

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

- 1 Which of the following were Soviet Cold War actions? (Input all that apply, then push the ENTER button.)
  - A Annexation of Eastern Poland and Baltic countries.
  - B Installation of Eastern Europe Capitalist system.
  - C Interference in Iran's, Turkey's and Greece's internal affairs.
  - D Creation of Communist puppet government in North Korea and East Germany.
  - E None of the Above
- 2 Read the following sentence and decide which of the options (A-D) is correct.  
James Forrestal was America's first Secretary of Defense.
  - A Change "first" to "second"
  - B Change "America's" to "Russia's"
  - C Change "James Forrestal" to "Admiral Nimitz"
  - D It is correct as is.
- 3 The North Korean army initiated a full-scale invasion of South Korea on the \_\_\_ of June, \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A 5th; 1940
  - B 25th; 1950
  - C 15th; 1949
  - D 10th; 1944
  - E None of the above
- 4 Where was Inchon located? (Input all that apply, then push the ENTER button.)
  - A At the North Koreans' line of attack
  - B Beyond North Korean lines
  - C Southwestern North Korea
  - D Northwestern South Korea
  - E None of the Above
- 5 The Inchon invasion force turned \_\_\_\_\_ and met the Eighth Army coming \_\_\_\_\_ from \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A northward; south, Pyongyang
  - B northward; south, Inchon
  - C southward; north, Seoul
  - D southward; north, Pusan

- 6 As MacArthur's forces marched northward, how were Chinese forces able to attack? (Input all that apply, then push the ENTER button.)
- A The Chinese marched in between UN forces.
  - B They led amphibious attacks from the Sea of Japan.
  - C Land mines planted along the Yalu River caught UN forces off guard.
  - D There were no east-west communications.
- 7 In reference to the Cuban Missile Crisis President \_\_\_\_\_ stated: "Well, it looks as if everything is in the hands of the Navy." \_\_\_\_\_ replied, "Mr. President, the Navy will not let you down."
- A Eisenhower; Admiral Anderson
  - B Eisenhower; Admiral Rickover
  - C Khrushhev; President Kennedy
  - D Kennedy; Admiral Anderson
- 8 What actions did President Johnson take as a result of taking the heat for the number of casualties, costs of fighting, and internal political dissatisfaction? (Input all that apply, then push the ENTER button.)
- A He submitted his resignation.
  - B He invited China to peace talks.
  - C He halted bombing of the North.
  - D None of the above
- 9 Read the following sentence and decide which of the options (A-D) is correct. Even though peace talks had been in progress for nearly three years, President Thieu authorized bombing after North Vietnamese attacks.
- A change "Thieu" to "Nixon"
  - B change "three" to "two"
  - C change "North Vietnamese" to American
  - D The statement is correct as is.
- 10 In retaliation for terrorist attacks, a combined attack was carried out on 15 April \_\_\_\_\_, against several \_\_\_\_\_ terrorist support bases.
- A 1986; Libyan
  - B 1987; American
  - C 1984; Libyan
  - D 1985; American

- 11 Put the following events in the order in which they happened. (Input the answers in the correct sequence, then push the ENTER button.)
  - A Korean War
  - B Panama invaded
  - C Iran-Iraq War
  - D USSR disbanded
- 12 The term used to describe the intense rivalry that developed after World War II between groups of Communist and non-Communist nations
  - A Cold War
  - B Contention Period
  - C Feuding Era
  - D Silent War
- 13 An organization formed in 1955 in Warsaw, Poland, comprising Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, East Germany, Hungary, Poland, Romania and the USSR, for collective defense under a joint military command
  - A Czech Pact
  - B Polish Pact
  - C Warsaw Pact
  - D Soviet Pact
- 14 A theory or system of social organization in which all economic and social activity is controlled by a Totalitarian state dominated by a single and self-perpetuating political party
  - A Democracy
  - B Communism
  - C Capitalism
  - D Marxism
- 15 How was the United States able to get past the Soviet Union's veto in the United Nations Security Council and get the UN to agree to military action against North Korea?
  - A The U.S. challenged the Soviet Union off of the Security Council for that session.
  - B The U.S. threatened to use an atomic bomb against the Soviet Union unless they agreed to the action.
  - C They paid the Soviet Union a large sum of money not to use their veto.
  - D The Soviets were boycotting the UN Security Council at the time.
  - E All of the above

- 16 What was the historical significance of the capture of the USS Pueblo in 1968?
  - A It was the first capture of an American ship on the high seas in over 150 years.
  - B It was the last time an American warship would be attacked in the 20th century.
  - C It was the first time an American warship had been attacked in the 20th century.
  - D It was the event that started the Korean War.
  - E It was the first time a U.S. Captain had given up his ship without a fight.
- 17 What was the cornerstone of U.S. policy with regard to the Soviet Union over the course of the Cold War era?
  - A Containment.
  - B Appeasement.
  - C The Iron Curtain.
  - D The Marshall Plan.
  - E The Truman Doctrine
- 18 In June 1947, Secretary of State George Marshall announced Truman's plan for reconstruction of European countries through their own efforts, supported by American economic aid. This plan, formally named the European Recovery Program, became known as the
  - A Truman Economic Aid Program
  - B Overseas Recovery Plan
  - C State Department Act
  - D Marshall Plan
- 19 Which of the following statements concerning the Korean War is NOT true?
  - A The Korean War revealed that the will of the U.S. Government and people to halt determined Communist aggression had retained its credibility.
  - B The Korean War showed that without clearly developed government policy, military operations would not end satisfactorily.
  - C The U.S. had to have an adequate military force in readiness at all times, otherwise the Communist would take advantage of any national weakness.
  - D The Korean War demonstrated that sea power still was essential to the defense of the nation.

- 20 The United States policy change in 1947 which prevented Soviet expansion into Greece and Turkey is known as the
- A Truman Doctrine
  - B European Recovery Program
  - C National Security Act

Answer Key: NS2-M1C10 - The Cold War Era, 1945-1991 (Exam)

Question:	Answer
1	ACD
2	D
3	B
4	BD
5	D
6	AD
7	D
8	C
9	A
10	A
11	ACBD
12	A
13	C
14	B
15	D
16	A
17	A
18	D
19	A
20	A