# Lesson 21

Objective: Compare counts of 8 in linear and array configurations. Match with numeral 8.

#### **Suggested Lesson Structure**

Total Time	(50 minutes)
Student Debrief	(8 minutes)
Concept Development	(25 minutes)
Application Problem	(5 minutes)
Fluency Practice	(12 minutes)

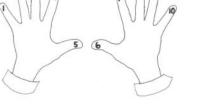
# Fluency Practice (12 minutes)

•	Counting with the Number Glove to 8 K.CC.5	(4 minutes)
•	Finger Flashes to 8 K.CC.5	(4 minutes)
•	Happy Counting Within 8 K.CC.2	(4 minutes)

## Counting with the Number Glove to 8 (4 minutes)

Count up and down, as in Lesson 1, only now dramatically emphasize the transition from 5 to 6 by bringing the hand in and out of view when changing directions.

Number gloves are illustrated at right, as viewed from the students' perspective.



# Finger Flashes to 8 (4 minutes)

Complete the activity as outlined in Lesson 2. Recall that the teacher begins with the right hand, beginning with the pinky as 1 and the thumb as 5, as a continuous number line. Watch closely to see which students immediately recognize an open hand as 5 and which must begin counting from 1 each time. If students are ready for a challenge, show them the finger combinations very briefly.

# Happy Counting Within 8 (4 minutes)

Complete activity as outlined in Lesson 6. It is critical not to count along with the students or mouth the words; rather, listen closely to the students' responses. If students hesitate or have difficulty, return to work within 5, and then gradually build up to 8. If they are ready to be challenged, quicken the pace.



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## **Application Problem (5 minutes)**

There were some children playing with marbles on the playground. Draw a circle and show 7 of their marbles in the circle. Count the marbles with your friend. Talk about what would happen if someone gave the children another marble.

Note: This reviews yesterday's lesson of counting 7 in a circular or scattered configuration. It could also begin the count of 8.

## **Concept Development (25 minutes)**

- Materials: (T) Linking cubes, cardboard writing frame on the board, classroom-size 5-group mats (Lesson 17 Template) (S) Bag of 10 loose linking cubes (5 blue and 5 red), work mat, two 5-group mats (Lesson 17 Template), 5-group cards (Lesson 7 Template 2)
  - T: Count out 5 cubes of one color and 2 of another. How many are left in your bag?

S: 3.

- T: Put your cubes on your 5-group mat to show that 7 is the same as 5 and 2. (Check to ensure proper placement.) Find the number card that tells how many cubes you have. Hold it up, and say the number.
- S: 7. (Hold up number card.)
- T: Take out 1 more cube of the second color, and put it on your 5-group mat. How many cubes are on your top five?
- S: 5.

**MP.7** 

- T: How many on your bottom five?
- S: 3.
- T: Let's count to see how many cubes!

S: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, ..., 8.

NOTES ON MULTIPLE MEANS OF ACTION AND

OF ACTION AND REPRESENTATION: the word rows by gesturing

Model the word *rows* by gesturing with arms held to the side while giving the instruction, "Put the cubes into rows (gesture) on your work mat." Alternatively, point to a visual of a row with the instruction. This will clarify the intent to special needs students and English language learners. Do the same for *column*, but this time with arms stretched up above the head.

- T: You have 8 cubes! Eight is 1 more than 7. We write the number 8 like this. (Demonstrate in writing frame.) Find the number card that shows 8. Hold it up, and say the number.
- S: (Hold up the card.) 8.
- T: Put your cubes together in a tower, like this. (Demonstrate so that the parts of 5 and 3 are different colors.) Can you see the 5 and the 3 hiding in our 8? (Circulate to ensure understanding.)
- T: Now, take your tower apart, and put the cubes into rows on your work mat. Make your rows so that each one has the same number of cubes. (Rows should have 4 and 4. Guide students to use the top and bottom of their square to help them.)
- T: Look at your partner's work mat. Do his cubes look the same as yours? Let's count our cubes. Then, show me the number.
- S: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8. (Hold up digit card.)



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- T: I wonder what would happen if we put our cubes into columns like towers. Move your cubes so that they are on the sides of your work mat. Make sure that each side has the same number. How many are on each side?
- S: 4 and 4.
- T: Let's count our cubes. Show me the number that tells how many you see.
- S: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8. (Hold up card.)
- T: Now, put one cube on the top edge of your work mat, one on the left, one on the bottom, and one on the right. Do you have some cubes left? Let's see if we can do it again. (Repeat.) Do you have any more cubes left?
- S: No.
- T: How many cubes are on each edge?
- S: 2.
- T: How many cubes are on your work mat?
- S: 8.
- T: Look at your partner's work mat. Does it look the same as yours? (Responses will vary.)
- T: Put away your cubes. We are going to do some more counting on the Problem Set.

#### Problem Set (8 minutes)

Students should do their personal best to complete the Problem Set within the allotted time.

## **Student Debrief (8 minutes)**

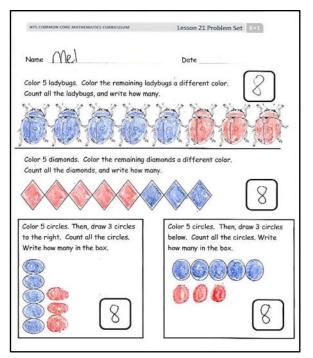
**Lesson Objective:** Compare counts of 8 in linear and array configurations. Match with numeral 8.

The Student Debrief is intended to invite reflection and active processing of the total lesson experience.

Invite students to review their solutions for the Problem Set. They should check work by comparing answers with a partner before going over answers as a class. Look for misconceptions or misunderstandings that can be addressed in the Debrief. Guide students in a conversation to debrief the Problem Set and process the lesson.

Any combination of the questions below may be used to lead the discussion.

 What did you notice about the ladybugs and diamonds? How many ladybugs are there? How many diamonds? Does it look like the same amount?



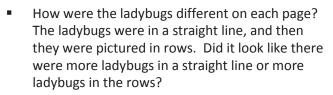
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- Look at the rows of ladybugs. What did you notice about the rows? Discuss how one group of ladybugs showed 8 as 4 and 4. Are there other ways to show 8?
- What number comes before 8? What are some other things you now know about the number 8?

#### **Exit Ticket (3 minutes)**

After the Student Debrief, instruct students to complete the Exit Ticket. A review of their work will help with assessing students' understanding of the concepts that were presented in today's lesson and planning more effectively for future lessons. The questions may be read aloud to the students.

A STORY OF UNITS	Lesson 21 Problem Set K•1
Color 4 ladybugs. Count all the ladybugs, and write how many in the box.	Color 4 rectangles. Count all the rectangles, and write how many in the box.
olor 5. Then, draw 3 circles to finish the row rew a different color. Write the total in the	
EUREKA Lonio 38. MATTI Lonio 38. Supermeta L.	conferences Match with

Lesson 21



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Name		Date
Color 5 ladybugs. Color the rea Count all the ladybugs, and write	• •	-
Color 5 diamonds. Color the re Count all the diamonds, and wri	-	
Color 5 circles. Then, draw 3 c to the right. Count all the circ Write how many in the box.		Color 5 circles. Then, draw 3 circles below. Count all the circles. Write how many in the box.

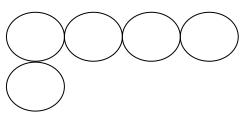


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engage<sup>ny</sup> 216 Color 4 ladybugs. Count all the ladybugs, and write how many in the box.

Color 5. Then, draw 3 circles to finish the row. Color the bottom 3 circles you drew a different color. Write the total in the box.





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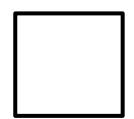
Compare counts of 8 in linear and array configurations. Match with numeral 8.

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Name

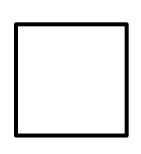
Color 4 squares red and 4 squares blue. Count all the squares. Write how many in the box.

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Color 6 squares red and 2 squares blue. Write the number of squares in the box.







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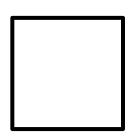


Name \_\_\_\_\_

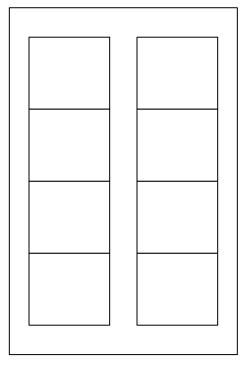
Date \_\_\_\_\_

Color 4 squares blue. Color 4 squares yellow.

Count how many squares. Write the number in the box.

Color 4 squares green. Color 4 squares brown. Count how many squares. Write the number in the box.



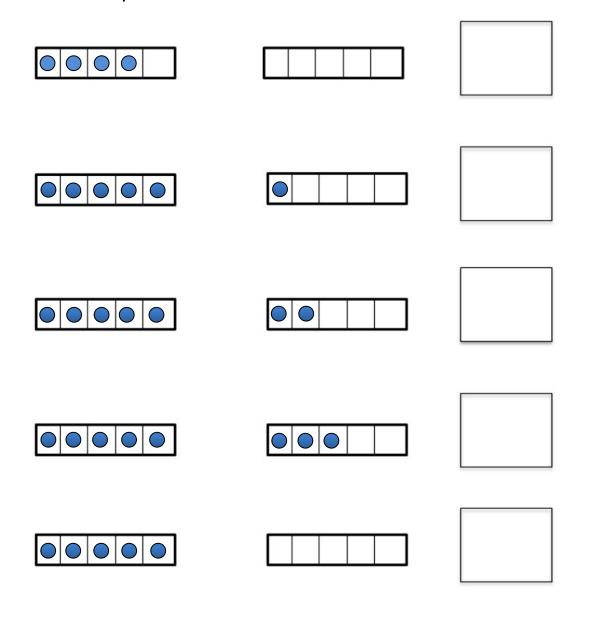


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Count how many. Write the number in the box.





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