

## Plymouth Plantation



## The Massachusetts Bay Colony

1629 - Non-Separatist Puritans got a royal \_\_\_\_\_ to form the  
MA Bay Company

Unlike the Pilgrims in Plymouth,  
they didn't want to stop being part of the  
Church of England,  
they just wanted to \_\_\_\_\_  
[take out] all traces of Roman Catholicism  
1630:

1,000 people set off in 11 ships

created a

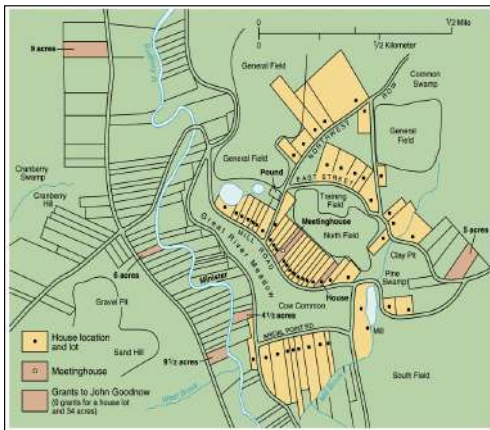
“ \_\_\_\_\_ ,”  
or a democracy run on  
the ideas of the Bible



this settlement period in the 1630s was called the “ \_\_\_\_\_ ”  
because 20,000 Puritans came to MA

\_\_\_\_\_ also known as the right to vote  
it was only given to “ \_\_\_\_\_ ,” or adult men who were members of the Church

# Typical New England Town Layout Land Division in Sudbury, MA: 1639-1656



## Characteristics of New England Settlers

low mortality rates:  
average life expectancy was  
\_\_\_\_\_ years of age

many extended families:  
average \_\_\_\_\_ children per family

*Highlight the portions of the text in the next few slides that answer each of the following questions and then mark each piece of highlighted text with the associated number.*

*The questions appear in the same order as they do in the slides.*

1. What did the leaders of the MA Bay colony do that Roger Williams disagreed with?
2. What was Roger Williams convicted of? What happened to him?
3. Who was Anne Hutchinson?
4. What was she charged with? What happened to her?
5. What former relationship do Maine and New Hampshire share with Massachusetts?
6. Who was Thomas Hooker?



## Rhode Island

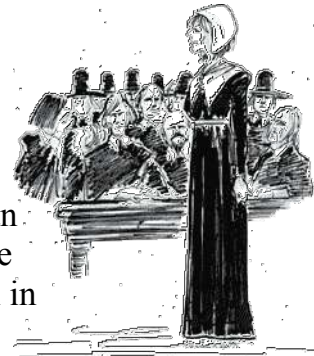


Roger Williams was a young, popular minister in Salem, MA  
Did not believe the MA Bay government treated Native Americans fairly.  
Did not think the government should regulate religious behavior.  
1635:  
found guilty of preaching “newe & dangerous opinions” and was exiled.  
founded the colony of Rhode Island.

## Anne Hutchinson

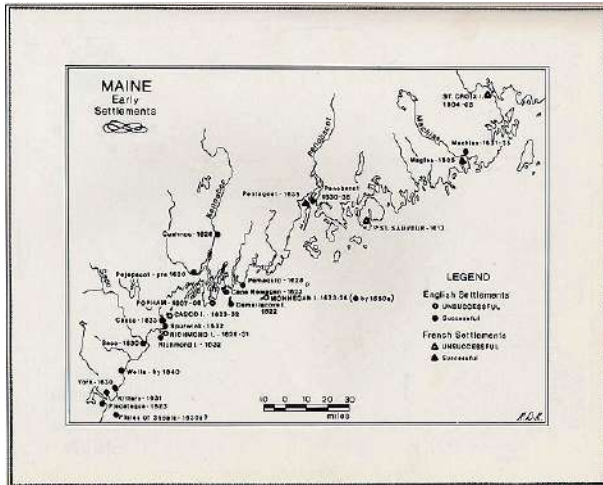


Intelligent,  
strong-willed,  
well-spoken woman  
who challenged the  
authority of the men in  
charge of the  
MA Bay Colony.



She was charged with Antinomianism  
Means “against the law.”  
she said if living a holy life was no sign of salvation, then the saved  
didn’t need to obey God or man’s laws (!).  
Puritan leaders banished her  
she & her family traveled to RI and later to NY.  
She and all but one member of her family were killed in an Indian attack  
in Westchester County.

## Maine and New Hampshire



In 1623, Maine was annexed by Massachusetts.

Maine remained part of Massachusetts for nearly 150 years (until 1820).



In 1641, New Hampshire was annexed by Massachusetts.

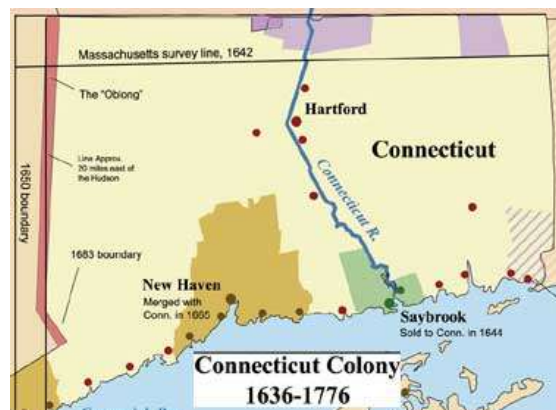
New Hampshire remained part of Massachusetts until 1679.



## Connecticut Colony

Thomas Hooker was a Puritan minister and member of the Massachusetts Bay Colony. He believed that the laws of the colony should be based on what the people wanted – not the leaders. Puritan leaders forced him to leave the colony so he moved to land along the Connecticut River.

In 1636, the settlers who lived along the Connecticut River joined together to form the Connecticut Colony.



# The New England Colonies, 1650

