

some answers to packet

Calculus Maximus

WS 5.2B : Mega Integration

$$7. \int \frac{\sin x}{\cos^5 x} dx$$

$$= \frac{(\cos x)^{-4}}{-4} + C$$

$$28. \int \frac{(\sqrt{x}-1)^2}{2\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\frac{2(\sqrt{x}-1)^3}{3} + C$$

$$9. \int \sqrt{x^3+x^2} (3x^2+2x) dx$$

$$\frac{2}{3} (x^3+x^2)^{3/2} + C$$

$$\frac{1}{2} 10. \int \frac{2x+1}{(x^2+2x+2)^3} dx$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{(x^2+2x+2)^{-2}}{-2} + C$$

$$11. \int \cos 2x \sqrt{\sin 2x} dx$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (\sin 2x)^{3/2} \cdot \frac{2}{3} + C$$

$$\frac{(\sin 2x)^{3/2}}{3} + C$$

$$12. \int (x+1) \sin(x^2+2x+3) dx$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \cos(x^2+2x+3) + C$$

$$13. \int \left(1 + \frac{1}{t}\right)^3 \frac{1}{t^2} dt$$

$$-\frac{1}{4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{t}\right)^4 + C$$

$$14. \int x^2 \sqrt{x^3+1} dx$$

$$\frac{1}{3} (x^3+1)^{3/2} \cdot \frac{2}{3} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{9} (x^3+1)^{3/2} + C$$

$$\frac{1}{3} 15. \int \frac{2}{\sqrt{3x-7}} dx$$

$$\frac{2}{3} (3x-7)^{1/2} \cdot 2$$

$$\frac{4}{3} (3x-7)^{1/2} + C$$

$$2 16. \int \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}(\sqrt{x}+1)^2} dx$$

$$-2 (\sqrt{x}+1)^{-1} + C$$

$$17. \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+1}} dx$$

$u = x+1$
 $u-1 = x$

$$\int (u-1) u^{-1/2} du$$

$$\int u^{1/2} - u^{-1/2} du$$

$$\frac{2}{3} u^{3/2} - 2u^{1/2} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{3} (x+1)^{3/2} - 2(x+1)^{1/2} + C$$

$$18. \int x \sqrt{2x+1} dx$$

$2x+1 = u$
 $2x = u-1$
 $x = \frac{u-1}{2}$
 $dx = \frac{du}{2}$

$$\int \left(\frac{u-1}{2} \cdot u^{1/2}\right) \frac{du}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \int (u^{3/2} - u^{1/2}) du$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{2}{5} u^{5/2} - \frac{2}{3} u^{3/2} \right) + C$$

$$\frac{(2x+1)^{5/2}}{10} - \frac{2(2x+1)^{3/2}}{3} + C$$

19. $\int \sqrt{x} \sqrt{x+1} dx$

$$\int \sqrt{x} (x^{3/2} + 1)^{1/2} dx \quad u = x^{3/2} + 1 \quad \frac{1}{2} \sec(x^2) + C$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \int u^{1/2} du$$

$$\frac{2}{3} u^{3/2} \cdot \frac{2}{3} + C$$

$$\frac{4}{9} (x^{3/2} + 1)^{3/2} + C$$

$$du = \frac{3}{2} x^{1/2} dx$$

$$\frac{2}{3} du = x^{1/2} dx$$

22. $\int \frac{x^2 + 2x}{x^2 + 2x + 1} dx$

23. $\int \frac{1}{x^2 + 6x + 9} dx$

$$\int (x+3)^{-2} dx$$

$$-1(x+3)^{-1} + C$$

24. $\int \frac{\sec^2 x}{(1 + \tan x)^3} dx$

$$u = 1 + \tan x$$

$$du = \sec^2 x dx$$

$$\int u^{-3} du = \frac{u^{-2}}{-2} + C$$

$$\frac{(1 + \tan x)^{-2}}{-2} + C$$

25. $\int \frac{3 \sin x}{(2 + 3 \cos x)^2} dx$

$$u = 2 + 3 \cos x$$

$$du = -3 \sin x dx$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{u^2} du$$

$$+\frac{1}{3} (2 + 3 \cos x)^{-1} + C$$

26. $\int x \tan^2(x^2) \sec^2(x^2) dx$

$$u = \tan(x^2)$$

$$du = \sec^2(x^2) \cdot 2x dx$$

$$\int u^2 \frac{du}{2} = \frac{\tan^3(x^2)}{6} + C$$

27. $\int (\tan 2x + \cot 2x)^2 dx$

28. $\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x e^{x^2}}{e^{x^2} + 1} dx$

$$u = e^{x^2} + 1$$

$$du = e^{x^2} \cdot 2x dx$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \ln(e^{x^2} + 1) + C$$

29. $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^2 + 5x - 6}} dx$

$$u = 1 + x^2$$

$$du = 2x dx$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \ln(1 + x^2) + C$$

$$31. \int \frac{4}{5x\sqrt{x^2-3}} dx$$

$$32. \int \frac{x^2}{1+x^2} dx$$

$$33. \int xe^{x^2} dx$$

$$u = x^2$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 2x \Rightarrow dx = \frac{du}{2x}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} e^{x^2} + C$$

$$34. \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x-1}} dx$$

$$35. \int \left(6x + \frac{7}{\sqrt{9-x^2}} \right) dx$$

$$36. \int x^2 \sqrt{x+1} dx$$

$$u = x+1$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 1 \Rightarrow dx = du$$

$$(u-1)^2 = x^2$$

$$(u-1)^{3/2} = x^{3/2}$$

$$\int (u-1)^2 \cdot u^{1/2} du =$$

$$\int (u^2 - 2u + 1) u^{1/2} du =$$

$$\int u^{5/2} - 2u^{3/2} + u^{1/2} du =$$

$$37. \int (1+e^{-x})^2 dx$$

$$\int (1 + 2e^{-x} + e^{-2x}) dx$$

$$x - 2e^{-x} + \frac{1}{2}e^{-2x} + C$$

$$38. \int \frac{6 \cos x - 2 \sin x}{6 \sin x + 2 \cos x} dx$$

$$u = 6 \sin x + 2 \cos x$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 6 \cos x - 2 \sin x$$

$$\int \frac{du}{u} = \ln u + C$$

$$\ln(6 \sin x + 2 \cos x) + C$$

$$39. \int \frac{4}{x} \sqrt[3]{(1+2 \ln x)^2} dx$$

$$40. \int \frac{2e^{\tan x} + 5}{\cos^2 x} dx$$

$$\int (2e^{\tan x} + 5) \sec^2 x dx$$

$$u = \tan x$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = \sec^2 x$$

$$\int 2e^{\tan x} \sec^2 x + 5 \sec^2 x dx$$

$$2e^{\tan x} + 5 \tan x + C$$

$$41. \int \frac{(1-x^2)^{-1/2}}{3+2 \arcsin x} dx$$

$$42. \int \frac{t^3}{\sqrt{1-t^8}} dt$$

$$u = t^4$$

$$\frac{du}{dt} = 4t^3 \Rightarrow dt = \frac{du}{4t^3}$$

$$\frac{du}{4} = t^3 dt$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{du}{\sqrt{1-u^2}} =$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \sin^{-1}(t^4) + C$$

$$43. \int \frac{5-x}{\sqrt{4-5x^2}} dx$$

$$\frac{2}{7} u^{7/2} - 2u^{5/2} \cdot \frac{2}{3} + u^{3/2} \cdot \frac{2}{3} + C$$

$$\frac{2}{7} (x+1)^{7/2} - \frac{4}{3} (x+1)^{5/2} + \frac{2}{3} (x+1)^{3/2} + C$$