# Mystery Science Alignment with the Next Generation Science Standards



Mystery Science is a hands-on curriculum that is fully aligned with the Next Generation Science Standards (NGSS).

Mystery Science's units of study contain:

- Hands-on, easy-prep activities with EVERY lesson
- Engaging, real-world investigative phenomena
- Thoughtful discussions to build background knowledge
- Lesson & unit assessments to evaluate comprehension
- Curated, cross-curricular extensions

**Mystery Science also offers the <u>Anchor Layer</u>**, which enriches the unit with an anchor phenomenon, incorporates anchor connections after each lesson, & concludes the unit with a performance task.



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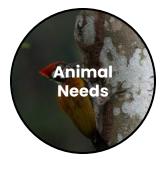
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Kindergarten • All Units at a Glance



### **Mystery** science

### All Kindergarten Units • Units may be taught in any order













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#### **NGSS Performance Expectations:**

- K-LS1-1
- K-ESS2-2
- K-ESS3-1

#### **NGSS Performance Expectations:**

- K-LS1-1
- K-ESS3-3

#### **NGSS Performance Expectations:**

- K-ESS2-1
- K-ESS3-2

#### **NGSS Performance Expectations:**

- K-ESS2-1
- K-ESS2-2

### **Expectations:**

- K-PS3-1
- K-PS3-2
- K-2-ETS1-3

#### **Unit Breakdown:**

- 4 Lessons & Activities
- 4 Anchor Connections
- 4 Extension Blocks

#### Anchor Layer Adds:

- 1 Anchor Phenomena
- 4 Anchor Connections
- 1 Performance Task

#### **Unit Breakdown:**

- 3 Lessons & Activities
- 2 Lesson Assessments
- 3 Extension Blocks

Anchor Layer will be added to this unit in the 2023-2024 school year.

#### **Unit Breakdown:**

- 3 Lessons & Activities
- 3 Lesson Assessments
- 3 Extension Blocks

Anchor Layer will be added to this unit in the 2023-2024 school year.

#### **Unit Breakdown:**

- 3 Lessons & Activities
- 3 Lesson Assessments
- 3 Extension Blocks

#### Anchor Layer Adds:

- 1 Anchor Phenomena
- 3 Anchor Connections
- 1 Performance Task

### **NGSS Performance**

- K-2-ETS1-1

#### **Unit Breakdown:**

- 3 Lessons & Activities
- 3 Lesson Assessments
- 3 Extension Blocks

Anchor Layer will be added to this unit in the 2023-2024 school year.

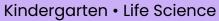
#### **NGSS Performance Expectations:**

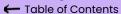
- K-PS2-1
- K-PS2-2
- K-2-ETS1-1
- K-2-ETS1-2
- K-2-ETS1-3

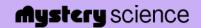
#### **Unit Breakdown:**

- 6 Lessons & Activities
- 6 Lesson Assessments
- 6 Extension Blocks

Anchor Layer will be added in the 2023-2024 school year.

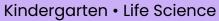


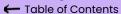


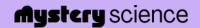


### **Animal Needs Unit** (Animal Secrets)

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 1	Animal Needs: Food  Why do woodpeckers peck wood?	<b>K-LS1-1.</b> Use observations to describe patterns of what plants and animals (including humans) need to survive.	Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information Engaging in Argument from Evidence	<b>LS1.C.</b> Organization for Matter and Energy Flow in Organisms	Patterns
Lesson 2  THEREY A Rose Along Member	Animal Needs: Shelter  Where do animals live?	<b>K-ESS3-1</b> Use a model to represent the relationship between the needs of different plants and animals (including humans) and the places they live.	Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information	<b>ESS3.A.</b> Natural Resources	Patterns Systems and System Models
Lesson 3	Animal Needs: Safety  How can you find animals in the woods?	<b>K-LS1-1.</b> Use observations to describe patterns of what plants and animals (including humans) need to survive.	Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information Engage in Argument from Evidence	<b>LS1.C.</b> Organization for Matter and Energy Flow in Organisms	Patterns
that Hole?  A Seed Aline Mystery  Since In the Liverse Instances to Am Letture Instances to Instances Instances to Instances Instanc	Animals & Changing the Environment  How do animals make their homes in the forest?	<b>K-ESS2-2.</b> Construct an argument supported by evidence for how plants and animals (including humans) can change the environment to meet their needs	Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information	<b>ESS2.E.</b> Biogeology	Systems and System Models

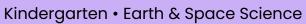


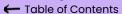




### Plant Needs Unit (Plant Secrets)

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 1	<b>Living &amp; Nonliving</b> Are plants alive?	<b>K-LS1-1.</b> Use observations to describe patterns of what plants and animals (including humans) need to survive.	Analyzing and Interpreting Data	<b>LS1.C:</b> Organization for Matter and Energy Flow in Organisms	Patterns
Lesson 2	Plant Needs: Water & Light  How do plants and trees grow?	<b>K-LS1-1.</b> Use observations to describe patterns of what plants and animals (including humans) need to survive.	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations Analyzing and Interpreting Data	<b>LS1.C:</b> Organization for Matter and Energy Flow in Organisms	Patterns Cause and Effect
Lesson 3	Human Impacts on the Environment  Why would you want an old log in your backyard?	<b>K-ESS3-3.</b> Communicate solutions that will reduce the impact of humans on the land, water, air, and/or other living things in the local environment.	Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information	ESS3.C: Human Impacts on Earth Systems	Cause and Effect

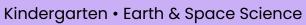


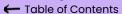


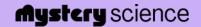


### **Severe Weather Unit** (Wild Weather)

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Don't be A State Arms.	Severe Weather & Preparation  How can you get ready for a big storm?	<b>K-ESS3-2.</b> Ask questions to obtain information about the purpose of weather forecasting to prepare for, and respond to, severe weather.	Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information	ESS3.B: Natural Hazards ESS2.D: Weather and Climate	Cause and Effect
Lesson 2	Wind & Storms  Have you ever watched a storm?	<b>K-ESS3-2.</b> Ask questions to obtain information about the purpose of weather forecasting to prepare for, and respond to, severe weather.	Asking Questions and Defining Problems Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information	ESS3.B: Natural Hazards ESS2.D: Weather and Climate	Cause and Effect
Lesson 3	Weather Conditions  How many different kinds of weather are there?	<b>K-ESS2-1.</b> Use and share observations of local weather conditions to describe patterns over time.	Analyzing and Interpreting Data	<b>ESS2.D:</b> Weather and Climate	Patterns

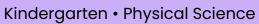


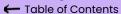


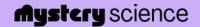


### Weather Patterns Unit (Circle of Seasons)

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 1  Defective  A Read-Along Mystery  Parry by Rich Tapar Brown  Nermanda by Alan Kalonson	Daily Weather Patterns  How do you know what to wear for the weather?	<b>Foundational for K-ESS2-1.</b> Use and share observations of local weather conditions to describe patterns over time.	Analyzing and Interpreting Data  Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information  Asking Questions and Defining Problems	<b>ESS2.D:</b> Weather and Climate	Patterns
Lesson 2	Seasonal Weather Patterns  What will the weather be like on your birthday?	<b>K-ESS2-1.</b> Use and share observations of local weather conditions to describe patterns over time.	Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information Engaging in Argument from Evidence	<b>ESS2.D:</b> Weather and Climate	Patterns Systems and System Models
Lesson 3	Animals Changing their Environment Why do birds lay eggs in the spring?	<ul> <li>K-ESS2-2. Construct an argument supported by evidence for how plants &amp; animals (including humans) can change the environment to meet their needs.</li> <li>K-ESS2-1. Use and share observations of local weather conditions to describe patterns over time.</li> </ul>	Developing and Using Models	ESS2.D: Weather and Climate ESS2.E: Biogeology	Structure and Function

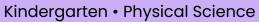


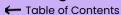


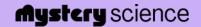


### **Sunlight & Warmth Unit** (Sunny Skies)

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
A Read-Along Mystery  Story by Par Murphy Mustications by Arry Schleser	Sunlight, Heat, & Earth's Surface  How could you walk barefoot across hot pavement without burning your feet?	<ul> <li>K-PS3-1. Make observations to determine the effect of sunlight on Earth's surface.</li> <li>K-PS3-2. Use tools and materials to design and build a structure that will reduce the warming effect of sunlight on an area.</li> <li>K-2-ETS1-1. Ask questions, make observations, and gather information about a situation people want to change to define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool.</li> </ul>	Asking Questions and Defining Problems Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	PS3.B: Conservation of Energy and Energy Transfer  ETS1.A: Defining and Delimiting an Engineering Problem	Cause and Effect Structure and Function
Lesson 2	Sunlight, Warming, & Engineering  How could you warm up a frozen playground?	<ul> <li>K-PS3-2. Use tools and materials to design and build a structure that will reduce the warming effect of sunlight on an area.</li> <li>K-2-ETS1-1. Ask questions, make observations, and gather information about a situation people want to change to define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool.</li> <li>K-2-ETS1-3. Analyze data from tests of two objects designed to solve the same problem to compare the strengths and weaknesses of how each performs.</li> </ul>	Asking Questions and Defining Problems  Planning and Carrying Out Investigations  Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	PS3.B: Conservation of Energy and Energy Transfer  ETS1.A: Defining and Delimiting an Engineering Problem  ETS1.C: Optimizing the Design Solution	Cause and Effect
Lesson 3	Sunlight & Warmth Why does it get cold in winter?	<b>K-PS3-1.</b> Make observations to determine the effect of sunlight on Earth's surface.	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations	<b>PS3.B:</b> Conservation of Energy and Energy Transfer	Cause and Effect

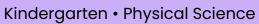


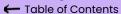


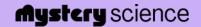


### Pushes & Pulls Unit (Force Olympics) • Page 1 of 2

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 1	Pushes & Pulls  What's the biggest excavator?	<b>Foundational for K-PS2-1.</b> Plan & conduct an investigation to compare the effects of different strengths or different directions of pushes and pulls on the motion of an object.	Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	PS2.A: Forces and Motion PS2.B: Types of Interactions PS3.C: Relationship Between Energy and Forces	Cause and Effect
Lesson 2  A Read-Along Mystery  Share, by Sunt Supply Stores	Pushes, Pulls, & "Work Words"  Why do builders need so many big machines?	<b>Foundational for K-PS2-1.</b> Plan & conduct an investigation to compare the effects of different strengths or different directions of pushes and pulls on the motion of an object.	Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information	PS2.A: Forces and Motion PS2.B: Types of Interactions PS3.C: Relationship Between Energy and Forces	Cause and Effect
Lesson 3	Motion, Speed, & Strength  How can you knock down a wall made of concrete?	<b>K-PS2-1.</b> Plan & conduct an investigation to compare the effects of different strengths or different directions of pushes and pulls on the motion of an object.	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations Developing and Using Models	PS2.A: Forces and Motion PS2.B: Types of Interactions PS3.C: Relationship Between Energy and Forces	Cause and Effect
Lesson 4 of g	Speed & Direction of Force  How can you knock down the most bowling pins?	<b>Foundational for K-PS2-2.</b> Analyze data to determine if a design solution works as intended to change the speed or direction of an object with a push or a pull.	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations	<b>PS2.A:</b> Forces and Motion	Cause and Effect







### Pushes & Pulls Unit (Force Olympics) • Page 2 of 2

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 5	Direction of Motion & Engineering  How can we protect a mountain town from falling rocks?	<ul> <li>K-PS2-2. Analyze data to determine if a design solution works as intended to change the speed or direction of an object with a push or a pull.</li> <li>K-2-ETS1-1. Ask questions, make observations, and gather information about a situation people want to change to define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool.</li> <li>K-2-ETS1-2. Develop a simple sketch, drawing, or physical model to illustrate how the shape of an object helps it function as needed to solve a given problem.</li> <li>K-2-ETS1-3. Analyze data from tests of two objects designed to solve the same problem to compare the strengths and weaknesses of how each performs.</li> </ul>	Developing and Using Models  Planning and Carrying Out Investigations  Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	PS2.A: Forces and Motion  ETS1.A: Defining Engineering Problems  ETS1.B: Developing Possible Solutions  ETS1.C: Optimizing the Design Solution	Cause and Effect
Lesson 6	Forces & Engineering  How could you invent a trap?	<b>Foundational for K-2-ETS1-2.</b> Develop a simple sketch, drawing, or physical model to illustrate how the shape of an object helps it function as needed to solve a given problem.	Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	<b>ETS1.B:</b> Developing Possible Solutions	Structure and Function

1st Grade • All Units at a Glance

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### **Mystery** science

### All 1st Grade Units • Units may be taught in any order











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**NGSS Performance** 

**Expectations:** 

**Expectations:** 

- 1-LS1-1
- 1-LS1-2
- 1-LS3-1

#### **Unit Breakdown:**

- 5 Lessons & Activities
- 5 Lesson Assessments
- 5 Extension Blocks

Anchor Layer Adds:

- 1 Anchor Phenomena
- 5 Anchor Connections
- 1 Performance Task

### **NGSS Performance**

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- 1-LS1-1
- 1-LS3-1
- K-2-ETS1-1
- K-2-ETS1-2
- K-2-ETS1-3

#### **Unit Breakdown:**

- 3 Lessons & Activities
- 3 Lesson Assessments
- 3 Extension Blocks

Anchor Layer Adds:

- 1 Anchor Phenomena
- 3 Anchor Connections
- 1 Performance Task

#### **NGSS Performance Expectations:**

- 1-ESS1-1
- 1-ESS1-2

#### **NGSS Performance Expectations:**

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• 1-ESS1-1

#### **Unit Breakdown:**

- 3 Lessons & Activities
- 3 Lesson Assessments
- 3 Extension Blocks

Anchor Layer Adds:

- 1 Anchor Phenomena
- 3 Anchor Connections
- 1 Performance Task

#### **NGSS Performance Expectations:**

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- 1-PS4-1
- 1-PS4-2
- 1-PS4-3
- 1-PS4-4
- K-2-ETS1-2

#### **Unit Breakdown:**

- 6 Lessons & Activities
- 6 Lesson Assessments
- 6 Extension Blocks

#### Anchor Layer Adds:

- 1 Anchor Phenomena
- 6 Anchor Connections
- 1 Performance Task



#### **Unit Breakdown:**

- 4 Lessons & Activities
- 4 Lesson Assessments
- 4 Extension Blocks

#### Anchor Layer Adds:

- 1 Anchor Phenomena
- 4 Anchor Connections
- 1 Performance Task



1st Grade • Life Science

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### **Animal Traits & Survival Unit** (Animal Superpowers)

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 1	Parent & Offspring Traits  How can you help a lost baby animal find its parents?	<b>1-LS3-1.</b> Make observations to construct an evidence-based account that young plants and animals are like, but not exactly like, their parents.	Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	LS3.A: Inheritance of Traits LS3.B: Variation of Traits	Patterns
Lesson 2	Animal Structures & Survival  Why do birds have beaks?	1-LS1-1. Use materials to design a solution to a human problem by mimicking how plants and/or animals use their external parts to help them survive, grow, and meet their needs.	Developing and Using Models  Planning and Carrying Out Investigations  Analyzing and Interpreting Data	<b>LS1.A:</b> Structure and Function	Patterns Structure and function
Lesson 3 in and the state of th	Animal Behavior & Offspring Survival  Why do baby ducks follow their mother?	<b>1-LS1-2.</b> Read texts and use media to determine patterns in behavior of parents and offspring that help offspring survive.	Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information	<b>LS1.B:</b> Growth and Development of Organisms	Patterns
Lesson 4	Camouflage & Animal Survival  Why are polar bears white?	1-LS1-1. Use materials to design a solution to a human problem by mimicking how plants and/or animals use their external parts to help them survive, grow, and meet their needs.	Developing and Using Models  Planning and Carrying Out Investigations  Engaging in Argument from Evidence	<b>LS1.B:</b> Growth and Development of Organisms	Patterns Structure and function
Lesson 5	Inheritance & Variation of Traits  Why do family members look alike?	Foundational for 1-LS3-1. Make observations to construct an evidence-based account that young plants and animals are like, but not exactly like, their parents.	Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	LS3.A: Inheritance of Traits  LS3.B: Variation of Traits	Patterns



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### Plant Traits & Survival Unit (Plant Superpowers)

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 1	Plant Traits & Offspring  What will a baby plant look like when it grows up?	<b>1-LS3-1.</b> Make observations to construct an evidence-based account that young plants and animals are like, but not exactly like, their parents.	Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	LS3.A: Inheritance of Traits  LS3.B: Variation of Traits	Patterns
Lesson 2	Plant Survival & Engineering  Why don't trees blow down in the wind?	<ul> <li>I-LSI-1. Use materials to design a solution to a human problem by mimicking how plants and/or animals use their external parts to help them survive, grow, and meet their needs.</li> <li>K-2-ETSI-1. Ask questions, make observations, and gather information about a situation people want to change to define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool.</li> <li>K-2-ETSI-2. Develop a simple sketch, drawing, or physical model to illustrate how the shape of an object helps it function as needed to solve a given problem.</li> <li>K-2-ETSI-3. Analyze data from tests of two objects designed to solve the same problem to compare the strengths and weaknesses of how each performs.</li> </ul>	Developing and Using Models  Planning and Carrying Out Investigations  Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	LS1.A: Structure and Function  ETS1.A: Defining and Delimiting Engineering Problems  ETS1.B: Developing Possible Solutions  ETS1.C: Optimizing the Design Solution	Structure and function
A Rood-Along Wyserry  The factor for Street Com-	Plant Movement & Survival  What do sunflowers do when you're not looking?	<b>Foundational for 1-LS1-1.</b> Use materials to design a solution to a human problem by mimicking how plants and/or animals use their external parts to help them survive, grow, and meet their needs.	Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	LS1.A: Structure and Function LS1.D: Information Processing	Structure and function

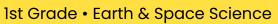


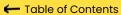
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### Day Patterns Unit (Sun & Shadows)

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 1	Sun, Shadows, & Daily Patterns Could a statue's shadow move?	<b>1-ESS1-1.</b> Use observations of the sun, moon, and stars to describe patterns that can be predicted.	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations Analyzing and Interpreting Data	<b>ESS1.A:</b> The Universe and its Stars	Patterns
Lesson 2  O water strong by page 1  Broads (in the Water & Son Board 1)	Sun, Shadows, & Daily Patterns  What does your shadow do when you're not looking?	<b>Foundational for 1-ESS1-1.</b> Use observations of the sun, moon, and stars to describe patterns that can be predicted.	Analyzing and Interpreting Data	<b>ESS1.A:</b> The Universe and its Stars	Patterns
Lesson 3	Sun & Daily Patterns  How can the Sun help you if you're lost?	<b>1-ESS1-1.</b> Use observations of the sun, moon, and stars to describe patterns that can be predicted.	Developing and Using Models Engaging in Argument from Evidence	<b>ESS1.A:</b> The Universe and its Stars	Patterns
Lesson 4 ?	Daylight & Seasonal Patterns  Why do you have to go to bed early in the summer?	<b>1-ESS1-2.</b> Make observations at different times of year to relate the amount of daylight to the time of year.	Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information	<b>ESS1.B:</b> Earth and the Solar System	Patterns







### Night Patterns Unit (Moon & Stars)

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 1	Moon Phases & Patterns  When can you see the full moon?	<b>1-ESS1-1.</b> Use observations of the sun, moon, and stars to describe patterns that can be predicted.	Analyzing and Interpreting Data	<b>ESS1.A:</b> The Universe and its Stars	Patterns
Lesson 2	Stars & Daily Patterns  Why do stars come out at night?	<b>1-ESS1-1.</b> Use observations of the sun, moon, and stars to describe patterns that can be predicted.	Developing and Using Models  Planning and Carrying Out Investigations  Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	<b>ESS1.A:</b> The Universe and its Stars	Patterns Cause and Effect
Lesson 3	Stars & Seasonal Patterns  How can stars help you if you get lost?	<b>1-ESS1-1.</b> Use observations of the sun, moon, and stars to describe patterns that can be predicted.	Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information	<b>ESS1.A:</b> The Universe and its Stars	Patterns



1st Grade • Physical Science

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### **Light, Sound, & Communication Unit** (Lights & Sounds) • Page 1 of 2

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 1	Sounds & Vibrations  How do they make silly sounds in cartoons?	<b>1-PS4-1.</b> Plan and conduct investigations to provide evidence that vibrating materials can make sound and that sound can make materials vibrate.	Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	<b>PS4.A:</b> Wave Properties	Cause and Effect
Lesson 2	Sounds & Vibrations  Where do sounds come from?	<b>Foundational for 1-PS4-1.</b> Plan and conduct investigations to provide evidence that vibrating materials can make sound and that sound can make materials vibrate.	Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	<b>PS4.A:</b> Wave Properties	Cause and Effect
Lesson 3	Light, Materials, Transparent & Opaque What if there were no windows?	<b>1-PS4-3.</b> Plan and conduct an investigation to determine the effect of placing objects made with different materials in the path of a beam of light	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations Engaging in Argument from Evidence	<b>PS4.B:</b> Electromagnetic Radiation	Cause and Effect
Lesson 4	Light & Illumination  Can you see in the dark?	<b>1-PS4-2.</b> Make observations to construct an evidence-based account that objects can be seen only when illuminated.	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations  Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	<b>PS4.B:</b> Electromagnetic Radiation	Cause and Effect



1st Grade • Physical Science

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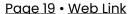
### Light, Sound, & Communication Unit (Lights & Sounds) • Page 2 of 2

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 5	Light, Communication, & Engineering  How could you send a secret message to someone far away?	<ul> <li>1-PS4-4. Use tools and materials to design and build a device that uses light or sound to solve the problem of communicating over a distance.</li> <li>K-2-ETS1-2. Develop a simple sketch, drawing, or physical model to illustrate how the shape of an object helps it function as needed to solve a given problem.</li> </ul>	Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	PS4.C: Information Technologies and Instrumentation ETS1.B: Developing Possible Solutions	Patterns
Lesson 6	Lights, Sounds, & Communication  How do boats find their way in the fog?	<b>Foundational for 1-PS4-4.</b> Use tools and materials to design and build a device that uses light or sound to solve the problem of communicating over a distance.	Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information	<b>PS4.C:</b> Information Technologies and Instrumentation	Patterns

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### All 2nd Grade Units • Units may be taught in any order





### NGSS Performance Expectations:

- 2-LS4-1
- K-2-ETS1-1
- K-2-ETS1-2
- K-2-ETS1-3

#### **Unit Breakdown:**

- 4 Lessons & Activities
- 4 Lesson Assessments
- 4 Extension Blocks
- 1 Unit Assessment

#### **Anchor Layer Adds:**

- 1 Anchor Phenomena
- 4 Anchor Connections
- 1 Performance Task





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### NGSS Performance Expectations:

- 2-LS2-1
- 2-LS2-2
- 2-LS4-1
- K-2-ETS1-2
- K-2-ETS1-3

#### **Unit Breakdown:**

- 5 Lessons & Activities
- 4 Lesson Assessments
- 5 Extension Blocks
- 1 Unit Assessment

#### **Anchor Layer Adds:**

- 1 Anchor Phenomena
- 4 Anchor Connections
- 1 Performance Task



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### NGSS Performance Expectations:

- 2-ESS1-1
- 2-ESS2-1
- 2-ESS2-2
- 2-ESS2-3
- K-2-ETS1-1
- K-2-ETS1-2
- K-2-ETS1-3

#### **Unit Breakdown:**

- 5 Lessons & Activities
- 5 Lesson Assessments
- 5 Extension Blocks
- 1 Unit Assessment

#### Anchor Layer Adds:

- 1 Anchor Phenomena
- 4 Anchor Connections
- 1 Performance Task



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### NGSS Performance Expectations:

- 2-PS1-1
- 2-PS1-2
- 2-PS1-3
- 2-PS1-4
- K-2-ETS1-1
- K-2-ETS1-2
- K-2-ETS1-3

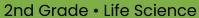
#### **Unit Breakdown:**

- 6 Lessons & Activities
- 6 Lesson Assessments
- 6 Extension Blocks
- 1 Unit Assessment

#### Anchor Layer Adds:

- 1 Anchor Phenomena
- 6 Anchor Connections
- 1 Performance Task









### **Animal Biodiversity** (Animal Adventures)

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 1	Biodiversity & Classification  How many different kinds of animals are there?	<b>Foundational for 2-LS4-1.</b> Make observations of plants and animals to compare the diversity of life in different habitats.	Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information	<b>LS4.D:</b> Biodiversity and Humans	Patterns
Lesson 2	Habitat Diversity  Why would a wild animal visit a playground?	<b>2-LS4-1.</b> Make observations of plants and animals to compare the diversity of life in different habitats.	Analyzing and Interpreting Data Planning and Carrying Out Investigations	<b>LS4.D:</b> Biodiversity and Humans	Patterns
Lesson 3	Biodiversity, Habitats, & Species Why do frogs say "ribbit"?	<b>2-LS4-1.</b> Make observations of plants and animals to compare the diversity of life in different habitats.	Analyzing and Interpreting Data Engaging in Argument from Evidence	<b>LS4.D:</b> Biodiversity and Humans	Patterns
Lesson 4	Biodiversity & Engineering  How could you get more birds to visit a bird feeder?	<ul> <li>K-2-ETS1-1. Ask questions, make observations, and gather information about a situation people want to change to define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool.</li> <li>K-2-ETS1-2. Develop a simple sketch, drawing, or physical model to illustrate how the shape of an object helps it function as needed to solve a given problem.</li> <li>K-2-ETS1-3. Analyze data from tests of two objects designed to solve the same problem to compare the strengths and weaknesses of how each performs.</li> </ul>	Asking Questions and Defining Problems  Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions  Developing and Using Models	<b>LS4.D:</b> Biodiversity and Humans	Cause and Effect

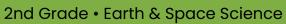


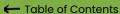




### **Plant Adaptations** (Plant Adventures)

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 1	Seed Dispersal  How did a tree travel halfway around the world?	Foundational for 2-LS2-2. Develop a simple model that mimics the function of an animal in dispersing seeds or pollinating plants.  K-2-ETS1-2. Develop a simple sketch, drawing, or physical model to illustrate how the shape of an object helps it function as needed to solve a given problem.  K-2-ETS1-3. Analyze data from tests of two objects designed to solve the same problem to compare the strengths and weaknesses of how each performs.	Developing and Using Models  Planning and Carrying Out Investigations	<b>LS2.A:</b> Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems	Structure and Function
Lesson 2	Animal Seed Dispersal  New lesson coming soon!	<b>2-LS2-2.</b> Develop a simple model that mimics the function of an animal in dispersing seeds or pollinating plants.	Developing and Using Models	<b>LS2.A:</b> Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems	Structure and Function
Lesson 3	Water, Sunlight, & Plant Growth  Could a plant survive without light?	<b>2-LS2-1.</b> Plan and conduct an investigation to determine if plants need sunlight and water to grow.	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations Analyzing and Interpreting Data	<b>LS2.A:</b> Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems	Cause and Effect
Lesson 4	Plant Needs & Habitats  New lesson coming soon!	<ul> <li>2-LS4-1. Make observations of plants and animals to compare the diversity of life in different habitats.</li> <li>2-LS2-1. Plan and conduct an investigation to determine if plants need sunlight and water to grow.</li> </ul>			

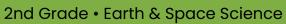


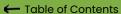




### **Erosion & Earth's Surface** (Work of Water) • Page 1 of 2

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 1	Mapping & Earth's Surface Features  If you floated down a river, where would you end up?	<ul> <li>2-ESS2-2. Develop a model to represent the shapes and kinds of land and bodies of water in an area.</li> <li>2-ESS2-3. Obtain information to identify where water is found on Earth and that it can be solid or liquid.</li> </ul>	Developing and Using Models Planning and Carrying Out Investigations	ESS2.B: Plate Tectonics and Large-Scale System Interactions ESS2.C: The Roles of Water in Erosion & Earth's Surface	Patterns
Lesson 2	Rocks, Sand, & Erosion  Why is there sand at the beach?	<b>2-ESS2-2.</b> Develop a model to represent the shapes and kinds of land and bodies of water in an area.	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations Developing and Using Models	<b>ESS2.B:</b> Plate Tectonics and Large-Scale System Interactions	Cause and Effect Stability and Change
Lesson 3	Mapping & Severe Weather  Where do flash floods happen?	<ul> <li>2-ESS1-1. Use information from several sources to provide evidence that Earth events can occur quickly or slowly.</li> <li>2-ESS2-2. Develop a model to represent the shapes and kinds of land and bodies of water in an area.</li> </ul>	Developing and Using Models	<b>ESS2.B:</b> Plate Tectonics and Large-Scale System Interactions	Patterns
Lesson 4	Erosion, Earth's Surface, & Landforms What's strong enough to make a canyon?	<b>2-ESS1-1.</b> Use information from several sources to provide evidence that Earth events can occur quickly or slowly.	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	ESS1.C: The History of Planet Earth ESS2.A: Earth Materials and Systems	Cause and Effect Stability and Change

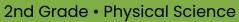


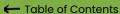




### **Erosion & Earth's Surface** (Work of Water) • Page 2 of 2

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 5	Erosion & Engineering  How can you stop a landslide?	2-ESS2-1. Compare multiple solutions designed to slow or prevent wind or water from changing the shape of the land.  K-2-ETS1-1. Ask questions, make observations, and gather information about a situation people want to change to define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool.  K-2-ETS1-2. Develop a simple sketch, drawing, or physical model to illustrate how the shape of an object helps it function as needed to solve a given problem.  K-2-ETS1-3. Analyze data from tests of two objects designed to solve the same problem to compare the strengths and weaknesses of how each performs.	Asking Questions and Defining Problems  Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	ESS1.C: The History of Planet Earth  ESS2.A: Earth Materials and Systems  ETS1.A: Defining and Delimiting Engineering Problems  ETS1.B: Developing Possible Solutions  ETS1.C: Optimizing the Design Solution	Stability and Change Structure and Function

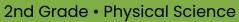


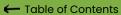




### **Material Properties** (Material Magic) • Page 1 of 2

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 1	Material Properties & Engineering Why do we wear clothes?	<ul> <li>2-PS1-2. Analyze data obtained from testing different materials to determine which materials have the properties that are best suited for an intended purpose.</li> <li>K-2-ETS1-1. Ask questions, make observations, and gather information about a situation people want to change to define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool.</li> <li>K-2-ETS1-2. Develop a simple sketch, drawing, or physical model to illustrate how the shape of an object helps it function as needed to solve a given problem.</li> </ul>	Asking Questions and Defining Problems  Planning and Carrying Out Investigations  Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	PS1.A: Structure and Properties of Matter  ETS1.A: Defining and Delimiting Engineering Problems  ETS1.B: Developing Possible Solutions	Patterns Cause and Effect
Lesson 2	Classify Materials: Insulators  Can you really fry an egg on a hot sidewalk?	<ul> <li>2-PS1-1. Plan and conduct an investigation to describe and classify different kinds of materials by their observable properties.</li> <li>2-PS1-2. Analyze data obtained from testing different materials to determine which materials have the properties that are best suited for an intended purpose.</li> </ul>	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations Analyzing and Interpreting Data	<b>PS1.A:</b> Structure and Properties of Matter	Patterns Cause and Effect
Lesson 3	Heating, Cooling, & Phases of Matter  Why are so many toys made out of plastic?	<ul> <li>2-PS1-2. Analyze data obtained from testing different materials to determine which materials have the properties that are best suited for an intended purpose.</li> <li>2-PS1-4. Construct an argument with evidence that some changes caused by heating or cooling can be reversed and some cannot.</li> </ul>	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations Analyzing and Interpreting Data	PS1.A: Structure and Properties of Matter PS1.B: Chemical Reactions	Cause and Effect Energy and Matter
Lesson 4	Inventions & Engineering  What materials might be invented in the future?	<b>K-2-ETS1-1.</b> Ask questions, make observations, and gather information about a situation people want to change to define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool.	Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	<b>ETS1.B:</b> Developing Possible Solutions	Structure and Function







### Material Properties (Material Magic) • Page 2 of 2

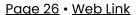
	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 5	Materials, Properties, & Engineering  Could you build a house out of paper?	<ul> <li>2-PS1-3. Make observations to construct an evidence-based account of how an object made of a small set of pieces can be disassembled and made into a new object.</li> <li>K-2-ETS1-3. Analyze data from tests of two objects designed to solve the same problem to compare the strengths and weaknesses of how each performs.</li> </ul>	Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions  Developing and Using Models	PS1.A: Structure and Properties of Matter  ETS1.B: Developing Possible Solutions  ETS1.C: Optimizing the Design Solution	Energy and Matter Cause and Effect
Lesson 6	Soil Properties  How do you build a city out of mud?	<ul> <li>2-PS1-1. Plan and conduct an investigation to describe and classify different kinds of materials by their observable properties.</li> <li>2-PS1-2. Analyze data obtained from testing different materials to determine which materials have the properties that are best suited for an intended purpose.</li> </ul>	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations Analyzing and Interpreting Data	<b>PS1.A:</b> Structure and Properties of Matter	Patterns

3rd Grade • All Units at a Glance

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All 3rd Grade Units • Units may be taught in any order. Note: 3rd Grade underwent a restructuring Summer 2023.





### NGSS Performance Expectations:

• 3-LS4-1

#### **Unit Breakdown:**

- 3 Lessons & Activities
- 3 Lesson Assessments
- 3 Extension Blocks

#### Anchor Layer Adds:

- 1 Anchor Phenomena
- 3 Anchor Connections
- 1 Performance Task



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### NGSS Performance Expectations:

- 3-LS1-1
- 3-LS4-4
- 3-5-ETS1-2

#### **Unit Breakdown:**

- 5 Lessons & Activities
- 5 Lesson Assessments
- 5 Extension Blocks

#### Anchor Layer Adds:

- 1 Anchor Phenomena
- 5 Anchor Connections
- 1 Performance Task



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### NGSS Performance Expectations:

- 3-LS2-1
- 3-LS3-1
- 3-LS3-2
- 3-LS4-2
- 3-LS4-3

#### **Unit Breakdown:**

- 5 Lessons & Activities
- 5 Lesson Assessments
- 5 Extension Blocks

#### Anchor Layer Adds:

- 1 Anchor Phenomena
- 5 Anchor Connections
- 1 Performance Task



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### NGSS Performance Expectations:

- 3-ESS2-1
- 3-ESS2-2
- 3-ESS3-1
- 3-5-ETS1-1
- 3-5-ETS1-2
- 3-5-ETS1-3

#### **Unit Breakdown:**

- 5 Lessons & Activities
- 5 Lesson Assessments
- 5 Extension Blocks

#### Anchor Layer Adds:

- 1 Anchor Phenomena
- 5 Anchor Connections
- 1 Performance Task

## Forces, Motion, & Magnets

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### NGSS Performance Expectations:

- 3-PS2-1
- 3-PS2-2
- 3-PS2-3
- 3-PS2-4
- 3-5-ETS1-1
- 3-5-ETS1-2
- 3-5-ETS1-3

#### **Unit Breakdown:**

- 6 Lessons & Activities
- 6 Lesson Assessments
- 6 Extension Blocks

#### **Anchor Layer Adds:**

- 1 Anchor Phenomena
- 6 Anchor Connections
- 1 Performance Task



3rd Grade • Life Science

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### ✓ Fossils & Changing Environments Unit (Animals Through Time)

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 1	Habitats, Fossils, & Environments Over Time  Where can you find whales in a desert?	<b>3-LS4-1.</b> Analyze and interpret data from fossils to provide evidence of the organisms and the environments in which they lived long ago.	Analyzing and Interpreting Data	<b>LS4.A:</b> Evidence of Common Ancestry and Diversity	Scale, Proportion, and Quantity
Lesson 2	Fossil Evidence & Dinosaurs  How do we know what dinosaurs looked like?	<b>3-LS4-1.</b> Analyze and interpret data from fossils to provide evidence of the organisms and the environments in which they lived long ago.	Analyzing and Interpreting Data Engaging in Argument from Evidence	<b>LS4.A:</b> Evidence of Common Ancestry and Diversity	Structure and Function Patterns
Lesson 3	Trace Fossil Evidence & Animal Movement  Can you outrun a dinosaur?	<b>3-LS4-1.</b> Analyze and interpret data from fossils to provide evidence of the organisms and the environments in which they lived long ago.	Using Mathematics and Computational Thinking Planning and Carrying Out Investigations	<b>LS4.A:</b> Evidence of Common Ancestry and Diversity	Patterns



3rd Grade • Life Science

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### ✓ Life Cycles Unit (Circle of Life) • Page 1 of 2

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 1	Animal Life Cycles  How is your life like an alligator's life?	<b>3-LS1-1.</b> Develop models to describe that organisms have unique and diverse life cycles but all have in common birth, growth, reproduction, and death.	Developing and Using Models	<b>LS1.B:</b> Growth and Development of Organisms	Patterns
Lesson 2	Environmental Change & Engineering What's the best way to get rid of mosquitoes?	<ul> <li>3-LS4-4. Make a claim about the merit of a solution to a problem caused when the environment changes and the types of plants and animals that live there may change.</li> <li>3-5-ETS1-2. Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.</li> </ul>	Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	LS4.D Biodiversity and Humans  LS2.C: Ecosystem Dynamics, Functioning, & Resilience  ETS1.B: Developing Possible Solutions	Cause and Effect Systems and System Models
Lesson 3	Pollination & Plant Reproduction  Why do plants grow flowers?	<b>Foundational for 3-LSI-1.</b> Develop models to describe that organisms have unique and diverse life cycles but all have in common birth, growth, reproduction, and death.	Developing and Using Models  Analyzing and Interpreting Data	<b>LS1.B:</b> Growth and Development of Organisms	Patterns Structure and Function
Lesson 4	Fruit, Seeds, & Plant Reproduction Why do plants give us fruit?	<b>Foundational for 3-LS1-1.</b> Develop models to describe that organisms have unique and diverse life cycles but all have in common birth, growth, reproduction, and death.	Analyzing and Interpreting Data	<b>LS1.B:</b> Growth and Development of Organisms	Patterns Structure and Function
Lesson 5	Plant Life Cycles  Why are there so many different kinds of flowers?	<b>3-LS1-1.</b> Develop models to describe that organisms have unique and diverse life cycles but all have in common birth, growth, reproduction, and death.	Developing and Using Models	<b>LS1.B:</b> Growth and Development of Organisms	Patterns

✓ Unit Restructured for the 2023-2024 School Year See all Content Updates



3rd Grade • Life Science

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### ✓★ Heredity, Survival, & Selection Unit (Fates of Traits) • Page 1 of 2

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 1	Trait Variation, Inheritance, & Artificial Selection  How could you make the biggest fruit in the world?	<b>3-LS3-1.</b> Analyze and interpret data to provide evidence that plants and animals have traits inherited from parents and that variation of these traits exists in a group of similar organisms.	Analyzing and Interpreting Data	LS3.A: Inheritance of Traits  LS3.B: Variation of Traits	Patterns
Lesson 2	Trait Variation, Inheritance, & Artificial Selection  What kinds of animals might there be in the future?	<b>3-LS3-1.</b> Analyze and interpret data to provide evidence that plants and animals have traits inherited from parents and that variation of these traits exists in a group of similar organisms.	Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	LS3.A: Inheritance of Traits LS3.B: Variation of Traits	Patterns
Lesson 3	Trait Variation, Natural Selection, & Survival  Can selection happen without people?	<ul> <li>3-LS3-1. Analyze and interpret data to provide evidence that plants and animals have traits inherited from parents and that variation of these traits exists in a group of similar organisms.</li> <li>3-LS4-2. Use evidence to construct an explanation for how the variations in characteristics among individuals of the same species may provide advantages in surviving, finding mates, and reproducing.</li> <li>3-LS4-3. Construct an argument with evidence that in a particular habitat some organisms can survive well, some survive less well, and some cannot survive at all.</li> </ul>	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations  Analyzing and Interpreting Data  Engaging in Argument from Evidence	LS3.A: Inheritance of Traits  LS3.B: Variation of Traits  LS4.B: Natural Selection  LS4.C: Adaptation	Cause and Effect Systems and System Models Stability and Change

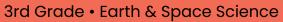


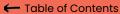
3rd Grade • Life Science

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### ✓★ Heredity, Survival, & Selection Unit (Fates of Traits) • Page 2 of 2

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 4	Animal Groups & Survival Why do dogs wag their tails?	<b>3-LS2-1.</b> Construct an argument that some animals form groups that help members survive.	Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information Engaging in Argument from Evidence	<b>LS2.D:</b> Social Interactions and Group Behavior	Cause and Effect
Lesson 5	Traits & Environmental Variation  How long can people (and animals) survive in outer space?	<b>3-LS3-2.</b> Use evidence to support the explanation that traits can be influenced by the environment.	Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	LS3.A: Inheritance of Traits LS3.B: Variation of Traits	Cause and Effect

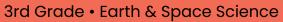


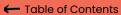




### Weather & Climate Unit (Stormy Skies) • Page 1 of 2

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 1	Water Cycle & Phases of Matter Where do clouds come from?	<b>Foundational for 3-ESS2-1.</b> Represent data in tables and graphical displays to describe typical weather conditions expected during a particular season.	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations Developing and Using Models	<b>ESS2.D:</b> Weather and Climate	Structure and Function Stability and Change
Lesson 2	Local Weather Patterns & Weather Prediction  How can we predict when it's going to storm?	<b>Foundational for 3-ESS2-1.</b> Represent data in tables and graphical displays to describe typical weather conditions expected during a particular season.	Analyzing and Interpreting Data	<b>ESS2.D:</b> Weather and Climate	Patterns
Lesson 3	Seasonal Weather Patterns  Where's the best place to build a snow fort?	<b>3-ESS2-1.</b> Represent data in tables and graphical displays to describe typical weather conditions expected during a particular season.	Analyzing and Interpreting Data	<b>ESS2.D:</b> Weather and Climate	Patterns







### Weather & Climate Unit (Stormy Skies) • Page 2 of 2

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 4	Climate & Global Weather Patterns Why are some places always hot?	<ul> <li>3-ESS2-2. Obtain and combine information to describe climates in different regions of the world.</li> <li>3-ESS2-1. Represent data in tables and graphical displays to describe typical weather conditions expected during a particular season.</li> </ul>	Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information  Analyzing and Interpreting Data	<b>ESS2.D:</b> Weather and Climate	Patterns
Lesson 5	Natural Hazards & Engineering  How can you keep a house from blowing away in a windstorm?	<ul> <li>3-ESS3-1. Make a claim about the merit of a design solution that reduces the impacts of a weather-related hazard.</li> <li>3-5-ETS1-1. Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.</li> <li>3-5-ETS1-2. Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.</li> <li>3-5-ETS1-3. Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.</li> </ul>	Asking Questions and Defining Problems  Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions  Analyzing and Interpreting Data	ESS3.B: Natural Hazards  ETS1.A: Defining and Delimiting Engineering Problems  ETS1.B: Developing Possible Solutions  ETS1.C: Optimizing the Design Solution	Cause and Effect

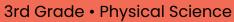


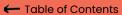
3rd Grade • Physical Science

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### Forces, Motion, & Magnets Unit (Invisible Forces) • Page 1 of 2

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 1	Balanced & Unbalanced Forces  How could you win a tug-of-war against a bunch of adults?	<b>3-PS2-1.</b> Plan and conduct an investigation to provide evidence of the effects of balanced and unbalanced forces on the motion of an object.	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations  Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	PS2.A: Forces and Motion PS2.B: Types of Interactions	Cause and Effect
Lesson 2	Balanced Forces & Engineering  What makes bridges so strong?	<ul> <li>3-5-ETS1-1. Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.</li> <li>3-5-ETS1-2. Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.</li> <li>3-5-ETS1-3. Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.</li> </ul>	Asking Questions and Defining Problems Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	ETS1.A: Defining and Delimiting Engineering Problems  ETS1.B: Developing Possible Solutions  ETS1.C: Optimizing the Design Solution	Structure and Function
Lesson 3	Patterns of Motion, Gravity, & Friction  How high can you swing on a flying trapeze?	<b>3-PS2-2.</b> Make observations and/or measurements of an object's motion to provide evidence that a pattern can be used to predict future motion.	Developing and Using Models  Planning and Carrying Out Investigations	<b>PS2.A:</b> Forces and Motion	Patterns Cause and Effect







### Forces, Motion, & Magnets Unit (Invisible Forces) • Page 2 of 2

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 4	Magnets & Forces What can magnets do?	<b>3-PS2-3.</b> Ask questions to determine cause and effect relationships of electric or magnetic interactions between two objects not in contact with each other.	Asking Questions and Defining Problems	<b>PS2.B:</b> Types of Interactions	Cause and Effect
Lesson 5	Magnets & Engineering  How can you unlock a door using a magnet?	<ul> <li>3-PS2-4. Define a simple design problem that can be solved by applying scientific ideas about magnets.</li> <li>3-5-ETS1-1. Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.</li> <li>3-5-ETS1-2. Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.</li> <li>3-5-ETS1-3. Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.</li> </ul>	Asking Questions and Defining Problems Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	PS2.B: Types of Interactions  ETS1.A: Defining and Delimiting Engineering Problems  ETS1.B: Developing Possible Solutions  ETS1.C: Optimizing the Design Solution	Cause and Effect

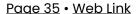
4th Grade • All Units at a Glance

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### **Mystery** science

#### All 4th Grade Units • Units may be taught in any order





### NGSS Performance Expectations:

- 4-LS1-1
- 4-LS1-2
- 4-PS4-2

#### Unit Breakdown:

- 4 Lessons & Activities
- 4 Lesson Assessments
- 4 Extension Blocks
- 1 Unit Assessment

Anchor Layer Adds:

- 1 Anchor Phenomena
- 4 Anchor Connections
- 1 Performance Task



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### NGSS Performance Expectations:

- 4-ESS1-1
- 4-ESS2-1
- 4-ESS2-2
- 4-ESS3-2
- 3-5-ETS1-2

#### **Unit Breakdown:**

- 5 Lessons & Activities
- 5 Lesson Assessments
- 5 Extension Blocks
- 1 Unit Assessment

Anchor Layer Adds:

- 1 Anchor Phenomena
- 5 Anchor Connections
- 1 Performance Task



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### NGSS Performance Expectations:

- 4-PS4-1
- 4-PS4-3
- 3-5-ETS1-2
- 3-5-ETS1-3

#### **Unit Breakdown:**

- 4 Lessons & Activities
- 4 Lesson Assessments
- 4 Extension Blocks
- 1 Unit Assessment

#### Anchor Layer Adds:

- 1 Anchor Phenomena
- 4 Anchor Connections
- 1 Performance Task



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### NGSS Performance Expectations:

- 4-PS3-1
- 4-PS3-2
- 4-PS3-3
- 4-PS3-4
- 4-ESS3-1
- 3-5-ETS1-1
- 3-5-ETS1-2
- 3-5-ETS1-3

#### **Unit Breakdown:**

- 8 Lessons & Activities
- 8 Lesson Assessments
- 8 Extension Blocks
- 1 Unit Assessment

#### Anchor Layer Adds:

- 1 Anchor Phenomena
- 6 Anchor Connections
- 1 Performance Task

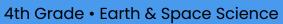






### **Human Body, Vision, & The Brain Unit** (Human Machine)

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 1	Muscles & Skeleton  Why do your biceps bulge?	<b>4-LS1-1.</b> Construct an argument that plants and animals have internal and external structures that function to support survival, growth, behavior, and reproduction.	Developing and Using Models  Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	<b>LS1.A:</b> Structure and Function	Systems and System Models Cause and Effect
Lesson 2	<b>Light, Eyes, &amp; Vision</b> What do people who are blind see?	<ul> <li>4-LS1-1. Construct an argument that plants and animals have internal and external structures that function to support survival, growth, behavior, and reproduction.</li> <li>4-PS4-2. Develop a model to describe that light reflecting from objects and entering the eye allows objects to be seen.</li> </ul>	Developing and Using Models  Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	LS1.A: Structure and Function  PS4.B: Electromagnetic Radiation	Systems and System Models Cause and Effect
Lesson 3	Structure & Function of Eyes  How can some animals see in the dark?	<ul> <li>4-LS1-1. Construct an argument that plants and animals have internal and external structures that function to support survival, growth, behavior, and reproduction.</li> <li>4-PS4-2. Develop a model to describe that light reflecting from objects and entering the eye allows objects to be seen.</li> </ul>	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations  Developing and Using Models  Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	LS1.A: Structure and Function  PS4.B: Electromagnetic Radiation	Systems and System Models Cause and Effect
Lesson 4	Brain, Nerves, & Information Processing How does your brain control your body?	<b>4-LS1-2.</b> Use a model to describe that animals receive different types of information through their senses, process the information in their brain, and respond to the information in different ways.	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations Analyzing and Interpreting Data	<b>LS1.D:</b> Information Processing	Systems and System Models







### Earth's Features & Processes Unit (Birth of Rocks)

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 1	Volcanoes & Patterns of Earth's Features  Could a volcano pop up where you live?	<b>4-ESS2-2.</b> Analyze and interpret data from maps to describe patterns of Earth's features.	Analyzing and Interpreting Data Engaging in Argument from Evidence	ESS2.B: Plate Tectonics and Large-Scale System Interactions	Patterns
Lesson 2	Volcanoes & Rock Cycle Why do some volcanoes explode?	<b>4-ESS1-1.</b> Identify evidence from patterns in rock formations and fossils in rock layers to support an explanation for changes in a landscape over time.	Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	ESS1.C: The History of Planet Earth	Cause and Effect
Lesson 3	Weathering & Erosion  Will a mountain last forever?	<b>4-ESS2-1.</b> Make observations and/or measurements to provide evidence of the effects of weathering or the rate of erosion by water, ice, wind, or vegetation.	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations Analyzing and Interpreting Data	ESS2.A: Earth Materials and Systems ESS2.E: Biogeology	Cause and Effect
Lesson 4	Sedimentary Rock & Fossils  What did your town look like 100 million years ago?	<b>4-ESS1-1.</b> Identify evidence from patterns in rock formations and fossils in rock layers to support an explanation for changes in a landscape over time.	Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions  Developing and Using Models	ESS1.C: The History of Planet Earth	Patterns
Lesson 5	Erosion, Natural Hazards, & Engineering How could you survive a landslide?	<ul> <li>4-ESS3-2. Generate and compare multiple solutions to reduce the impacts of natural Earth processes on humans.</li> <li>3-5-ETS1-2. Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.</li> </ul>	Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	ESS3.B: Natural Hazards ETS1.B: Designing Solutions to Engineering Problems	Cause and Effect

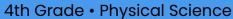


4th Grade • Physical Science

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### Sound, Waves, & Communication Unit (Waves of Sound)

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 1	Pattern Transfer & Technology  How do you send a secret code?	<ul> <li>4-PS4-3. Generate and compare multiple solutions that use patterns to transfer information.</li> <li>3-5-ETS1-3. Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.</li> </ul>	Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	PS4.C: Information Technologies and Instrumentation ETS1.C: Optimizing the Design Solution	Patterns
Lesson 2	Sound, Vibration, & Engineering  How far can a whisper travel?	Foundational for 4-PS4-1. Develop a model of waves to describe patterns in terms of amplitude and wavelength and that waves can cause objects to move.  3-5-ETS1-2. Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.	Developing and Using Models Planning and Carrying Out Investigations	PS4.A: Wave Properties ETS1.B: Developing Possible Solutions	Patterns
Lesson 3	Sound & Vibrations  What would happen if you screamed in outer space?	<b>4-PS4-1.</b> Develop a model of waves to describe patterns in terms of amplitude and wavelength and that waves can cause objects to move.	Developing and Using Models	<b>PS4.A:</b> Wave Properties	Patterns
Lesson 4	Sound Waves & Wavelength  Why are some sounds high and some sounds low?	<b>4-PS4-1.</b> Develop a model of waves to describe patterns in terms of amplitude and wavelength and that waves can cause objects to move.	Developing and Using Models	<b>PS4.A:</b> Wave Properties	Patterns







### Energy, Energy Transfer, & Electricity Unit (Energizing Everything) • Page 1 of 3

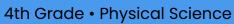
	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 1	Speed & Energy  How is your body similar to a car?	<b>4-PS3-1.</b> Use evidence to construct an explanation relating the speed of an object to the energy of that object.	Analyzing and Interpreting Data Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	<b>PS3.A:</b> Definitions of Energy	Energy and Matter Systems and System Models
Lesson 2	Gravitational Energy, Speed, & Collisions What makes roller coasters go so fast?	<ul> <li>4-PS3-1. Use evidence to construct an explanation relating the speed of an object to the energy of that object.</li> <li>4-PS3-3. Ask questions and predict outcomes about the changes in energy that occur when objects collide.</li> </ul>	Developing and Using Models Analyzing and Interpreting Data	<b>PS3.A:</b> Definitions of Energy	Energy and Matter Systems and System Models
Lesson 3	Collisions & Energy Transfer  How can marbles save the world?	<b>4-PS3-3.</b> Ask questions and predict outcomes about the changes in energy that occur when objects collide.	Asking Questions and Defining Problems	PS3.A: Definitions of Energy  PS3.B: Conservation of Energy and Energy Transfer  PS3.C: Relationship Between Energy and Forces	Energy and Matter
Lesson 4	Energy Transfer & Engineering  Could you knock down a building using only dominoes?	<ul> <li>4-PS3-4. Apply scientific ideas to design, test, and refine a device that converts energy from one form to another</li> <li>3-5-ETS1-1. Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.</li> </ul>	Developing and Using Models	PS3.B: Conservation of Energy and Energy Transfer  PS3.C: Relationship Between Energy and Forces  ETS1.A: Defining and Delimiting Engineering Problems	Energy and Matter



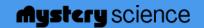
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### Energy, Energy Transfer, & Electricity Unit (Energizing Everything) • Page 2 of 3

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 5	Energy Transfer & Engineering  Can you build a chain reaction machine?	<ul> <li>4-PS3-4. Apply scientific ideas to design, test, and refine a device that converts energy from one form to another</li> <li>3-5-ETS1-1. Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.</li> <li>3-5-ETS1-2. Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.</li> <li>3-5-ETS1-3. Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.</li> </ul>	Developing and Using Models	PS3.A: Definitions of Energy  PS3.C: Relationship Between Energy and Forces  ETS1.A: Defining and Delimiting Engineering Problems  ETS1.B: Developing Possible Solutions  ETS1.C: Optimizing the Design Solution	Energy and Matter
Lesson 6	Electrical Energy What if there were no electricity?	<ul> <li>4-PS3-2. Make observations to provide evidence that energy can be transferred from place to place by sound, light, heat, and electric currents.</li> <li>4-PS3-4. Apply scientific ideas to design, test, and refine a device that converts energy from one form to another.</li> <li>3-5-ETS1-1. Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.</li> <li>3-5-ETS1-3. Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.</li> </ul>	Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions  Developing and Using Models	PS3.D: Energy in Chemical Processes and Everyday Life  ETS1.A: Defining and Delimiting Engineering Problems  ETS1.B: Developing Possible Solutions  ETS1.C: Optimizing the Design Solution	Energy and Matter







### Energy, Energy Transfer, & Electricity Unit (Energizing Everything) • Page 3 of 3

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 7	Heat Energy & Energy Transfer  How long did it take to travel across the country before cars and planes?	<ul> <li>4-PS3-2. Make observations to provide evidence that energy can be transferred from place to place by sound, light, heat, and electric currents.</li> <li>4-PS3-4. Apply scientific ideas to design, test, and refine a device that converts energy from one form to another</li> </ul>	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations	PS3.B: Conservation of Energy and Energy Transfer  PS3.D: Energy in Chemical Processes and Everyday Life	Energy and Matter
Lesson 8	Renewable Energy & Natural Resources Where does energy come from?	<b>4-ESS3-1.</b> Obtain and combine information to describe that energy and fuels are derived from natural resources and their uses affect the environment.	Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information  Using Mathematics and Computational Thinking	<b>ESS3.A:</b> Natural Resources	Energy and Matter Cause and Effect

5th Grade • All Units at a Glance

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### **Mystery** science

#### All 5th Grade Units • Units may be taught in any order



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- 5-LS1-1
- 5-LS2-1
- 5-ESS3-1
- 5-PS3-1

#### Unit Breakdown:

- 7 Lessons & Activities
- 7 Lesson Assessments
- 7 Extension Blocks
- 1 Unit Assessment

Anchor Layer Adds:

- 1 Anchor Phenomena
- 7 Anchor Connections
- 1 Performance Task



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### NGSS Performance Expectations:

- 5-ESS2-1
- 5-ESS2-2
- 5-PS1-2
- 3-5-ETS1-1
- 3-5-ETS1-2
- 3-5-ETS1-3

#### **Unit Breakdown:**

- 5 Lessons & Activities
- 5 Lesson Assessments
- 5 Extension Blocks
- 1 Unit Assessment

Anchor Layer Adds:

- 1 Anchor Phenomena
- 5 Anchor Connections
- 1 Performance Task



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### NGSS Performance Expectations:

- 5-ESS1-1
- 5-ESS1-2
- 5-PS2-1

#### **Unit Breakdown:**

- 8 Lessons & Activities
- 8 Lesson Assessments
- 8 Extension Blocks
- 1 Unit Assessment

#### Anchor Layer Adds:

- 1 Anchor Phenomena
- 8 Anchor Connections
- 1 Performance Task



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### NGSS Performance Expectations:

- 5-PS1-1
- 5-PS1-2
- 5-PS1-3
- 5-PS1-4

#### **Unit Breakdown:**

- 5 Lessons & Activities
- 5 Lesson Assessments
- 5 Extension Blocks
- 1 Unit Assessment

#### Anchor Layer Adds:

- 1 Anchor Phenomena
- 5 Anchor Connections
- 1 Performance Task



5th Grade • Life Science

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### Ecosystems & The Food Web Unit (Web of Life) • Page 1 of 2

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 1	Food Chains, Producers, & Consumers Why would a hawk move to New York City?	<b>5-LS2-1.</b> Develop a model to describe the movement of matter among plants, animals, decomposers, and the environment.	Developing and Using Models	LS2.A: Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems  LS2.B: Cycles of Matter and Energy Transfer in Ecosystems	Energy and Matter Systems and System Models
Lesson 2	Matter & Plant Growth What do plants eat?	<ul> <li>5-LS1-1. Support an argument that plants get the materials they need for growth chiefly from air and water.</li> <li>Foundational for 5-LS2-1. Develop a model to describe the movement of matter among plants, animals, decomposers, and the environment.</li> </ul>	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations  Analyzing and Interpreting Data  Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	LS1.C. Organization for Matter and Energy Flow in Organisms  LS2.B: Cycles of Matter and Energy Transfer in Ecosystems	Cause and Effect Energy and Matter
Lesson 3	Decomposers & Matter Cycle  Where do fallen leaves go?	<b>5-LS2-1.</b> Develop a model to describe the movement of matter among plants, animals, decomposers, and the environment.	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations	LS2.A: Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems  LS2.B: Cycles of Matter and Energy Transfer in Ecosystems	Energy and Matter

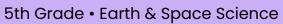


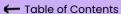
5th Grade • Life Science

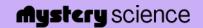
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### Ecosystems & The Food Web Unit (Web of Life) • Page 2 of 2

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 4	Decomposers, Nutrients, & Matter Cycle  Do worms really eat dirt?	<b>5-LS2-1.</b> Develop a model to describe the movement of matter among plants, animals, decomposers, and the environment.	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations	LS2.A: Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems  LS2.B: Cycles of Matter and Energy Transfer in Ecosystems	Energy and Matter
Lesson 5	Ecosystems & Matter Cycle  Why do you have to clean a fish tank but not a pond?	<b>5-LS2-1.</b> Develop a model to describe the movement of matter among plants, animals, decomposers, and the environment.	Developing and Using Models	LS2.A: Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems  LS2.B: Cycles of Matter and Energy Transfer in Ecosystems	Systems and System Models Energy and Matter
Lesson 6	Protecting Environments  How can we protect Earth's environments?	<b>5-ESS3-1.</b> Obtain and combine information about ways individual communities use science ideas to protect the Earth's resources and environment.	Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information	ESS3.C: Human Impacts on Earth Systems	Systems and System Models
Lesson 7	Food Webs & Flow of Energy Why did the dinosaurs go extinct?	<b>5-PS3-1.</b> Use models to describe that energy in animals' food (used for body repair, growth, motion, and to maintain body warmth) was once energy from the sun.	Developing and Using Models Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	PS3.D: Energy in Chemical Processes and Everyday Life LS1.C. Organization for Matter and Energy Flow in Organisms	Energy and Matter Systems and System Models







### Water Cycle & Earth's Systems Unit (Watery Planet)

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 1	Hydrosphere & Water Distribution  How much water is in the world?	<b>5-ESS2-2.</b> Describe and graph the amounts and percentages of water and fresh water in various reservoirs to provide evidence about the distribution of water on Earth.	Analyzing and Interpreting Data Using Mathematics and Computational Thinking	ESS2.C: The Roles of Water in Earth's Surface Processes	Scale, Proportion, and Quantity
Lesson 2	Mixtures & Solutions  How much salt is in the ocean?	<b>5-PS1-2.</b> Measure and graph quantities to provide evidence that regardless of the type of change that occurs when heating, cooling, or mixing substances, the total weight of matter is conserved.	Developing and Using Models Using Mathematics and Computational Thinking	<b>PS1.A</b> : Structure and Properties of Matter	Scale, Proportion, and Quantity
Lesson 3	Groundwater as a Natural Resource  When you turn on the faucet, where does the water come from?	<b>5-ESS2-2.</b> Describe and graph the amounts and percentages of water and fresh water in various reservoirs to provide evidence about the distribution of water on Earth.	Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information Engaging in Argument from Evidence	<b>ESS2.C:</b> The Roles of Water in Earth's Surface Processes	Patterns
Lesson 4	Water Cycle Can we make it rain?	<b>5-ESS2-1.</b> Develop a model using an example to describe ways the geosphere, biosphere, hydrosphere, and/or atmosphere interact.	Developing and Using Models Planning and Carrying Out Investigations	<b>ESS2.A:</b> Earth Materials and Systems	Systems and System Models
Lesson 5  SPEED LIMIT	Natural Disasters & Engineering  How can you save a town from a hurricane?	<ul> <li>3-5-ETS1-1. Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.</li> <li>3-5-ETS1-2. Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.</li> <li>3-5-ETS1-3. Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.</li> </ul>	Asking Questions and Defining Problems  Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information  Using Mathematics and Computational Thinking	ETS1.A: Defining and Delimiting Engineering Problems  ETS1.B: Developing Possible Solutions  ETS1.C: Optimizing the Design Solution	Systems and System Models

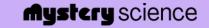


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### Stars & The Solar System Unit (Spaceship Earth) • Page 1 of 2

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 1	Day, Night, & Earth's Rotation How fast does the Earth spin?	<b>5-ESS1-2.</b> Represent data in graphical displays to reveal patterns of daily changes in length and direction of shadows, day and night, and the seasonal appearance of some stars in the night sky.	Developing and Using Models  Using Mathematics and Computational Thinking	<b>ESS1.B:</b> Earth and the Solar System	Patterns Cause and Effect
Lesson 2 0 3 7 6 5	Earth's Rotation & Daily Shadow Patterns  Who set the first clock?	<b>5-ESS1-2.</b> Represent data in graphical displays to reveal patterns of daily changes in length and direction of shadows, day and night, and the seasonal appearance of some stars in the night sky.	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations Analyzing and Interpreting Data	<b>ESS1.B:</b> Earth and the Solar System	Patterns Cause and Effect
Lesson 3	Seasonal Changes & Shadow Length  How can the Sun tell you the season?	<b>5-ESS1-2.</b> Represent data in graphical displays to reveal patterns of daily changes in length and direction of shadows, day and night, and the seasonal appearance of some stars in the night sky.	Analyzing and Interpreting Data Engaging in Argument from Evidence	<b>ESS1.B:</b> Earth and the Solar System	Patterns Cause and Effect
Lesson 4	Seasonal Patterns & Earth's Orbit  Why do the stars change with the seasons?	<b>5-ESS1-2.</b> Represent data in graphical displays to reveal patterns of daily changes in length and direction of shadows, day and night, and the seasonal appearance of some stars in the night sky.	Developing and Using Models Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	<b>ESS1.B:</b> Earth and the Solar System	Patterns Cause and Effect



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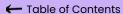
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### Stars & The Solar System Unit (Spaceship Earth) • Page 2 of 2

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 5	Moon Phases, Lunar Cycle Why does the Moon change shape?	<b>5-ESS1-2.</b> Represent data in graphical displays to reveal patterns of daily changes in length and direction of shadows, day and night, and the seasonal appearance of some stars in the night sky.	Developing and Using Models Planning and Carrying Out Investigations	<b>ESS1.B:</b> Earth and the Solar System	Patterns Cause and Effect
Lesson 6	Sun Brightness  How can the Sun help us explore other planets?	<b>5-ESS1-1.</b> Support an argument that differences in the apparent brightness of the sun compared to other stars is due to their relative distances from Earth.	Developing and Using Models Engaging in Argument from Evidence	<b>ESS1.A:</b> The Universe and its Stars	Scale, Proportion, and Quantity Systems and System Models
Lesson 7	Gravity Why is gravity different on other planets?	<b>5-PS2-1.</b> Support an argument that the gravitational force exerted by Earth on objects is directed down.	Using Mathematics and Computational Thinking Analyzing and Interpreting Data	<b>PS2.B:</b> Types of Interactions	Patterns Cause and Effect
Lesson 8	Star Brightness & Habitable Planets  Could there be life on other planets?	<b>5-ESS1-1.</b> Support an argument that differences in the apparent brightness of the sun compared to other stars is due to their relative distances from Earth.	Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information Engaging in Argument from Evidence	<b>ESS1.A:</b> The Universe and its Stars	Scale, Proportion, and Quantity



5th Grade • Physical Science



### Chemical Reactions & Properties of Matter Unit (Chemical Magic)

	Topic & Guiding Question	NGSS Performance Expectations (PEs)	Science & Eng. Practices (SEPs)	Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs)	Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs)
Lesson 1	Conservation of Matter  Are magic potions real?	Foundational for 5-PS1-1. Develop a model to describe that matter is made of particles too small to be seen.  5-PS1-2. Measure and graph quantities to provide evidence that regardless of the type of change that occurs when heating, cooling, or mixing substances, the total weight of matter is conserved.	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations  Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	PS1.A: Structure and Properties of Matter PS1.B: Chemical Reactions	Cause and Effect Scale, Proportion, and Quantity
Lesson 2	Dissolving & Particulate Nature of Matter  Could you transform something worthless into gold?	Foundational for 5-PS1-1. Develop a model to describe that matter is made of particles too small to be seen.  5-PS1-2. Measure and graph quantities to provide evidence that regardless of the type of change that occurs when heating, cooling, or mixing substances, the total weight of matter is conserved.	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations  Using Mathematics and Computational Thinking	PS1.A: Structure and Properties of Matter PS1.B: Chemical Reactions	Energy and Matter Scale, Proportion, and Quantity
Lesson 3	Properties of Matter: Acids  What would happen if you drank a glass of acid?	<b>5-PS1-3.</b> Make observations and measurements to identify materials based on their properties.	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations Analyzing and Interpreting Data	<b>PS1.A</b> : Structure and Properties of Matter	Cause and Effect
Lesson 4	Chemical Reactions What do fireworks, rubber, and Silly Putty have in common?	<b>5-PS1-4.</b> Conduct an investigation to determine whether the mixing of two or more substances results in new substances.	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	<b>PS1.B:</b> Chemical Reactions	Cause and Effect
Lesson 5	Gases & Particle Models Why do some things explode?	<b>5-PS1-1.</b> Develop a model to describe that matter is made of particles too small to be seen.	Planning and Carrying Out Investigations Developing and Using Models	<b>PS1.A</b> : Structure and Properties of Matter	Scale, Proportion, and Quantity