
- ?
- Examples of entrepreneurial ventures





Do You Have What It Takes?

- Personal traits
- Interests
- Skills
- Desires



What is the Entrepreneurial Challenge?

- Cameron Johnson, Ashley Qualls and Bill Gates are all entrepreneurs.
 - Someone who invents, develops, and distributes a good or provides a service
 - Assumes the risk of starting and building the business
 - Receives personal and financial rewards for his/her efforts
 - Recognizes opportunities and acts on them

Elise Macmillan

- Ten-year-old Elise, with the help of her 13year-old brother started her business seven years ago.
 - Grandmother's chocolate recipe
 - Enter a marketplace for young entrepreneurs to sell her chocolate
 - Brother, Evan, helped her develop a business plan
 - Candy was a success
 - Expansion has increased sales now employ 40+ part-time employees in an industrial facility

Millionaire Teenagers

 http://www.youtube.com/watch? v=MZXHILQGquQ

Steve Jobs

 http://www.youtube.com/watch? v=gxo2rGr7Yfg

Comparisons

Entrepreneur

- Invents, develops, and distributes a good or provides a service
- Assumes the risks of starting and building the business
- Receives personal and financial rewards for his/her efforts
- Recognizes opportunities and acts on them

Comparisons (cont.)

Small-business owner

- Assumes the risks involved in business activities
- Receives personal and financial rewards for his/her efforts
- Is not interested in expanding or developing the business or its products
- Small businesses consist of 500 or fewer employees

Examples





Why Consider Entrepreneurship?

- Personal Satisfaction
- Additional Income
- Financial Independence
- Control of Own Workload
- Expanded Creativity
- Flexibility
- Corporate Downsizing



Factors Contributing to Entrepreneurial Development

- √ Technological advancements
- ✓ Increased availability of resources and support systems
- ✓ More options in obtaining financing
- ✓ U.S. legislative reforms and amendments

Trends Creating Opportunities for New Business Ventures

- Continuing technological developments
- Home-based businesses
- Women, minority ethnic populations, and youth businesses
- Outsourcing
- Sensitivity to cultural changes and needs

Entrepreneurial Risks

- ➤ Up to 80% of business start-ups fail; most within the first year.
- > Failure factors
 - Poor management
 - Lack of planning
 - Not keeping up-to-date with changes
 - Marketplace
 - Legal and tax regulations
 - Technical skills
 - Professional development

Issues

- 1. Money
- 2. Decision making
 - a. Entrepreneurs act as a jack-of-all trades
 - b. Entrepreneurs have total responsibility for decision making
 - c. Entrepreneurs are accountable for hiring, training, paying employees, budgeting, overhead, legal responsibilities, tax liabilities
- 3. Personal commitment
 - 1. Normal to work long hours, irregular hours, weekends, no vacation

Objective B

 Explain factors that relate to entrepreneurial success



How Entrepreneurs Succeed

√ Self-awareness

- Knowing strengths and weaknesses about personal traits and skills
- Once assessed, traits and skills can be enhanced
- Enhancements might lead to entrepreneurial success

√ Personal Traits

- Unique characteristic s expressed by a regular pattern of behavior
- The behavior becomes a part of you over time
- Some people think that entrepreneurs are "born"

Entrepreneurial Personality Traits

- Setting goals
- Thinking creatively
- Behaving independently
- Remaining persistent



- Exhibiting self-confidence
- Maintaining self-discipline
- Organizing
- Risk taking
- Decision making
- Being open-minded and flexible
- Establishing high standards
- Thriving on challenges

Example

 David and Rick Cantu

 Redapt Systems and Peripherals



Entrepreneurial Skills and Talents

- **♦** Many businesses are started because of people's
 - Natural talentsInterestsHobbies

♦ Skills

- Abilities that are developed by education, training, and practice
- Entrepreneurial skills
 - Physical and mental health
 - Communication and language
 - Math and finances
 - Problem solving
 - Leadership and team orientation
 - Technical skills
- Skills and personal traits can be developed or enhanced

Professional Development: A Must Do

- Options for professional development:
 - **₹ Technological tools (Internet)**
 - **Classes, seminars, workshops**
 - **Trade shows**
 - **₹Trade, business, or entrepreneurial associations**
 - **New Publications**
 - **Networking**
 - **Nolunteer work**



Which Path To Take?

Stacy

- Interested in fashion design
- Worked for a clothing retailer
- Designed a line of clothing that she is selling on her web site
- Also taking design classes at the regional art school

Julie

- Self-employed certified public accountant
- Had to pass an exam required by the state
- Obtain the knowledge at a state university
- Taking classes to remain certified

Make It Pay!

- Take an inventory of personal interests, skills, and traits
- Brainstorm and write down five things that interest you
- **◆**Talk to your employer about interests and goals
- ♦ Find someone at work who you think has an entrepreneurial spirit and talk to him/her about it
- Locate a local organization and consider joining it
- Check out community colleges or organizations that offer classes, workshops, seminars
- **♦**Find a mentor
- **♦** Network with entrepreneurs

The Gray Zone

Does Jack's situation create an ethical dilemma?

- 1. Is it appropriate for Jack to discuss his new business venture with clients who are doing business with his employer?
- 2. Is it ethical for him to attempt to take business away from his soon-to-be former employer? Why?
- 3. Should Jack advise Wendall, Caper, and Dobbins of his plans and his conversations with clients?
- 4. If you were Jack, what would you do?