

AP Calculus
Calculator M.C. Review

1. If $f(x) = 2x^2 + 4$, which of the following will calculate the derivative of $f(x)$?

a) $\frac{[2(x + \Delta x)^2 + 4] - (2x^2 + 4)}{\Delta x}$ b) $\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(2x^2 + 4 + \Delta x) - (2x^2 + 4)}{\Delta x}$

c) $\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{[2(x + \Delta x)^2 + 4] - (2x^2 + 4)}{\Delta x}$ d) $\frac{(2x^2 + 4 + \Delta x) - (2x^2 + 4)}{\Delta x}$

e) None of these

2. Differentiate: $y = \frac{1 + \cos x}{1 - \cos x}$

a) -1 b) $-2 \csc x$ c) $2 \csc x$ d) $\frac{-2 \sin x}{(1 - \cos x)^2}$ e) None of these

3. Find dy/dx for $y = (x^3)\sqrt{x+1}$.

a) $\frac{3x^2}{2\sqrt{x+1}}$ b) $\frac{x^2(7x+6)}{2\sqrt{x+1}}$ c) $3x^2\sqrt{x+1}$ d) $\frac{7x^3 + x^2}{2\sqrt{x+1}}$ e) None of these

4. Find $f'(x)$ for $f(x) = (2x^2 + 5)^7$.

a) $7(4x)^6$ b) $(4x)^7$ c) $28x(2x^2 + 5)^6$ d) $7(2x^2 + 5)^6$ e) None of these

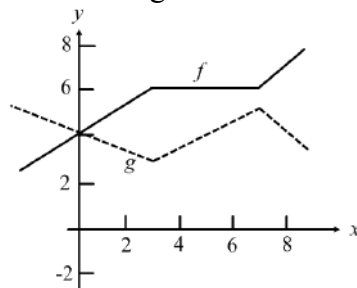
5. A point moves along a curve $y = 2x^2 + 1$ in such a way that the y value is decreasing at the rate of 2 units per second. At what rate is x changing when $x = \frac{3}{2}$?

a) increasing $\frac{1}{3}$ unit/sec b) decreasing $\frac{1}{3}$ unit/sec c) decreasing $\frac{7}{2}$ unit/sec

d) increasing $\frac{7}{2}$ unit/sec e) None of these

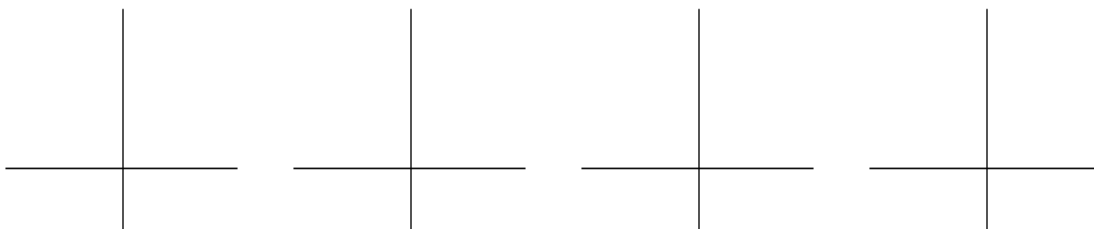
6. The position equation for the movement of a particle is given by $s = (t^2 - 1)^3$ when s is measured in feet and t is measured in seconds. Find the acceleration at two seconds.

- a) 342 units/sec² b) 18 units/sec² c) 288 units/sec²
d) 90 units/sec² e) None of these
7. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y^2 - 3xy + x^2 = 7$
a) $\frac{2x+y}{3x-2y}$ b) $\frac{3y-2x}{2y-3x}$ c) $\frac{2x}{3-2y}$ d) $\frac{2x}{y}$ e) None of these
8. The position function for a particular object is $s = -\frac{35}{2}t^2 + 58t + 91$. Which statement is true?
a) The initial velocity is -35. b) The velocity is constant.
c) The velocity at time $t = 1$ is 23. d) The initial position is $-\frac{35}{2}$. e) None of these
9. Differentiate: $y = \sec^2 x + \tan^2 x$.
a) 0 b) $\tan x + \sec^4 x$ c) $\sec^2 x (\sec^2 x + \tan^2 x)$
d) $4\sec^2 x \tan x$ e) None of these
10. Let $f(3) = 0$, $f'(3) = 6$, $g(3) = 1$ and $g'(3) = \frac{1}{3}$. Find $h'(3)$ if $h(x) = \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$.
a) 18 b) 6 c) -6 d) -2 e) None of these
11. Find an equation for the tangent line to the graph of $f(x) = 2x^2 - 2x + 3$ at the point where $x = 1$.
a) $y = 2x - 2$ b) $y = 4x^2 - 6x + 5$ c) $y = 2x + 1$
d) $y = 4x^2 - 6x + 2$ e) None of these
12. Find all points on the graph of $f(x) = -x^3 + 3x^2 - 2$ at which there is a horizontal tangent line.
a) (0, -2) and (2, 2) b) (0, -2) c) (1, 0) and (0, -2)
d) (2, 2) e) None of these
13. Let $p(x) = f(x)g(x)$. Use the figure to find $p'(5)$.
a) 7 b) 3
c) 0 d) 24
e) None of these



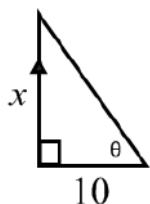
14. For how many of the functions below could the Mean Value Theorem be applied on $[a, b]$?

- a) 0
- b) 1
- c) 2
- d) 3
- e) 4



15. Consider the following figure where the distance x is increasing at the rate of 50 units per second. In radians per second, what is the rate of change of the angle θ when $x = 10$?

- a) 1
- b) 1.25
- c) 1.5
- d) 2
- e) 2.5



16. A function $y = f(x)$ has the properties $f'(a) = f''(a) = 0$. Which one of the following statements is true?

- a) The graph of $y = f(x)$ has a horizontal tangent at $(a, f(a))$.
- b) $(a, f(a))$ is a point of inflection.
- c) $(a, f(a))$ must be either a maximum or a minimum point.
- d) f may be discontinuous at $x = a$.
- e) None of the above is necessarily true.

17. Given that $f(x) = |x - 3| + 2$, which one of the following statements is false?

- a) f is continuous at $x = 3$.
- b) f is differentiable at $x = 3$.
- c) $f'(5) = 1$
- d) $f'(0) = -1$
- e) $f(2) = f(4)$

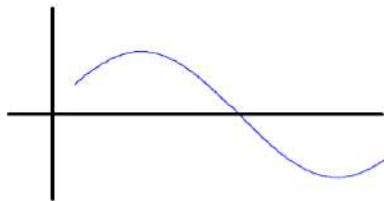
18. If f is continuous on $[-4, 4]$ such that $f(-4) = 11$ and $f(4) = -11$, then

- a) $f(0) = 0$
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) = 8$
b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) = 8$
c) There is at least one c in $[-4, 4]$ such that $f(c) = 8$.
d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -3} f(x)$
e) It is possible that f is not defined at $x = 0$

19. If $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 - 4}{x - 2}, & \text{if } x \neq 2 \\ k, & \text{if } x = 2 \end{cases}$, for what value(s) of k is f continuous at $x = 2$?
a) -2, and 2 b) 4 c) 8 d) 0 e) 6

20. The following graph represents the function $y = f(x)$. For which of the five domain values shown is $f''(x) > 0$ and $f'(x) < 0$?

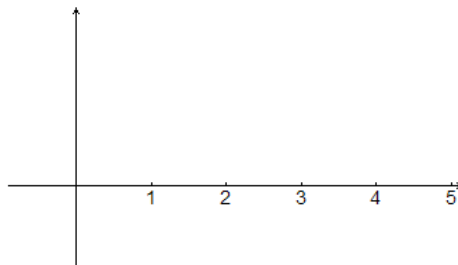
- a) a
b) b
c) c
d) d
e) e



21. Given L feet of fencing, what is the maximum number of square feet that can be enclosed if the fencing is used to make three sides of a rectangular pen, using an existing wall as the fourth side?
a) $L^2/4$ b) $L^2/8$ c) $L^2/9$ d) $L^2/16$ e) $2L^2/9$

22. Using the graph below of f' , f has a local maximum at $x =$

- a) 0 only
b) 4 only
c) 0 and 4
d) 0 and 5
e) 0, 4, and 5



23. Using the graph above of f' , f has a point of inflection at $x =$
 a) 2 only b) 3 only c) 4 only d) 2 and 3 e) 2, 3, and 4

24. If y is a differentiable function of x , then the slope of the curve of $xy^2 - 2y + 4y^3 = 6$ at the point where $y = 1$ is

- a) $-\frac{1}{18}$ b) $-\frac{1}{26}$ c) $\frac{5}{18}$ d) $-\frac{11}{18}$ e) 2

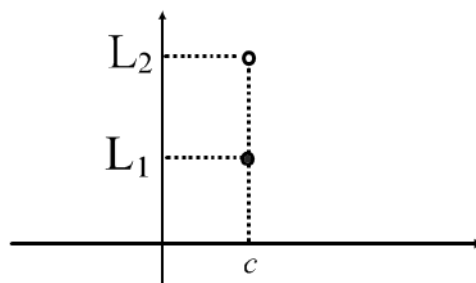
25. If $f(x) = \cos x \sin 3x$, then $f'\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)$ is equal to

- a) $\frac{1}{2}$ b) $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ c) 0 d) 1 e) $-\frac{1}{2}$

26. If $f(3) = 8$ and $f'(3) = -4$, then $f(3.02)$ is approximately
 a) -8.08 b) 7.92 c) 7.98 d) 8.02 e) 8.08

27. Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow c} f(x)$ using the graph below.

- a) L_1
 b) L_2
 c) $\frac{L_1 + L_2}{2}$
 d) $L_1 + L_2$
 e) undefined



28. If f is continuous on $[4, 7]$, how many of the following statements must be true?

- i. f has a maximum value on $[4, 7]$.
- ii. f has a minimum value on $[4, 7]$.
- iii. $f(7) > f(4)$.
- iv. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 6} f(x) = f(6)$.

- a) 0 b) 1 c) 2 d) 3 e) 4

29. Given that f is a function, how many of the following statements are true?

- i. If f is continuous at $x = c$, then $f'(c)$ exists.
- ii. If $f'(c)$ exists, then f is continuous at $x = c$.
- iii. $\lim_{x \rightarrow c} f(x) = f(c)$.
- iv. If f is continuous on (a, b) , then f is continuous on $[a, b]$.

a) 0 b) 1 c) 2 d) 3 e) 4

30. If $w(x) = x^7 + 4x^5 - 7$ and $z(t) = t^2$, then $w(z(c)) =$

- a) $(c^7 + 4c^5 - 7)^2$
- b) $c^7 + 4c^5 - 7$
- c) c^2
- d) $c^{14} + 4c^{10} - 7c^2$
- e) $c^{14} + 4c^{10} - 7$

31. Given that f is a function, how many of the following statements are true?

- i. If $f''(a) < 0$, then the graph of $y = f(x)$ is concave upward at $x = a$.
- ii. If $f'(a)$ does not exist, then a is not in the domain of f .
- iii. If $f'(a) = 0$ and $f''(a) > 0$, then $f(a)$ is a relative maximum value.
- iv. If $f'(a) = f''(a) = 0$, then $f'''(a) = 0$.

a) 0 b) 1 c) 2 d) 3 e) 4

32. If the surface area of a sphere is increasing at the rate of 12 sq. ft. per second, how fast, in terms of ft. per second, is the radius increasing when it is 2 ft?

- a) 1
- b) $\frac{1}{\pi}$
- c) π
- d) $\frac{2}{\pi}$
- e) $\frac{3}{4\pi}$

33. One leg of a right triangle begins to increase at the rate of 2 inches per minute while the other leg remains at 8 inches. In terms of in./min., how fast is the hypotenuse increasing when the first leg is 6 inches?

a) 2

b) 3

c) 6/5

d) 11/5

e) 4/3

34. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left(\frac{x^5 - 1}{x^2 - x} \right) =$

a) 5

b) 5/2

c) 0

d) 1

e) limit does not exist

35. $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin t}{t} =$

a) 0

b) 1

c) $\pi/2$

d) -1

e) limit does not exist