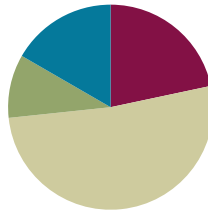


Lesson 30

Objective: Compare totals below to new groups below as written methods.

Suggested Lesson Structure

■ Fluency Practice	(13 minutes)
■ Application Problem	(6 minutes)
■ Concept Development	(31 minutes)
■ Student Debrief	(10 minutes)
Total Time	(60 minutes)



Fluency Practice (13 minutes)

- Find the Difference **2.NBT.5** (4 minutes)
- Sprint: Subtraction Crossing a Ten **2.NBT.5** (9 minutes)

Find the Difference (4 minutes)

Materials: (S) Personal white board

Note: Reviewing subtraction problems in sets prepares students for understanding the importance of the subtraction algorithm.

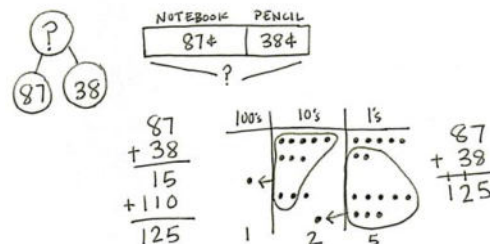
T: (Write $44 - 3 = \underline{\quad}$.) Write a subtraction sentence horizontally or vertically.

Continue with the following possible sequence: $40 - 5$, $41 - 5$; $57 - 6$, $50 - 6$, $51 - 6$; $68 - 7$, $60 - 7$, and $61 - 7$.

Sprint: Subtraction Crossing a Ten (9 minutes)

Materials: (S) Subtraction Crossing a Ten Sprint

Note: Students use mental math strategies to mentally unbundle when subtracting.



Eli spent 125¢, or \$1.25, in all.

Application Problem (6 minutes)

Eli spent 87 cents for a notebook and 38 cents for a pencil. How much money did he spend in all?

Note: Direct students to draw both a tape diagram and chip model. Then, have students use both the totals below and new groups below methods to solve this problem. When students have finished, have them share their work with a partner, using place value language to relate their work to their drawings. This leads directly into today's Concept Development, in which students compare the two written methods.

Concept Development (31 minutes)

Materials: (S) Math journal or paper

As students compare the two written methods, circulate, observe student work, and listen for place value language to share with the class.

Problem 1: $134 + 28$

- T: Let's look at different ways I can solve this problem. (Solve $134 + 28$ on the board as shown.)
- T: Talk with your partner. Compare these different methods and explain why they all work. You can make a math drawing or use numbers, but you must use place value language to explain.

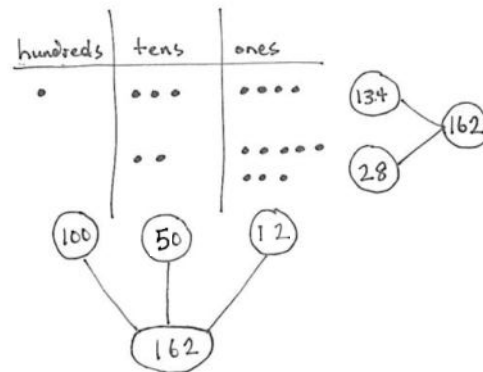
$$\begin{array}{r} 134 \\ + 28 \\ \hline 162 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 134 \\ + 28 \\ \hline 12 \\ 50 \\ 100 \\ \hline 162 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 134 \\ + 28 \\ \hline 100 \\ 50 \\ 12 \\ \hline 162 \end{array}$$

Project selected student work on the board. Invite students to stand next to their work so they can point to the parts and clarify their explanations. Invite remaining students to ask questions and to provide feedback; give presenters time to defend their answers.

- S1: I drew a number bond to show why the algorithm works. The total is 162, and the parts are 134 and 28.
- S2: I drew a number bond to show why the totals below method works. 162 is the whole, and, since we added 134 and 28, the parts are 12, 50, and 100. We added the hundreds, tens, and ones by themselves to get each of the numbers we see below the problem. Then, we added those parts up!
- S3: I drew a chip model that shows why they all work. It shows the parts that are 134 and 28 by themselves, but when you circle the dots to rename, you can see how 1 hundred 5 tens 12 ones becomes 1 hundred 6 tens 2 ones.

**MP.3****Problem 2: $176 + 59$**

- T: Now, it's your turn. (Write $176 + 59$ on the board horizontally.)
- T: Solve this problem using totals below and new groups below.
- T: While you're solving, think about which method is easiest for you. Why? Which is most efficient, or fastest?

**NOTES ON
MULTIPLE MEANS
OF ENGAGEMENT:**

If a student says, "I solved it using mental math," praise her, and then ask her to use place value language to explain how she solved it mentally.

Project student work on the board, and encourage students to share their thinking.

MP.3

- S: I like writing all the totals because I like starting in the hundreds place. → I like writing all the totals because you can add the value of the digits in each place.
→ I like to write the addition problem vertically and put the new tens and hundreds on the line below.
New groups below is fastest!



NOTES ON MULTIPLE MEANS OF REPRESENTATION:

Continue to support struggling students with Hide Zero cards, horizontal notation, and chip models to help them see the value of the digits in each number.

Problem 3: $105 + 89$, $149 + 39$, $118 + 82$

T: This time, solve using either method. You decide!

Circulate to check for understanding. As students demonstrate proficiency with both methods, allow them to work on the Problem Set independently.

Problem Set (10 minutes)

Students should do their personal best to complete the Problem Set within the allotted 10 minutes. For some classes, it may be appropriate to modify the assignment by specifying which problems they work on first. Some problems do not specify a method for solving. Students should solve these problems using the RDW approach used for Application Problems.

Student Debrief (10 minutes)

Lesson Objective: Compare totals below with new groups below as written methods.

The Student Debrief is intended to invite reflection and active processing of the total lesson experience.

Invite students to review their solutions for the Problem Set. They should check work by comparing answers with a partner before going over answers as a class. Look for misconceptions or misunderstandings that can be addressed in the Debrief. Guide students in a conversation to debrief the Problem Set and process the lesson.

Any combination of the questions below may be used to lead the discussion.

- For Problem 1, explain to your partner why Linda and Keith are both correct. How did each method show the addition of the ones, $7 + 9$?
- Explain the other strategy you used to solve Problem 2.
- For Problem 3, explain to your partner how you solved one of the problems two different ways (i.e., new groups below and totals below)? How were they the same and different?

NYS COMMON CORE MATHEMATICS CURRICULUM Lesson 30 Problem Set 2•4

Name: Theresa Date: _____

1. Linda and Keith added $127 + 59$ differently. Explain why Linda and Keith's work are both correct.

Linda's work:	Keith's work:
$\begin{array}{r} 127 \\ + 59 \\ \hline 16 \\ 70 \\ + 100 \\ \hline 186 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 127 \\ + 59 \\ \hline 186 \end{array}$

Both Linda and Keith added 7ones and 9ones to get 16ones. They added 2tens and 5tens to get 7tens and 1 more ten to get 8tens. Both students added 0hundreds to 1 hundred to get 1 hundred.

2. Jake solved $124 + 69$ using new groups below. Solve the same problem another way.

$\begin{array}{r} 124 \\ + 69 \\ \hline 193 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 124 \\ + 69 \\ \hline 100 \\ 80 \\ 13 \\ \hline 193 \end{array}$
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COMMON CORE Lesson 30: Compare totals below to new groups below as written methods. Date: 6/13/14 engage^{ny} 4.F.19

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- What do you need to know before you can record totals below correctly? How is this method similar to writing numbers in expanded form?
- Which method, new groups below or totals below, is fastest and/or easiest for you? Why?

Exit Ticket (3 minutes)

After the Student Debrief, instruct students to complete the Exit Ticket. A review of their work will help with assessing students' understanding of the concepts that were presented in today's lesson and planning more effectively for future lessons. The questions may be read aloud to the students.

NYS COMMON CORE MATHEMATICS CURRICULUM Lesson 30 Problem Set 2•4

3. Solve each problem two different ways.

<p>a. $134 + 48$</p> $\begin{array}{r} 134 \\ + 48 \\ \hline 182 \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{r} 134 \\ + 48 \\ \hline 12 \\ 70 \\ 100 \\ \hline 182 \end{array}$	<p>b. $83 + 69$</p> $\begin{array}{r} 83 \\ + 69 \\ \hline 152 \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{r} 83 \\ + 69 \\ \hline 12 \\ 140 \\ \hline 152 \end{array}$
<p>c. $46 + 75$</p> $\begin{array}{r} 46 \\ + 75 \\ \hline 121 \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{r} 46 \\ + 75 \\ \hline 11 \\ 110 \\ \hline 121 \end{array}$	<p>d. $63 + 128$</p> $\begin{array}{r} 128 \\ + 63 \\ \hline 191 \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{r} 128 \\ + 63 \\ \hline 100 \\ 80 \\ 11 \\ \hline 191 \end{array}$

COMMON CORE Lesson 30: Compare totals below to new groups below as written methods. Date: 6/23/16 engage^{ny} 4.F.20

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A

Number Correct: _____

Subtraction Crossing a Ten

1.	$30 - 1 =$	
2.	$40 - 2 =$	
3.	$50 - 3 =$	
4.	$50 - 4 =$	
5.	$50 - 5 =$	
6.	$50 - 9 =$	
7.	$51 - 9 =$	
8.	$61 - 9 =$	
9.	$81 - 9 =$	
10.	$82 - 9 =$	
11.	$92 - 9 =$	
12.	$93 - 9 =$	
13.	$93 - 8 =$	
14.	$83 - 8 =$	
15.	$33 - 8 =$	
16.	$33 - 7 =$	
17.	$43 - 7 =$	
18.	$53 - 6 =$	
19.	$63 - 6 =$	
20.	$63 - 5 =$	
21.	$73 - 5 =$	
22.	$93 - 5 =$	

23.	$31 - 2 =$	
24.	$31 - 3 =$	
25.	$31 - 4 =$	
26.	$41 - 4 =$	
27.	$51 - 5 =$	
28.	$61 - 6 =$	
29.	$71 - 7 =$	
30.	$81 - 8 =$	
31.	$82 - 8 =$	
32.	$82 - 7 =$	
33.	$82 - 6 =$	
34.	$82 - 3 =$	
35.	$34 - 5 =$	
36.	$45 - 6 =$	
37.	$56 - 7 =$	
38.	$67 - 8 =$	
39.	$78 - 9 =$	
40.	$77 - 9 =$	
41.	$64 - 6 =$	
42.	$24 - 8 =$	
43.	$35 - 8 =$	
44.	$36 - 8 =$	

B

Number Correct: _____

Improvement: _____

Subtraction Crossing a Ten

1.	$20 - 1 =$	
2.	$30 - 2 =$	
3.	$40 - 3 =$	
4.	$40 - 4 =$	
5.	$40 - 5 =$	
6.	$40 - 9 =$	
7.	$41 - 9 =$	
8.	$51 - 9 =$	
9.	$71 - 9 =$	
10.	$72 - 9 =$	
11.	$82 - 9 =$	
12.	$83 - 9 =$	
13.	$83 - 8 =$	
14.	$93 - 8 =$	
15.	$23 - 8 =$	
16.	$23 - 7 =$	
17.	$33 - 7 =$	
18.	$43 - 6 =$	
19.	$53 - 6 =$	
20.	$53 - 5 =$	
21.	$63 - 5 =$	
22.	$83 - 5 =$	

23.	$21 - 2 =$	
24.	$21 - 3 =$	
25.	$21 - 4 =$	
26.	$31 - 4 =$	
27.	$41 - 5 =$	
28.	$51 - 6 =$	
29.	$61 - 7 =$	
30.	$71 - 8 =$	
31.	$72 - 8 =$	
32.	$72 - 7 =$	
33.	$72 - 6 =$	
34.	$72 - 3 =$	
35.	$24 - 5 =$	
36.	$35 - 6 =$	
37.	$46 - 7 =$	
38.	$57 - 8 =$	
39.	$68 - 9 =$	
40.	$67 - 9 =$	
41.	$54 - 6 =$	
42.	$24 - 9 =$	
43.	$35 - 9 =$	
44.	$46 - 9 =$	

Name _____

Date _____

1. Linda and Keith added $127 + 59$ differently. Explain why Linda's work and Keith's work are both correct.

<p>Linda's work:</p> $\begin{array}{r} 127 \\ + 59 \\ \hline 16 \\ 70 \\ + 100 \\ \hline 186 \end{array}$	<p>Keith's work:</p> $\begin{array}{r} 127 \\ + 59 \\ \hline 186 \end{array}$
---	---

2. Jake solved $124 + 69$ using new groups below. Solve the same problem another way.

$\begin{array}{r} 124 \\ + 69 \\ \hline 193 \end{array}$	
--	--

3. Solve each problem two different ways.

a. $134 + 48$

b. $83 + 69$

c. $46 + 75$

d. $63 + 128$

Name _____ Date _____

1. Kevin solved $166 + 25$ using totals below. Solve the same problem another way.

$\begin{array}{r} 166 \\ + 25 \\ \hline 11 \\ 80 \\ 100 \\ \hline 191 \end{array}$	
--	--

2. Explain how Kevin's work and your work are similar.

Name _____

Date _____

1. Kari and Marty solved $136 + 56$.

Kari's work:

$$\begin{array}{r} 136 \\ + 56 \\ \hline 192 \end{array}$$

Marty's work:

$$\begin{array}{r} 136 \\ + 56 \\ \hline 12 \\ 80 \\ + 100 \\ \hline 192 \end{array}$$

Explain what is different about how Kari and Marty solved the problem.

2. Here is one way to solve $145 + 67$. For (a), solve $145 + 67$ another way.

$$\begin{array}{r} 145 \\ + 67 \\ \hline 11 \\ 212 \end{array}$$

a.

b. Explain how the two ways to solve $145 + 67$ are similar.

3. Show another way to solve $142 + 39$.

$$\begin{array}{r} 142 \\ + 39 \\ \hline 11 \\ 70 \\ 100 \\ \hline 181 \end{array}$$