

Name _____

Date _____

Period _____

Exam 1

Word Construction (10 points)

Directions: Using word parts and their meanings presented in this chapter, build the medical term described in each definition below.

1. condition of a fast heart rate _____
2. fatty tumor or mass _____
3. surgical opening of the colon _____
4. inflammation of the liver _____
5. pertaining to the neck or cervix _____

Using your knowledge of medical word parts, define the following terminology (13 points)

1. **hyperglycemia** hyper / glyc / emia _____
2. **pericarditis** peri / card / itis _____
3. **rhinorrhea** rhino / rrhea _____
4. **cytology** cyt / ology _____
5. **cardiomyopathy** cardio / myo / pathy _____

True or false? (5 points)

Circle "T" for each statement that is true, "F" for each statement that is false.

1. Medical Assistant is just another title for Certified Nurse's Aide. **T** or **F**
2. The Thoracic cavity is also known as the chest cavity. **T** or **F**
3. Palpation means, "a noticeably rapid, strong, or irregular heartbeat." **T** or **F**
4. Symptoms are objective observations used to diagnose diseases. **T** or **F**
5. The prefix *hypo* means less than normal or below. **T** or **F**

Fill in the blanks (12 points)

Fill in the blank with the correct medical term to complete each sentence

1. The body position of lying flat with the face pointing up is called the _____ position.
2. The _____, _____, and _____ are protected by the thoracic cavity.
3. The abdominal region that includes the belly button is the _____ region.
4. _____ is the body position of lying facedown with knees bent while resting on the knees and chest.
5. _____ describes the ways in which a disease presents or shows itself; also known as clinical presentation.
6. The abbreviation _____ is used to indicate a patient is not allowed any food or water by mouth.

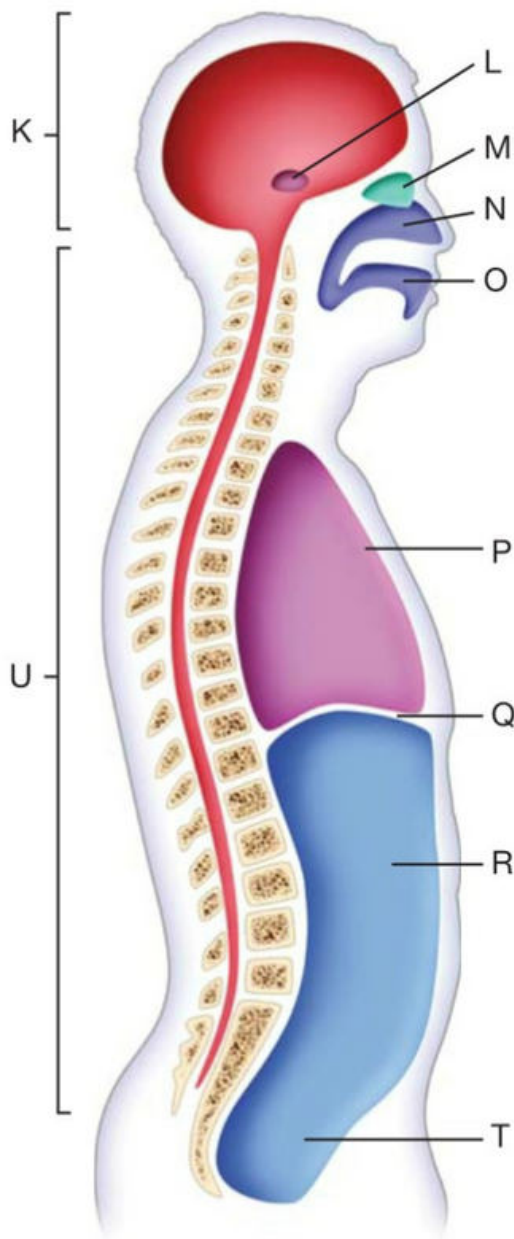
Match the term to its definition. (30 points)

- | | |
|----------------------------|---|
| ___ 1. medical terminology | |
| ___ 2. syndrome | A. application of light or firm pressure on the skin above internal organs or structures to check for abnormalities |
| ___ 3. percussion | |
| ___ 4. cephalic | B. tapping areas on the surface of the body to produce a vibrating sound |
| ___ 5. anatomy | |
| ___ 6. combining form | C. the study of how the structures of the body function |
| ___ 7. terminal | |
| ___ 8. ventral | D. the study of the structures of the body |
| ___ 9. palpation | E. an anatomical term of location that describes being related to the cranium or being situated near the head |
| ___ 10. dorsal | |
| ___ 11. chronic | F. a root word plus a combining vowel |
| ___ 12. benign | G. the language of science and healthcare |
| ___ 13. physiology | |
| ___ 14. malignant | H. a set of signs or symptoms that occur together as part of a disease process |
| ___ 15. inspection | I. a term for diseases that have possible treatments but no cures |
| | J. an anatomical term of location that describes the "belly" side of the front of the body |
| | K. an anatomical term of location that describes the back of the body or the spinal column |
| | L. characterized by long duration and slow progression |
| | M. nonrecurring or nonmalignant; patient has a good chance of survival |
| | N. a term for cancers that tend to spread, get progressively worse, and become life-threatening |
| | O. observation of one or more areas of the body |

Identify Body Cavities

Directions: Identify the major body cavities figure that follows.

(20 points)



- K. _____
- L. _____
- M. _____
- N. _____
- O. _____
- P. _____
- Q. _____
- R. _____
- T. _____
- U. _____

Word bank

(hint: you will not use all of the terms listed)

- anterior
- abdominal
- cranial
- diaphragm
- middle ear
- nasal
- nostril
- orbital
- oral
- pelvic
- posterior
- spinal
- superior
- thoracic

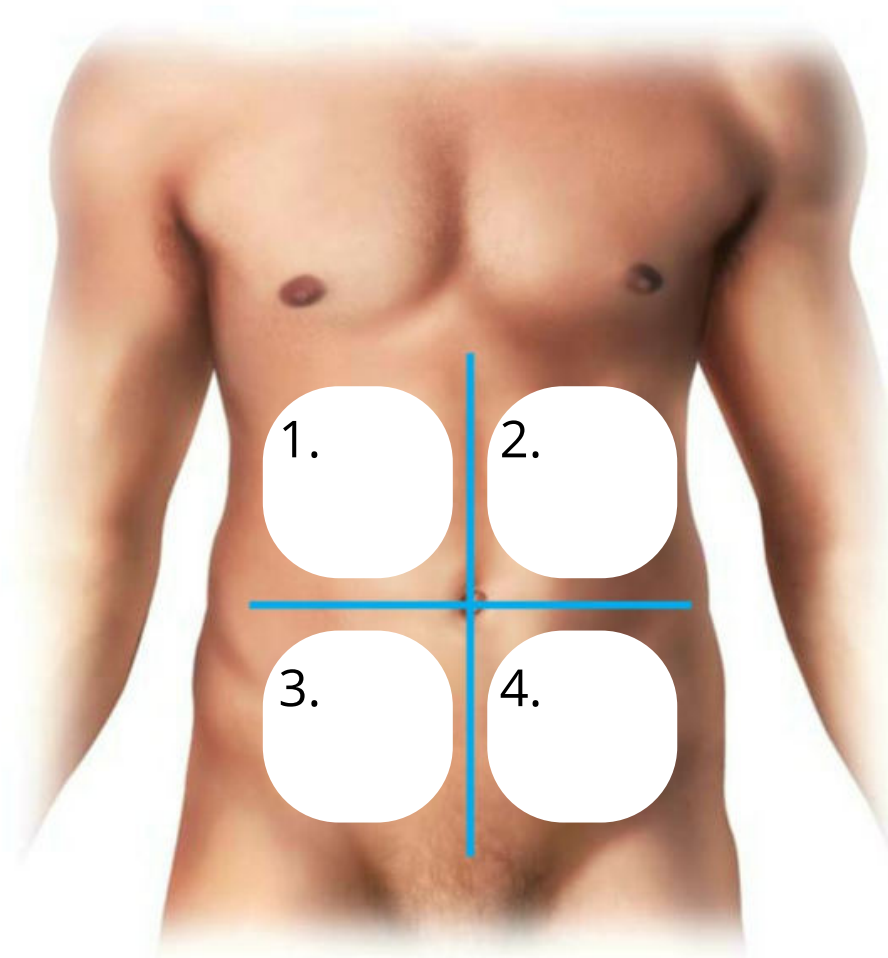
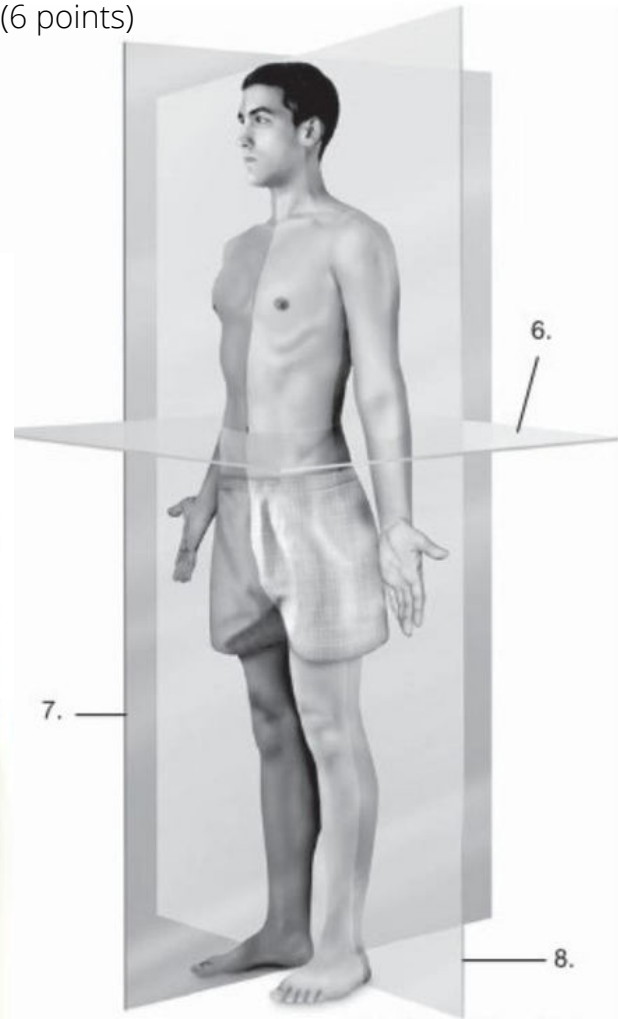
Label the three planes in the following image. (6 points)

6. _____

7. _____

8. _____

Directions: Identify the abdominal quadrants in the figure that follows. (4 points)



Bonus questions! (4 points)

Each correct answer gets 1 bonus point! No points lost for incorrect answers.

1. What does the word auscultation mean?
2. The _____ is a large muscle that separates the thoracic cavity from the abdominal cavity and is used in breathing.
3. _____ diseases are conditions that cause the immune system to attack itself.
4. What do Abraham Lincoln, the Latin language, and the people who spoke Latin all have in common?