The Legislative Branch



The Capitol Building

The legislative branch of the U.S. government is called Congress. Congress has two parts, the Senate and the House of Representatives. Congress meets in the U.S. Capitol building in Washington, DC.

Congress makes federal laws. Members of Congress can propose an idea for a new law. This is called a bill. After both the Senate and the House of Representatives pass the bill, it goes to the President. If the President agrees, he or she can sign the bill. Then it becomes law. If the President does not agree, he or she can veto it. If the President vetoes the bill, Congress can decide to vote again to override the veto. Congress can also make changes to the bill and send it back to the President for approval.

Who is	in	each	part	of the	U.S.	Congress ?
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U	I.S.	Senate

100 members

Two members from each state

U.S. House of Representatives435 voting membersNumber of members depends on state's population

Answer these Civics Test questions.

- 1. Name <u>one</u> branch or part of the government.
- 2. Who makes federal laws?
- 3. What are the two parts of the U.S. Congress?

The U.S. Senate



The U.S. Senate has 100 members. There are two members from each state. Senators represent all people of the state. Senators are elected every six years. There is no limit on the number of terms they can serve. The Vice President of the United States is the leader of the Senate. The Vice President attends important ceremonies in the Senate and votes when there is a tie.

The Senate has several special tasks. The Senate is responsible for approving the President's nominations for Cabinet members, U.S. Supreme

The Senators of the 109th Congress. Courtesy of the U.S. Senate Photo Studio.

Court justices, and other important positions. The Senate must approve any treaty the president makes with other countries. Only the Senate can hold a trial for a government official who commits a crime against the country.

Requirements for U.S. Senators

- Age 30 or older
- A U.S. citizen for at least 9 years
- A resident of the state

Check the names of your state's Senators right before your naturalization test at www.senate.gov.

Answer these Civics Test questions.

The U.S. House of Representatives

The U.S. House of Representatives has 435 voting members. Representatives are elected for two years. There is no limit on how many terms they can serve.

The House has several special duties. Only representatives can introduce laws about taxes. They can decide if a government official should be put on trial before the Senate if he or she commits a crime against the country. This process is called impeachment.

Each member represents an area in a state called a district. The number of representatives from each state depends on the population of the state.

Requirements for U.S. Representatives

- Age 25 or older
- A U.S. citizen for at least 7 years
- A resident of the state

California has a large population so it has many representatives. Alaska has a smaller population so it has fewer representatives.

The top official is called the Speaker of the House of Representatives. If the President and Vice President can no longer serve, the Speaker of the House of Representatives becomes President. The current Speaker of the House is Paul D. Ryan.



Paul D. Ryan, Speaker of the U.S. House of Representatives. Courtesy of the Office of U.S. Representative Paul D. Ryan.



Check the names of your Representative and the Speaker of the House right before your naturalization test at www.house.gov and www.speaker.gov.

Answer these Civics Test questions.

- 1. The House of Representatives has how many voting members?
- 2. We elect a U.S. Representative for how many years?
- 3. Name your U.S. Representative.
- 4. Why do some states have more Representatives than other states?
- 5. If both the President and the Vice President can no longer serve, who becomes President?

6. What is the name of the Speaker of the House of Representatives now?

True or False–U.S. Congress

Read the sentences below. If the sentence is true, circle "TRUE." If the sentence is false, circle "FALSE" and correct the sentence. Look at the example.

Example:	Washington, DC		\frown
Congress mee	ets in New York City .	TRUE	FALSE
lhe S a nate has	50 members.	TRUE	FALSE
@meSstates hav	ve more U.S. representatives than other states.	TRUE	FALSE
∂.ele₩ a U.S. I	Representative for four years.	TRUE	FALSE
Angress is div	ided into three parts.	TRUE	FALSE
fatose represe	nt all people in a city.	TRUE	FALSE
he HBuse of R	Representatives has 445 voting members.	TRUE	FALSE
angress makes	s federal laws.	TRUE	FALSE
8.ele₩ a U.S. S	Senator for six years.	TRUE	FALSE
9eryEstate has	two Representatives.	TRUE	FALSE
dp re R entatives	represent all people in one district.	TRUE	FALSE

Categories–U.S. Congress

Read the information in the box below. Decide if the information is about the Senate, the House of Representatives, or both parts of Congress. Write the words in the correct column.

4 100 members	two members from each state
two-year term	no limit on terms
must be a U.S. citizen	Vice President
435 voting members	represent people in one district
make federal laws	number of members from each state depends on population
Speaker of the House	six-year term
represent all people in one state	must be a resident of the state

U.S. Senate

U.S. House of Representatives

100 members

Both Parts of Congress

Civics Test Questions–Legislative Branch

Read the test questions and write the answers. Take turns practicing them with your partner.

1.	Name <u>one</u> branch or part of the government.
2.	Who makes federal laws?
3.	What are the <u>two</u> parts of the U.S. Congress?
4.	How many U.S. Senators are there?
5.	We elect a U.S. Senator for how many years?
6.	Who is <u>one</u> of your state's U.S. Senators now?
7.	The House of Representatives has how many voting members?
8.	We elect a U.S. Representative for how many years?
9.	Name your U.S. Representative.
10.	Who does a U.S. Senator represent?
11.	Why do some states have more Representatives than other states?
12.	If both the President and the Vice President can no longer serve, who becomes President?

13. What is the name of the Speaker of the House of Representatives now?



For information about the Senate, visit www.senate.gov. For information about the House of Representatives, visit www.house.gov and www.speaker.gov.