Lesson 18 2•3

# Lesson 18

# Objective: Order numbers in different forms. (Optional)

### **Suggested Lesson Structure**

- Fluency Practice (12 minutes)
- Application Problem (8 minutes)
- Concept Development (30 minutes)
   Student Debrief (10 minutes)
- Total Time (60 minutes)

# Fluency Practice (12 minutes)

Sprint: Sums-Crossing Ten 2.OA.2 (12 minutes)

### Sprint: Sums-Crossing Ten (12 minutes)

Materials: (S) Sprint: Sums-Crossing Ten Sprint

This is the third day of the sums and differences intensive. Students remember the promise that yesterday's Spring would be repeated today, and now they see that the promise has been fulfilled.. Start the session by asking them to remember how many problems they were able to finish the day before.

- T: That is your goal. Everyone's goal is different because we are not competing with each other but with...?
- S: Ourselves!
- T: Your personal best. That is what matters. Share with your partner at least one strategy you use for practicing your sums and differences.
- S: (Share.)
- T: Here we go. Take your mark, get set, think!

# **Application Problem (8 minutes)**

For an art project, Daniel collected 15 fewer maple leaves than oak leaves. He collected 60 oak leaves. How many maple leaves did he collect?

After guiding the students through the RDW process, let them analyze some work.



**18:** Order numbers in different forms. (Optional)

Here are some suggested questions based on the drawings to the right.

- a. How does the number sentence relate to the drawing?
- b. How does the first drawing relate to the second drawing?
- c. What did the student who drew the place value disks do to start the problem?
- d. Could the person who drew the number bonds also have started with making both the oak and maple leaves equal?
- e. Can you see that equality in both pictures?

### **Concept Development (30 minutes)**

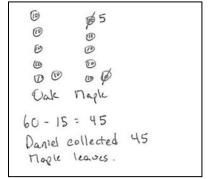
#### Concrete (6 minutes)

- Materials: (T) Unlabeled hundreds place value chart (Lesson 8 Template), place value disks (9 hundreds, tens and ones) (S) Unlabeled hundreds place value chart (Lesson 8 Template), place value disks (9 hundreds, tens and ones), personal white board
  - T: Slide the place value chart inside your personal white boards.
  - T: Partner A, show 2 hundreds 12 ones on your place value chart. Partner B, show 15 tens 4 ones.
  - T: (As students work, project your own place value chart and use place value disks to show 103.)
  - T: Compare numbers with your partner and me.
  - S: (Compare.)
  - T: What's the smallest, or least, number?
  - S: 103.
  - T: The greatest?
  - S: 212, or 2 hundreds 12 ones.
  - T: Write the three numbers from least to greatest on your personal white boards. Use standard form. At the signal, show your boards.
  - S: (Write 103, 154, 212.)
  - T: Good. Partner A, change to show 62 tens 4 ones. Partner B, change to show 4 ones 6 hundreds.
  - T: (As students work, show 642 on your place value chart.)
  - S: (Show.)
  - T: Now, compare. Write the numbers from least to greatest on your boards.
  - S: (Compare and show 604, 624, 642.)



**3:** Order numbers in different forms. (Optional)





#### NOTES ON MULTIPLE MEANS OF ENGAGEMENT:

As mentioned in Lesson 17, it is wise to provide visual support for struggling students. The teacher directives are coupled with the personal boards but are entirely oral. Write the directives while saying them aloud so that students see the connections and build toward the chart.

Partner A	Partner B
2 hundreds 12 ones	15 tens 4 ones
212	154
62 tens 4 ones	4 ones 6 hundreds
624	604
5 + 300 + 30	50 + 3 + 300
335	353
30 tens + 7 tens	29 tens + 8 tens
37 tens	37 tens



- T: Nice work. Partner A, change to show 5 + 300 + 30. Partner B, change to show 50 + 3 + 300.
- T: (As students work, write *five hundred thirty-three* in word form instead of using place value disks.)
- S: (Show.)
- T: Compare our numbers. This time write them from greatest to least on your boards.
- S: (Compare and show 533, 353, 335.)
- T: You paid careful attention to the order, switching to go from greatest to least!
- T: Partner A, change to show 30 tens + 7 tens. Partner B, change to show 29 tens + 8 tens.
- T: (As students work, write *three hundred seventy* in word form.)
- S: (Show.)
- T: Compare our numbers. Write them using the symbols <, >, or = to make a number sentence.
- S: (Compare and show 370 = 370 = 370.)

#### Pictorial (12 minutes)

Materials: (T): Pocket chart, 1 set of pre-cut <, >, = symbol cards (Lesson 15 Template 1) (S) Personal white board

Assign students to groups by counting off as A, B, C, and D.

- T: Write your letter on the back of your board so you don't forget it.
- S: (Quickly write their letters.)
- T: Think of a number, and draw it on your place value chart in the way that you choose.
- T: Use hundreds, tens, and ones or any combination of those you'd like. Take about one minute.
- S: (Think of numbers, and draw them in a variety of ways.)
- T: A's, write your number in standard form below your drawing. B's, write numbers in unit form. C's, write them in word form, and D's, write them in expanded form.

#### Students are seated at the carpet.

- T: (Collect three boards. Place the numbers side by side in the pocket chart with space between them.)
- T: Work with your partner to order these three numbers from least to greatest on your personal white boards.
- S: (Order the numbers on their boards.)
- T: Let's read the numbers in order.
- S: (Read.)
- T: (Trade drawings for three new ones, and continue with two or three drawings at a time until each has been used at least once.)



Order numbers in different forms. (Optional)



# **MULTIPLE MEANS OF REPRESENTATION:**

Lesson 18

Thinking of a number can be challenging for students working below grade level. Provide some less intimidating ways to generate numbers:

- Digit cards
- Spinners
- Dice

Again, post the assignments with visual clues or examples, too.

<u>Form</u>	<u>Example</u>
A: Standard Form	24
B: Unit Form	4 ones 2 tens
C: Word Form	twenty-four
D: Expanded Form	20 + 4



### Problem Set (12 minutes)

Students should do their personal best to complete the Problem Set within the allotted 12 minutes. For some classes, it may be appropriate to modify the assignment by specifying which problems they work on first. Some problems do not specify a method for solving. Students should solve these problems using the RDW approach used for Application Problems.

Instruct students to draw the values on the place value chart as directed on the Problem Set, and then order from least to greatest or greatest to least in standard form. Write <, >, or =.

# **Student Debrief (10 minutes)**

Lesson Objective: Order numbers in different forms.

The Student Debrief is intended to invite reflection and active processing of the total lesson experience.

Invite students to review their solutions for the Problem Set. They should check work by comparing answers with a partner before going over answers as a class. Look for misconceptions or misunderstandings that can be addressed in the Debrief. Guide students in a conversation to debrief the Problem Set and process the lesson.

- T: Bring your Problem Sets to our Debrief.
- T: Work with your partner to carefully check your answers.
- S: (Work for two minutes.)
- T: Look at your drawings on your place value charts. Think about how your pictures are alike or different. Tell your partner.
- S: I drew them just like the words say. They're all different. → I used hundreds, tens, and ones in all of mine. → I drew them all differently, but then I wrote the numbers in standard form.
  → I decided to only use tens and ones to show each number.
- T: Look again. What about your drawings makes the numbers easy or difficult to compare?

NYS COMMON CORE MATHEMATICS CUR	RICULUM	Lesson 18	Problem Se	t 2+3
C . 1				
lame Erick		Date		
Draw the following values on	the place value chart	ts as you think	best.	
a. 1 hundred 19 ones	b. 3 ones 12 te	ns	c. 120	
@ 000 000 000 000 000 000		0000	93	
Order the numbers from leas	it to greatest:!!	1 . 120	/23	_
Order the following from lea	est to oreatest in star	ndard form		
a, 436 297 805		297	436	805
b. 317 three hundred set	venty 307	307	317	370
c. 826 2 + 600 + 80 682	200 + 60 +8 2 6 9	268	682	826
d. 5 hundreds 9 ones 51 509	tens 9 ones 591 519	509	5/9	591
e. 16 ones 7 hundreds 6 716		716	7/6	7/6
110				
	ier numbers in different forms. /jd		enga	age <sup>ny</sup>
	er mundsen in different forma. 1/4 (@)ttrinc-sk	The work is likeneed ander a creative Surveyore Adviluation-	enga	ige <sup>ny</sup>
COMMON Lesses 28 Or CORE 1995 Second and the Second and the Second Secon	RESCULUM	Lesson 18	enga Problem Se	Miraschildene,
COMMON Lesses 28 Or Description of the second development of the NYS COMMON CONE MATHEMATICS CO 3. Order the following from g a. 731 598 802 b. 82 tens eight hundred	RECOLUM Interest to least in sta	Lesson 18 andard form.	Problem Se	t 2-3
COMMON terms 10 or $0^{-1}$ t	In the second se	Lesson 18 andard form. 802	Problem Se	t 203
COMMON CORE         Lases 31 bec         Or M           Interest of the parameter of the par	(○) ###UCULUM ###CULUM Interatest to least in str Is twelve ones 128 - 12.8 3 ones 300 + 30 5 33.0 ens + 10 tens 114	Lesson 18 andard form. <u>802</u> <u>820</u>	Problem Se	t 2:3
COMMON         Insues 10         Or           CORE         Insues 10         Or           Insues 10         Insues 10         Or           NYS COMMON CORE MATHEMATICS COR         Insues 10         Or           3. Order the following from g         a. 731         598         802           b. 82 tens         eight hundred         912         12         912           c. 30 + 3 + 300         30 tens         39.5         50.5	104 (○) EXECUTION EXECUTION In east to least in sta Is twelve ones 128 - 12.8 3 ones 300+30 5 330 ens + 10 tens 114 140	Lesson 18 andard form. <u>802</u> <u>820</u> <u>333</u>	Problem Se 731 812 330	t 200 618 128 303
COMMON         Leases 32         Ore           INTERPRETATION OF THE PROPERTY IN A large word answered answered answered answered and the property of the	The complete number succession $(2)$ and $(2)$	Lesson 18 andard form. <u>802</u> <u>820</u> <u>333</u> <u>140</u> <u>691</u>	Problem Se 	t 2-3 . 518 . 128 . 303 . 104
COMMON CORE         Laws 12 bes         Or Intermediate           WYS COMMON CORE MATHEMATICS COM           3. Order the following from g a. 731         598         802           b. 82 tens         eight hundred \$20         912           c. 30+3+300         30 tens \$35         502           d. 4 ones 1 hundred         4 t $10^4$ 1           e. 19 ones 6 hundreds         1           6.19         4.         599           4. Write >, < or =, Whisper th	Rescould the example to least in state is twelve ones 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 300e3 3300+30 5350 ens +10 tens 114 140 69 90 +1+600 69 1 the complete number state 69 1	Lesson 18 andard form. 802 820 333 140 691	Problem Se 	t 2-3 . 518 . 128 . 303 . 104
COMMON terms to the COMMON CORE CORE of the COMMON CORE CORE CORE CORE MATHEMATICS COMMON COME MATHEMATICS COMMON COME MATHEMATICS COMMON COME MATHEMATICS COMMON COME MATHEMATICS COM a. 731 598 802 b. 82 tens eight hundred $g_{20}$ g/12 c. 30+3+300 30 tens $g_{30}$ 503 d. 4 ones 1 hundred 4 t $10^4$ e. 19 ones 6 hundreds 1 $G1^4$ 4. Write >, < or =. Whisper th a. 700 $\bigcirc$ 599 b. four hundred nime ( c. 63 tens + 9 tens 72. tens = 72.a	$\begin{array}{c} \hline \textcircled{\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	Lesson 18 andard form. <u>802</u> <u>920</u> <u>333</u> <u>140</u> <u>691</u> entences as you (<) 494 4 twenty (	Problem Se - 731 - 812 - 330 	t 2-3 . 518 . 128 . 303 . 104
COMMON Issues 18 Or CORE Insert 10 Or Decore 1 and the set of the	$\begin{array}{c} \hline \hline$	Lesson 18 andard form. <u>802</u> <u>820</u> <u>333</u> <u>140</u> <u>691</u> entences as you (<) 490 dt wenty ( ) 1	Problem Se 	t 2-3 . 518 . 128 . 303 . 104
COMMON Insue to the CORE CORE IN THE COMMON CORE MATHEMATICS COMMON COMMON CORE MATHEMATICS COMMON C	Rescould the end of t	Lesson 18 andard form. <u>802</u> <u>920</u> <u>333</u> <u>140</u> <u>691</u> entences as you (<) 494 4 twenty (	Problem Se 	t 2-3 . 518 . 128 . 303 . 104



18: Order numbers in different forms. (Optional)



engage<sup>ny</sup>

3.F.36

COMMON Lessee 18

- S: It's hard to compare them when they all are in different forms.  $\rightarrow$  It's also really hard when the units are mixed up.
- T: How might you use what you know about comparing to help you order numbers well?
- S: It helps to write all those different forms in the same way. Then, it's simple to put them in order.
- T: True! Head back to your seats for your Exit Ticket.

#### Exit Ticket (3 minutes)

After the Student Debrief, instruct students to complete the Exit Ticket. A review of their work will help with assessing students' understanding of the concepts that were presented in today's lesson and planning more effectively for future lessons. The questions may be read aloud to the students.



**n 18:** Order numbers in different forms. (Optional)





Lesson 18

Number Correct:

Α

Sums—Crossing Ten

1.	9 + 2 =	
2.	9 + 3 =	
3.	9 + 4 =	
4.	9 + 7 =	
5.	7 + 9 =	
6.	10 + 1 =	
7.	10 + 2 =	
8.	10 + 3 =	
9.	10 + 8 =	
10.	8 + 10 =	
11.	8 + 3 =	
12.	8 + 4 =	
13.	8 + 5 =	
14.	8 + 9 =	
15.	9 + 8 =	
16.	7 + 4 =	
17.	10 + 5 =	
18.	6 + 5 =	
19.	7 + 5 =	
20.	9 + 5 =	
21.	5 + 9 =	
22.	10 + 6 =	

23.	4 + 7 =	
24.	4 + 8 =	
25.	5 + 6 =	
26.	5 + 7 =	
27.	3 + 8 =	
28.	3 + 9 =	
29.	2 + 9 =	
30.	5 + 10 =	
31.	5 + 8 =	
32.	9 + 6 =	
33.	6 + 9 =	
34.	7 + 6 =	
35.	6 + 7 =	
36.	8 + 6 =	
37.	6 + 8 =	
38.	8 + 7 =	
39.	7 + 8 =	
40.	6 + 6 =	
41.	7 + 7 =	
42.	8 + 8 =	
43.	9 + 9 =	
44.	4 + 9 =	



Lesson 18: Order numbers in different forms. (Optional)



B

Sums—Crossing Ten

Number Correct:

Improvement: \_\_\_\_\_

	g v e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
1.	10 + 1 =	
2.	10 + 2 =	
3.	10 + 3 =	
4.	10 + 9 =	
5.	9 + 10 =	
6.	9 + 2 =	
7.	9 + 3 =	
8.	9 + 4 =	
9.	9 + 8 =	
10.	8 + 9 =	
11.	8 + 3 =	
12.	8 + 4 =	
13.	8 + 5 =	
14.	8 + 7 =	
15.	7 + 8 =	
16.	7 + 4 =	
17.	10 + 4 =	
18.	6 + 5 =	
19.	7 + 5 =	
20.	9 + 5 =	
21.	5 + 9 =	
22.	10 + 8 =	

23.	5 + 6 =	
24.	5 + 7 =	
25.	4 + 7 =	
26.	4 + 8 =	
27.	4 + 10 =	
28.	3 + 8 =	
29.	3 + 9 =	
30.	2 + 9 =	
31.	5 + 8 =	
32.	7 + 6 =	
33.	6 + 7 =	
34.	8 + 6 =	
35.	6 + 8 =	
36.	9 + 6 =	
37.	6 + 9 =	
38.	9 + 7 =	
39.	7 + 9 =	
40.	6 + 6 =	
41.	7 + 7 =	
42.	8 + 8 =	
43.	9 + 9 =	
44.	4 + 9 =	





Name	Date
-	

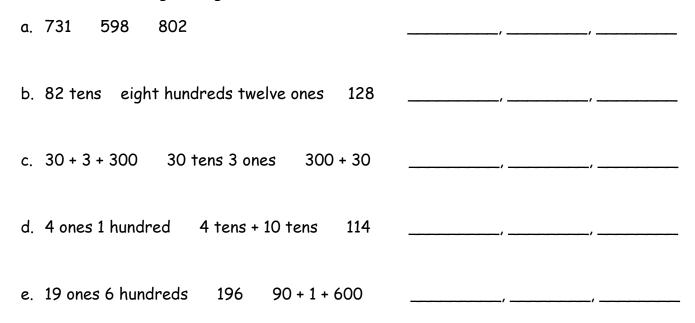
1. Draw the following values on the place value charts as you think best.

a. 1 hundred 19 ones	b. 3 one	es 12 tens	c. 120	

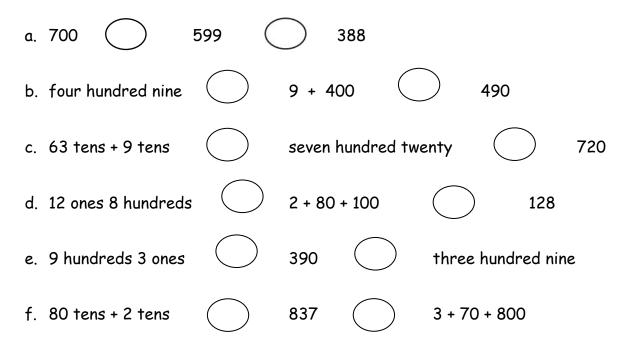
- d. Order the numbers from least to greatest: \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_ \_/ \_
- 2. Order the following from least to greatest in standard form.

EUREKA Lesson 18: Order numbers in different forms. (C	engage <sup>ny</sup>
e. 16 ones 7 hundreds 6 + 700 + 10 716	///
d. 5 hundreds 9 ones 51 tens 9 ones 591	,,,,,
c. 826 2 + 600 + 80 200 + 60 + 8	/////
b. 317 three hundred seventy 307	/////
a. 436 297 805	

3. Order the following from greatest to least in standard form.



4. Write >, <, or =. Whisper the complete number sentences as you work.





**18:** Order numbers in different forms. (Optional)



N	ume		Date		
1.	Order the following from <b>least</b>	<b>to greatest</b> in sto	indard form.		
	a. 426 152 801		,	,	
	b. six hundred twenty 206	60 tens 2 ones	/	,	
	c. 300 + 70 + 4 3 + 700 + 40	473		,	
2	Order the following from <b>great</b>	t <b>est to least</b> in st	andard form.		
	a. 4 hundreds 12 ones 421	10 + 1 + 400			.,
	b. 8 ones 5 hundreds 185	5 + 10 + 800		,	,

Order numbers in different forms. (Optional)



Name	Date	
-		

1. Draw the following values on the place value charts as you think best.

	a. 241	b. 412	c. 12	4
	d. Order the numbers	from least to greatest:		./
2.	Order the following fro	om least to greatest in stan	dard form.	
	a. 537 263 912		/	'
	b. two hundred thirty	213 20 tens 3 ones	/	//
	c. 400 + 80 + 5 4 +	800 + 50 845		
3.	Order the following fro	om greatest to least in stan	dard form.	
	a. 11 ones 3 hundreds	311 10 + 1 + 300	///	
	b. 7 ones 9 hundred	79 tens + 10 tens 970	/	
	c. 15 ones 4 hundreds	154 50 + 1 + 400		//
El M	JREKA Lesson 18:	Order numbers in different forms. (Option	nal)	engage <sup>ny</sup>