Name:	Date:			
1	stipulated that a balance between slave and free states had to be maintained, as new states entered.			
	made it possible for slavery to be introduced into any new territory based on the decision of the residents.			
	A B C	The Kansas-Nebraska Act; The Missouri Compromise The Virginia Plan; The Lincoln-Douglas Debates The Missouri Compromise; The Kansas-Nebraska Act		
2	Most ca	Most career enlisted soldiers sided with the		
	A B	Confederacy Union		
3	How did the confederacy think they would win the Civil War? (Input all that apply; then push the ENTER button.)			
	A B C	Due to unstable politics in the North They were not dependent on the importation of food. Support from border states		
4	The entire Navy was destroyed during the battle on the Mississippi at Memplexcept for the			
		Confederate; CSS Virginia Confederate; CSS Arkansas Union; CSS Arkansas Union; CSS Virginia		
5	The battle at was the bloodiest battle of the war, with Confederate forces being led by General and Union forces being led by General			
	A B C D	Antietam; Lee; McClellan Gettysburg; Lee; Meade Chickamauga; Bragg/Longstreet; Rosecrans/Thomas Shiloh; Johnston; Grant		
6	A cannon very short in proportion to its bore, for firing shells at high angles			
	A B C	Missile Bazooka Mortar		

- What did Admiral Farragut's mean by his order "Damn the torpedoes"?
  - A He was unsure of what to do, therefore he had to hesitate.
  - B He wanted to continue with the planned course of action.
  - C He wanted to open fire on the Confederate ships.
- Put the following events in the order in which they happened. (Input the answers in the correct sequence, then push the ENTER button.)
  - A Battle of Mobile Bay
  - B Civil War beganC Lee surrendered

  - D Battle of Gettysburg
- 9 Why was the capture of New Orleans so important to the North?
  - A Because the Southern Navy was based here
  - B Because it was where the main Southern Army was located
  - C Because it would act as a beachhead for a Northern invasion of the South from behind
  - D Because it was the South's largest port
  - E Because it was the heart of the South's food production area
- 10 At the start of the Civil War, how many ships did the U.S. Navy have in home waters to support a blockade of Southern ports?
  - A 189
  - B 3
  - C 264
  - D 100
  - E 84
- 11 Which two countries were considering recognizing the South?
  - A England and France

  - B Italy and SpainC England and Portugal
  - D France and Spain
  - E Spain and England

- 12 What was the great significance of the battle between the USS Monitor and CSS Virginia?
  - A It meant that Union forces could land unopposed and capture Richmond.
  - B It marked the first use of rifled guns by naval warships.
  - C It was the first time Ironclad ships fought in combat.
  - D It was the first naval victory for the Southern Navy.
  - E It ended all further attempts by the South to run the Union blockade.
- 13 Which river was valuable to both sides because it cut through the heartland of the South?
  - A The Mississippi River
  - B The Columbia River
  - C The Snake River
  - D The Cape Fear River
  - E The Potomac River
- During the Civil War, Charleston as a seaport city was not as important as it is today. In what state is Charleston located?
  - A Pennsylvania
  - B Virginia
  - C North Carolina
  - D South Carolina
- 15 The Emancipation Proclamation of September 22, 1862, freed all slaves in the Confederate States as of January 1, 1863. In 1865 Congress added an amendment to the Constitution which ended slavery in the United States. What was that amendment?
  - A Thirteenth
  - B Twelfth
  - C Eleventh
  - D Fourteenth
- 16 The Battle of Hampton Roads was a major
  - A naval battle
  - B army battle C air battle

  - D political battle

- 17 What was the major political difference that caused the Southern states to break away from the Union in 1860?
  - A The Democrats lost the election.
  - B The South didn't gain a majority of the total vote in 1860.
  - C New states were not being admitted into the Union as slave states.
  - D None of the above.
- 18 England and France felt that trade was far more important with the
  - A Eastern States of the United States
  - B Union States
  - C Western States of the United States
  - D Confederate States
- 19 In 1862, the Union forces developed river gunboats which were the first ironclad vessels in the United States. In what river valley did these vessels see their first action?
  - A Hudson River Valley
  - B Colorado River Valley
  - C Tennessee and Mississippi River Valleys
  - D Potomac River Valley
- What was the most pressing economic problem faced by the United States after the Civil War?
  - A Providing funds to foreign nations
  - B Repaying foreign loans
  - C Providing funds to rebuild the nation
  - D Providing other nations with food supplies

Answer Key: NS2-M1C4 - The Civil War, 1861-1865 (Exam)

Question:	Answer
1	С
2	В
3	AC
4	В
5	В
6	C
7	В
8	BDAC
9	D
10	В
11	A
12	C
13	A
14	D
15	A
16	A
17	C
18	В
19	C
20	С