#### Flemington-Raritan Regional School District Flemington, New Jersey

#### Language Arts/Literacy Curriculum Grades 6-8

Includes 21st Century Life and Career Skills

Gregory Nolan, Superintendent
Daniel Bland, Assistant Superintendent
Carol Baker, Language Arts Supervisor
Christine Casterline
Theresa Fielding
Amy Karen Harter
Carol Hecky
Roseann Lane
Karen Lurie
Marybeth Madlinger
Cherylann Schmidt

Council of Instruction Review: November 11, 2009
Staff Review/Vote: November 16, 2009
BOE Curriculum Committee Review: November 4, 2009
Board of Education Approval: December 7, 2009
Addendum Approval: December 7, 2009

# Language Art/Literacy Curriculum Grades 6-8

#### Table of Contents

	Page
Table of Contents	2-4
District Mission Statement	5
Philosophy	6
Program Description	7-8
New Jersey Core Curriculum content Standards – Language Arts	9
21st Century Life and Career Skills	10-14
Interdisciplinary Connections	15
Textbooks	16
References	17
Teacher Resources	18
Grade 6	
Modifications	20-21
Pacing Guide	22-23
Grade Six Curriculum:	
Reading	24-31
Writing	32-40
Speaking	41-44
Listening	45-46
Viewing and Media Literacy	47-49
Literary Elements – Courage	50-54
Literary Elements – Writing	55-58
Non-Fiction – Reading.	59-63
Non-Fiction – Writing	64-69
Newspaper	70-72
Literature Study/Literature Circles	73-75
Persuasive Writing	76-79
Science Fiction – Reading and Writing	80-82
Poetry	83-84
Independent Reading	85-87
Test Genre Integration	88-90
Reading List – Grade 6	91-93

#### **Grade Seven** Pacing Guide 97-98 Grammar Resource 99 Grade Seven Curriculum: Short Stories 137-140 **Grade Eight** Pacing Guide 159-160 Grade Eight Curriculum: Personal Narrative 190-192 Non-Fiction Literature Circles 193-196 Persuasive Writing 197-200 Holocaust 201-208 Research 209-211 Promotion Speech 216-218

Reading Workshop/Independent Reading	219-221
Test Genre Integration	222-225
Reading List – Grade 8	226-228
Resources	229-230

Appendices Addendums

#### Language Arts/Literacy Curriculum Grades 6-8

#### **District Mission Statement**

The Flemington-Raritan Schools, a caring and proactive district, in partnership with the community, will provide each student with:

- A sound educational foundation,
- The guidance to strive for his/her full potential, and
- The inspiration to become a lifelong learner and a responsible, productive citizen in an ever-changing global society.

#### Language Arts/Literacy Curriculum

#### **Philosophy**

The Language Arts--reading, writing, speaking, listening, and viewing—are best learned through integrated language experiences. The Language Arts strands inform and enrich each other as students engage in the integrated act of rehearsal, reflection, and learning. (NJCCCS, 2004).

An effective Language Arts/Literacy program is built on oral language experiences and is enhanced by extensive reading and writing. The fundamentals of literacy are taught in an integrated, developmentally appropriate manner. The program also incorporates the four assumptions of language learning. First, language is an active process for constructing meaning. Second, language develops in a social context. Third, in order for language ability to become increasingly complex, learners must engage with increasingly complex text and rich conversations. Finally, it is by using and exploring the language arts in multiple dimensions that students master the language (NJCCCS, 2004). The Language Arts/Literacy program provides students with opportunities for and access to experiences that enrich them intellectually and socially and that formally and informally acknowledge a variety of cultural and social points of view.

Literacy is a tool for thinking and communicating. The Language Arts/Literacy program promotes students' capacity to read, write, speak, listen, and view critically, strategically, and creatively so that they can successfully engage in 21<sup>st</sup> Century literacies and become knowledge producers as well as knowledge consumers. Students engage in collaboration, analysis, and problem solving in order to construct meaning in increasingly diverse and participatory contexts.

The Language Arts/Literacy program enhances mutual learning in the classroom as the teacher and students share authority and ownership of literacy learning. The students extend literacy beyond the classroom to explore issues and to use literacy to discover personal and shared meaning in their lives. Students utilize literacy as a tool to "go inward and outward" (Luke, 2003, p.20) and broaden their understanding to the world and become life-long learners who can participate productively in a global society.

#### **Language Arts/Literacy Program Description**

#### Grades 6-8

The goal of the Flemington-Raritan Language Arts/Literacy Program is to develop life-long readers and writers who can participate productively in a global society. The program is based on an integrated, developmental approach to language arts instruction. In Kindergarten through eighth grade, students use the language arts—reading, writing, speaking, listening, and viewing—as a tool for communication and thinking.

Students read, write, speak, listen and view for a variety of purposes. These purposes include comprehension, research, acquisition and production of knowledge, enjoyment, and understanding diverse cultural and social points of view. In order to achieve the standards of each of the language arts/literacy strands, students are immersed in a variety of genres and print and web-based texts and examine these texts for structure, organization, and author's purpose and message. Students learn to evaluate a variety of resources to determine their usefulness for a specific purpose and to assess their credibility.

Students develop strategies to monitor and improve their comprehension, composition, and verbal communication. They employ critical thinking skills as they analyze and write texts and engage in metacognitive strategies to assess and reflect on their reading and writing strategies. In order to become proficient in the use of strategies to enhance their learning, students participate in guided discussions, literature study and analysis, and a workshop approach to writing. Through ownership of their work and appropriate feedback, students assume responsibility for their learning and reflect on their strengths and needs.

The Language Arts/Literacy Program utilizes a balanced approach to language arts instruction and incorporates a variety of instructional strategies, structures, and content for all of the language arts strands. The balance in structures and strategies allows for a wide range of content and differentiation of instruction to help students become independent readers, writers, and learners.

The curriculum is aligned to the National Council of Teachers of English/International Reading Association Standards for the Language Arts, the New Jersey Core Curriculum Content Standards for Language Arts Literacy (2004) and the Framework for 21<sup>st</sup> Century Learning. Many of the essential questions and enduring understandings were taken from the New Jersey Standards Clarification Project (NJDOE, 2008). The learning experiences that are included in the

curriculum are suggested and teachers may do some or all of these experiences or substitute appropriate experiences to meet the needs of their students.

#### Flemington-Raritan Regional Schools Language Arts/Literacy Curriculum Grade 6-8

#### 2004 New Jersey Core Curriculum Content Standards- Language Arts

The 2004 New Jersey Core Curriculum Content Standards contain specific Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPIs) for each grade level. The Language Arts/Literacy Curriculum reflects the relevant cumulative progress indicators for Grades 6-8. There are five standards altogether, each of which has a number of lettered strands. A complete listing of the standards and cumulative progress indicators may be found at <a href="https://www.nj.gov/education/cccs/2004/">www.nj.gov/education/cccs/2004/</a>.

The standards and their associated strands are enumerated below.

#### 3.1 Reading

- A. Concepts about Print
- B. Phonological Awareness
- C. Decoding and word Recognition
- D. Fluency
- E. Reading Strategies (before, during, and after reading)
- F. Vocabulary and Concept Development
- G. Comprehension Skills and Response to Text
- H. Inquiry and Research

#### 3.2 Writing

- A. Writing as a Process (prewriting, drafting, revising, editing, postwriting)
- B. Writing as a Product (resulting in work samples)
- C. Mechanics, Spelling, and handwriting
- D. Writing Forms, Audiences, and Purposes (exploring a variety of writing)

#### 3.3 Speaking

- A. Discussion (small group and whole class)
- B. Questioning (Inquiry) and Contributing
- C. Word Choice
- D. Oral Presentation

#### 3.4 Listening

- A. Active Listening
- B. Listening Comprehension

#### 3.5 Viewing and Media Literacy

- A. Constructing Meaning
- B. Visual and Verbal Messages
- C. Living with Media

#### 21st Century Life and Career Skills

The 21<sup>st</sup> Century Life and Career Skills are infused throughout the curriculum units in Grades 6-8. The mission of the 21<sup>st</sup> Century Life and Career Skills is to "enable students to make informed life and career decisions that prepare them to engage as active citizens in a dynamic global society and to successfully meet the challenges and opportunities of the global workplace" (NJDOE, 2009). The 21<sup>st</sup> Century Skills include critical thinking and problem solving, communication skills, creativity and innovation skills, collaboration skills, information and media skills, and contextual learning skills.

The chart notes the activities and structures in the curriculum units that support students' facility with 21<sup>st</sup> Century Life and Career Skills. Only the 21<sup>st</sup> Century Life and Career Skills that pertain to Language Arts are included in the table. The remaining 21<sup>st</sup> Century Life and Career Skills and CPI's are infused in other content-area curricula. The learning experiences are included in Grades 6-8 unless otherwise noted. All of the indicators must be met by the end of Grade 8.

The chart contains the strands of the following Standard:

# 9.1 ALL STUDENTS WILL DEMONSTRATE CREATIVE, CRITICALTHINKING, COLLABORATION AND PROBLEM SOLVING SKILLS TO FUNCTION SUCCESSFULLY AS GLOBAL CITIZENS AND WORKERS IN DEVERSE ETHNIC AND ORGANIZATIONAL CULTURES.

21 <sup>st</sup> Century Content and CPI's	Learning Experiences	
Strand A: Critical Thinking and Problem Solving		
The ability to recognize and apply critical thinking and problem solving skills to solve the problem is a lifelong skill that		
develops over time.		
9A.1 Develop strategies to reinforce positive attitudes and productive behaviors that impact critical thinking and problem solving skills.	<ul> <li>Cooperative learning structures</li> <li>Brainstorming strategies</li> <li>Prewriting strategies</li> <li>Using graphic organizers to organize material to solve a problem</li> <li>Socratic Seminar</li> </ul>	
9A.2 Implement problem solving strategies to solve a problem in the school or community.	<ul> <li>Writing Prompt that asks students to solve a problem</li> <li>Service projects- Coat, drive, food pantry, etc.</li> </ul>	

21 <sup>st</sup> Century Content and CPI's	Learning Experiences
9A.3 Summarize strategies used by various (non-profit, not for profit, for profit) organizations and agencies to solve problems that impact communities and compare them with strategies used by similar organizations in another state or country.	Students respond to essay questions that compare various types of societies to the one in <i>The Giver</i> . (Grade 8)
9.A.4 Design and implement a management plan using problem solving strategies.	<ul> <li>Role assignment in literature groups (discussion director, word wizard, etc.)</li> <li>Cooperative learning structures- Role for each person in group</li> </ul>
Strand B: Creativity and Innovation	
Gathering and evaluating knowledge and information for	rom a variety of sources that include multiple/global
perspectives foster creative/innovative thinking.	<del>,</del>
9 B.1 Incorporate multiple points of view to create alternative solutions.	<ul> <li>Participation in discussions, Socratic Seminars, literature circles</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Read primary sources and other texts that present a variety of points of view to solve a problem</li> </ul>
9.B.2 Assess data gathered to solve a problem that reflects	Evaluate websites
varying perspectives (cross-cultural, gender specific,	<ul> <li>Evaluate primary and secondary sources for bias</li> </ul>
generational) and determine how the data can best be used to design solutions.	• Math surveys (Grade 6)
Strand C: Collaboration, Teamwork, and Leadership	
Collaboration and teamwork enable an individual or gre	oup to achieve common goals with greater efficiency.
9.C.1 Demonstrate an individual's responsibility for personal actions and contributions to the group.	Individual accountability structures in cooperative learning activities
	• Individual role assignments in groups or literature circles
	Progress monitoring/reporting sheets in literature circles
	Socratic Seminar reflections
	• Group Dynamics activities (Grade 6)
	<ul> <li>Teambuilding activities (Grade 6)</li> </ul>
9.C.2 Demonstrate the use of compromise, consensus, and	Cooperative problem-solving activities
community building strategies for carrying out different tasks,	<ul> <li>Cooperative problem-solving activities</li> <li>Charitable Cause Essays (Grade 6)</li> </ul>
	- Charlagic Cause Essays (Grade 0)

21 <sup>st</sup> Century Content and CPI's	Learning Experiences		
Leadership activities develop over time through participation in groups and/or teams engage in challenging or competitive			
tasks/activities.			
9.C.3 Model leadership skills during classroom and extra-	<ul> <li>Participation in clubs, student council, etc.</li> </ul>		
curricular activities.	Group leader role in small groups		
Strand D: Effective communication skills convey intended messages to others and assist in preventing			
misunderstandings.			
9.D.1 Employ appropriate conflict resolution skills	• Peer Leaders (Grades 7-8)		
	Character Education Lessons		
	Student Council		
	Peer Tutors and Guidance Lessons/Groups (Grade 6)		
9.D.2 Demonstrate the ability to understand inferences.	<ul> <li>See reading units for specific examples of inference- making strategies and opportunities</li> </ul>		
	Use inferences to participate in discussions about reading and other situations		
Communication with people from different cultural backgro	different cultural backgrounds is enhanced by understanding cultural perspectives.		
9.D.3 Use effective communication skills face-to-face and online	Participation in small groups, literature circles, etc.		
interactions with peers and adults from home and diverse cultures.	1		
	Appropriate use of e-mails and blogs to communicate		
	Computer class- introduction to appropriate		
	communication (Grade 6)		
	Oral presentations		
	Parent presentations about culture (Grade 6)		
9.D.4 Compare and contrast nuances in verbal/nonverbal	Parent presentations about culture (Grade 6)		
communication in different cultures that may result in	How to interpret idioms		
misunderstanding.	-		
9.D.5 Justify the need for greater cross-cultural understanding due	• Discussion of "sameness" in <i>The Giver</i> (Grade 8)		
to globalization.	Stories read		

21st Century Content and CPI's	Learning Experiences		
Strand E: Digital media is a 21 <sup>st</sup> century tool used for local and global communication of ideas and events.			
9.E.1 Explain how technology has strengthened the role of media	<ul> <li>Technology and synergistic (Grade 7-8)</li> </ul>		
in a global society.	<ul> <li>Newspapers online (Grade 6)</li> </ul>		
9E.2 Analyze the role of media in sales and marketing and in	Social Studies Content		
delivering cultural, political, and other societal messages.			
9.E.3 Differentiate between explicit and implicit media messages	Social Studies Content		
and discuss the impact on individuals, groups, and society as a	<ul> <li>Evaluate print and media sources for bias and message</li> </ul>		
whole.	<ul> <li>Analysis of political cartoons (Grade 6)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Analysis of persuasive techniques- fact vs opinion</li> </ul>		
There are ethical and unethical uses of communication and	media.		
9.E.4 Determine the undesired outcomes/consequences of	<ul> <li>Analysis of Nazi propaganda (Grade 8)</li> </ul>		
unethical uses of media.	• Computer class content (Grade 6)		
9.E.5 Compare and contrast ways government regulate media	<ul> <li>Internet use agreement</li> </ul>		
advertising to protect children and adults in the United States and	Website permission		
inother countries.			
Strand F: Accountability, Productivity and Ethics			
	nanding greater individual accountability, productivity, and		
collaboration.			
9.F.1 Demonstrate how productivity and accountability contribute	<ul> <li>Individual accountability roles in cooperative structures</li> </ul>		
to realizing individual or group work goals within and outside the	<ul> <li>Progress monitoring in literature circles</li> </ul>		
classroom.	Group roles in cooperative groups		
Ethical behaviors support human rights and dignity in all aspects of life.			
9.F.2 Explain the relationship between rules, laws and safety and	<ul> <li>Discussion about Utopia/dystopia (Grade 8)</li> </ul>		
the protection of individual rights in the global workforce.	Literature discussions		
	Constitution Day activities		

21 <sup>st</sup> Century Content and CPI's	Learning Experiences
9.F.3 Relate the use of new technologies at home, in the workplace, and other settings to incidences of ethical/unethical behavior.	<ul> <li>Internet use agreement</li> <li>Code of conduct</li> <li>Assemblies pertaining to cyber-bullying, bullying, and tolerance</li> <li>Guidance groups</li> <li>Character education program</li> <li>Online texts</li> </ul>

#### Flemington-Raritan Regional School District Language Arts/Literacy Curriculum Grades 6-8

#### **Interdisciplinary Connections**

The language arts naturally lend themselves to interdisciplinary connections. Specific grade-level interdisciplinary connections are noted in bold and italics in the grade-level units within the curriculum guide.

Interdisciplinary connections that are evident in Grades 6-8 are as follows:

Learning Experiences	Interdisciplinary Connection
Research	Social Studies, Science, Mathematics
Evaluating Websites	Social Studies, Science, Library/Media,
	Technology
Utilizing Web-based Resources	Library Media, Technology
Current Events	Social Studies
Detecting Bias in Text	Social Studies, Science
Differentiating Fact and Opinion	Social Studies, Science
Designing, Delivering, and Evaluating Oral	Social Studies, Science, Mathematics, Health
Presentations	
Reading Non-Fiction Text	Social Studies, Science, Mathematics, Health
Reading Historical Fiction	Social Studies
Writing a Variety of Essays and Open-Ended	Social Studies, Science, Mathematics, Health,
Responses	Music, Art
Analyzing the Reliability and Credibility of a	Social Studies, Science
Resource	
Determining Influence of Culture in a Text	Social Studies

#### Flemington-Raritan Regional School District

#### **Language Arts/Literacy Curriculum**

#### **Grades 6-8**

The following textbooks are used in Grades 6-8:

Grade	Textbook
Grade 6	<ul> <li>McDougal-Littell – The Language of Literature 2006</li> <li>Great Source Education Group-Write Source- 2006</li> <li>District Word Study Program</li> </ul>
Grade 7	<ul> <li>McDougal-Littell – The Language of Literature 2006</li> <li>Great Source Education Group- Write Source- 2006</li> <li>District Word Study Program</li> </ul>
Grade 8	<ul> <li>McDougal-Littell – The Language of Literature 2006</li> <li>Great Source Education Group- Write Source- 2006</li> <li>District Word Study Program</li> </ul>

Note: Language of Literature and Write Source texts include supplemental materials and teacher resources.

#### Flemington-Raritan Regional School District References for the Language Arts/Literacy Curriculum

Flemington-Raritan Regional Schools. (2002). Language Arts Curriculum Guide. NJ: District.

Luke, A. (2003). Literacy education for a new ethics of global community. *Language Arts*. 81(1), 20-21.

National Council of Teachers of English. (2008). 21<sup>st</sup> –Century Literacies: (A Research Policy Brief). Retrieved September 11, 2009 from <a href="http://www.ncte.org/library/NCTEFiles/Resources/PolicyResearch/21stCenturyResearchBrief.pd">http://www.ncte.org/library/NCTEFiles/Resources/PolicyResearch/21stCenturyResearchBrief.pd</a>

- New Jersey Department of Education. (2008). *Standards Clarification Project*. Trenton, NJ: NJDOE.
- New Jersey Department of Education. (2009). 21<sup>st</sup> Century Life and Careers Core Curriculum Content Standards. Trenton, NJ: DOE.
- New Jersey Department of Education. (2004). *New Jersey Core Curriculum Standards for Language Arts Literacy*. Trenton, NJ: NJDOE.

#### Flemington-Raritan Regional School District Language Arts/Literacy Curriculum Teacher Resources- Grades 6-8

The following teacher resources are cited in the 6-8 Language Arts/Literacy curriculum guides.

- Atwell, N. (2006). Naming the World: A Year of Poetry. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.
- Atwell, N. (2002). Lessons that Change Writers. Portsmough, NH: Heinemann.
- Culham, R. (2003) 6+1 Traits of Writing .New York: Scholastic Books.
- Daniels, H. (2002). *Literature Circles: Voice and Choice in Book Clubs & Reading Groups*. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Portland, ME: Stenhouse Publishers.
- Daniels, H. (1994). *Literature Circles: Voice and Choice in the Student-Centered Classroom*. Portland, ME: Stenhouse Publishers.
- Fletcher, R. & Portalupi, J. (2004). *Teaching the Qualities of Writing*. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.
- Fountas, I.C. & Pinnell, G.S. (2001). *Guiding Readers and Writer's Grades 3-6*. Portsmouth, NH:Heinemann.
- Graves, D. & Kittle., P. (2005). Inside Writing. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.
- Hall, W. & Brewer, P. (2000). *Socratic Seminars in the Block*. Larchmount, NY: Eye on Education.
- Harvey, S. & Goodvis, A. (2007). *Strategies That Work*. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Portland, ME: Stenhouse Publishers.
- Latimer, H. (2003). Thinking Through Genre. Portland, ME: Stenhouse Publishers.
- Rog, L.J. & Kropp, P. (2004). *The Write Genre*. Ontario: Pembrooke Publishers.
- Tovani, C. (2000). I Read It, But I Don't Get It. Portland, ME: Stenhouse Publishers.

# Flemington-Raritan Regional School District Language Arts/Literacy Curriculum Grade 6

#### **Grade 6 Modifications**

#### Modifications for Students with Support and Students with an IEP

- ✓ Mc Dougal-Littell *Interactive Reader Plus with Additional Support* with CD
- ✓ McDougal-Littell- *Bridges to Literature*
- ✓ *Jamestown Readers* (differentiated by reading level)
- ✓ *Soar to Success* books
- ✓ Framing Your Thoughts Sentence Structure- Special Education
- ✓ Framing Your Thoughts- Applied Writing- Special Education
- ✓ Chunking reading and/or writing
- ✓ Modify test/quizzes: fewer choices, shorter version, allow for oral response, provide a word bank
- ✓ Guided reading groups
- ✓ Literature circles
- ✓ Provide a copy of notes
- ✓ "Cloze" notes
- ✓ Push-in student support teachers
- ✓ Independent novels on students' independent reading level
- ✓ Audiotapes
- ✓ Graphic organizers while reading
- ✓ Read with breaks for discussion
- ✓ Cooperative learning structures
- ✓ Peer and teacher conferences
- ✓ Partner activities
- ✓ Masking
- ✓ Flashcards
- ✓ Repeat, clarify, rephrase directions
- ✓ Check frequently for understanding
- ✓ Multisensory techniques
- ✓ Provide assignments ahead of time
- ✓ Break long assignments into shorter tasks
- ✓ Extend test taking time
- ✓ Test outside of the room
- ✓ Provide study guides
- ✓ Allow word processor/computer for written assignments
- ✓ Provide a word bank
- ✓ Keep an assignment sheet/planner
- ✓ Modify homework expectations
- ✓ Do not penalize for incorrect spelling, unless a word bank is given
- ✓ Provide preferential seating
- ✓ Allow students to verbalize before writing
- ✓ Assist with the organization of student materials/notebook
- ✓ Use of visuals from Hotchalk (teacher website)
- ✓ Google videos

- ✓ Teacher modeling
- ✓ Mini-lessons
- ✓ Scaffolding instruction
- ✓ Teacher read alouds
- ✓ Picture books
- ✓ Readers' Theatre
- ✓ Vocabulary work

#### Additional Modifications Specifically for ESL Students\*

- ✓ McDougal-Littell *Interactive Reader Plus for English Learners* and CD
- ✓ McDougal-Littell *Selection Summaries in English*
- ✓ McDougal-Littell Spanish Study Guide
- ✓ McDougl-Littell *Standards-based Instruction for All Students* English Language Development: Oral Support
- ✓ Push in: ESL teacher, Teacher Assistants, Support Skills Teachers
- ✓ Summaries/worksheets in Spanish
- ✓ Spanish books: Dear Mr. Henshaw, Sarah Plain & Tall, Three Little Pigs, Bridge to Terabithia
- ✓ English books at independent reading level (library, support skills and fifth grade teachers)

#### **Modifications for Gifted and Talented Students**

- ✓ McDougal-Littell- Extended Interpretations and Advanced Students sections of teacher resources
- ✓ Alternate Texts
- ✓ Differentiated Texts
- ✓ District Word Study Program- Challenge Words
- ✓ Alternate Writing Assignments
- ✓ Peer and Teacher Conferencing
- ✓ Cooperative Learning

<sup>\*</sup>Also use appropriate modification where needed from *Modifications for Students with Support* and Students with an IEP

#### **Grade 6 Pacing Guide**

#### **Marking Period 1-Theme: Courage**

Reading	Writing	Grammar
Short Stories (Minimum of	Response to Literature & Open-	Parts of Speech
5)- Focus on Literary	Ended Responses	Fragments, Run-ons
Elements	Short Story	Subjects and Predicates
Independent Novels	Interpreting Quotes and	Coordinating and
	Connecting to Own Lives	Subordinating Conjunctions
Benchmark Assessment- Ex:	Reader's/Writer's Notebooks	Consistency of Verb Tense
Learnia		Capitalization
	Cursive Handwriting	Punctuating Dialogue
		_
		Word Study

#### Marking Period 2 - Theme: Reality and the Real World

Reading	Writing	Grammar
Reading Nonfiction- Memoirs,	Response to Literature &	Subject/Verb Agreement
biographies, autobiographies, web	Open-Ended Responses	Sentence Structure-
articles, feature articles, magazine	Memoir	Varying Sentence Types
articles	Compare/Contrast Essay	and Complexity
Newspaper Unit	Reader's/Writer's Notebooks	Commas
Independent Novels -		Semi-Colons
(Biography/Autobiography)	Cursive Handwriting	Coordinating and
		Subordination
		Conjunctions
		Capitalization
		Word Study

<sup>\*</sup>Novels are interspersed in each marking period and a novel study may span more than 1 marking period.

#### Marking Period 3 - Theme: Growth and Change

Reading	Writing	Grammar
Literature Circles	Response to Literature &	Comparing Adjectives and
Independent Novels	Open-Ended Responses	Adverbs
Non-Fiction-based Web	Persuasive Writing- Research-	Prepositional Phrases
Research	based Persuasive Letter	Interjections
Research & Notetaking	Reader's/Writer's Notebooks	Pronoun Use
Techniques		Italics and Underlining
	Cursive Handwriting	Punctuation
Benchmark Assessment- Ex:		Capitalization
Learnia		
		Word Study

#### Marking Period 4 -Theme: Science Fiction and Poetry

Reading	Writing	Grammar
Science Fiction Short Stories	Response to Literature &	Review of Parts of Speech
(Minimum of 3)	Open-Ended Responses	Reinforcement of Skills as
Poetry-Various Genres	Compare/Contrast Essay	needed
Author Study	Response to Poetry	Capitalization
Independent Novels	Reader's/Writer's Notebooks	Punctuation
_		
	Cursive Handwriting	
		Word Study

<sup>\*</sup>Novels are interspersed in each marking period and a novel study may span more than 1 marking period.

**Unit: Reading** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do people use reading to discover personal and shared meaning in their lives?

**Topical Essential Question(s):** How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning?

How does fluency affect comprehension?

Why do readers need to pay attention to a writer's choice of words? What do readers do when they do not understand everything in a text?

How do readers construct meaning from text?

Why conduct research?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Understanding a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning of the text.

Readers use language structure and content clues to identify the intended meaning of words and phrases as they are used in text.

Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension.

Words powerfully affect meaning.

Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to self, text to world) to make text personally useful and relevant.

Researchers gather and critique information from different sources for specific purposes.

	Grade 6- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Before Reading					
Students will know and be able to  Recognize and use organizational structures and text guides to comprehend information such as compare/contrast, cause/effect, chronological order, etc. on increasingly difficult texts	3.1 6A.1 3.1 6 A.2 3.1 6 A.3 3.1 6E.2 3.1 6 E.3 3.1 6 E.4 3.1 6 E.5 3.1 6 E.6	Teacher models and students employ a variety of notetaking guides and graphic organizers  Students preview text to determine the organization and text structure	Completed graphic organizers and guides	McDougal Litell –unit resources  Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6 Ch.7-10, 14  Strategies that Work-Harvey & Goodvis  Content-area texts	
Monitor reading and adjust for purpose and to enhance comprehension	3.1 6 E.2 3.1 6D.1 3.1 6 D.4	Teacher models strategies for determining reading rate and when to adjust	Students adjust reading rate as needed  Students can explain reading rate and purpose for the rate	Variety of genres of texts- short stories, nonfiction, articles, etc.	
Set purpose for reading, self- select appropriate reading materials, and adjust text selection accordingly	3.1 6 H.1 3.1 6 H.2 3.1 6 D.1 3.1 6 E.3	Teacher models how to self-select reading materials for a variety of purposes  Students skim the text, use book jacket material, and use Five Finger method to determine appropriateness of text	Students choose appropriate texts	Media Center- Lessons on using databases and evaluating resources  Variety of genres of text- Content Area textbooks	

Grade 6- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Make predictions based on knowledge of author, genre, and/or prior knowledge before reading and adjust them as needed	3.1 6 E.1 3.1 6 E.4	Students utilize databases and resources from media center to select resources on a topic  Mini lessons on evaluating text resources and research materials  Students read a few pages of texts to determine if it is at an appropriate level  Students complete writing before reading activity  Students complete K-W-L chart or other organizers  Students pose questions prior to reading  Students brainstorm predictions prior to reading, revise after reading and explain why they revised predictions using text information	Completed writing activities  Completed Organizers  Predictions and revisions	Reader's Notebooks/response Journals Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6 Ch. 18-21
During Reading Students will know and be able to:  Monitor own comprehension as reading and apply fix-up strategies as needed	3.1 6 E.2 3.1 6 E.3 3.1 6 D.3 3.1 6 D.4	Teacher models fix-up strategies through Think Aloud and other strategies  Students participate in discussions,	Quality of students'	Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Gr. 3- 6- Ch. 18-21 Strategies that Work- Harvey & Goodvis
		Socratic Seminar, and/or literature circles	oral and written responses	I Read It, But I Don't Get

	Grade 6- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
		Students employ strategies such as self- questioning: Does this make sense? What do I need to do to understand this? And apply fix-up strategies as needed Students employ QAR's as read and discuss text	Students self- assess responses in discussion  Double-entry journal and/or students' responses	It- Tovanni-  Mosaic of Thought- Keene and Zimmermann	
		Students use Post-It strategy to note specific areas of text as they read	QAR's and responses	QAR Sheet	
Read critically to analyze literary elements, author's perspective, and how these components influence the texts' messages	3.1 6 G.1 3.1 6 G.4 3.1 6 G.7 3.1 6 G.7 3.1 6 G.12 3.1 6 G.16 3.1 6 G.17	Teacher mini lessons on literary elements  Students complete graphic organizers and story maps on literary elements  Students complete bookmarks as reading  Students complete journal responses, text extensions, and open-ended questions about text elements using text support	Completed organizers  Completed bookmarks  Journal entries and responses	Organizers- Teacher-made, McDougal-Littell  NJASK 4-Point Rubric Teacher- made rubrics Published rubrics- McDougal Littell	
		Students discuss the elements of text in whole and/or small group discussions			

	Grade 6- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Read critically to analyze author's perspective, compare recurring themes or ideas across literary works and genres, and understand author's perspective.  Analyze work for the ways it reflects the heritage, traditions, beliefs, and attitudes of the author.	3.1 6 G.1 3.1 6 G.2 3.1 6 G.6 3.1 6 G.12 3.1 6 H.7	Teacher mini lessons on elements of literature  Students participate in Socratic Seminar, literature circles and/or whole class discussions  Students read variety of texts on a topic and compare themes, perspective, etc  Students respond to text in a variety of ways  Students read independent texts and respond to them and compare elements  Students make text-to-text, text-to-self, and text-to-world connections as they read	Teacher assessment of discussions  Readers notebooks and other responses  Teacher conferences Readers' Response	Content-Area texts  Texts (See appendix)  Reader Notebook materials  Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Gr. 3-6-Ch.7-10	
Identify and analyze literary elements and techniques such as figurative language, meter, rhetorical, and stylistic features of the text	3.1 6 G.2 3.1 6 G.12 3.1 6 G.13 3.1 6 G.14 3.1 6 G.16 3.1 6 G.17	Teacher mini lessons on literary and stylistic elements, figurative language, metaphors, etc.  Students use TPCASTT to analyze poetry	Students utilize techniques and language in own writing	TPCASTT Sheet	
Differentiate fact and opinion, bias, propaganda, and analyze sources of text for reliability of information	3.1 6 G. 3 3.1 6 G.5 3.1 6 G.8 3.1 6 G.9 3.1 6 H. 1	Students read and discuss current events in social studies  Students choose print, electronic and web resources for research		Current Events – Social Studies Media Center Lessons- Print and electronic	

	Grade 6- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Read and use everyday text materials and make judgments about the importance of documents	3.1 6 H. 2 3.1 6 H.3 3.1 6 H.5 3.1 6 G.3	Students take notes on informational material for reports using GRASP, T-Chart or other notetaking strategy  Students employ everyday text and explain importance of use- own schedule, calendars, online directions, game directions, etc.	Students' notetaking charts	Sources  GRASP and T Chart  Variety of everyday texts  Write Source  McDougal Litell- Unit and teacher resources	
After Reading Students will know and be able to: Respond critically to text ideas in a variety of texts using text evidence to support interpretations	3.1 6 G.1 3.2 6 D.3	Students complete and present literature projects and extensions  Student responses- journals, essays, oral discussions  Students complete story maps, organizers, and extensions  Students chose quotation from text and explain how it connects to text, self, or world at large	Completed Independent Novel projects Completed responses	McDougal Littell resources Readers' Notebooks Independent Novels	
Interpret ideas in text through writing, discussion, and enactment	3.1 6 G.8 3.1 6 G.3 3.1 6 G.4 3.1 6 G.7 3.1 6 G.9	Students respond to reading in discussion, journals, essays and other reading projects  Students participate in whole class discussion, literature circles, Socratic seminar, etc.	Completed projects  Students responses in discussion		

	Grade 6- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Explore the central idea or theme in a variety of types of texts, including informational and write essays and other responses that are clear, state a position, and cite appropriate text	3.2 6 A.1 3.2 6 A.5 3.2 6 D.8 3.2 6 D.9 3.2 6 D.10 3.2 6 D.11	Students complete open-ended questions	Students use NJASK rubric, self-assess, assess peers, and provide feedback Teacher feedback and assessment using rubric	NJ ASK- 4 Point Rubric – Appendix  Teacher-created rubrics	
		Students write essays and other writings based on reading and support with evidence from the text	Completed essays/writings		
Vocabulary Students will know and be able to:				Word Study Program	
Apply knowledge of spelling rules, pronunciation, word patterns and structural analysis to define new words	3.1 6 C.1 3.1 6 C.2 3.1 6 C.3 3.1 6 C.4	Teacher mini lessons on specific word analysis skills  Students use context clues to define new words	Students definitions of words	Context Clue Chart- Appendix	
Define new words, clarify definitions using restatement, example, or contrast.  Expand relationships between	3.1 6 F.1 3.1 6 F.2 3.1 6 F.3 3.1 6 F.4 3.1 6 F.5	Teacher mini lessons on specific strategies for defining words and using appropriate print and electronic resources	Students are able to use resources	Print and online- dictionary, thesaurus, etc.	
words using synonym, antonyms, connotations, denotations, figurative and literal meanings, and multiple meanings	5.1 01.5	Students define words using strategies and context in assigned and independent reading  District Word Study program	Completed context clue activities	Word Study Program Assigned and Independent Texts	

	Grade 6- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources	
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments		
(Objectives)					
Fluency					
Students will know and be					
able to:					
Read grade-level and	3.1 6 D.2	Students participate in Reader's Theater	Students' oral	Reader's Theater- Scope	
increasingly difficult texts with	3.1 6 D.4	and other choral and oral readings	reading	Magazine	
fluency and comprehension			performance		
		Students read independent novels		Independent Novels	

#### **Benchmark/Other Assessments:**

- Benchmark Assessment Ex:Learnia
- Open-Ended Responses Independent Novel Responses/Projects

## Grade 6 Unit: Writing

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do people use writing to discover personal and shared meaning in their lives?

How do I write in a clear, concise manner for a variety of purposes and audiences?

**Topical Essential Question(s): How do good writers express themselves?** 

How does process shape the writer's product? How do writers develop a well-written product? How do the rules of language affect communication? Why does a writer choose a particular form of writing?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Good writers develop and refine their ideas for thinking, learning, communicating, and aesthetic

expression.

Good writers use a repertoire of strategies that enable them to vary form and style, in order to write for

different purposes, contexts, and audiences.

Conventions of language help readers understand what is being communicated.

A writer selects a form based on audience and purpose.

		Grade 6- Writing		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	3.2 6A.2 3.2 6 A.4 3.2 6 D.2 3.2 6 D.3 3.2 6 D.12 3.2 6 D.1 3.2 6 D.1 3.2 6 D.3 3.2 6 A.3	Teacher minilessons on purpose, genre, generating ideas, narrowing ideas, and strategies for organization  Students utilize a variety of organizers to suit their needs and purpose  Students use writers notebook to generate and explore writing topics  Students listen to and read a variety of mentor texts to learn how authors develop genre characteristics, tone,	Completed organizers  Writers notebook entries  Students identify and use specific elements of style	McDougal Litell- unit and teacher resources  Organizers- published and teacher-created  Writers' notebooks  Fountas & Pinnell – Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch. 5, 6  Write Source models  The Write Genre-
		voice, and other stylistic and literary elements  Students identify specific genre and form, for a specific audience and purpose for assigned and self-selected writing  Verbal activities for prewriting- oral composing, brainstorming, role-playing, discussion, reading, interviews	written piece in specific genre for audience and purpose	Thinking Through Genre-Latimer  Specific writing prompts  Picture books and other mentor texts  Computer software for graphic organizers such as Kidspirarion/Inspiration

	Grade 6- Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Drafting Students will know and be able to:  Draft writing in a selected genre with appropriate structure and voice according to message, purpose, and audience  Establish and maintain a focus in a draft  Develop writing stamina and draft for a sustained period of time to produce a piece of text	3.2 6 A.5 3.2 6 B.6 3.2 6 D.3 3.2 6 D.10 3.2 6 D.11 3.2 6 B.10	Teacher mini lessons on drafting for specific purposes  Students write drafts Students do quickwrites on specific topics  Students write without stopping to produce a draft  Students engage in the writing process	Writer's notebook entries Quickwrites Sustained piece of writing	Write Source  Writer's Notebook  McDougal Littell- unit and teacher resources- Writing handbook	
Write effectively in a variety of genres including personal narratives, stories with well-developed literary elements, biographies, memoirs, persuasive pieces and other informational pieces	3.2 6 A.1 3.2 6 A.3 3.2 6 B.2 3.2 6 D.1 3.2 6 D.5 3.2 6 D.6 3.2 6 D.7 3.2 6 D.8 3.2 6 D.9	Teacher models strategies to employ for "writer's block"  Students use another author's work to create an original piece or enhance own writing	Students employ author's technique in own writing	Samples of published works to use as mentor texts	

	Grade 6- Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Write using compositional risks, personal style and voice to engage the audience	3.2 6 A.5 3.2 6 D.6 3.2 6 D.13	Teacher shares and students read mentor texts with specific compositional risks (dialogue, literary devices, figurative language, anecdotes)  Students identify the compositional risks and stylistic elements in writing and explain the effect on the reader	Students' writing had stylistic elements and compositional risks	6 +1 Traits of Writing-Culham  Mentor texts  Student models of writing	
Write reports and subject- appropriate nonfiction pieces across the curriculum based on research and including citations, quotations, and a works cited page	3.2 6 B.3 3.2 6 B.5 3.2 6 B.8 3.2 6 D.1 3.2 6 D.7 3.2 6 D.12	Students write reports and nonfiction pieces in other curriculum areas-Language arts teacher supports as needed  Teacher mini lessons on plagiarism, citing sources, direct and indirect quotations, and works cited	Report/Nonfiction piece	See Research Unit for specific strategies and resources	
		Students write essays and reports and use citations and quotations in the body of the text	Essays/reports		
Write a range of essays and open-ended questions and responses to literature	3.2 6 A.1 3.2 6 B.2 3.2 6 B.3 3.2 6 D.1 3.2 6 D.3 3.2 6 D.4 3.2 6 D.11 3.2 6 D.9	Teacher models how to answer essay and open-ended responses  Students write essays and open-ended questions on assigned topic  Students respond to literature in response journals and essays	Essays/Open-ended responses Response journals	Content area essays  Open-ended responses in content classes	

Grade 6- Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Write multi-paragraph pieces with a clear purpose and organization, varied sentence structure, and a clear statement of a position or topic with evidence that supports the position or topic	3.2 6 A.1 3.2 6 B.7 3.2 6 D.6 3.2 6 D.8 3.2 6 D.10 3.2 6 D.11 3.2 6 D.12	Teacher provides models of various kinds of writing- persuasive, informational, comparison, etc.  Students analyze a model to determine its organization, the topic, kinds of evidence and the effectiveness of the evidence  Students identify the position or topic, find the evidence to support it, and explain how the author used the evidence in the piece	Student writing and explanation	Models of writing  McDougall-Littell- Writing Handbook, teacher and unit resources  Write Source  Content area writing  Summer Reading Assignment
Write a range of essays including personal, speculative, descriptive or issue-based	3.2 6 B.2 3.2 6 B.3 3.2 6 B.5	Students respond to specific writing prompts  Students read various models of essays and explain the techniques the author used and their effect on the reader	Student writing	Specific writing prompts- Quotation, persuasive, speculative (NJASK) and other teacher-created prompts
Compose, revise, edit and publish using appropriate software	3.2 6 A.10 3.2 6 A.11	Students use word-processing programs to draft text		Word processing program
Revising Students will know and be able to:				
Revise drafts by rereading for content, organization, usage, sentence structure, mechanics, and word choice	3.2 6 A. 4 3.2 6 A.6 3.2 6 A.7 3.2 6 A.8 3.2 6 A.8	Students reread drafts several times, each time focusing on a specific element	Student drafts with revision comments	Write Source Student models

	Grade 6- Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Revise drafts for sentence types, parallelism, and to indicate relationship between ideas	3.2 6 C. 2 3.2 6 C.7 3.2 6 D.13 3.2 6 A.10	Teacher mini lessons – sentence combining techniques, varying sentence openings, using phrases and clauses, transition words  Students revise drafts for specific elements such as sentence combining, transitions, varying sentence openings, etc.	Revised drafts	Models of writing  Write Source	
		Small group, teacher, and peer conferences and feedback on pieces	Students' feedback to peers in conference	Conferencing checklists- Write Source, McDougal- Littell, and teacher-created	
		Students analyze models of writing for transitions, sentence structure, compositional risks, etc. and explain the effect on the reader	Students incorporate elements in writing	Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch. 5-	
Use relevant scoring rubrics and criteria to improve own work, evaluate own work and evaluate peer's work and provide feedback for improvement	3.2 6 A.12 3.2 6 A.13 3.2 6 D.14 3.2 6 D.15	Teacher reviews NJ 6-Point Holistic Writing Rubric or other rubric and shows models of each score point  Students analyze models of each score point and explain how they fit the criteria for that score point	Students' analysis of writing	NJ Holistic Writing Rubric- 6 point  Teacher-created checklists and rubrics	
		Students use NJ or other rubric to evaluate own and/or peer's work and provide feedback to peers  Students revise writing using feedback	Feedback to peers  Drafts of work with	Models of writing at each score point on NJ rubric (released samples from state)	

Grade 6- Writing					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
		from rubric	revisions		
		Students use Praise-Question-Polish, checklist or rubric to provide feedback to peers  Teacher and/or peer conferences for revision			
		Students use software to revise their writing		Word processing software	
Editing Students will know and be able to:  Use Standard English conventions in all writing	3.2 6 C.1	Teacher models editing strategies	Edited work	Write Source	
Edit for correct grammar, usage, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling	3.2 6 C.3 3.2 6 C.4 3.2 6 C.5 3.2 6 C.6 3.2 6 C.8 3.2 6 C.9 3.2 6 C.10	Mini lessons on grammar, usage and spelling skills as needed  Students read a piece with a focus on pronoun-case agreement, subject-verb agreement, consistency of tense, and make changes as needed  Students utilize an editing checklist with own and peer's work  Students participate in teacher and peer editing conferences  Students use different colored pencils to edit for particular strategies	Edited drafts  Students' feedback to peers	Write Source  McDougal-Litell- Grammar and Usage Workbook  NJ Holistic Scoring Rubric  Teacher-Created Rubrics and Checklists  6 + 1 Traits of Writing- Culham	

	Grade 6- Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Use a variety of reference materials, print and electronic, to edit written work  Use appropriate word processing software to edit work	3.2 6 A.11 3.2 6 C.9	Students edit published or own pieces Students choose piece from writer's notebook to edit for specific elements Teacher models how to use a variety of reference sources for editing Students use software and other references for editing	Edited entry  Students' use of resources	Dictionary, thesaurus, spell check, MLA website Software programs	
Write legibly in manuscript or cursive to meet district standards  Post Writing Students will know and be able to:	3.2 6 C.10	Students are able to write in cursive or manuscript as needed	Student handwriting	Handwriting Guidelines- Appendix	
Use relevant scoring rubrics and criteria to improve own work, evaluate own work and evaluate peer's work and provide feedback for improvement	3.2 6 A.12 3.2 6 A.13 3.2 6 D.14	Students evaluate final draft using rubric and provide feedback to peers or self-evaluate	Students' comments on final drafts	NJ Holistic Writing Rubric- Appendix Teacher-created rubrics McDougall-Littell materials	
Maintain a collection of works	3.2 6 D.15	Students maintain a portfolio and reflect on strengths, needs, and goals as they review their work	Student Portfolios		
Share work with others		Students share work in author's chair, in small groups, as read alouds and in published booklets	Shared draft of work	Student work displays	

	Grade 6- Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources	
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments		
(Objectives)					
		Teacher creates displays of students'			
		work			
		Students send writing to various			
		contests, submit to newspapers and			
		other sources			
Respond appropriately to	3.3 6 A.1	Teacher models appropriate responses		Students' work	
other's work	3.3 6 A.3	to student work- how to praise or offer			
	3.3 6 A. 5	critique			
	3.3 6 B.1				
	3.3 6 B.2	Students ask appropriate questions and			
		provide thoughtful feedback to authors			
	3.4 6 A.1				
	3.4 6 B. 2				
	3.4 6 D. 6				

#### **Benchmark/Other Assessments**

- Specific Writing Pieces (See units)
- Benchmark Writing Pieces-
- September- Summer Reading Assignment
- February- Explanatory Prompt

**Grade 6- Unit: Speaking** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How does being an effective speaker enhance my personal and school experiences?

Topical Essential Question(s): What strategies can I use to speak effectively (eye contact, voice modulation, inflection, tempo,

enunciation)?

How can I determine which strategies to use to effectively communicate a specific purpose to an

audience?

How can I use speaking to clarify and enhance my thoughts?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Speaking and listening provide the foundation to connect with others, develop vocabulary, and learn the

structure of the English language.

Speaking is a form of expressing, transmitting, and exchanging ideas, information and emotions.

Oral language is a tool for communicating thinking and learning.

Grade 6- Speaking				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Discussion & Questioning (Inquiry) and Contributing  Students will know and be				
able to: Present ideas in a discussion, both planned and spontaneously, that state a position, support it, acknowledge and respond to other views.	3.3 6 A.1 3.3 6 A.2 3.3 6 A.4	Students engage in whole class discussions.  Students support their discussion ideas using relevant text support and information from the discussion  Students orally retell and summarize	Teacher and student assessment of discussion	Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch.15-17

Grade 6- Speaking				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		Students listen to each other's work in Author's Chair or small groups and offer appropriate feedback	Students' feedback and comments	
Participate appropriately in a variety of oral situations including class discussions, debates, and small groups.	3.3 6 A.3 3.3 6 A.5 3.3 6 B.1 3.3 6 B.2 3.3 6 B.3 3.3 6 B.4 3.3 6 B.5 3.3 6 B.6	Students participate in whole class discussions  Students participate in Socratic Seminar and literature circles to discuss literature and other texts  Students participate in peer, teacher, and small group writing conferences, respond to others' work, and provide appropriate feedback using rubrics, criteria, responding to questions, or other structures such as Praise-Question-Polish		Socratic Seminar guidelines  Revising and Editing checklists, scoring rubrics, etc.
		Students define roles for small groups through literature circle roles and cooperative learning structures  Students engage in cooperative learning structures to solve problems in a group	Students and teachers assess participation in groups	Literature circle roles- Harvey Daniels  Cooperative Learning- Spencer Kagan

	Grade 6- Speaking					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources		
Word Choice Students will know and be able to:						
Use language in a discussion to effectively convey the intended message to the intended audience	3.3 6 C.1 3.3 6 C.2 3.3 6 C.3	Students will use text to verbally identify, demonstrate, and expand on an idea or topic through discussion  Students will actively engage their listeners through their tone, inflections, and voice modulation  Students will use correct grammar and sentence structure when speaking for all purposes	Class discussions	Texts for discussion		
		Students read poetry aloud	Students' readings			
Oral Presentation Students will know and be able to:  Effectively deliver a variety of types of presentations to an intended audience using visual aids and speaking techniques	3.3 6 D.1 3.3 6 D. 2 3.3 6 D.3 3.3 6 D.4 3.3 6. D.5 3.3 6 D.6	Students will orally present a variety of types of information- book talks, speeches, sharing written work, discussion on a topic or prompt  Students will utilize multi-media in presentations	Students' presentations  Quality of presentations	Book talk, Power Point presentation and other presentation criteria (May be in Content Areas)  Rubrics to assess presentations – Teacher – Created or NJ Speaking Rubric		
Provide relevant feedback to a speaker and incorporate feedback into own presentations	3.3 6 D.8 3.3 6 D.9	Students will engage in proper speaking techniques				

Grade 6- Speaking				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
(Objectives)		Students will use a teacher-created or NJ Speaking Rubric to assess presentations and provide feedback to peers	Feedback to peers	
Read aloud with fluency	3.3 6 D.7	Students will use feedback to revise presentations  Students will engage in Reader's Theater and other read aloud activities	Students' reading	Scope magazine and other plays  Various texts

#### **Assessments:**

• Oral Presentation- book talk or Other Project (May be in Content Area)

**Grade 6 Unit: Listening** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How does listening enhance my understanding?

Topical Essential Question(s): How can I actively listen to gain information and understanding?

In what ways can I provide effective feedback to a speaker?

How does my purpose for listening affect my listening behaviors?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Listening is a process of hearing, receiving, constructing meaning, and responding to verbal and

nonverbal messages.

Effective listeners actively restate, interpret, respond to, and evaluate messages. Effective listeners use

these strategies for a variety of listening purposes.

Students use listening to gain understanding and appreciation of language and communication.

	Grade 6 Listening					
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources		
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments			
(Objectives)						
Active Listening						
Students will know and be						
able to:				McDougal Littell audio		
Demonstrate active listening in	3.4 6A.1	Students engage in Socratic Seminars,	Students'	resources		
a variety of situations by	3.4 6 A.2	class discussions, literature circles and	participation in and			
acknowledging the speaker and	3.4 6 A.3	debates	teacher assessment	Online audio resources		
evaluating the message for its	3.4 6 A.4		of discussions			
intended purpose	3.4 6 A.5	Students listen to, analyze messages,		Socratic Seminar		
		and respond to messages from	Students' self-	guidelines		
		classroom discussions, lectures,	assessment of			
		assemblies, and audio sources	discussion	Assemblies		
		Students listen to speeches, teacher/peer				
		reading aloud, audio sources, poetry				
		performed or read aloud, peer writing,				
		class discussions, etc.				

		Grade 6 Listening		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Evaluate a presentation using a rubric, checklist or criteria and provide appropriate feedback.	3.3 7 A. 6 3.4 7 A.7	Students use a rubric or checklist to evaluate a presentation and provide the speaker with feedback on items such as purpose, delivery, content, visual aids, body language and facial expressions	Students' feedback to speakers	NJ Speaking Rubric Teacher-Created rubrics and checklists McDougall-Littell unit and teacher resources
Listening Comprehension Students will know and be able to:				
Interpret, question, and critique oral presentations	3.4 6 B.1 3.4 6 B.2 3.4 6 B.3	Students discuss the purpose and intended message of texts- inform, persuade, entertain, etc.  Students listen to texts read aloud  Students ask appropriate questions of the speaker and/or give feedback  Students participate in discussions, Socratic Seminar, small group discussions	Student presentations- book talks, read alouds, Power Point, etc.  Assessment of discussion- teacher and student self-assessment	Presentation Guidelines-book talks, Power Points, etc. (May be in Content Areas)  McDougall Littell resources  Teacher-created rubrics
Make inferences based on presentations and integrate with other language arts	3.4 6 B.4	Students respond orally or in writing to a text they have heard (Journal, essay, prompt, etc.)		Variety of texts Writing prompts from text
Follow 3-4 step directions given orally	3.4 6 B.5	Students follow directions give orally		writing prompts from text

**Grade 6 Unit: Viewing and Media Literacy** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How can I become a critical consumer and producer of media?

How can media enhance my life?

Topical Essential Question(s): How do I evaluate the intended message and purpose of the media?

How does the type of media affect the intended message?

What influence does media have on the viewer?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Effective viewing is essential to comprehend and respond to personal interactions, live performance,

visual arts, print and electronic media

A media-literate person is able to evaluate media for credibility and understands how words, images, and

sounds influence the way meanings are conveyed and understood in society.

Students need to view critically to respond to different forms of visual messages.

Grade 6- Viewing and Media Literacy				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Constructing Meaning Students will know and be able to:				
Analyze aspects and elements of print and electronic messages and explain how the medium affects the intended message	3.5 6 A.1 3.5 6 A.2 3.5 6 A.3 3.5 6 A.4 3.5 6 A.5	Students evaluate a variety of print and electronic texts for literary and other elements and to determine author's purpose and message  Students analyze political cartoons and text  Students explain how illustrations support text	Students' responses	Electronic and print materials  McDougall Littell- Art posters and other resources  Cartoons

Grade 6- Viewing and Media Literacy				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Visual and Verbal Messages Students will know and be able to:				
Compare, contrast, and evaluate media messages	3.5 6 A.7 3.5 6 A.8 3.5 6 B.1 3.5 6 B.3 3.5 6 B.6	Students follow a story in the media and newspaper and compare the messages and effect		Variety of news sources- print and electronic and online  Social Studies- Current
	3.5 6 B.7	Students compare media version of story and the text  Students evaluate print and media	Compare/contrast pieces	Events  Videos of texts read
		sources for credibility- read the same story in 3 newspapers and compare message, tone, etc.		
Living with Media Students will know and be able to:				Named maketal maketalisak
Analyze media presentations for content and evaluate their effectiveness	3.5 6 B.5 3.5 6 B.7 3.5 6 C.1 3.5 6 C.2 3.5 6 C.4	Students view a variety of media and print sources and determine the effect on the reader and the message  Students discuss effect of media on their lives- home, family and school and explain their preferred medium	Students' responses- journals, essays, reflections	Novel-related materials  Websites  *Media Specialist- Research Unit

Grade 6- Viewing and Media Literacy					
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources	
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments		
(Objectives)					
Create a presentation using multi-media resources	3.5 6 C.1 3.5 6 C.3	Students create a multi-media presentation in response to literature or on a specific topic	Project	*Science or Social Studies projects	
		Students use rubric to evaluate presentation and give feedback to speaker	Feedback	Teacher-Created Rubrics	

#### **Assessment:**

• Multi-media Presentation (May be in Content Area)

#### **Grade 6- Unit: Literary Elements - Courage**

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do readers construct meaning from text?

Topical Essential Question(s): How do you know who you are and how do you have the courage of your convictions?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections to make text personally relevant and

useful.

Authors use literary element to construct meaning and leave a lasting impression on the reader.

		<b>Grade 6- Literary Elements-Courage</b>		
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Understandings	Indicators			
(Objectives)				
Students will know and be				
able to:				
		What makes a good reader: students	McDougall- Littell	Strategies that Work:
Use active reading strategies:	3.1 6D.1	brainstorm ideas, compare with what	selection quizzes and	Harvey and Goodvis
infer, predict, visualize,	3.1 6 D.3	the experts say, reader's journal entry	comprehension	
connect, question, clarify,	3.1 6 D.4	on being a good reader	assessments	McDougal-Littell Stories
make inferences	3.1 6 E.2			
	3.1 6 E.3	Teacher models strategies that good		Fountas and Pinnell-
	3.1 6 F.2	readers use- Students practice in		Guiding Readers and
	3.1 6 G.9	reading		Writers Grades 3-6
				Ch.18, 20, 21
		Students practice reading strategies		17.00
		(making inferences, connections,		McDougal-Littell
		questions, clarification, visualization)		Reading Transparency
		II D (I/C) ( ) ( )		Book pg. 10
		Use Post-It Strategy to identify places		
		where used strategy as read		

	Grade 6- Literary Elements-Courage				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Explore fiction and recognize the distinguishing feature of fiction: plot, character, setting, theme, and conflict.  How authors use literary elements to have an effect on the reader	3.1 6 G.1 3.1 6 G.2 3.1 3 G.4	Teacher reads and students explore picture books and students identify elements of short story  Jigsaw bookmark with elements of short story  Utilize Post-It Strategy to identify elements of short story	Small group discussion  Open-ended responses	Picture books/short stories that show examples of literary elements (such Not limited to example stories Ex: Edward the Emu. The Araboolies of Liberty Street	
		Complete Literary elements definition sheet  Complete Story Map  Students read Independent novels that connect to the literary element unit and reading response activity	Quality of work  Responses to Literature	Ex:"Priscilla and the Wimps" Richard Peck Jamestown Readers: Heroes	
Literary Elements – Characterization  How authors reveal characters to reader	3.1 6 G.7 3.1.6 G.12 3.1 6 G.15	Mini Lessons on how authors reveal characters: through character's thoughts, actions, dialogue, direct description, and what other characters say and think.  Students complete reading response journal entries (Connections to self and character – embarrassing moments	McDougall- Littell selection quizzes and comprehension assessments  Response Journals	McDougal-Littell– Short Story "Eleven"( audio library)  McDougal-Littell – Unit I Resource Book	

		Grade 6- Literary Elements-Courage					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources			
		Worksheet – Identify characterization techniques  Students respond to literature-based open -ended questions	Open-Ended Response	Teacher-created scoring rubric or NJASK Openended Response Rubric  McDougal-Littell Short Story "President Cleveland, Where Are you?" (audio library)			
Plot – How plot development affects story  How the kinds of conflict affect the story  How the conflict sequencing can affect the plot	3.1 6 G.4 3.1 6 G.7 3.1 6 G.12	Mini Lessons on conflict - Man vs. Man, Man vs. Nature, Man vs. Society, Man vs. Self, Man vs. Machine – Students find examples in independent reading  Reading Response Journal – Students write about problems they have	McDougall- Littell selection quizzes and comprehension assessments	McDougal-Littell – Unit I Resource Book pg. 16 – plot, sequencing and story structure worksheet see reading appendix  McDougal-Littell – Literature Analysis Transparency Book –			
		encountered in their own lives  Compete worksheet to identify types of conflict  Students respond to literature -based open-ended questions	Response Journal entries  Open-ended responses	pg. 8, Conflict transparency  McDougal-Littell – Short Story "The Circuit"  Teacher-created scoring rubric or NJASK Open- ended Response Rubric			

		Grade 6- Literary Elements-Courage		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Setting – How setting drives specific genres  Ways that the author uses setting to establish tone	3.1 6 G.7 3.1 6 G.12 3.1 6 G.17	Mini Lesson on setting- Time, place and environment, time atmosphere  To align with content of "The Circuit" read the story "Cesar Chavez" in Jamestown Reader book Heroes  Students recognize and visualize setting  Responding to Literature based openended questions	McDougall- Littell selection quizzes and comprehension assessments  Open-Ended responses	McDougal-Littell audio library  McDougal-Littell – Unit II Resource Book pg. 46 – Visualizing Setting  McDougal-Littell – Short Story "Nadia the Willful" (audio library)  Teacher-created scoring rubric or NJASK Openended Response Rubric
Theme – Understand theme is author's message Analyze recurring themes in literature	3.1 6 G.4 3.1 6 G.7 3.1 6 G.9 3.1 6 G.12 31. 6 G.16	Mini Lesson -How to determine theme and extend the theme beyond one word Ex: What is the author saying about friendship rather than simply friendship as a theme  Discussion and/or journal entry – Apply understanding of theme to another short story or novel.  Mini-lesson – How inferencing and theme are connected, stated and implied theme, connecting theme to own life, how author develops theme	McDougall- Littell selection quizzes and comprehension assessments	McDougal-Littell – Unit I Resource Book – Understanding Theme – pg. 33  McDougal-Littell – Literary Analysis Transparency Book – pg. 7 theme

Grade 6- Literary Elements-Courage				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		Responding to Literature based openended questions	Open-ended responses	Teacher-created scoring rubric or NJASK Open- ended Response Rubric
Analyze how figurative language enhances the author's writing and the reader's enjoyment	3.1 6 G.13 3. 6 G.14	Recognize types of figurative language Students use figurative language in own writing	Student writing	McDougal-Littell_— poetry "I'm Nobody Who Are You?" "It seems I Test People", "Growing Pains" Text book pages 192-200

#### **Unit Assessment:**

Open-Ended Responses to questions on Literary Elements

**Grade 6 Unit: Courage (Literary Element-writing)** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do good writers draft in a specific genre? How does process shape the product?

Topical Essential Question(s): How do writers use literary elements in creating an effective short story?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Good writers use a repertoire of strategies that enable them to vary form and style, in order to write for different purposes, audiences and context.

Grade 6- Literary Elements-Writing					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Students will know and be					
able to:					
Demonstrate understanding of the parts of speech	3.2 6 C.1 3.2 6 C.2 3.2 6 C.3	Mini-lessons for grammar, mechanics, and usage	Teacher made quizzes/tests	McDougal-Littell:  Grammar/Usage/Mechanics book	
Distinguish between fragments, run-ons, and complete sentences and apply knowledge in writing	3.2 6 C.4 3.2 6 C.5 3.2 6 A.7 3.2 6 C.8	Students edit specific writing passages and journal entries for mechanics, punctuation, etc.		Editing checklists	
Locate subject and predicate in a sentence	3.2 6 C.9 3.2 6 A.10 3.2 6 A.11	Use daily edits as a springboard for mini-lessons and grammar focus	Daily edits	The Write Source (daily edits, skills book, and student reference book)	
Distinguish between coordinating and subordinating conjunctions	3.1 6 F.4 3.1 6 F.5	Students rewrite drafts of pieces with attention to sentence structure and variety and word choice	Drafts of writing	Write Source Reference book pages: Developing sentences pg. 500-511; Parts of Speech pg. 470-	
Distinguish between plural and possessive nouns and abstract/concrete nouns		Students self and peer edit		485, 496-498, 702-748  Write Source pg. 343-352	

	Grade 6- Literary Elements-Writing					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources		
Demonstrate consistency of verb tense in writing  Locate action/linking/helping verbs in sentence  Comprehend and apply writing the use of adjectives and their different forms (comparative, indefinite, demonstrative, etc.)  Correctly punctuate dialogue with quotation mark				Writing appendix, dictionary, internet/software resources  Vocabulary and Spelling book		
Analyze a piece of literature (in writing)  Interpret and relate meaningful quotes to town lives	3.1 6 G.1 3.1 6 G.2 3.1 6 G. 8 3.1 6 G.16 3.2 6 D.11	Students choose quote to analyze in a written response  Students choose a particular story element and explain its effect on the story  Have students explain how the author used the elements of the short story to have an effect on the reader	Students' responses	Various Quotations  Rubric to assess Quotation writing- Teacher-made or NJASK Writing Rubric		
Respond critically to literature	3.1.6.G.1 3.1.6.G.2 3.2 D.1 3.2 6 D.4	Students complete notebook entries on literary elements (descriptive paragraphs)  Students write open-ended responses to literature	Students' Responses	Responding to literature pg. 283-300		

	Grade 6- Literary Elements-Writing					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources		
		Students write book reviews				
Develop a short story using all of the literary elements	3.1.6.G.12 3.1.6.G.13 3.1.6.G16 3.2 6 A.2	Use models of short stories – Analyze elements and brainstorm ideas effective element of story		Various Mentor Texts for Short Stories		
Incorporate figurative language in writing short stories	3.2 6 A. 3 3.2 6 A.4 3.2 6 A.5 3.2 6 A.6	Mini-lessons which focus on the development of literary elements for writing short stories		Write Source Reference book		
	3.2 6 A.7	Writer's Notebook Entries (embarrassing moments, memories, quick writes, free writes, etc.)	Writer's notebook entries – draft, etc	Writer's Notebooks Writing short stories pg. 343-352		
		Writer's Notebook – brainstorm ideas for elements of a story in notebook Write story prior to reading stories – Rewrite story after reading short stories		McDougal-Littell: "Who's the New Kid?" pg. 11		
		Writer's Notebook – brainstorm ideas for elements of a story in notebook Write story prior to reading stories –		McDougal-Littell: Unit One Resource Book (pg. 11)		
		Rewrite story after reading short stories  Rewrite published stories changing specific literary element Ex. Change setting of story	Rewritten stories	McDougal-Littell Unit Four Resource Book pg. 68-72		
Engage in the writing process to produce a personal narrative	3.2 6 A.4 3.2 6 A.5 3.2 6 A.6	Teacher models how to use figurative language				
	3.2 6 A.7 3.2 6 A.8	Mini-Lessons on literary elements- Incorporate from stories read				

Grade 6- Literary Elements-Writing					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
	3.2 6 A.9 3.2 6 A.1 3.2 6 A.13 3.2 6 B.1 3.2 6 B.4 3.2 6 B.6 3.2 6 B.7 3.2 6 B.10 3.2 6 C.1 3.2 6 C.2 3.2 6 C.3 3.2 6 C.4 3.2 6 C.5 3.2 6 C.8 3.2 6 C.10 3.2 6 D.5 3.2 6 D.10 3.2 6 D.15 3.2 6 D.15 3.3 6 A.3 3.3 6 A.7 3.4 6 A.1 3.4 6 A.2 3.4 6 A.3 3.4 6 B.3	Diagram stories – story map plot outline  Develop each element of short story  Students draft short stories  Mini lessons on specific revision needs-characteristics of personal narrative, word choice, sentence structure  Edit for punctuation  Students engage in peer and teacher conferences to revise and edit pieces  Students use rubrics to provide feedback to peers  Students use rubrics to assess piece  Author's share – include portfolio of work	Completed story maps/outlines  Assess various stages of the writing process  Drafts of story  Feedback from conferences  Rubric scores and feedback	*6+1 Traits Of Writing-Culham Organizers  Revision and Editing Checklists Rubrics for short stories Writing Portfolios	
Use cursive writing to align with district standards	3.2.6.C.10	Rewrite heading, daily edits, and journal responses in cursive	Sample of cursive writing	Handwriting Guidelines- See Appendix	

#### **Unit Assessment:**

Short Story

**Grade 6 Unit: Reality: The Real World (Non-Fiction Reading)** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do readers construct meaning from text?

**Topical Essential Question(s): How does non-fiction differ from fiction?** 

How do students use the features of non-fiction text to construct meaning?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Understanding a text's features, structures and characteristics to facilitate the reader's ability to make

meaning of the text.

Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and

apply strategies to enhance their comprehension.

Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to self, text to world) to

make text personally useful and relevant.

Researchers gather and critique information from different sources for specific purposes.

Grade 6- Non-Fiction Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
		MEMOIR		
Students will know and be	3.1 6.D.1			"The Jacket" pg. 418
able to:	3.1.6 D.3			(memoir)
	3.1 6 D.4			
Recognize language and	3.1.6 E.1	Analyze models of memoir	McDougal-Littell	McDougal-Littell Unit 3
features of a personal memoir	3.1.6 E.2		Selection Quizzes	Resource Book: pg. 62,63;
-	3.1.6 E.4	Reader's/Writer's Notebook -		Reading & Critical
Students will analyze the	3.1.6 E.5	Gathering Ideas for memoirs	Readers'/Writers'	Thinking Transparencies
elements of a personal memoir	3.1.6 F.2		notebook entries	pg. 8
•	3.1.6 G.1	Mini Lessons- ideas for memoirs		"Oh, Broom Get to Work"
	3.1.6 G.4			pg. 275 (memoir): Literary
	3.1.6 G.5			Analysis Transparencies
	3.1.6 G.9	Students write reading response and		pg. 22
	3.1.6 G.10	writing journal entries		
	3.1.6 G.11			McDougal-Littell Literary
	3.1.6 H.1			Analysis Transparencies p

	Grade 6- Non-Fiction Reading					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources		
Analyze characteristics of writer's voice and purpose	3.1.6 H.4	Explain how writer's voice created an effect on the writing and the reader  Students complete open-ended responses	Open-Ended responses	Open-Ended Response rubric- NJASK 4 Point Rubric		
Examine specific word choices (specific nouns, vivid verbs, appropriate modifiers) and use effectively in own writing		Students revise writing pieces for specific word choice  See Writing: Personal Memoirs. Unit	Revised drafts of writing	6+1 Traits of Writing- Culham		
Consider the effectiveness in using figurative language and imagery	3.1 6 G.13	Identification of imagery, similes, and humor –Post-It Strategy  Employ figurative language in own	Students' writing	The Write Genre		
Recognize how sensory details contribute to the author's intended purpose	3.2 6 A.6 3.1 6 G.13	writing  Explain how author's use of figurative language affected reader  Students explain Helen Keller's use of sensory details "Story of My Life"		Helen Keller- Story of My Life		
Contrast different points of view	3.1 6 H.7	Students read examples of a piece from different points of view and explain how each point of view  Students write journal entries from character's point of view	Journal entries	Reading and Critical Thinking Transparencies pg. 25		

	Grade 6- Non-Fiction Reading					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources		
	NON-FICTION					
Recognize the types of non- fiction of many sources of information Biography	3.1 6 G.2 3.1 6 G.11 3.1 6 G.8 3.1 6 H.2	Students read and analyze models of Autobiography and biography – Students analyze the features of each	Venn diagram for sources of information	"Matthew Henson at the Top of the World"* pg. 101		
Autobiography Non-fiction Articles – Web And print	3.1 6 H.3 3.1 6 H.7 3.2 6 B.1 3.2 6 D.4 3.2 6 D.11	non-fiction genre  Reading Response Journal Entries – Focus on specific elements of non-fiction	Response journal entries	(biography): Literary Analysis Transparencies pg. 10;		
	3.2 0 3.11			McDougal-Littell Unit One Resource Book pg. 48-49 Ind. Reading Books		
		Students find the main idea in paragraphs and in larger non-fiction pieces	Summary of a non- fiction article	The Story of My Life"* pg. 381 (Autobiography):		
		Mini Lessons on main idea and supporting details		McDougal-Littell Literary Analysis Transparencies pg. 11;		
		Students use graphic organizers to keep track of information	Completed organizers	McDougal-Littell Unit Three Resource Book pg.		
		Create a Venn diagram comparing and contrasting a fiction and non-fiction text.	Jamestown Readers  – critical thinking assessments	Jamestown Readers		
Distinguish between web and print	3.1 6 A.3 3.1 6 E.1 3.1 6 E.4	Students read web and print articles and compare format, organization, content	Open-ended	McDougal-Littell Anthology Academic Reading (section in back of		
Analyze the credibility of sources	3.1 6 G.1 3.1 6 G.2 3.1 6 G.3	Students analyze the credibility of sources of articles	informative response on Internet research	book) pg. R116-R144 "Your Family's History		
Compare two sources on a	3.1 6 G.11	Students search web-based resources		Will come Alive" pg. 260		

Grade 6- Non-Fiction Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
specific theme	3.1 G H.2	(media specialist)		(Web article):
	3.1 6 H.3 3.1 6 H.5 3.1 6 H.7 3.2 6 D.7	Students read a few articles/texts on a specific theme and compare the ways the sources treat the theme	Venn Diagram	McDougal-Littell Unit Two Resource Book pg. 41-42;
		Students create a Venn Diagram comparing/contrasting web and print articles		M cDougal-Littell Writing Transparencies pg. 47-48
		Use the Internet to locate and study non- fiction topic related to reading. For example Yellowstone National park and		"Summer of Fires"* (informative non-fiction) pg. 114
		McDougal-Littell "Summer of Fire"		Internet Sources
Understand the differences between primary and secondary sources	3.1.H.2 3.1.H.3 3.1.H.4 3.1.H.7	Mini Lesson- Characteristics of primary and secondary sources  Students use both primary and secondary		McDougal-Littell Unit One Resource book pg. 55-57
Distinguish fact from opinion	3.5.A.3 3.5.A.7 3.5.A.8 3.5.B.1	sources in short research piece Students take notes on primary and secondary sources	Summaries of texts	McDougal-Littell Reading and Critical Thinking Transparencies pg. 6
	3.5.B.2 3.5.B.6 3.5.B.7 3.5.C.2	Student's find implied main ideas in sources that they read		McDougal-Littell Writing Transparencie pg. 35 and 51
Understand and identify chronological order.		Students create a chronological timeline for events in a non-fiction text	Timelines	
Classify structural features of non-fiction and use features to locate information.	3.1 6 A.1 3.1 6 A.2 3.1 6 A.3	Mini Lesson- Features of nonfiction text		Jamestown Readers

Grade 6- Non-Fiction Reading						
Knowledge/Skills/	Knowledge/Skills/ Standards & Learning Experiences Interim Resources					
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments			
(Objectives)						
Distinguish between retelling and summarizing, and summarizing a non-fiction text.	3.2 6 A.1 3.2 5 B.5	Students write a summary of a non-fiction text.	Summaries	Rubric for scoring summary		

<sup>\*</sup>Also Available in McDougal-Littell "The Interactive Reader"

#### **Unit Assessment:**

Open-Ended Responses

**Unit: Reality: The Real World (Non-Fiction Writing)** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do good writers draft in a specific genre?

Topical Essential Question(s): How do writers use authentic works to gain information and apply this new know in their own writing? How do students use their real world experiences to express themselves in their writing?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Good writers use a repertoire of strategies that enable them to vary form and style, in order to write for different purposes, audiences and context.

	Grade 6 Non-Fiction Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources	
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments		
(Objectives)					
	1	GRAMMAR			
Compose complex and	3.2 6.C.1	Students complete Daily edit, Skills	Teacher made quiz	McDougal-Littell:	
compound sentences to add	3.2.6C.2	Book, Practice worksheets on grammar	Journal Writing	Grammar/Usage/Mechanics	
variety and interest to writing	3.2.6C.3	and sentence structure skills	Piece	Book	
	3.2.6C.4				
Distinguish between	3.2.C.5	Use journal/notebook entries to edit for	Random evaluation	McDougal-Littell:	
coordinating and subordinating	3.2.6C.6	specific grammar/usage/sentence	of daily edit	Vocabulary and Spelling	
conjunctions and use in	3.2.6C.7	structure skills		Book	
writing	3.2.6C.8				
	3.2.6C.9	Edit own/peer's writing for grammar		Write Source Reference	
Combine simple sentences to	3.2.6C.10	and usage		book pages: Parts of	
make writing more interesting	3.2 6 A. 8			Speech pg. 486-489, 508-	
and effective	3.2 6A.9	Use Skills correctly in writing		509	
	3.2 6A.11	, ,			
	3.2 6A.12			Write Source Reference	
				book pages: Dialogue pg.	
				556-557, 598-601	
				,	
				The Write Source: (Daily	
				edits, Skills book, Student	
				Reference Book)	

Grade 6 Non-Fiction Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
				Commas, semi-colons, colons pg. 582-597
				Writing appendix, dictionary, internet/software resources
		WRITING	-	
Examine the differences in fiction and non-fiction writing	3.2.6A.1 3.2.6A.3 3.2.6A.5	Students analyze the difference in fiction and nonfiction texts		Mentor Texts for fiction and nonfiction
Use a variety of strategies to organize writing, including sequence, chronologically, cause/effect, problem/solution,	3.2.6A.7 3.2.6A.8 3.2.6A.9 3.2.6A.10	Students analyze how nonfiction texts are organized and complete a variety of graphic organizers for specific text structures for writing	Completed organizers	NJ ASK persuasive writing prompts  NJASK Explanatory
and order of importance  Write grade appropriate, multi-	3.2.6A.11 3.2.6A.12 3.2.6A.13 3.2.6B.1	Ex: cause/effect, problem/solution, chronological order, order of importance, etc.		Writing Prompts  NJASK Writing Rubric (6 point)
paragraph expository pieces	3.2.6B.2	Students write open-ended responses	Open-ended	P
across the curricula (i.e. Problem/solution, cause/effect, hypothesis/results, feature	3.26.B.3 3.26.B.4 3.2.6B.6	and specific prompts for a variety of purposes Ex: explanatory, persuasive	Responses and Tasks	NJASK Open-Ended Response Rubric (4 Points)
articles, critique, research reports)	3.2.6B.7 3.2.6B.10 3.2.6D.1	Mini Lessons on transitions for each organizational structure		Social Studies and Science
	3.26.D.3 3.2.6D.4	Students write essays in content-area and language arts classes on specific	Content-area essays	Essays
	3.2.6D.5 3.2.6D.6 3.2.6D.8 3.26.D.11 3.26.D.12	topics		Math open-ended questions

	Grade 6 Non-Fiction Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
	3.2 6 D.14 3.2.6D.14 3.2.6D.15				
		Feature stories: researching a topic of their choice (citations)	Rubric for expository pieces	See selected personal memoirs in the reading sections)	
Evaluate personal experiences to compose an original memoir	3.1.6 G.1 3.1.6 G.4 3.1 6 .G.7 3.2 6 B.4 3.2 6 D.5 3.2 6 D.6	Students use Writer's Notebook Entries (free writes, quick writes, etc.) to gather ideas for memoirs  Students use writing process to produce memoirs		Rubric for memoir	
Write effectively in the following genres: Business Letter- Letter to the Editor	3.2 6 D.1 3.2 6 D. 2 3.2 6 D.8 3.2 6 D.9	Mini-Lessons- Characteristics of business letters and compare/contrast writing		Compare/contrast – McDougal-Littell – Unit 4, pg. 65	
Compare/Contrast- Print and online newspaper articles	3.2 6 D.14 3.5 6 A.6 3.5 6 A.8 3.5 6 B.2 3.5 6 B.6 3.5 6 B.7	Prewriting- Teacher models and students complete appropriate graphic organizers  Students choose an issue or problem and write a business letter to the editor	Completed Organizers Business Letters	Write Source – pg. 537  Rubric for Business Letter  Rubric for Compare/Contrast Essay	
	3.5 6 C.1	on topic  Students read two article on similar topic and write compare/contrast essay	Drafts of essays	25.54.37.25.11.325.2533	

	Grade 6 Non-Fiction Writing					
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources		
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments			
(Objectives)						
Gather information from a	3.1 6 H. 1	Students ask a question or choose a		Research Write Source pg		
variety of print and web sources	3.1 6 H.2	topic for research		363-415		
and write a research	3.1 6 H.3					
article/presentation	3.1 6 H.4	Students research topic using print and		Primary and Secondary		
	3.1 6 H.5	web sources and databases (media		Write source		
	3.1 6 H.6	specialist lessons)				
	3.2 6 B.8		Website evaluations	Presentations pg 423-428		
	3.2 6 D.7	Students evaluate websites for				
		credibility and usefulness		McDougal-Littell Unit 5 –		
				Resource book pg 79-87		
		Teach and model paraphrasing				
				Research Ideas		
		Model parenthetical documentation				
		1.60		Library Skills- Media		
		Model how to use different "levels" of	Completed	Specialist		
		graphic organizers (i.e. – web outline)	organizers			
		N. 111		Teacher-Created rubric for		
		Model how to cite sources within a		research products		
		paper and construct a works cited page				
		Students cite sources and construct				
		works cited page with appropriate				
		guidance	Drafts of research			
		Students develop way to present	product			
		Students develop way to present research- research product	product			
		research research product				
		Students use rubric to evaluate research				
		product				
		product				

		Grade 6 Non-Fiction Writing		
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Engage in the writing process to	3.2 6 A.4			*6+1 Traits Of Writing-
produce nonfiction pieces-	3.2 6 A.5	Mini-Lessons on each genre-		Culham
Memoir, business letter,	3.2 6 A.6	Incorporate examples from mentor		
compare/contrast essay,	3.2 6 A.7	texts/models		Organizers
research product	3.2 6 A.8			
	3.2 6 A.9	Diagram writing pieces –graphic	Completed story	
	3.2 6 A.1	organizer	maps/outlines	Revision and Editing
	3.2 6 A.10			Checklists
	3.2 6 A.11			Resources – print and web-
	3.2 6 A.12	Students draft pieces	Assess various	based for revision and
	3.2 6 A.13		stages of the writing	editing
	3.2 6 B.1	Mini lessons on specific revision needs-	process	
	3.2 6 B.4	characteristics of nonfiction writing,		
	3.2 6 B.6	word choice, sentence structure	Drafts of writing	Rubrics for nonfiction
	3.2 6 B.7			pieces- Memoir, Business
	3.2 6 B.10	Edit for punctuation		Letter, Compare/Contrast,
	3.2 6 C.1			Research Product-May be
	3.2 6 C.2	Students engage in peer and teacher		in Content Area
	3.2 6 C.3	conferences to revise and edit pieces		
	3.2 6 C.4			Writing Portfolios
	3.2 6 C.5		Feedback from	
	3.2 6 C.8		conferences	
	3.2 6 C.10			
	3.2 6 D.5			
	3.2 6 D.6			
	3.2 6 D.10	Students use rubrics to provide		
	3.2 6 D.14	feedback to peers		
	3.2 6 D.15			
	3.3 6A.3	Students use rubrics to assess piece	Rubric scores and	
	3.36 A.7		feedback	
	3.4 6 A.1	Author's share – include portfolio of		
	3.4 6 A.	work		

#### **Unit Assessment:**

Research Product

Memoir

**Business Letter** 

Compare/Contrast Essay

**Grade 6 Unit: Newspaper** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do readers construct meaning from text?

Topical Essential Question(s): How does fact differ from opinion? How do students use the features of the newspaper text to construct meaning?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Good readers compare, infer, synthesize and make connections to make text personally relevant

and useful.

Good writers use a repertoire of strategies that enable them to vary form and style, in order to write for

different purposes, contexts, and audiences.

Grade 6-Newspaper				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Examine and navigate the	3.1.6.A.2	Students identify newspaper	Teacher made	McDougal-Littell: "A
newspaper		features/vocabulary from the front page	quizzes	9,500 Year Old Summer
		of a newspaper		Home" (newspaper
Survey sections and features of	3.1.6.A.3			article) pg. 714
the newspaper and understand		Students explain functions of the		
their respective functions		newspaper		McDougal-Littell: pg. 60-
				61
Compare, contrast, analyze		Students locate local, state, national,	Students'	Newspaper articles in each
local, state, national, and		and international news stories from a	explanations of each	category
international news		newspaper and explaining why they are	category of news	
		representative of that particular	story	Current Events in Social
		category.		Studies

		Grade 6-Newspaper		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Recognize and make use of the inverted pyramid style of writing, specifically the 5W's and H  Understand the purpose of a news article's inverted pyramid structure	3.1.6.E.6 3.1.6.E.3 3.2.6.C.1 3.2.6.C.2 3.2.6.C.3 3.2.6.C.8 3.2.6.C.9 3.2.6.D.10 3.2.6.D.10 3.2.6.A.1 3.2.6.A.2 3.2.6.A.3 3.2.6.A.3 3.2.6.A.9 3.2.6.A.9 3.2.6.A.15 3.2.6.B.1	Students read newspaper articles and identify the "who, what, where, why and how" information within the articles.  Students write a newspaper article using the inverted pyramid format.	Drafts of articles	Teacher handouts
Identify and apply newspaper terms/vocabulary  Analyze and editorial and understand its purpose	3.1.6.G.1 3.1.6.G.2	Students define newspaper terms  Students distinguish between editorials and news articles	Definitions	Business Letter to Editor Assignment
X X	3.1.6.G.5 3.1.6.G.8 3.1.6.G.11	Students read opinion section: editorials, letters to the editor and political cartoons  Students write a letter to the editor	Drafts of letters	

Grade 6-Newspaper					
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources	
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments		
(Objectives)					
Compare and contrast various	3.5.6.A.6	Internet-based activity: Students	Completed	Online Newspaper	
forms of media	3.5.6.A.7	compare and contrast newsprint vs.	organizers and/or		
	3.5.6.A.8	online Venn diagram/T-chart and/or	essay		
	3.5.6.B.1	compare/contrast essay.			
	3.5.6.B.2				
	3.5.6.B.7				
	3.5.6.C.4				

# **Unit Assessment:**

Write Editorial and News Story

**Unit: Literature Study/Literature Circles** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How can discussion of literature enhance and expand my perspective and understanding of

literature?

What additional perspectives can I gain through discussion of literature?

Topical Essential Question(s): How can my responses to literature enhance my understanding and those of the group?

What do good readers do to understand text? How do readers construct meaning from text?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections to make text personally relevant and

useful.

Discussion of literature can enhance understanding and comprehension.

Grade 6- Literature Study/Literature Circles				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Students will know and be				
able to:		Teacher introduces and "book talks" a variety of books	Teacher observes	Various books for the
Choose appropriate books	3.1 6A.1	Students preview books and choose 2-3	students' behaviors	grade level- See Appendix
using text level and interest	3.1 6 A.2	they want to read	as they choose	for specific titles
	3.1 6 E.1		books	
	3.1 6 E.2			

	Grade 6- Literature Study/Literature Circles					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources		
Read appropriate texts with fluency and comprehension  Make connections and predictions as they read	3.1 6 E.3 3.1 6 D.1 3.1 6 D.3 3.1 6 D.4 3.1 6 E.1 3.1 6 E.4	Students are grouped according to their choice of book  Students plan their reading assignments	Rubrics for student/teachers to assess discussion quality	McDougal-Littell – Teacher Resources and Reading Toolkit Planning Sheets/Record keeping sheets for Literature circles		
Compare, infer, synthesize and make connections to make text personally relevant and useful  Compare and analyze several authors' perspective on theme, literary elements	3.1 7G.9 3.1 7 G.2 3.1 7 G.4 3.1 6 G.1 3.1 6 G.2 3.1 6 G.4 3.1 6 G.10 3.1 6 G.12 3.1 6 G.16 3.1 6 G.14	Students read independently and discuss the reading in the groups Student assignments for the reading may include the following: Discussion Questions/QAR's Story Maps/Graphic Organizers  Journal Responses Student-generated questions	Completed organizers  Journal Responses and Rubric for journal responses	QAR Sheets Harvey Daniels- Voice and Choice in Student- Centered Literature Circles Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Chapter 14- Theory for teacher & Chapter 15- Ways to set-up and evaluate literature groups		
Read critically to analyze text elements	3.1 6 G.14 3.1 6 G.16 3.1 6 G.17		Open-Ended Responses and Rubric for open- ended questions			

	G	rade 6- Literature Study/Literature Circ	les	
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
_		Responses to open-ended questions		
Interpret text through journals, writing, discussion and enactment	3.1 6 G.17 3.2 6 B. 5	Discussion Roles- Artful artist, discussion director, word wizard, etc.	Completed activities	Literature Circle Role Sheets
Develop vocabulary through context	3.1 6 F.2 3.1 6 F.3 3.1 6 F.4 3.1 6 F.5	Students complete vocabulary activities such as context clue charts, definitions, etc.	Vocabulary Sheets/Quiz	
Actively and appropriately participate in small group/whole class discussions  Listen and speak in small group/whole class	3.3 6A.1 3.3 6 A.2 3.3 3 A.3 3.3 6 A.4 3.3 6 A.5 3.3 6 B.1	Students discuss the texts using roles, questions, etc.  Students respond appropriately to each other in discussion	Rubric for evaluating group participation and function	Teacher-Student created rubric
appropriately  Evaluate the effectiveness of the group/class	3.3. 6 B.3 3.3 6 C.3 3.3 6 D. 4 3.3 6 D.6 3.4 6 A.1 3.4 6 A.2 3.4 6 A.3	Students participate in Socratic Seminar	Socratic Seminar responses	Socratic Seminar Guidelines
Respond appropriately and provide feedback to others	3.4 6 A.5 3.4 6B.1 3.4 6 B.2 3.4 6 B.3 3.4 6 B.4			

# **Assessment:**

• Literature Response/Project

**Grade 6 Unit: Growth and Change (Persuasive Writing)** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): Why does a writer choose a particular form of writing?

Topical Essential Question(s): What are the characteristics of effective persuasive writing?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Good writers use a repertoire of strategies that enable them to vary form and style, in order to write for different purposes and audiences.

Grade 6 Persuasive Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		GRAMMAR		
Students will know and be able to:				
Apply to writing adverbs by type, degree, manner, comparative, conjunctive  Apply to writing the use of prepositional phrases  Apply to writing the use of interjections  Apply to writing the use of pronouns  Distinguish when it is appropriate to use italics or underlining in writing	3.26.C.1 3.26.C.2 3.26.C.3 3.26.C.4 3.26.C.8 3.26.C.9	Students complete daily edits  Students complete practice book worksheets  Guides lessons from reference book  Students revisit writing to apply newly acquired skills (mechanics, usage, and grammar)	Test on identifying parts of grammar  Teacher made quizzes  Take a journal entry and identify parts of speech	Student Reference book pages: Parts of Speech pg. 224-281, 474-497, 602-603, 706-714, 746-747  The Write Source: Daily Edit, Practice Book and Student Reference Book  McDougal-Littell-Grammar, Usage and Mechanics workbook

		Grade 6 Persuasive Writing		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		WRITING – Persuasive Essay		
Form a thesis and support it with details and evidence.	3.2.6A.1 3.2.6A.3 3.2.6A.5 3.2.6A.6 3.2.6A.7 3.2.6A.8 3.2.6A.9 3.2.6A.10 3.2.6A.11 3.2.6A.12 3.2.6A.13	Teacher models how to form a thesis statement and support it  Students examine authentic persuasive writing to analyze the thesis statement and support  Mini Lessons- Writing a thesis statement, supporting a thesis statement using details, examples, anecdotes, statistics, word choice- persuasive	Letter to editor or persuasive essay  Students can explain how the author supported the thesis statement and the kind of support employed	6+1 Traits of Writing - Culham  Authentic persuasive texts (essays, speeches, editorials, letters to the editor)
Distinguish between fact and opinion	3.1.6G.5 3.1.6G.8 3.1.6H.2 3.1.6H.5	Students read various persuasive pieces, identify fact from opinion, and analyze the effect of each in the piece	Student discussion of fact/opinion	
Continue to develop well structured sentences (include vary sentence beginnings)		Teacher provides explicit instruction about the complexity of sentences, including powerful beginning and segues, transitions, words, phrases and sentences – compound/complex sentences.	Students' drafts of writing	Writing appendix, dictionary, internet/software resources
Write well developed paragraphs with introduction, body and conclusion	3.2.6B.1 3.2.6B.2 3.2.6B.5 3.2.6B.6 3.2.6B.9 3.2.6B.10	Students list debatable topics (authentic writing)  Teacher models and students create a pro/con list	List of pros/cons	The Write Source: pg. 219-281

		Grade 6 Persuasive Writing	Grade 6 Persuasive Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources			
		Mini Lessons- powerful leads, effective conclusions, ways to support statements (details, examples, anecdotes, statistics), transitions					
Add compositional risks to writing	3.2.6 C.1 3.2.6 C.2 3.2.6 C.3 3.2.6 C.8	Students examine examples of compositional risks in authentic writing  Model compositional risks in authentic	Compositional risks in students' writing	Thinking Through Genre – Latimer  Models of compositional			
	3.2.6C.10 3.2.6C.11 3.2.6C.12 3.2.6C.13 3.2.6C.14 3.2.6C.15	writing		risks in authentic writing			
Engage in the writing process to produce a persuasive piece	3.2 6 A.4 3.2 6 A.5 3.2 6 A.6 3.2 6 A.7	Using graphic organizers to frame opinion paper – T-charts, Lists  Mini lessons on specific revision needs-	Completed Organizers	Graphic Organizers			
	3.2 6 A.8 3.2 6 A.9 3.2 6 A.10 3.2 6 A.11	characteristics of persuasive piece-word choice, sentence structure, support, transitions	Assess various stages of the writing process	Persuasive Writing Assignments (business			
	3.2 6 A.1 3.2 6 A.13 3.2 6 B.1 3.2 6 B.3	Students draft persuasive piece  Edit for punctuation	Drafts of piece	letter, prompts) ex: letters to principals, school, etc. (Some essays may be in content areas)			
	3.2 6 B.5 3.2 6 B.6 3.2 6 B.7	Students engage in peer and teacher conferences to revise and edit pieces	Feedback from conferences	NJASK Rubric			
	3.2 6 B.9 3.2 6 B.10 3.2 6 C.1	Students use rubrics to provide feedback to peers	Rubric scores and feedback	Teacher-Created Rubric			

	Grade 6 Persuasive Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
	3.2 6 C.2 3.2 6 C.3 3.2 6 C.4 3.2 6 C.5 3.2 6 C.9 3.2 6 D.1 3.2 6 D.2 3.2 6 D.3 3.2 6 D.8 3.2 6 D.9 3.2 6 D.10 3.2 6 D.13 3.2 6 D.15 3.3 6A.3 3.3 6A.3 3.3 6 A.7 3.4 6 A.1 3.4 6 A.2 3.4 6 B.3	Students use rubrics to assess piece  Author's share – include portfolio of work	NJ ASK Rubric  Students' essays or letters to editor	Writing Portfolios	
Use cursive writing to align with district standards	3.2.6.C.10	Rewrite heading, daily edits, and journal responses in cursive	Sample of cursive writing	Handwriting Guidelines- See Appendix	

# **Unit Assessment:**

Timed Writing Prompt – Persuasive Prompt Persuasive Final Essay

**Grade 6 Unit: Science Fiction – Reading and Writing** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do readers construct meaning from text?

**Topical Essential Question(s): How do students use features of science fiction to construct meaning?** 

How does science fiction differ from other genres of fiction (realistic, historical, fantasy, mystery, etc.)

Understandings (Big Ideas): Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to self, text to world) to

make text personally useful and relevant.

Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and

apply strategies to enhance their comprehension.

Grade 6 Science Fiction Reading and Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Examine characteristics of	3.1.G.1	Students read science fiction stories		McDougal-Littell: "All
science fiction	3.1.G.2	and identify the elements of the genre		Summer in a Day" pg. 209
	3.1.G.4	in each		
To better understand a short				McDougal-Littell: "The
story by identifying the	3.16.E.1	Students analyze the works of		Fun They Had" pg. 574*
purpose for reading	3.16.E.3	distinguished science fiction writers		
	3.1.C.3			McDougal-Littell: "The
	3.1.D.1	Readers' Notebooks – Specific entries	Reader's Notebook	Sandcastle" pg. 580
	3.1.D.4	- science fiction	entries	
	3.1.D.5			
	3.16.F.2			
	3.16.F.4			
Identify setting as a key	3.1 6 G.17	Mini-lesson – discuss the importance	Selection quizzes –	McDougal-Littell related
element to science fiction		of setting for science fiction.	McDougal-Littell	reading Poem: "Change"
		Emphasize through discussion that		(pg. 215)
Analyze the importance of		setting is a key element in science		
setting to story		fiction.		McDougal-Littell: Unit
				Four Resource Book

	G	rade 6 Science Fiction Reading and Wri	ting	
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Make use of characterization techniques and reading strategies as apply to science fiction	3.1.G.7 3.1.G.12 3.1.G.16	Mini- lesson - Identify characterization techniques during reading using post-it strategy  Readers' Notebooks- Specific entries on use of character	Readers' Notebook entries	Reading appendix - TBD
Review figurative language as an effective literary technique in science fiction	3.1 6 C.2 3.1 6 C.3 3.1 6 E.5 3.1 6 G.2 3.1 6 G.13 3.1 6 G.18	Students view movie version of "All Summer in a Day" and compare to student's own visualization of the written text  Students compare and contrast the effect of the film vs. text version of the story	Comparisons	McDougal Littell: "Literature in Performance" video  McDougal-Littell Audio Library
Compare and contrast two short stories	3.16.E.6 3.1.6H.7 3.5 6 A.4 3.5 6 B.6 3.2 6 D.11	Create Venn diagram to compare and contrast stories (use Venn diagram, T-charts, time lines as graphic organizer for writing piece)  Students complete open-ended questions that focus on comparison and contrast	Venn Diagrams or other organizers  Open-ended questions	Venn Diagram Graphic Organizers NJ ASK Rubric- 4 Point Rubric
Engage in the writing process to a compare/contrast essay	3.2 6 A.1 3.2 6 A.4 3.2 6 A.5 3.2 6 A.6 3.2 6 A.7 3.2 6 A.8 3.2 6 A.9 3.2 6 A.10 3.2 6 A.11	Mini-Lessons on stating comparison/contrast, supporting details, examples, transitions, word choice  Organize writing piece using graphic organizer  Students draft pieces	Completed organizers  Assess various stages	*6+1 Traits Of Writing- Culham Graphic Organizers

	Grade 6 Science Fiction Reading and Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
(Objectives)	3.2 6 A.12 3.2 6 A.13 3.2 6 B.1 3.2 6 B.3 3.2 6 B.5 3.2 6 B.6 3.2 6 B.7 3.2 6 B.9 3.2 6 B.10 3.2 6 C.1 3.2 6 C.2 3.2 6 C.3 3.2 6 C.4 3.2 6 C.5 3.2 6 C.7 3.2 6 C.9 3.2 6 C.8 3.2 6 C.10 3.2 6 D.1 3.3 6 A.3 3.3 6 A.7 3.4 6 A.1 3.4 6 A.2	Mini lessons on specific revision needs-characteristics of nonfiction writing, word choice, sentence structure  Edit for punctuation  Students engage in peer and teacher conferences to revise and edit pieces  Students use rubrics to provide feedback to peers  Students use rubrics to assess piece  Author's share – include portfolio of work	of the writing process Drafts of writing  Feedback from conferences  Rubric scores and feedback	Revision and Editing Checklists Resources – print and web- based for revision and editing  Rubrics for compare/contrast essays  Writing Portfolios	

<sup>\*</sup>Available in McDougal-Littell - "The Interactive Reader"

# **Unit Assessment:**

Compare/Contrast Essay

**Grade 6 Unit: Poetry** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do readers construct meaning from text?

Topical Essential Question(s): How does poetry differ from other writing? What is the aesthetic effect of poetry and how does the author achieve that.

Understandings (Big Ideas): Understand and respond to the elements of sound and structure in poetry.

		Grade 6 Poetry		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Recognize what makes poetry -poetry(element of poetry)		Discuss poetry vs. prose (for example: stanza/paragraph, line/sentence)		Write Source: pg. 353-361
Understand literary terms for poetry		Examine poems to identify figurative language, tone, mood, word choice, format, repetition, style	McDougal-Littell text based assessment	McDougal-Littell pg 189- 193 (introduction to poetry)
Practice reading poetry fluently using punctuation How authors use line breaks and punctuation for effect	3.1.6.D.1 3.1.6.D.2 3.1.6.E.2	Partner reading, choral reading, whole class reading	Teacher created assessments that measure language and feature of poetry	McDougal-Littell additional poems in Anthology and Language of Literature Audio Library
Acquaint students with different types of poetry (free verse, blank verse, ode, limerick, concrete) and various poets through reading poetry	3.1.G.1 3.1.G.2	Write a poetic text in response to another poem, reflecting the same style, mood, topic, voice	Rubric for self created poems	McDougal-Littell Literature Analysis Transparencies pg. 17-21
Identify and respond to the elements of sound and structure in poetry	3.1.G.13 3.1.G.14 3.1.G.18 3.1.H.6 3.1.H.7	Use form, sound, imagery and figurative language to compose poetry with figurative language: alliteration, personification, onomatopoeia, metaphor, simile	Student Poems	

		Grade 6 Poetry		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Write, present and listen to poetry	3.1.F.5 3.2.A.3 3.2.A.5 3.2.A.6 3.2.A.9 3.2.A.13	Write a poetic text in response to prose texts, either narrative or informational	Student work	Classroom library
Appreciate genre of poetry	3.2.B.1 3.2.B.6 3.2.C.1 3.2.C.4 3.2.C.8 3.2.C.9	Read various types of poetry and analyze how the author used elements of poetry to create an effect  Write various types of poetry and/or create an anthology	Student Poems	Online Poetry
Analyze poetry  Compare two genres of text with similar theme	3.2.D.3 3.2.D.4 3.2.D.14 3.3.A.5 3.3.B.1 3.3.B.2 3.3.B.4 3.3.C.2 3.3.D.3 3.3.D.4 3.3.D.7 3.3.D.9 3.4.A.1	Teacher models and students use TPCASTT to analyze poem  Students use Reader's Notebook to respond to poetry  Use poem as springboard for other pieces  Students make quick notes as reading or hearing poems	Poem Analysis  Reader's Notebook Entries  Rubric for	TPCASTT sheet  Thematic link – Betray and short story  Revision Pieces  Poetry Appendix  Poetry Anthologies  Rubric for Anthology
	3.4.A.1 3.4.A.3 3.4.A.5 3.4.A.7 3.4.B.1	Celebrate poetry by presenting poems (original and other authors) through activities such as oral and group readings	Anthology	Kuoric for Anthology

# **Unit Assessment:**

Poetry Anthology

**Grade 6- Unit: Independent Reading** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How can I use what I already know and what I learned to make new understanding?

How do readers construct meaning from text?

Topical Essential Question(s): How can I use the text to support my ideas/opinions about it?

What are the ways to respond to reading to show understanding?

What do readers do when they do not understand everything in a text?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Words powerfully affect meaning.

Good readers compare, infer, synthesize and make connections to make text personally relevant and

useful.

Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic reader can develop, select and

apply strategies to enhance their comprehension.

Understanding a text's features, structures and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make

meaning of the text.

Fluent readers group words quickly to make meaning of what they read.

Grade 6 Independent Reading					
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources	
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments		
(Objectives)					
Students will be able to		Discussion of how to choose books		Mosaic of Thought:	
				Teaching Comprehension	
Self select appropriate reading	3.1 6 D.1			in a Reader's Workshop by	
material	3.1 6 D.2			Keene and Zimmermann	
	3.1 6 D.3				
	3.1 6 D.4				
Monitor reading for	3.1 6 E.1	Students complete a variety of	Responses to text –	Book	
understanding by setting a	3.1 6 E.2	responses to text- T. charts, Double and	journals, triple-entry	Projects/Presentations	
purpose, making and adjusting		Triple entry Diaries, Journal Prompts,	diaries, bookmarks-		
predictions, asking questions,		Novel Reflections, Projects,			
connecting new learning to		Bookmarks, Post-It Note Taking	Rubrics, checklists,		

	Grade 6 Independent Reading					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources		
background experiences and texts and visualizing		Teacher models how to use notetaking and response to monitor reading strategies	criteria for assessing assignments	Reading Response Journal Criteria Suggestion: Quotation from the Past I Read It, But I Don't Get It by Tovani (Library Resource		
Read critically in a variety of genres	3.1 8 G.2 3.1 8 G.3 3.1 8 G.4 3.1 8 G.6	Students read books in a variety of genres	Book List for Recording Books Read	McDougal-Littell – Stories to model specific genres		
Analyze elements of texts	3.1 8 G.7			Fountas & Pinnell-		
Interpret text ideas through journals, discussions, and writing	3.1 8 G.9 3.1 8 G.13 3.1 8 G.15 3.2 8 D.3	Students respond to text in a variety of ways in response to teacher's prompts and to their own questions	Quality of written and oral responses	Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch.17 and Reading Response stems on pgs.292-297 (Teacher Resource)		
Compare and contrast various works	3.1 8 G.2					
Expand reading vocabulary by exposure to a variety of texts	3.1 8 F.1 3.1 8F.2 3. 1 8 F.4	Students keep a list or sticky notes of words they define in context				
Adjust reading rate in response to text and reading level of difficulty	3.1 8 D.4 3.1 8 D. 3	Teacher models purposes for reading and reading rates				
Read increasingly difficult texts silently with comprehension and fluency	3.1 8 D.2	Students can explain reading rate for various kinds of text				

Grade 6 Independent Reading					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Present main ideas and themes from text in a variety of mediums and forms	3.5 8.C.3 3.4 8.A.1 3.4. 8A.3	Students create projects about texts read	Rubrics, checklists for assessing presentations	Teacher-Created assignments for independent reading	
Respond to and give feedback about presentations	3.4 8.A.6 3.4 8.B.4 3.48.B.7 3.3. 8C.3 3.3. 8C.4 3.3 8 D.2 3.3 8 D.3 3.3 8 D.4 3.3 8 D.6 3.3 8 D.7	Students give feedback on presentations to peers and respond to presentations orally or in writing			

# **Assessment:**

• Responses to Independent Reading/ Reader Response Journal

### Grade 6 -Integration of Test-Taking Skills and Strategies Throughout the Curriculum

The Language Arts Curriculum provides a rigorous curriculum that incorporates the test genre. The skills and strategies listed are integrated into the curriculum throughout the year.

Overarching Essential Question(s): How is the reading and writing I do on standardized and state test similar to and different from the writing I do in class?

Topical Essential Question(s): How is writing for a standardized test different than writing for classroom assignments?

How do I incorporate connections and text evidence successfully in my writing? How will my reading and writing competency be assessed on a standardized test?

Understandings (Big Ideas): The questions asked on a standardized test require similar skills of the students, but they need to exhibit them in different ways.

There are specific strategies for reading and writing successfully on a standardized test.

Grade 6- Test Genre Integration					
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources	
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments		
(Objectives)					
Students will be able to:					
				NJ ASK- Writing Rubric	
Successfully compose a		Whole class write-to practice and model		(Holistic Rubric)- 6 Point	
written response to select	3.2 6 A.2	how to respond to writing tasks		rubric	
writing prompts.	3.2 6 A.5	Review of strategies for effective			
	3.2 6 A.7	writing of specific genres such as		NJ Assessment of Skills	
	3.2 6 B.1	persuasive and personal narrative and		and Knowledge-Writing	
	3.2 6 B.3	how these can be transferred to "test		Handbook	
	3.2 6 B.5	writing"			
	3.2 6 C.1	Students review the NJASK Writing			
	3.2 6 C.2	Rubric and analyze sample papers at		Write Source-	
	3.2 6 C.3	each score point			
	3.2 6 C.7		Students' analysis of		
	3.2 7 C.8		papers- Written or		
	3.2 7 C.9		oral		

		Grade 6- Test Genre Integration		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
	3.2 6 D.1 3.2 6 D.2 3.2 6 D.3 3.2 6 D.4 3.2 6 D.10 3.2 6 D.11 3.2 7 C.14	Students score their own writing and that of their peers using the NJASK rubric and provide rationale for score and feedback – NJASK 6 Point Writing Rubric  Written responses to practice prompts Ex. Persuasive, speculative, explanatory, etc. AND any other state required writing for the test Review of the writing process and how to use the process effectively in a timed situation Review of prewriting strategies and their importance in producing cohesive writing	Student's scores and rationale  Students' responses  Prewriting organizers	McDougal-Littell-Resources for Assessment  McDougal- Littell-Reading Toolkit  Released State Samples of Writing  Fountas & Pinnell-Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch. 27
Examine a standardized test text for basic understanding and analysis of writing and reading features	3.1 6 A.1 3.1 6 A.2 3.1 6 A.3 3.1 6 C.3 3.1 6 D.3 3.1 6 D.4 3.1 6 E.2 3.1 6 G.1 3.1 6 G.2 3.1 6 G.3 3.1 6 G.4 3.1 6 G.7 3.1 6 G.8	Read a variety of texts for a variety of purposes  Read stories from texts and apply strategies for comprehension such as making inferences, predicting, analyzing elements of fiction and nonfiction, etc.  Teacher mini lessons on how to answer specific types of test questions	Sample questions	NJASK Coach book NJ Assessment of Skills and Knowledge-A Writing Handbook Write Source

Grade 6- Test Genre Integration					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Analyze a response to literature and critically respond to a variety of genres of literature	3.1 6 G.9 3.1 6 G.10 3.1 6 G.11 3.1 6 G.12 3.1 6 G.16 3.1 6 G.17 3.2 6 A.1 3.2 6 A.8 3.2 6 A.12 3.2 6 A.13 3.2 6 B.6 3.2 6 B.6 3.2 6 C.1 3.2 6 C.2 3.2 6 C.7 3.2 6 D.3 3.2 6 D.4 3.2 6 D.10 3.2 6 D.11 3.2 6 D.11 3.2 6 D.14 3.2 7 D.15	Practice how to answer a multiple choice question- what is it asking, which answers can I eliminate, and which is the best answer  Review the NJASK- 4 Point- Open-Ended Response rubric and analyze samples at each score point  Students score own responses and that of peers using rubric and provide feedback  Discussion of how to incorporate connections in responses	Students' explanation of choices  Students' responses and scores	McDougal-Littell- Resources for Assessment Released State Samples NJ ASK -Open-ended Rubric (4 point) Benchmark Tool such as Learnia Write Source McDougal-Littell- Resources for Assessment McDougal-Littell- Reading Toolkit	
Understand specific vocabulary on assessments		Teacher points out words such as "compare", "infer" etc. in questions and explains how to answer those questions	Students' responses		

# **Benchmark Assessment:**

Benchmark – Ex: Learnia

Writing Sample- September (Summer Reading Project) and February (Explanatory Prompt)

# **Reading List- Grade 6**

The resources listed are the required and/or choice selections for each unit. Titles may be used as whole class or literature circle choices. Not all of the suggested selections need to be utilized by all teachers.

# **Unit - Theme: Courage**

# Required Reading-McDougal-Littell

"Eleven"

"President Cleveland, Where Are You?"

"The Circuit"

"Nadia the Willful"

# Suggested Reading-McDougal-Littell and other sources

"Priscilla and the Wimps"

Edward the Emu

The Araboolies of Liberty Street

"I'm Nobody Who Are You?", "It Seems I Test People", "Growing Pains"- Poems

### **Unit - Theme: The Real World**

# Required Reading-McDougal-Littell

"The Jacket"

"Oh, Broom Get to Work"

"Matthew Henson at the Top of the World"

"Summer of Fire"

"A 9,500 Year Old Summer Home"

### Suggested Reading- McDougal-Littell

"The Story of My Life"

"Your Family's History Will Come Alive"

### **Jamestown Readers- Nonfiction**

### **Unit - Theme: Science Fiction and Poetry**

# **Required Reading-McDougall-Littell**

"All Summer in a Day"

"The Fun They Had"

"The Sandcastle"

# **Suggested Reading-McDougal-Littell**

Comparison of Science Fiction and Fantasy Genres

"The Walrus and the Carpenter"

"The Phantom Tollbooth

# **Unit – Suggested Literature Study Titles**

The Fighting Ground- Avi

Beyond the Western Sea- Avi

A Place Called Ugly- Avi

Hope Was Here-Baur

Tangerine- Bloor

Leroy and the Old Man- Butterworth

The Watsons Go to Birmingham- Curtis

The Apprenticeship of Lucas Whitaker- DeFelice

The Breadwinner- Ellis

Parvana's Journey- Ellis

Mud City- Ellis

Lilly's Crossing- Giff

Jackie's Wild Seattle- Hobb

One Fat Summer-Lipsyte

Esperanza Rising- Munoz Ryan

The Girl Who Owned a City- Nelson

The Graduation of Jake Moon- Park

A Long Way from Chicago- Peck

Freak the Mighty- Philbrick

Rem World- Philbrick

The Mighty- Philbrick

Stargirl- Spinelli

Wringer- Spinelli

There's a Girl in My Hammerlock- Spinelli

Maniac Magee- Spinelli

Crash- Spinelli

The Library Card- Spinelli

Loser- Spinelli

Knots in My Yo-Yo String- Spinelli

Mississippi Bridge- Taylor, M.

The Well-Taylor, M.

The Golden Cadillac- Taylor, M.

Song of the Trees-Taylor, M.

The Friendship-Taylor, M.

Timothy of the Cay- Taylor, T.
The Cay- Taylor, T.
Child of the Owl- Yep

# **Additional Literature Study Titles**

Titles from the District Summer Reading List for Grade 6 may also be used as Literature Study titles.

Something Upstairs- Avi

Freedom Crossing-Clark

Crazy Lady- Conly

Weasel- DeFelice

Black Eagles- Haskins

Red Scarf Girl- Jiang

Dave at Night- Levine

Journey- MacLachlan

Journey- J' burg- Naidoo

Stones in Water- Napoli

A Single Shard- Park

Bridge to Terabithia-Paterson

Call It Courage- Perry

Missing May- Rylant

*Under the Blood Red Sun-* Salisbury

Words by Heart- Sebestyen

Walkabout

Homeless Bird- Whelan

### **Grade 7 Modifications**

# Modifications for Students with Support and Students with an IEP

- ✓ Mc Dougal- Littell *Interactive Reader Plus with Additional Support* with CD
- ✓ McDougal-Littell-*Bridges to Literature*
- ✓ Framing Your Thoughts Sentence Structure- Special Education
- ✓ Framing Your Thoughts- Applied Writing- Special Education
- ✓ Chunking reading and/or writing
- ✓ Modify test/quizzes: fewer choices, shorter version, allow for oral response, provide a word bank
- ✓ Guided reading groups
- ✓ Literature circles
- ✓ Provide a copy of notes
- ✓ "Cloze" notes
- ✓ Push-in student support teachers
- ✓ Independent novels on students' independent reading level
- ✓ Audiotapes
- ✓ Graphic organizers while reading
- ✓ Read with breaks for discussion
- ✓ Cooperative learning structures
- ✓ Peer and teacher conferences
- ✓ Partner activities
- ✓ Masking
- ✓ Flashcards
- ✓ Repeat, clarify, rephrase directions
- ✓ Check frequently for understanding
- ✓ Multisensory techniques
- ✓ Provide assignments ahead of time
- ✓ Break long assignments into shorter tasks
- ✓ Extend test taking time
- ✓ Test outside of the room
- ✓ Provide study guides
- ✓ Allow word processor/computer for written assignments
- ✓ Provide a word bank
- ✓ Keep an assignment sheet/planner
- ✓ Modify homework expectations
- ✓ Do not penalize for incorrect spelling, unless a word bank is given
- ✓ Provide preferential seating
- ✓ Allow students to verbalize before writing
- ✓ Assist with the organization of student materials/notebook
- ✓ Use of visuals from Hotchalk (teacher website)
- ✓ Google videos
- ✓ Teacher modeling
- ✓ Mini-lessons
- ✓ Scaffolding instruction

- ✓ Teacher read alouds
- ✓ Picture books
- ✓ Readers' Theatre
- ✓ Vocabulary work

### Additional Modifications Specifically for ESL Students\*

- ✓ Mc Dougal-Littell *Interactive Reader Plus for English Learners* and CD
- ✓ McDougal-Littell Selection Summaries in English
- ✓ McDougal-Littell Spanish Study Guide
- ✓ Mc Dougal-Litell *Standards-based Instruction for All Students* English Language Development: Oral Support
- ✓ Push in: ESL teacher, Teacher Assistants, Support Skills Teachers
- ✓ Summaries/worksheets in Spanish
- ✓ Spanish books:
- ✓ English books at independent reading level (library, support skills and fifth grade teachers)
- \*Also use appropriate modification where needed from *Modifications for Students with Support* and Students with an IEP

### **Modifications for Gifted and Talented Students**

- ✓ Alternate Texts
- ✓ Differentiated Texts
- ✓ District Word Study Program- Challenge Words
- ✓ Alternate Writing Assignments
- ✓ Peer and Teacher Conferencing
- ✓ Cooperative Learning

# Grade 7 Pacing Chart

\*The "Research and Inquiry Unit" will be completed at different times. Its time of instruction is dependent upon library availability.\*

Trimester 1-	Trimester 3-
Time Frame: September –December (beginning)	Time Frame: March (mid-month – end of year)
*Word Study (throughout entire trimester)	*Word Study (throughout entire trimester)
*Independent Reading Unit- "Reading for Personal Enjoyment"	*Independent Reading Unit- "Reading for Personal Enjoyment"
*Test Genre- Reading and Writing	*See Grammar Resource Guide (throughout entire trimester)
*See Grammar Resource Guide (throughout entire trimester)-	*Short Story Reading and Writing Unit (Fiction)- "Learning from Experiences"
*Novel Unit- "Tolerance" (Trimester 1 or 2)	Experiences
*Non-Fiction Reading and Writing Unit-"Overcoming Personal Challenges"	*Poetry Unit- "Various Forms of Poetry"
* Benchmark Assessments Ex:Learnia	
Trimester 2-	
Time Frame: December (beginning)-March (mid month)	
*Word Study (throughout entire trimester)	
*Independent Reading Unit-"Reading for Personal Enjoyment"	
*Test Genre Unit-Reading and Writing	
*See Grammar Resource Guide (throughout entire trimester)-	
*Novel Unit- "Tolerance (Trimester 1 or 2)	

• Benchmark Assessment Ex: Learnia \*Note: Some novels may span 1 or 2 trimesters.

# **Grade 7 Grammar Pacing Guide**

Trimester 1-	Trimester 2-	Trimester 3-
I.)Sentence Construction	I.)Sentence Construction	I.) Sentence Construction
A.)Types	A.)Subject-Verb Agreement B.) Combining Sentences	A.) Prepositonal Phrases B.) Interjections
1.)simple 2.)compound		
3.) complex		
4.) compound-complex		
B.) Clauses	II.) Parts of Speech	II.) Parts of Speech
1.) dependent	A.) Possessive Nouns	A.)Prepositions
2.) independent	B.) Adjectives C.) Adverbs	
C.) Run-ons & Fragments		
D.) Subjects and Predicates	III.) Punctuation	III.) Punctuation
1.) simple & compound	A.) Commas	
		A.)Hyphens
II.)Parts of Speech:	IV.) Capitalization	B.)Colons
A ) noung		C.) Dashes D.) Ellipses
<ul><li>A.) nouns</li><li>B.) verbs (action, linking, tense)</li></ul>		D.) Empses
C.) conjunctions		
III.) Punctuation		
A.) dialogue (quotations)		
B.) semi-colon		

Grade 7 Grammar Resource Index					
Skill	Write Source Handbook	Write Source Skill Book	McDougall Grammar, Usage and Mechanics Book		
TRIMESTER 1					
Simple Sentences	515	107	151		
Compound Sentences	516	107	151		
Complex Sentences	517,744	111,113,107,	155		
Compound-Complex Sentences		107	160		
Clauses (Dep. & Ind.)	517,698-701	75	148,149		
Fragments	503	80	28		
Subject & Predicates	501,690-693	69,73	Lesson 1		
Nouns	470-473,702-705	129,131,133,135	31-43		
Verbs	480-482,718-731	151,153,155,157,159,161	76-100		
Conjunctions	496,744-747	179,181	130		
Quotations	598-601	31	199		
Semi-colons	594-595	29	202		
TRIMESTER 2 Subject Verb Agreement	190,508-509,728	93,99			
Combining Sentences	512	101,103,105			
Adjectives	486-489,732-735	163-169	103,106,109		
Adverbs	490-493,736-739	171,173	112		
Commas	582-593	7,11,15,19,21,23,25,27	193,196		
Capitalization	618-627	49,55,57	178-187		
TRIMESTER 3					
Prepositional Phrases	519		127		
Interjections		177			
Prepositions	494-495	175	124		
Hyphens	608-611	41,43	205		
Colons	596	29	202		
Dashes	612-613	43,44	205		
Ellipses	614-615				

**Grade 7 Unit: Reading** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do people use reading to discover personal and shared meaning in their lives?

Topical Essential Question(s): How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning?

How does fluency affect comprehension?

Why do readers need to pay attention to a writer's choice of words? What do readers do when they do not understand everything in a text?

How do readers construct meaning from text?

Why conduct research?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Understanding a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning of the text.

Readers use language structure and content clues to identify the intended meaning of words and phrases as they are used in text.

Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension.

Words powerfully affect meaning.

Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to self, text to world) to make text personally useful and relevant.

Researchers gather and critique information from different sources for specific purposes.

	Grade 7- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Before Reading					
Students will know and be able to  Recognize and use organizational structures and text guides to comprehend information such as compare/contrast, cause/effect, chronological order, etc. on increasingly difficult texts	3.1 7A.1 3.1 7E.2	Teacher models and students employ a variety of notetaking guides and graphic organizers  Students preview text to determine the organization and text structure	Completed graphic organizers and guides	McDougal Litell –unit resources  Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6 Ch.19-21  Strategies that Work-Harvey & Goodvis  Content-area texts	
Monitor reading and adjust for purpose and to enhance comprehension	3.1 7 E.1 3.1 7D.2 3.1 7 D.3 3.1 7D 4	Teacher models strategies for determining reading rate and when to adjust	Students adjust reading rate as needed  Students can explain reading rate and purpose for the rate	Variety of genres of texts- short stories, nonfiction, articles, etc.	
Set purpose for reading, self- select appropriate reading materials, and adjust text selection accordingly	3.1 7 H.4	Teacher models how to self-select reading materials for a variety of purposes  Students skim the text, use book jacket material, and use Five Finger method to	Students choose appropriate texts	Media Center- Lessons on using databases and evaluating resources  Variety of genres of text	

Grade 7- Reading					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Make predictions based on knowledge of author, genre, and/or prior knowledge before reading and adjust them as needed		determine appropriateness of text  Students utilize databases and resources from media center to select resources on a topic  Mini lessons on evaluating text resources and research materials  Students read a few pages of texts to determine if it is at an appropriate level  Students complete writing before reading activity  Students complete K-W-L chart or other organizers  Students pose questions prior to reading  Students brainstorm predictions prior to reading, revise after reading and explain why they revised predictions using text information	Completed writing activities Completed or Organizers  Predictions and revisions	Reader's Notebooks/response Journals Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6 Ch. 20-21	
During Reading Students will know and be able to:					
Monitor own comprehension as reading and apply fix-up strategies as needed	3.1 7 E.1 3.1 7 D.3 3.1 7 D.4	Teacher models fix-up strategies through Think Aloud and other strategies		Fountas & Pinnell- <i>Guiding Readers and Writers Gr. 3-</i> 6- Ch. 20-21	
		Students participate in discussions,	Quality of students'	Strategies that Work-	

Grade 7- Reading					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
-		Socratic Seminar, and/or literature circles	oral and written responses	Harvey & Goodvis	
		Students employ strategies such as self- questioning: Does this make sense? What do I need to do to understand this? And apply fix-up strategies as	Students' self- assess responses in discussion	I Read It, But I Don't Get It- Tovanni-	
		needed Students employ QAR's as read and discuss text	Double-entry journal and/or students' responses	QAR Sheet	
		Students use Post-It strategy to note specific areas of text as they read	QAR's and responses		
Read critically to analyze literary elements, author's perspective, and how these	3.1 7 G.6 3.1 7 G.7 3.1 7 G. 9	Teacher mini lessons on literary elements			
components influence the texts' messages	3.1 7 G.10 3.1 7 G.14	Students complete graphic organizers and story maps on literary elements	Completed organizers	Organizers- Teacher-made, McDougal-Littell	
		Students complete bookmarks as reading	Completed bookmarks		
		Students complete journal responses, text extensions, and open-ended questions about text elements using text support	Journal entries and responses	NJASK 4-Point Rubric Teacher- made rubrics Published rubrics- McDougal Littell	
		Students discuss the elements of text in whole and/or small group discussions			

Grade 7- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Read critically to analyze author's perspective, compare recurring themes or ideas across literary works and genres, and understand author's perspective.  Analyze work for the ways it reflects the heritage, traditions, beliefs, and attitudes of the author.	3.1 7 G.5 3.1 7 G.10 3.1 7 G.12 3.1.7 G.14 3.1 7 H.5	Teacher mini lessons on elements of literature  Students participate in Socratic Seminar, literature circles and/or whole class discussions  Students read variety of texts on a topic and compare themes, perspective, etcStudents respond to text in a variety of ways  Students read independent texts and respond to them and compare elements  Students make text-to-text, text-to-self, and text-to-world connections as they read	Teacher assessment of discussions  Readers notebooks and other responses  Teacher conferences Readers' Response	Content-Area texts  See appendix  Reader Notebook materials  Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Gr. 3-6-Ch:2, 16, 17
Identify and analyze literary elements and techniques such as figurative language, meter, rhetorical, and stylistic features of the text	3.1 7 G.6 3.1 7 G. 7 3.1 7 G.9 3.1 7 G.13	Teacher mini lessons on literary and stylistic elements, figurative language, metaphors, etc.  Students use TPCASTT to analyze poetry	Students utilize techniques and language in own writing	TPCASTT

Grade 7- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Differentiate fact and opinion, bias, propaganda, and analyze sources of text for reliability of information	3.1 7 G. 3 3.1 7 H. 2 3.1 7 H. 4	Students read and discuss current events in social studies  Students choose print, electronic and web resources for research		Current Events – Social Studies  Media Center Lessons- Print and electronic sources
		Students take notes on informational material for reports using GRASP, T-Chart or other note taking strategy	Students' note taking charts	GRASP and T Chart
Read and use everyday text materials and make judgments about the importance of documents	3.1 7 G.16	Students employ everyday text and explain importance of use- own schedule, calendars, online directions, game directions, etc.		Variety of everyday texts  Write Source  McDougal Littell- Unit and teacher resources
After Reading Students will know and be able to:				
Respond critically to text ideas in a variety of texts using text evidence to support interpretations	3.1 7 G.10 3.2 7 D.3	Students complete and present literature projects and extensions  Student responses- journals, essays, oral discussions  Students complete story maps, organizers, and extensions  Students chose quotation from text and explain how it connects to text, self, or world at large	Completed projects  Completed responses	McDougal Littell resources Readers' Notebooks Independent Novels

Grade 7- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Interpret ideas in text through writing, discussion, and enactment	3.1 7 G.15	Students respond to reading in discussion, journals, essays and other reading projects	Completed projects	
		Students participate in whole class discussion, literature circles, Socratic seminar, etc.	Students responses in discussion	
Explore the central idea or theme in a variety of types of texts, including informational and write essays and other responses that are clear, state a position, and cite appropriate text	3.2 7 D.8 3.2 7 D.9 3.2 7 D.10 3.2 7 D.11	Students complete ASK-like open- ended questions	Students use NJASK rubric, self-assess, assess peers, and provide feedback Teacher feedback and assessment using rubric	NJ ASK- 4 Point Rubric – Appendix  Teacher-created rubrics
		Students write essays and other writings based on reading and support with evidence from the text	Completed essays/writings	
Vocabulary Students will know and be able to:  Apply knowledge of spelling	3.1 7 C.1	Teacher mini lessons on specific word		District Word Study Program
rules, pronunciation, word patterns and structural analysis to define new words	3.1 7 C.2 3.1 7 C.3	analysis skills  Students use context clues to define new words	Students definitions of words	Context Clue Chart-
Define new words, clarify definitions using restatement, example, or contrast.	3.1 7 F.1 3.1 7 F.2 3.1 7 F.3 3.1 7 F.4	Teacher mini lessons on specific strategies for defining words and using appropriate print and electronic resources	Students are able to use resources	Print and online- dictionary, thesaurus, etc.

Grade 7- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Expand relationships between words using synonym, antonyms, connotations, denotations, figurative and literal meanings, and multiple		Students define words using strategies and context in assigned and independent reading  District Word Study program	Completed context clue activities	Word Study Program  Assigned and Independent Texts
Fluency Students will know and be able to: Read grade-level and increasingly difficult texts with fluency and comprehension	3.1 7 D.1 3.1 7 D.2	Students participate in Reader's Theater and other choral and oral readings  Students read independent novels	Students' oral reading performance	Reader's Theater with class magazines Independent Novels

# **Benchmark/Other Assessments:**

- Benchmark Assessment Ex: Learnia
- Open-Ended Responses
- Book Extensions and Projects
- Independent Novel Assessments

**Grade 7 Unit: Writing** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do people use writing to discover personal and shared meaning in their lives?

How do I write in a clear, concise manner for a variety of purposes and audiences?

**Topical Essential Question(s): How do good writers express themselves?** 

How does process shape the writer's product? How do writers develop a well-written product? How do the rules of language affect communication? Why does a writer choose a particular form of writing?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Good writers develop and refine their ideas for thinking, learning, communicating, and aesthetic

expression.

Good writers use a repertoire of strategies that enable them to vary form and style, in order to write for

different purposes, contexts, and audiences.

Conventions of language help readers understand what is being communicated.

A writer selects a form based on audience and purpose.

Grade 7- Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Prewriting				
Students will know and be				
able to:				
Generate ideas for writing,	3.2 7A.3	Teacher mini lessons on purpose, genre,		McDougal Litell- unit and
narrow a topic, gather	3.2 7 D.1	generating ideas, narrowing ideas, and		teacher resources
appropriate resources for	3.2 7 D.2	strategies for organization		
writing, and choose	3.2 7 D.12			Organizers- published and
appropriate organizing strategy		Students utilize a variety of organizers	Completed	teacher-created
for the text.		to suit their needs and purpose	organizers	

	Grade 7- Writing					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources		
Consider audience, purpose, genre and form when choosing a strategy for organizing and writing a specific text	3.2 7B.1 3.2 7D.12 3.2 7 D.13 3.2 7 A.6	Students use writers notebook to generate and explore writing topics  Students listen to and read a variety of mentor texts to learn how authors develop genre characteristics, tone, voice, and other stylistic and literary elements  Students identify specific genre and form, for a specific audience and purpose for assigned and self-selected writing  Verbal activities for prewriting- oral composing, brainstorming, role-playing, discussion, reading, interviews	Writers notebook entries  Students identify and use specific elements of style and genre in writing  Written piece in specific genre for audience and purpose	Writers notebooks  Fountas & Pinnell – Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch. 5, 6  Write Source models  Specific writing prompts  Picture books and other mentor texts  Computer software for graphic organizers such as Kidspirarion/Inspiration		
Drafting Students will know and be able to:  Draft writing in a selected genre with appropriate structure and voice according to message, purpose, and audience  Establish and maintain a focus in a draft	3.2 7 B.1 3.2 7 D.2 3.2 7 B.1	Teacher mini lessons on drafting for specific purposes  Students write drafts Students do quickwrites on specific topics	Writer's notebook entries Quickwrites	Write Source  Writer's Notebook  McDougal Littell- unit and teacher resources- Writing handbook		

Grade 7- Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Develop writing stamina and draft for a sustained period of time to produce a piece of text  Write effectively in a variety of genres including personal narratives, stories with well-developed literary elements, biographies, memoirs, persuasive pieces and other informational pieces	3.2 7 B.1 3.2 7 A.1 3.2 7 A.2 3.2 7 B.2 3.2 7 D.4	Students write without stopping to produce a draft  Students engage in the writing process  Teacher models strategies to employ for "writer's block"  Students use another author's work to create an original piece or enhance own writing	Sustained piece of writing  Students employ author's technique in own writing	Samples of published works to use as mentor texts
Write using compositional risks, personal style and voice to engage the audience	3.2 7 D.5 3.2 7 D.13	Teacher shares and students read mentor texts with specific compositional risks (dialogue, literary devices, figurative language, anecdotes)  Students identify the compositional risks and stylistic elements in writing and explain the effect on the reader	Students' writing had stylistic elements and compositional risks	6 +1 Traits of Writing- Culham  Mentor texts  Student models of writing
Write reports and subject- appropriate nonfiction pieces across the curriculum based on research and including citations, quotations, and a works cited page	3.2 7 B.3 3.2 7 D. 7 3.2 7 D.6	Students write reports and nonfiction pieces in other curriculum areas- Language arts teacher supports as needed  Teacher mini lessons on plagiarism, citing sources, direct and indirect quotations, and works cited  Students write essays and reports and use citations and quotations in the body	Report/Nonfiction piece  Essays/reports	See Research Unit for specific strategies and resources

		Grade 7- Writing		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		of the text		
Write a range of essays and open-ended questions and	3.2 7 A. 4 3.2 7 D.3	Teacher models how to answer essay and open-ended responses		Content area essays
responses to literature		Students write essays and open-ended questions on assigned topic	Essays/Open-ended responses	Open-ended responses in content classes
		Students respond to literature in response journals and essays	Response journals	
Write multi-paragraph pieces with a clear purpose and organization, varied sentence structure, and a clear statement of a position or topic with evidence that supports the position or topic	3.2 7 D.8 3.2 7 D.9 3.2 7 D.10 3.2 7 D.11 3.2 7 D. 12	Teacher provides models of various kinds of writing- persuasive, informational, comparison, etc.  Students analyze a model to determine its organization, the topic, kinds of evidence and the effectiveness of the evidence  Students identify the position or topic, find the evidence to support it, and explain how the author used the evidence in the piece	Student writing and explanation	Models of writing  McDougall-Littell- Writing Handbook, teacher and unit resources  Write Source  Content area writing  Summer Reading Assignment
Write a range of essays including personal, speculative, descriptive or issue-based	3.2 7 B.4	Students respond to specific writing prompts  Students read various models of essays and explain the techniques the author used and their effect on the reader	Student writing	Specific writing prompts- Quotation, persuasive, speculative (NJASK) and other teacher-created prompts
Compose, revise, edit and publish using appropriate software	3.2 7 A.6	Students use word-processing programs to draft text		Word processing program

	Grade 7- Writing				
Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources		
3.2 7 A. 4  3.2 7 C. 2 3.2 7 C. 3 3.2 7 C.4 3.2 7 C.5	Students reread drafts several times, each time focusing on a specific element  Teacher mini lessons – sentence combining techniques, varying sentence openings, using phrases and clauses, transition words  Students revise drafts for specific elements such as sentence combining, transitions, varying sentence openings, etc.  Small group, teacher, and peer conferences and feedback on pieces  Students analyze models of writing for transitions, sentence structure, compositional risks, etc. and explain the effect on the reader	Student drafts with revision comments  Revised drafts  Students' feedback to peers in conference  Students incorporate elements in writing	Write Source Student models  Models of writing Write Source  Conferencing checklists- Write Source, McDougal- Littell, and teacher-created Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6 Ch. 5,		
3.2 7 A.5 3.2 7 A.7 3.2 7 D.15		Students' analysis of	NJ Holistic Writing Rubric- 6 point  Teacher-created checklists and rubrics		
	3.2 7 A. 4  3.2 7 C. 2 3.2 7 C. 3 3.2 7 C.4 3.2 7 C.5	Standards & Indicators  Students reread drafts several times, each time focusing on a specific element  3.2 7 C. 2 3.2 7 C. 3 3.2 7 C.4 3.2 7 C.5  Teacher mini lessons – sentence combining techniques, varying sentence openings, using phrases and clauses, transition words  Students revise drafts for specific elements such as sentence combining, transitions, varying sentence openings, etc.  Small group, teacher, and peer conferences and feedback on pieces  Students analyze models of writing for transitions, sentence structure, compositional risks, etc. and explain the effect on the reader  3.2 7 A.5 3.2 7 A.7	Standards & Indicators   Students reread drafts several times, each time focusing on a specific element     3.2 7 C. 2   3.2 7 C. 3   3.2 7 C.5     3.2 7 C.5   Teacher mini lessons – sentence combining techniques, varying sentence openings, using phrases and clauses, transition words		

		Grade 7- Writing		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		Students use rubrics to evaluate own and/or peer's work and provide feedback to peers  Students revise writing using feedback from rubric	Feedback to peers  Drafts of work with revisions	Models of writing at each score point on NJ rubric (released samples from state)
		Students use Praise-Question-Polish, checklist or rubric to provide feedback to peers  Teacher and/or peer conferences for revision  Students use software to revise their writing		Word processing software
Editing Students will know and be able to: Use Standard English conventions in all writing	3.2 7 C.1	Teacher models editing strategies	Edited work	Write Source
Edit for correct grammar , usage, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling	3.2 7 C.6	Mini lessons on grammar, usage and spelling skills as needed  Students read a piece with a focus on pronoun-case agreement, subject-verb agreement, consistency of tense, and make changes as needed  Students utilize an editing checklist with own and peer's work	Edited drafts	Write Source  McDougal-Litell- Grammar and Usage Workbook  NJ Holistic Scoring Rubric  Teacher-Created Rubrics and Checklists

Grade 7- Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		Students participate in teacher and peer editing conferences  Students use different colored pencils to edit for particular strategies	Students' feedback to peers	6 + 1 Traits of Writing- Culham
		Students edit published or own pieces  Students choose piece from writer's notebook to edit for specific elements	Edited entry	
Use a variety of reference materials, print and electronic, to edit written work	3.2 7 C.7	Teacher models how to use a variety of reference sources for editing  Students use software and other	Students' use of resources	Dictionary, thesaurus, spell check, MLA website  Software programs
Use appropriate word processing software to edit work	3.2 7 A. 6	references for editing		7 6
Write legibly in manuscript or cursive to meet district standards	3.2 7 C.8	Students are able to write in cursive or manuscript as needed	Student handwriting	Handwriting Guidelines- Appendix
Post Writing Students will know and be able to:				
Use relevant scoring rubrics and criteria to improve own work, evaluate own work and evaluate peer's work and provide feedback for improvement	3.2 7 A.5 3.2 7 A.7 3.2 D.15	Students evaluate final draft using rubric and provide feedback to peers or self-evaluate	Students' comments on final drafts	NJ Holistic Writing Rubric- Appendix  Teacher-created rubrics  McDougall-Littell materials

		Grade 7- Writing		
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Maintain a collection of works	3.2 7 D.14	Students maintain a portfolio and reflect on strengths, needs, and goals as they review their work	Student Portfolios	
Share work with others		Students share work in author's chair, in small groups, as read alouds and in published booklets  Teacher greates displays of students'	Shared draft of work	Student work displays
		Teacher creates displays of students' work		
		Students send writing to various contests, submit to newspapers and other sources		
Respond appropriately to other's work	3.3 7 A.1 3.3 7 A.3 3.3 7 A. 6 3.3 7 A.7 3.3 7 B.2 3.4 7 A.1 3.4 7 B. 2	Teacher models appropriate responses to student work- how to praise or offer critique  Students ask appropriate questions and provide thoughtful feedback to authors	Students' feedback to peers	Students' work
	3.4 7 D. 4			

#### **Benchmark/Unit Assessments**

- Specific Writing Pieces (See units)
- Benchmark Writing Pieces-
- September/October –
- February Prompt-NJASK

**Grade 7 Unit: Speaking** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How does being an effective speaker enhance my personal and school experiences?

Topical Essential Question(s): What strategies can I use to speak effectively (eye contact, voice modulation, inflection, tempo,

enunciation)?

How can I determine which strategies to use to effectively communicate a specific purpose to an

audience?

How can I use speaking to clarify and enhance my thoughts?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Speaking and listening provide the foundation to connect with others, develop vocabulary, and learn the

structure of the English language.

Speaking is a form of expressing, transmitting, and exchanging ideas, information and emotions.

Oral language is a tool for communicating thinking and learning.

	Grade 7- Speaking					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources		
Discussion & Questioning (Inquiry) and Contributing  Students will know and be able to: Present ideas in a discussion, both planned and spontaneously, that state a position, support it, acknowledge and respond to other views.	3.3 7 A.1 3.3 7 A.2 3.3 7 A.6	Students engage in whole class discussions.  Students support their discussion ideas using relevant text support and information from the discussion  Students orally retell and summarize texts	Teacher and student assessment of discussion  Students' retellings and summaries	Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch.15, 16		

		Grade 7- Speaking		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		Students listen to each other's work in Author's Chair or small groups and offer appropriate feedback	Students' feedback and comments	
Participate appropriately in a variety of oral situations including class discussions,	3.3 7 A.3 3.3 7 A.4 3.3 7 A.5	Students participate in whole class discussions	Chalant/Tasalan	
debates, and small groups.	3.3 7 A.7 3.3 7 B.1 3.3 7 B.2 3.3 7 B.3	Students participate in Socratic Seminar and literature circles to discuss literature and other texts	Student/Teacher assessment of discussions	Socratic Seminar guidelines
	3.3 7 B.4	Students participate in peer, teacher, and small group writing conferences, respond to others' work, and provide appropriate feedback using rubrics, criteria, responding to questions, or other structures such as Praise-Question-Polish	Feedback to peers	Revising and Editing checklists, scoring rubrics, etc.
		Students define roles for small groups through literature circle roles and cooperative learning structures	Student's self- assessment of roles	Literature circle roles- Harvey Daniels
		Students engage in cooperative learning structures to solve problems in a group		Cooperative Learning- Spencer Kagan

	Grade 7- Speaking					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources		
Word Choice Students will know and be able to:						
Use language in a discussion to effectively convey the intended message to the intended audience	3.3 7 C.1 3.3 7 C.2 3.3 7 C.4	Students will use text to verbally identify, demonstrate, and expand on an idea or topic through discussion  Students will actively engage their listeners through their tone, inflections, and voice modulation  Students will use correct grammar and sentence structure when speaking for all purposes	Class discussions	Texts for discussion		
Oral Presentation Students will know and be able to:						
Effectively deliver a variety of types of presentations to an intended audience using visual aids and speaking techniques	3.3 7 D.1 3.3 7 D. 2 3.3 7 D.3 3.3 7 D.4 3.3 7 D.6	Students will orally present a variety of types of information- book talks, speeches, sharing written work, discussion or a topic or prompt  Students will utilize multi-media in presentations	Students' presentations  Quality of presentations	Book talk, Power Point presentation and other presentation criteria  Rubrics to assess presentations – Teacher – Created or NJ Speaking Rubric		
Provide relevant feedback to a speaker and incorporate feedback into own presentations	3.3 7 D.5 3.3 7 D.7	Students will engage in proper speaking techniques  Students will use feedback to revise presentations	Feedback to peers			

	Grade 7- Speaking					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources		
		Students will use a teacher-created or NJ Speaking Rubric to assess presentations and provide feedback to peers		NJASK or Teacher-created Rubrics		
Read aloud with fluency	3.3 7 D.8	Students will engage in Reader's Theatre and other read aloud activities	Students' reading	Read magazine and other plays  Various texts		

#### Assessments:

• Oral Presentation- book talk or other project

**Grade 7 Unit: Listening** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How can listening enhance my understanding?

Topical Essential Question(s): How can I actively listen to gain information and understanding?

In what ways can I provide effective feedback to a speaker?

How does my purpose for listening affect my listening behaviors?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Listening is a process of hearing, receiving, constructing meaning, and responding to verbal and

nonverbal messages.

Effective listeners actively restate, interpret, respond to, and evaluate messages. Effective listeners use

these strategies for a variety of listening purposes.

Students use listening to gain understanding and appreciation of language and communication.

Grade 7- Listening					
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources	
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments		
(Objectives)					
Active Listening					
Students will know and be					
able to:				McDougal Littell audio	
Demonstrate active listening in	3.4 7 A.1	Students engage in Socratic Seminars,	Students'	resources	
a variety of situations by	3.4 7 A.2	class discussions, literature circles and	participation in and		
acknowledging the speaker and	3.4 7 A.3	debates	teacher assessment	Online audio resources	
evaluating the message for its	3.4 7 A.4		of discussions		
intended purpose	3.4 7 A.5	Students listen to, analyze messages,		Socratic Seminar	
		and respond to messages from	Students' self-	guidelines	
		classroom discussions, lectures,	assessment of		
		assemblies, and audio sources	discussion	Assemblies	
		Students listen to speeches, teacher/peer			
		reading aloud, audio sources, poetry			
		performed or read aloud, peer writing,			
		class discussions, etc.			

	Grade 7- Listening				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Evaluate a presentation using a rubric, checklist or criteria and provide appropriate feedback.	3.3 7 A. 6	Students use a rubric or checklist to evaluate a presentation and provide the speaker with feedback on items such as purpose, delivery, content, visual aids, body language and facial expressions	Students' feedback to speakers	NJ Speaking Rubric Teacher-Created rubrics and checklists  McDougall-Littell unit and teacher resources	
Listening Comprehension Students will know and be able to:					
Interpret, question, and critique oral presentations	3.4 7 B.1 3.4 7 B.3 3.4 7 B.4 3.4 7 B.5	Students discuss the purpose and intended message of texts- inform, persuade, entertain, etc.  Students listen to texts read aloud  Students ask appropriate questions of the speaker and/or give feedback	Student presentations- book talks, read alouds, Power Point, etc.	Presentation Guidelines-book talks, Power Points, etc.  McDougall Littell resources  Teacher-created rubrics	
		Students participate in discussions, Socratic Seminar, small group discussions	Assessment of discussion- teacher and student self-assessment		
Make inferences based on presentations and integrate with other language arts	3.4 7 B.2 3.4 7 B.6	Students respond orally or in writing to a text they have heard (Journal, essay, prompt, etc.)		Variety of texts  Writing prompts from text	

**Grade 7 Unit: Viewing and Media Literacy** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How can I become a critical consumer and producer of media?

How can media enhance my life?

Topical Essential Question(s): How do I evaluate the intended message and purpose of the media?

How does the type of media affect the intended message?

What influence does media have on the viewer?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Effective viewing is essential to comprehend and respond to personal interactions, live performance,

visual arts, print and electronic media

A media-literate person is able to evaluate media for credibility and understands how words, images, and

sounds influence the way meanings are conveyed and understood in society.

Students need to view critically to respond to different forms of visual messages.

Grade 7- Viewing and Media Literacy				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Constructing Meaning				
Students will know and be				
able to:				
Analyze aspects and elements of print and electronic messages and explain how the medium affects the intended message	3.5 7 A.1 3.5 7 A.2 3.5 7 A.3	Students evaluate a variety of print and electronic texts for literary and other elements and to determine author's purpose and message  Students analyze irony in cartoons and text	Students' responses	Electronic and print materials  McDougall Littell- Art posters and other resources  Cartoons

		Grade 7- Viewing and Media Literacy		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Visual and Verbal Messages Students will know and be able to:				
Compare, contrast, and evaluate media messages	3.5 7 A.4 3.5 7 B.1 3.5 7 B.2 3.5 7 B.4 3.5 7 B.5	Students follow a story in the media and newspaper and compare the messages and effect  Students compare media version of story and the text  Students evaluate print and media sources for credibility- read the same story in 3 newspapers and compare message, tone, etc.	Compare/contrast pieces	Variety of news sources- print and electronic and online Videos of texts read
Living with Media Students will know and be able to:  Analyze media presentations for content and evaluate their effectiveness	3.5 7 B.3 3.5 7 C.1 3.5 7 C.2	Students view a variety of media and print sources and determine the effect on the reader and the message	Students' responses- journals, essays, reflections	Novel-related materials Websites *Media Specialist- Research unit
Create a presentation using multi-media resources	3.5 7 C.3	Students create a multi-media presentation in response to literature or on a specific topic	Project	*Science or Social Studies projects

**Assessment:** Multi-media Presentation (may be in content area)

**Grade 7 Unit: Reading Novels- Theme: Tolerance** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): Why should people have equal opportunities regardless of their ethnic background?

Topical Essential Question(s): How can I connect this piece of literature with the society we live in today?

How can I personally connect with the literature?

What about the author's style makes the writing effective?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Literature helps the reader appreciate and understand different cultures.

Literature helps the reader make connections between themselves, other texts, and the world.

Evaluating the author's style helps the reader analyze and understand the text.

Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to self, text to world) to

make text personally useful and relevant.

	Grade 7- Novels-					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources		
Students will know and be able to:						
Examine a text for personal connections and connections to the real world.	3.1 7 E.1 3.1 7 G.1 3.1 7 G.4	Students analyze a quote that is from the text and/or related to a theme of the text and write a response  Students complete journal entries that focus on their connections	Quote response  Journal entries	Quotes  Novels- See Appendix for titles  Audio recording of texts		
		Students respond to literature in a variety of forms  Students participate in class discussions and Socratic Seminar	Responses			

		Grade 7- Novels-		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Evaluate a text to gain an understanding of a variety of cultures.	3.1 7 H.2 3.1 7 H.4 3.1 & G.4	Students review of non-fiction articles about the authors or cultural aspects that coordinate with novel of choice  Students compare information in articles with that presented in novel – How does author use cultural elements? To what effect?- Complete graphic organizer and/or response  View video scenes from the novel and compare to the text	Graphic organizer and/or Responses	Various non-fiction articles  Video scenes (as available)
Assess a text to develop an understanding of how a writer's style affects the reader's experience.	3.1 7G.5 3.1 7 G.14	Mini-lessons on appropriate figurative language- Specific figurative language depends on novel of choice	Teacher-created assignments and projects	McDougal-Littell- Teacher Resources and Reader's Handbook
Evaluate how the author used literary elements to create an effect on the reader	3.1 7 G.6 3.1 7 G.7 3.1 7 G.9 3.1 7 G.12	Mini-lessons on literary elements and the effects on the reader- characters, setting, plot, theme, mood, etc.  Students participate in Socratic Seminar to discuss elements of novel		Latitudes and other novel- specific teacher resource books for novels

Grade 7- Novels-				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Interpret ideas in text through writing, discussion, and enactment	3.1 7 G.15 3.2 7 D.3	Point-Of View Writing- students write from a character's point of view to express feelings, perspective, etc. and/or take a different perspective on a scene of the novel	Writing piece	Teacher-Created materials for Point of View writing McDougal Littell- Teacher resources
		Students participate in whole class discussions or literature circles		Write Source

**Unit Assessment:** 

Point of View Writing

**Grade 7 Unit: Non-Fiction Reading and Writing Theme: Overcoming Personal Challenges** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do different people tackle personal challenges?

**Topical Essential Question(s):** How is non-fiction different from fiction?

How does a person's personality and traits help them overcome a personal challenge?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Characters have personal challenges that the reader may connect to.

Words powerfully affect meaning.

Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to self, text to world) to

make text personally useful and relevant.

	Grade 7- Non-Fiction Reading and Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources	
Understandings (Objectives)	Indicators		Assessments		
Students will know and be					
able to:				*Skills and Strategies to help while reading Non-	
Analyze non-fiction writing	3.1 7 A.1	Students read texts from McDougall-	Students' written	Fiction (McDougal pgs.82-	
and its purpose	3.1 7 A.2	Littell and analyze organization,	and oral analyses of	86	
	3.1 7 E.1	author's style, elements, etc.	text	McDougal-Littell-	
Analyze organizational	3.1 7 E.2			REQUIRED READINGS	
structure of non-fiction writing	3.2 7 D.8	Students explain the purpose of non-		*Exploring the Titanic (p.	
		fiction articles		658)-Skill focus: fact/	
				opinion, opinion supported	
		Students complete focused journal	Journal entries	by detail.	
		entries on nonfiction		*from Immigrant Kids (p.	
	3.4 7 A.1			223)-Skill focus: main	
	3.4 7 A.5	Listen to audio recordings of stories		ideas and supporting detail	
	3.4 7 B.2				
	3.4 7 B.3				
	3.4 7 B.6				

	G	Frade 7- Non-Fiction Reading and Writin	ng	
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Identify and examine the use of a variety of literary element, nonfiction and stylistic foci (characterization, setting, plot, theme, nonfiction elements, fact opinion, figurative language) in several stories	3.1 7 F.1 3.1 7 F.3 3.1 7 G.2 3.17 G.11 3.1 & G.17 3.1 7 D.4 3.1 7F.4 3.5 7 A.2 3.5 7 B.5	Teacher mini lessons on specific skills and foci- characterization, fact/opinion, detail, main ideas, figurative language, etc.  Students complete activities on texts such as diary entries, narratives, letters, etc.  View Titanic from Performance in Literature (McDougal) and compare to text	Student work  Students' oral comparisons	from Growing Up (p. 621)-skill focus:exaggeration, understatement, and sarcasm  * Homeless (p. 102)-skill focus:details and their purpose, first person point of view  McDougal-Littell audio recordings of stories  Other Suggested Non-Fiction Pieces from  McDougal-Littell  *Eleanor Roosevelt (p. 87)  *from Knots in My Yo-Yo String (p. 573)  *The Noble Experiment (p. 287)  *Teacher Created Rubrics

Grade 7- Non-Fiction Reading and Writing					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Analyze and examine characterization and its affect on a character's actions	3.1 7 G.6 3.1 7 G.7 3.1 7 G.8 3.1 7 G.10 3.1 7 G.11 3.1 7 G.13 3.1 7 G.14 3.1 7 H.1 3.1 7 H.2 3.2 7 D.9	Mini lessons on character's and actions  Students complete focused journal entries and activities  Students complete open-ended responses about texts	Journal entries  Open-Ended Responses	NJASK-Open-Ended Response rubric	
Apply their understanding of personal narrative writing while coordinating the idea of a personal challenge	3.2 7 B.1 3.2 7 D.2 3.2 7 D.4 3.2 7 D.5	Using texts from McDougal, mini lessons on how authors incorporated the idea of personal challenge into their writing		McDougal-Littell pg. R45- R46 and pg. 178 *Teacher Created Rubrics	
Engage in the writing process to produce a personal narrative	3.2 7 A.3 3.2 7 B.4 3.2 7 D.1 3.2 7 D.2 3.2 7 D.13 3.2 7 C.1 3.2 7 C.2 3.2 7 C.4 3.27 C.5 3.2 7 C.6 3.2 7 C.7 3.2 7 D.15 3.2 7 D.14 3.2 7 A.7	Students generate ideas for writing from responses to reading and other experiences  Students use organizer to plan personal narrative  Students draft personal narrative  Mini lessons on specific revision needs-characteristics of personal narrative, word choice, sentence structure  Students engage in peer and teacher	Completed organizer  Feedback from	Write Source pgs. 93-113, 97-134, 135-142, and pg. 555 *6+1 Traits Of Writing-Culham  Organizers Revision and Editing Checklists	

Grade 7- Non-Fiction Reading and Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
		conferences to revise and edit pieces	conferences	
				Teacher-made rubric or
	3.3 7 A.6	Students use rubrics to provide	Rubric scores and	NJASK Writing Rubric
	3.3 7 B.2	feedback to peers	feedback	
	3.3 7 C.3			
	3.3 7 D.7	Students use rubrics to assess piece		
	3.3 7 D.8			
	3.4 7 A.5			
	3.4 7 B.2			
	3.4 7 B.3			

#### **Unit Assessment:**

- Personal Narrative

**Grade 7 Unit: Research and Inquiry** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): Why conduct research?

**Topical Essential Question(s): What is plagiarism and how can it be avoided?** 

How can research be used to enhance writing?

How is reading for research different from other purposes for reading?

How can research be utilized to construct a writing piece or other presentation?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Research writing requires the writer to cite sources of information correctly in text and on a works cited

page.

Research writing requires the writer to evaluate the credibility of sources and incorporate the information

into the piece.

Researchers gather and critique information from different sources for different purposes.

	Grade 7- Research and Inquiry				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Students will know and be able to:					
Successfully construct a well - written paper or other presentation incorporating research.	3.1 7 G.2 3.1 7 G.3 3.1 7 G.8 3.1 7 G.14 3.1 7 H.1	Mini Lessons on aspects of research- evaluating sources, summarizing, main idea and details, essential information, narrowing a topic	Summaries, students' responses	Teacher-created assignments  Materials related to topics	
	3.1 7H.4 3.5 7 C.3	Small research based writing activities prior to the larger research paper Instruction on note-taking strategies	Students' notes	McDougal-Littell- Research and Technology Handbook- ps. R110-R119 Write Source- ps. 381-415	

		Grade 7- Research and Inquiry		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Apply the correct MLA format to their writing.  Examine a works cited page and correctly identify pertinent information.	3.2 7 C.1 3.2 7 C.7	Mini lessons on choosing sources and using databases, how to use hyperlinks to locate information (media specialist)  Mini lessons on in-text citations  Mini lessons on construction of works cited page  Discussion of plagiarism- What is it?  How to avoid it	Student's work with citations	Library-Media Specialist lessons  Databases from school library selected by media specialists  Teacher-created materials on citations and plagiarism
Analyze sources for credibility and usefulness.	3.2 7 D.6 3.1 7 A.2 3.1 7 E.2 3.1 7 H.4 3.5 7 A.1 3.5 7 B.2 3.5 7 B.4 3.5 7 C.1	Review sources- electronic and print- who is the author, how credible is this author  Utilize rubric to evaluate sources for credibility and usefulness		Rubric/Checklist to evaluate sources  McDougal-Littell- Reading for Information-ps. S10- S23
Apply their understanding of research into a research piece	3.2 7 A.3 3.2 7 B.1 3.2 7 B.3	Students choose a topic and use strategies that were taught to gather materials, take notes, etc.	Drafts of piece	

Grade 7- Research and Inquiry					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Engage in the writing process to produce a personal narrative 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3	3.2 7 A.3 3.2 7 A.5 3.2 7 A.6 3.2 7 B.3 3.2 7 D.1 3.2 7 D.2 3.2 7 C.1 3.2 7 C.2 3.2 7 C.4 3.2 7 C.5 3.2 7 C.6 3.2 7 C.7 3.2 7 C.7 3.2 7 C.7 3.2 7 A.7	Students generate ideas for writing from topics of their interest, reading topics, content-area topics, and other experiences  Students use organizer to plan a research piece  Students draft research piece  Mini lessons on specific revision needs-Main ideas and support, variety of resources, in-text citations, transitions, organization of piece and data, works cited page  Students engage in peer and teacher conferences to revise and edit pieces  Students use rubrics to provide feedback to peers  Students use rubrics to assess piece	Feedback from conferences Rubric scores and feedback	Checklists for revision and editing  Teacher-created or other rubrics  Student portfolios	

#### **Unit Assessment:**

- Research Piece- May be a Content Area Piece

**Grade 7 Unit: Literature Study/Literature Circles** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How can discussion of literature enhance and expand my perspective and understanding of

literature?

What additional perspectives can I gain through discussion of literature?

Topical Essential Question(s): How can my responses to literature enhance my understanding and those of the group?

What do good readers do to understand text? How do readers construct meaning from text?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections to make text personally relevant and

useful.

Discussion of literature can enhance understanding and comprehension.

	Grade 7- Literature Study/Literature Circles				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
(Objectives)	mulcators		Assessments		
Students will know and be able to:  Choose appropriate books using text level and interest	3.1 7A.1 3.1 7 E.2	Teacher introduces and "book talks" a variety of books Students preview books and choose 2-3 they want to read	Teacher observes students' behaviors as they choose books	Various books for the grade level- See Appendix for specific titles	
Read appropriate texts with fluency and comprehension  Make connections and predictions as they read	3.1 7 D.1 3.1 7 D.2 3.1 7 D.3 3.1 7 D.4 3.1 7 E.1 3.1 7 G.7	Students are grouped according to their choice of book title  Students plan their reading assignments	Connections	McDougal- Littell resources  Planning Sheets/Record keeping sheets for Literature circles	

	G	rade 7- Literature Study/Literature Circ	les	
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Compare, infer, synthesize and make connections to make text personally relevant and useful	3.1 7 G. 8 3.17 G.9	Students read independently and discuss the text in the groups	Rubrics for student/teachers to assess discussion	QAR Sheets
Compare and analyze several authors' perspective on theme, literary elements  Read critically to analyze text elements	3.1 7 G.7 3.1 7 G.5 3.1 7 G.14 3.1 7 G.2 3.1 7 G.4 3.1 7 G.5 3.1 7. G.6 3.1 7 G.7	Student assignments for the reading may include the following: Discussion Questions/QAR's Story Maps/Graphic Organizers  Journal Responses Student-generated questions	Completed organizers and assignments	Literature Circle Role Sheets Harvey Daniels- Voice and Choice in Student- Centered Literature Circles Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6-
Interpret text through journals, writing, discussion and enactment	3.1 7G.8 3.1 7 G.9 3.1 7 G.15	Responses to open-ended questions Discussion Roles- Artful artist, discussion director, word wizard, etc. Optional- Students create final projects Students identify unfamiliar words and use context to define	Journal Responses  Open-ended responses	Chapter 14- Theory for teacher Chapter 15- Ways to set-up and evaluate literature groups Rubric for Journal Responses Teacher-Created or NJASK 4 Point Rubric for Open-Ended Responses
Develop vocabulary through context	3.1 7 F.1 3.1 7 F.2 3.1 7 F.3 3.1 7 F. 5 3.2 7 D.3		Vocabulary quiz	

Grade 7- Literature Study/Literature Circles				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Actively and appropriately participate in small group discussions  Listen and speak in small group appropriately	3.3 7A.1 3.3 7 A.2 3.3 7 A.4 3.3.7A.6 3.3. 7 B.1 3.3 7 B.2	Students discuss the texts using roles, questions, etc.  Students respond appropriately to each other in discussion	Rubric for evaluating group participation and function	Teacher/Student Created Rubric
Evaluate the effectiveness of the group	3.3. 7 B.3 3.3 7C.1 3.3. 7 C.2 3.3 7 D.1 3.3 7 D. 4 3.3 7 D.7	Students self-evaluate the group's work and feedback to each other	Students' Self- Evaluations	Teacher and/or Student- Created Rubric
Respond appropriately and provide feedback to group members	3.4 7 A.1 3.4 7 A.2 3.4 7 A.3 3.4 7 A.5 3.4 7 B.1 3.4 7 B.2 3.4 7 B.3 3.4 7 B.5 3.4 7 B.6	Students give appropriate feedback to each other and are able to respond to text and other group members appropriately  Groups have a discussion of the text	Students' responses and feedback	

**Unit Assessment:** 

Open-Ended Responses

Grade 7 Unit: Short Stories (Fiction)- Reading and Writing- "Learning From Experience"

Overarching Essential Question(s): How can each experience in life help us learn/discover something new?

Topical Essential Question(s): How is a short story similar to and different from a novel?

What are the elements of an effective short story? How can I apply these elements to my writing?

What does the character(s) learn from their experiences in the story?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Authors use irony to achieve a specific effect on the reader.

Learning from experience is part of the human condition that short stories provide.

Authors deliberately use specific story elements to affect the reader.

	Grade 7- Short Stories				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources	
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments		
(Objectives)					
Students will know and be					
able to:					
Analyze elements of a short story and their effect on the reader	3.1 7 G.4 3.1 7 G.5 3.1 7 G.6 3.1 7 G.7 3.1 7 G.9 3.1 7 G.12	Mini lessons on types of irony-verbal, visual, written- Students identify irony in print and electronic sources  Students can create original cartoons (displaying irony-situational, dramatic, verbal)  Group activities (created by teacher)-such as: cooperative learning, simultaneous roundtable, group writes, etc.	Student Cartoons	McDougal-Littell Stories-See Appendix  Cartoons that depict Irony  Teacher-created activities	

		Grade 7- Short Stories		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		Teacher and student creation of questions (pertaining to individual stories) utilizing students' knowledge of QAR Story maps to identify main components of the story Students complete journal responses on stories	Questions and responses  Completed Story Maps  Journal Responses	Story Maps  Founts & Pinnell –  Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch.15, 16, 17
Make connections to characters and/or the experiences they encounter in the plot of each story.	3.1 7 G.10 3.1 7 G.15 3.1 7 H .5	Students participate in Literature Circles-can homogeneously group students to make differentiation successful  Students participate in Socratic Seminar Students respond to Open- Ended Questions literal and interpretative questions Students complete Teacher-created assignments, activities, projects	Assessment of Literature Circles  Open-Ended Responses	Voice and Choice in Student-Centered Literature Circles- Harvey Daniels  NJASK Open-Ended Response Rubric or teacher-created rubric  Teacher-Created Rubrics
			Story quizzes/tests	McDougal-Littell- Unit and Teacher Resources

	Grade 7- Short Stories				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources	
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments		
(Objectives)					
Analyze video version of short	3.5 7 A.1	Students view "Thank You, M'am"			
story	3.5 7 A.2	from Performances in Literature-			
	3.5 7 C.1	McDougal-Littell		McDougal-Littell- "Thank	
	3.5 7 C.2			You M'am"- P. 29	
		Students respond to the effect of the	Student Response		
Compare and contrast effect of	3.5 7 A.4	video and compare to story for its	_	McDougal-Littell-	
short story when read and		depiction of story elements and effect		Performances in Literature	
when viewed		on the reader		and teacher resources	
Extend vocabulary through use	3.1 7 F.1	Students define words in context			
of context and literal and	3.1 7 F.2	Teachers and students identify words to	Vocabulary quizzes		
figurative meanings of words	3.1 7 F.3	know			
	3.1 7 F.4				
	3.1 7 C.4				
Writing					
Compose a short story while	3.27 A.1	Students discuss how the authors of the		6+ 1 Traits of Writing-	
incorporating the elements of	3.2 7 B.2	stories they read used the story elements		Culham	
an effective short story.	3.2 7 D.4				
	3.2 7 D.5				

	Grade 7- Short Stories				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Engage in the writing process to produce a short story	3.2 7 A.3 3.2 7 B.4 3.2 7 D.1 3.2 7 D.2 3.2 7 D.13 3.2 7 C.1 3.2 7 C.2 3.2 7 C.4 3.2 7 C.5 3.2 7 C.6 3.2 7 C.7 3.2 7 D.15 3.2 7 D.15 3.2 7 D.14 3.2 7 A.7 3.3 7 A.6 3.3 7 B.2 3.3 7 C.3 3.3 7 D.7 3.3 7 D.8 3.4 7 A.5 3.4 7 B.2 3.4 7 B.3	Students generate ideas for writing from responses to reading and other experiences  Students use organizer to plan short story  Students draft short story  Mini lessons on specific revision needs-characteristics of short story,- story elements with focus on an element, lead and conclusion, creating suspense, mood, etc., details  Students engage in peer and teacher conferences to revise and edit pieces  Students use rubrics to provide feedback to peers  Students use rubrics to assess piece	Feedback from conferences Rubric scores and feedback Final Short Story	Write Source pgs. 343-352 McDougal-Littell- p.506 Revision and Editing Checklists Teacher-made rubric	

#### **Unit Assessment:**

- Students' Short Stories

**Grade 7 Unit: Poetry** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): What's the purpose of different types of poems?

Topical Essential Question(s): What is the underlying message of different types of poems?

How do authors use figurative language to achieve a desired effect on the reader?

Understandings (Big Ideas): The analysis of poetry (theme, tone, etc.) and figurative language can help a reader better understand a poem.

Poetry is a form of expression.

	Grade 7- Poetry					
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources		
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments			
(Objectives)						
Students will know and be						
able to:						
Analyze a variety of poetic forms (Sonnets, Ode, Narrative Poems, Free Verse, Extended Metaphor Poem, etc.)	3.1 7 D.1 3.1 7 F.4 3.17 G.4 3.1 7 G.5 3.1 7 G.9 3.4 7 A.1 3.4 7 A.2 3.4 7 B.2 3.4 7 B.3 3.4 7 B.6	Students listen to and read a variety of poetry  Students listen to audio recordings of poems (McDougl-Littell)  Students view "Casey at the Bat" and discuss the elements  Teacher mini lessons on elements of Poetry- theme, mood, tone, rhyme scheme, line breaks, etc.	Teacher-created quizzes	Write Source – ps. 232-238  Read Magazine  McDougal-Littell- Performance in Literature- "Casey at the Bat"  McDougal-Littell- Audio Recordings of Poems		

		Grade 7- Poetry		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		Students participate in literature circles to discuss poetry. Utilize the McDougall reference sections to homogenously group students (high, medium, low). Each group can read poems appropriate to their level	Responses in literature circles	Selected Poems- See Appendix McDougal-Littell- ps. 238- 242
		Paired activities-writings, discussions, response to questions, etc. Students write journal responses and respond to Open-Ended Questions Students complete teacher-created assignments and projects	Journal responses and responses to open-ended questions	
Examine figurative language in poetry and its effect on the writing (Alliteration, Imagery, Personification, Metaphors, Similes)	3.1 7 G.11 3.1 7 G. 13 3.1 7 G. 15 3.1 7 G.17	Teacher mini lessons on elements of figurative language  Students analyze poems, identify the figurative language, and discuss how the figurative language affects the reader and enhances the meaning of the poem  Teacher models and students use TPCASTT to analyze poetry  Students participate in Socratic Seminar	Small group discussions	Write Source- ps. 323-328  McDougal-Littell – ps. 238-242  Selected Poems- See Appendix  TPCASTT Sheet  Read Magazine

		Grade 7- Poetry		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		Term List- Students can maintain a general list of terms that will aid them as they go through the unit. Some terms that can be used are: poetry, alliteration, metaphor, simile, narrative poem, ode, etc.  Specific teacher-created activities for specific poems	Quizzes	
Apply their understanding of various types of poems in written form	3.2 7 B.1 3.2 7 D.2 3.2 7 D.4 3.2 7 D.13	Students discuss how the authors of the poems they read used elements effectively in the poems	Discussions	6+ 1 Traits of Writing- Culham
Engage in the writing process to produce a poem	3.2 7 A.3 3.2 7 B.4 3.2 7 D.1 3.2 7 D.2 3.2 7 D.13 3.2 7 C.1 3.2 7 C.2 3.2 7 C.4 3.27 C.5 3.2 7 C.6 3.2 7 C.7 3.2 7 D.15 3.2 7 D.14 3.2 7 A.7	Students generate ideas for writing from responses to reading and other experiences  Students use organizer to plan poetry  Students draft poems  Mini lessons on specific revision needs-characteristics poetry, word choice, figurative language, line breaks	Completed Organizers Drafts of poems Revisions to poems	Write Source pgs. 353 McDougal-Littell- Teacher resources Revision and Editing Checklists Teacher-made rubric

	Grade 7- Poetry				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
	3.3 7 A.6 3.3 7 B.2 3.3 7 C.3 3.3 7 D.7 3.3 7 D.8 3.4 7 A.5 3.4 7 B.2 3.4 7 B.3	Students engage in peer and teacher conferences to revise and edit pieces Students use rubrics to provide feedback to peers  Students use rubrics to assess piece	Feedback to peers  Rubric assessments		

**Unit Assessment:** 

Students' Poetry

Grade 7 Unit: Grammar, Mechanics, and Usage \*See Grammar Scope and Sequence \*

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do the rules of language affect communication?

Topical Essential Question(s): Why are grammar, mechanics, and usage essential for effective writing?

How does punctuation affect the fluency of my writing?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Rules, conventions of language help readers understand what is being communicated.

Grade 7- Grammar, Mechanics, and Usage					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Students will be able to:					
Identify and apply correct punctuation, mechanics, capitalization and grammar	3.2 7 C.1 3.2 7 C.2 3.2 7 C.3 3.2 7 C.4 3.2 7 C.5 3.2 7 C.6 3.2 7 C.7	Students participate in editing activities such as peer editing, handouts, and checklists Review of samples with correct usage Students create sentences that apply of grammar skills taught Students reread journal entries and apply editing skill	Students' Writing Quizzes	Write Source -Daily Language Workouts Write Source Handbook McDougall-Littell - Grammar, Mechanics, and Usage Handbook See- Grammar/Mechanic Scope and Sequence	

	(	Grade 7- Grammar, Mechanics, and Usag	ge	
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Recognize and utilize a variety of sentence types	3.2 7 C.3 3.2 7 C.4	Students read a variety of text models and explain how the authors used sentence variety and structure to affect the reader  Students revise their own work for sentence variety and structure	Students' Writing	Write Source Handbook 6+1 Traits of Writing- Culham
	3.2 7 A.6 3.2 7 A.7 3.2 7 D. 15	Students review peer's work for sentence variety and structure and provide feedback to writer	Students' feedback to peers	
Make decisions about the precise use of language (parts of speech and word choice) and justify the choices made	3.2 7 B.1 3.2 7 D.2 3.2 7 D.13 3.2 7 D.15 3.1 7 G.13 3.1 7 G.17	Students read a variety of text models and explain how the authors used word choice to affect the reader  Students find examples of precise use of language in literature and explain the effect on the reader  Students revise their own work for word choice  Students review peer's work for word choice and provide feedback to writer	Students' Writing	6+1 Traits of Writing-Culham  Models of text with precise language  Revision checklists  Write Source and Resources for Write Source  McDougal-Littell- Teacher and unit resources

Grade 7 Unit: Independent Reading- "Reading for Personal Enjoyment"
\*Students will be required to read at least "4" books of their CHOICE per year in addition to in-class novels\*

Overarching Essential Question(s): How does reading strategically and critically help me discover personal and shared meaning throughout my life?

**Topical Essential Question(s): How can reading be enjoyable to me?** 

How can I apply the skills I've learned about reading and writing to a novel of my choice?

Understandings (Big Ideas): The ability to read text requires comprehension, independence and fluency.

Strategic readers apply strategies they have learned to their independent reading so they can better

understand text.

Words powerfully affect meaning.

Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to self, text to world) to

make text personally useful and relevant.

Reading many kinds of texts helps the reader develop an appreciation for reading.

Grade 7- Independent Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Students will know and be				
able to:				
Examine a variety of texts and make an appropriate choice	3.1 7 E.2 3.1 7 G.1 3.1 7 G.4 3.1 7 A. 1	Teacher models how to choose a book- media specialist also models how to use electronic resources to find text  Students use book jacket information, prior genre knowledge, and knowledge of author to choose a book  Students preview a few pages of the	Students are able to choose appropriate books independently	Media Center Resources  Various texts-Print and electronic  Fountas & Pinnell – Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch. 7,8,10
		book to determine its appropriateness		,,,,,,,

Grade 7- Independent Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		Teacher models when to abandon a book Students apply similar choice strategies to electronic sources		
Read a variety of texts with comprehension and fluency	3.1 7 E.1 3.1 7 E.2	Students read silently for sustained amount of time  Students participate in read aloud activities	Students read for increasingly longer periods of time	Variety of texts- See Appendix for ideas
Apply self-correcting strategies automatically to enhance comprehension	3.1 7 E.3 3.1 7 E.4	Playwriting-Turn scene into skits/short plays  Teacher models use of self-correcting strategies  Students use self-correcting strategies to aid comprehension-Post –it, bookmarks, journal entries	Students can explain self-correcting strategy used and its reason for use Students bookmarks, journals, etc.	McDougal-Littell- Teachers' resources & Reading Toolkit

	Grade 7- Independent Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Examine a text of choice for various purposes (i.e. identification of theme, characterization, plot elements, setting etc.).	3.1 7 G.5 3.1 7 G.6 3.1 7 G.7 3.1 7 G.8 3.1 7 G.9 3.1 7 G.10 3.1 7 G.15 3.3 7 A.6 3.3 7 A.7 3.3 7 C.3 3.3 7 D.3 3.3 7 D.5 3.4 7 A.3 3.4 7 B.3 3.4 7 B.4 3.5 7 C.3	Students participate in literature circles and/or Socratic Seminars  Students respond to text in response journals, through open-ended questions, point of view writing, visual presentations, and multi-media presentations  Students may orally present book information	Presentations, projects, quizzes	NJASK 4 Point Rubric  Teacher-created assignments and rubrics  Write Source- Pgs. 283-336, 411  McDougal-Littell-p.874	
Extend and develop vocabulary	3.1 7F.1 3.1 7 F.2 3.1 7 F.4	Students track vocabulary from book as personal words	Vocabulary use	Dictionary, thesaurus, and electronic resources	

#### **Assessments:**

- Culminating Projects for Independent Books

#### **Grade 7 Test Genre Integration**

The Language Arts Curriculum provides a rigorous curriculum that incorporates the test genre. The skills and strategies in the unit are integrated into the curriculum throughout the year.

Overarching Essential Question(s): How is the reading and writing I do on standardized and state test similar to and different from the writing I do in class?

Topical Essential Question(s): How is writing for a standardized test different than writing for classroom assignments?

How do I incorporate connections and text evidence successfully in my writing? How will my reading and writing competency be assessed on a standardized test?

Understandings (Big Ideas): The questions asked on a standardized test require similar skills of the students, but they need to exhibit

them in different ways.

There are specific strategies for reading and writing successfully on a standardized test.

Grade 7- Test Genre Integration				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Students will be able to:				
				NJ ASK- Writing Rubric
Successfully compose a		Whole class write-to practice and model		(Holistic Rubric)- 6 Point
written response to select	3.2 7 A.2	how to respond to writing tasks		rubric
writing prompts.	3.2 7 A.5	Review of strategies for effective		
	3.2 7 A.7	writing of specific genres such as		NJASK Coach book
	3.2 7 B.1	persuasive and personal narrative and		
	3.2 7 B.4	how these can be transferred to "test		NJ Assessment of Skills
	3.2 7 C.1	writing"		and Knowledge-Writing
	3.2 7 C.2	Students review the NJASK Writing		Handbook
	3.2 7 C.5	Rubric and analyze sample papers at		
	3.2 7 C.6			Explore books (Special
	3.2 7 C.5		Students' analysis of	Education)
	3.2 7 C.8		papers- Written or	
	3.2 7 C.9		oral	Write Source-ps. 152-154,

		Grade 7- Test Genre Integration		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
	3.2 7 C.10 3.2 7 C.11 3.2 7 C.12 3.2 7 C.15	each score point  Students score their own writing and that of their peers using the NJASK rubric and provide rationale for score and feedback Written responses to practice prompts Ex. Persuasive, speculative, explanatory, etc. AND any other state required writing for the test Review of the writing process and how to use the process effectively in a timed situation Review of prewriting strategies and their importance in producing cohesive writing	Student's scores and rationale  Students' responses  Prewriting organizers	214-216, 278-280, 336-341, 464-467  McDougal-Littell-Standardized test preparation at the end of each unit  McDougal- Littell-Reading Toolkit  Released State Samples of Writing  Fountas & Pinnell-Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6-Ch. 27
Examine a standardized test text for basic understanding and analysis of writing and reading features	3.1 7 A.1 3.1 7 A.2 3.1 7 C.3 3.1 7 D.3 3.1 7 E.2 3.1 7 G.1 3.1 7 G.2 3.1 7 G.3 3.1 7 G.3	Read a variety of texts for a variety of purposes  Read stories from practice texts and apply strategies for comprehension such as making inferences, predicting, analyzing elements of fiction and nonfiction, etc.  Teacher mini lessons on how to answer	Practice questions	NJASK Coach book  NJ Assessment of Skills  and Knowledge-A Writing  Handbook  Explore Books (Special  education)

Grade 7- Test Genre Integration				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
	3.1 7 G.8 3.1 7 G.9 3.1 7 G.10 3.1 7 G.11 3.1 7 G.15 3.2 7 A.2 3.2 7 A.7 3.2 7 B.4 3.2 7 C.1 3.2 7 C.5 3.2 7 C.6 3.2 7 D.3 3.2 7 D.5 3.2 7 D.9 3.2 7 D.9 3.2 7 D.15	Practice how to answer a multiple choice question- what is it asking, which answers can I eliminate, and which is the best answer  Review the NJASK- 4 Point- Open-Ended Response rubric and analyze samples at each score point  Students score own responses and that of peers using rubric and provide feedback  Discussion of how to incorporate connections in responses	Students' explanation of choices  Students' responses and scores	Write Source pgs. 462-463 McDougal-Littell- Standardized Test Preparation at the end of every unit Released State Samples NJ ASK -Open-ended rubric (4 point) Benchmark Tool such as Learnia Write Source pgs. 464-467 McDougal-Littell- Standardized Test Preparation at the end of every unit McDougal-Littell- Reading Toolkit

#### **Benchmark Assessment:**

- Benchmark Tool such as Learnia Writing Samples-September/October (Summer Reading Assignment- Persuasive Letter) and February (Explanatory)

#### **Grade 7 Readings**

The resources listed are the required and/or choice selections for each unit. Titles may be used as whole class or literature circle choices. Not all of the choice selections may be utilized by all teachers.

#### **Unit-Overcoming Personal Challenges**

#### Required Reading- McDougal-Littell-

"Exploring the Titanic" (p. 658)-skill focus: fact, opinion, opinion supported by detail. from Immigrant Kids (p. 223)-skill focus:main ideas and supporting details from Growing Up (p. 621)-skill focus:exaggeration, understatement, and sarcasm "Homeless" (p. 102)-skill focus:details and their purpose, first person point of view

## **Suggested Non-Fiction Pieces -McDougal-Littell**

"Eleanor Roosevelt" (p. 87) from Knots in My Yo-Yo String (p. 573) "The Noble Experiment" (p. 287)

#### **Unit- Learning From Experience**

## Required Reading- McDougall-Littell

"Seventh Grade" (p. 20)

"Thank You M'am" (p. 29)

"Lazy Peter and His Three Cornered Hat" (p.836)

"War of the Wall" (p. 109)

#### **Suggested Non-Fiction Pieces - McDougal-Littell**

"The People Could Fly" (p. 767)

"No Ordinary Day with Peanuts" (p. 348)

"The Old Grandfather and His Grandson" (p. 597)

"After Twenty Years" (p. 154)

#### \*Other Suggested Titles (outside of McDougall-Littell):

"Charles" - Shirley Jackson

"Good Morning This is the Future!"

### **Unit- Poetry**

#### Required Reading- McDougall-Littell

"Ode to an Artichoke" (p.375)

"Casey at the Bat" (p.299)

"Sarah Cynthia Sylvia Stout" (p.458)

"If I Can Stop One Heart From Breaking" (p.33)

"The World is not a Pleasant Place To Be" (p. 201)

#### \*Other Suggested Titles (outside of McDougall-Littell):

- "Fog"- Carl Sandburg skill focus: extended metaphor
- "The Toaster"- William Jay Smith skill focus: extended metaphor
- "Identity"- Julio Noboa- skill focus: analysis and theme
- 'The Pure Suit of Happiness"- May Swenson- skill focus: analysis and theme

Shakespearean Sonnet 18- skill focus: quatrain, couplet, rhyme scheme, analysis, theme

- "Annabelle Lee"- Edgar Allen Poe -skill focus: narrative poem and its elements
- "The Road Not Taken"-Robert Frost-skill focus: rhyme scheme & theme
- "Stopping By Woods On a Snowy Evening"- Robert Frost
- "Mother to Son"- Langston Hughes-skill focus: analysis and theme

#### **Unit- Tolerance**

#### **Suggested Titles:**

Roll of Thunder, Hear My Cry -Taylor The Pearl -Steinbeck Poison Ivy -Koss Pretty Like Us -Williams Rules -Lord

#### **Unit- Reading for Personal Enjoyment**

#### Some suggested titles for interdisciplinary connections:

Crispin and the Cross of Lead- Avi Midwife's Apprentice-Cushman Matilda Bone-Cushman Midnight Magic-Avi Parsifal's Page-Morris Girl in a Cage-The Seeing Stone-Crossley-Holland

#### **Literature Study- Additional Titles**

Titles from the District Summer Reading List for Grade 7 may also be used as Literature tudy titles.

No Promises in the Wind-Hunt Lisa, Bright and Dark-Neufeld The Master Puppeteer- Patterson

Beowulf-Nye

Cowboys Don't Cry-Halvorson

On My Honor-Bauer

The Adventures of Tom Sawyer- Twain

The Callender Papers- Voight

Dicey's Song-Voight

Building Blocks-Voight

The Goats- Cole

Growing Up-Baker

Crash- Spinelli

Tangerine- Bloor

King of Shadows- Cooper

Waiting for the Rain- Gordon

My Louisiana Sky- Willis Holt

#### **Grade 8 Modifications**

### Modifications for Students with Support and Students with an IEP

- ✓ McDougal-Littell *Interactive Reader Plus with Additional Support* with CD
- ✓ McDougal-Littell- *Bridges to Literature*
- ✓ Framing Your Thoughts Sentence Structure- Special Education
- ✓ Framing Your Thoughts- Applied Writing- Special Education
- ✓ Chunking reading and/or writing
- ✓ Modify test/quizzes: fewer choices, shorter version, allow for oral response, provide a word bank, and extend test taking time
- ✓ Leveled thematic texts
- ✓ Literature circles
- ✓ Provide a copy of notes
- ✓ Push-in special education teachers
- ✓ Independent novels on students' independent reading level
- ✓ Books on CD
- ✓ Graphic organizers while reading
- ✓ Read with breaks for discussion
- ✓ Retellings
- ✓ Cooperative learning structures
- ✓ Peer and teacher conferences
- ✓ Partner activities
- ✓ Masking
- ✓ Flashcards
- ✓ Repeat, clarify, rephrase directions
- ✓ Check frequently for understanding
- ✓ Multisensory techniques
- ✓ Provide assignments ahead of time
- ✓ Break long assignments into shorter tasks
- ✓ Test outside of the room
- ✓ Provide study guides
- ✓ Allow word processor/computer for written assignments
- ✓ Provide a word bank
- ✓ Keep an assignment sheet/planner
- ✓ Modify homework expectations
- ✓ Provide preferential seating
- ✓ Allow students to verbalize before writing
- ✓ Assist with the organization of student materials/notebook
- ✓ Teacher modeling
- ✓ Mini-lessons
- ✓ Scaffolding instruction
- ✓ Teacher read alouds
- ✓ Picture books
- ✓ Readers' Theatre
- ✓ Vocabulary work
- ✓ Teach Fix-It Reading Strategies

- ✓ Provide option to rewrite essays
- ✓ Extended time for Timed Writings

#### Additional Modifications Specifically for ESL Students\*

- ✓ McDougal Littell *Interactive Reader Plus for English Learners* and CD
- ✓ McDougal Littell *Selection Summaries in English*
- ✓ McDougal Littell Spanish Study Guide
- ✓ McDougal Littell *Standards-based Instruction for All Students* English Language Development: Oral Support
- ✓ McDougal Littell lesson plans provide accommodations for ELL students in each lesson
- ✓ Push in Teacher Assistants
- ✓ Summaries/worksheets in Spanish
- ✓ Spanish books: *The Giver (El Dador)*
- ✓ English books at independent reading level (library, support skills)

#### **Modifications for Gifted and Talented Students**

- ✓ Alternate Texts
- ✓ Differentiated Texts
- ✓ District Word Study Program- Challenge Words
- ✓ Alternate Writing Assignments
- ✓ Peer and Teacher Conferencing
- ✓ Cooperative Learning

<sup>\*</sup>Also use appropriate modification where needed from *Modifications for Students with Support* and Students with an IEP

## **Grade 8 Pacing Guide**

**Trimester 1 – Theme: Personal Identity** 

Reading	Writing	Grammar
The Giver (Primarily done in	Personal Narrative	Sentence Types
Trimester 1)	Independent Novel Projects	Subject/Predicate
Independent, Self-Selected	Reader Response Journals	Sentence Combining/Commas
Novels	Open-Ended Questions in	Run-Ons/Fragments
Non-fiction	Response to Literature	Nouns
McDougal-Littell-	Writing Prompts	Prounouns
"Checkouts" & "Block	Research*	Verbs
Party"		Adjectives
		Subject/Verb Agreement
Benchmark Assessment- Ex:		End Punctuation
Learnia		Capitalization
		Quotations
		Word Study

## Trimester 2- Theme: The Triumph of the Human Spirit

Reading	Writing	Grammar
Holocaust Novels (May span	Persuasive Essays	Sentence Combining- Semi-
Trimesters2-3)	Independent Novel Projects	Colons
The Giver	Reader Response Journals	Adjectives
Independent, Self-Selected	Open-Ended Questions in	Adverbs
Novels	Response to Literature	Prepositions
Non-fiction	Writing Prompts	Conjunctions
Exposure to Classic Literature	Research*	Interjections
McDougal-Littell- "The Last		End Punctuation
Seven Months of Anne Frank"		Capitalization
& "The Treasure of Lemon		Transitions
Brown"		
		Word Study
Benchmark Assessment- Ex:		
Learnia		

**Trimester 3- Theme: Rising to the Challenge** 

Reading	Writing	Grammar
Independent, Self-Selected	Promotion Speeches	Sentence Combining- Clauses &
Novels	Independent Novel Projects	Phrases
Holocaust (from Trimester 2)	Reader Response Journals	Sentence Variety- Kinds of
Non-fiction	Open-Ended Questions in	Sentences, Varying Sentence
Exposure to Classic	Response to Literature	Beginnings
Literature	Writing Prompts	Review of Parts of Speech
McDougal-Littell- "Still Me"	Research*	Hyphens
& Speech		Italics/Underlining
		Colons
		Word Study

<sup>\*</sup>Research is done throughout the year to accommodate interdisciplinary connections and resource availability.

Notes: Add More McDougal Pieces- Specific Grammar Skills- See Write Source

**Grade 8 Unit: Reading** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do people use reading to discover personal and shared meaning in their lives?

Topical Essential Question(s): How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning?

How does fluency affect comprehension?

Why do readers need to pay attention to a writer's choice of words? What do readers do when they do not understand everything in a text?

How do readers construct meaning from text?

Why conduct research?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Understanding a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning of the text.

Readers use language structure and content clues to identify the intended meaning of words and phrases as they are used in text.

Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension.

Words powerfully affect meaning.

Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to self, text to world) to make text personally useful and relevant.

Researchers gather and critique information from different sources for specific purposes.

		Grade 8- Reading		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
<b>Before Reading</b>				
Students will know and be able to  Recognize and use organizational structures and text guides to comprehend information such as compare/contrast, cause/effect, chronological order, etc. on increasingly difficult texts	3.1 8A.1 3.1 8E.2	Teacher models and students employ a variety of note taking guides and graphic organizers  Students preview text to determine the organization and text structure	Completed graphic organizers and guides	McDougal Litell –unit resources  Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6 Ch. 19-21  Strategies that Work-Harvey & Goodvis  Content-area texts
Monitor reading and adjust for purpose and to enhance comprehension	3.1 8 E.1 3.1 8 D.2 3.1 8 D.3 3.1 8D 4	Teacher models strategies for determining reading rate and when to adjust	Students adjust reading rate as needed  Students can explain reading rate and purpose for the rate	Variety of genres of texts- short stories, nonfiction, articles, etc.
Set purpose for reading, self- select appropriate reading materials, and adjust text selection accordingly	3.1 8 H.4	Teacher models how to self-select reading materials for a variety of purposes  Students skim the text, use book jacket material, and use Five Finger method to determine appropriateness of text	Students choose appropriate texts	Media Center- Lessons on using databases and evaluating resources  Variety of genres of text

Grade 8- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		Students utilize databases and resources from media center to select resources on a topic  Mini lessons on evaluating text resources and research materials  Students read a few pages of texts to		
Make predictions based on knowledge of author, genre, and/or prior knowledge before reading and adjust them as needed		Students complete writing before reading activity  Students complete K-W-L chart or other organizers  Students pose questions prior to reading  Students brainstorm predictions prior to reading, revise after reading and explain why they revised predictions using text information	Completed writing activities  Completed or Organizers  Predictions and revisions	Reader's Notebooks/response Journals  Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch.20-21
During Reading Students will know and be able to:				
Monitor own comprehension as reading and apply fix-up strategies as needed	3.1 8 E.1 3.1 8 D.3 3.1 8 D.4	Teacher models fix-up strategies through Think Aloud and other strategies  Students participate in discussions, Socratic Seminar, and/or literature circles	Quality of students' oral and written response	Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch. 20-21 Strategies that Work- Harvey & Goodvis

		Grade 8- Reading		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		Students employ strategies such as self- questioning: Does this make sense? What do I need to do to understand this? And apply fix-up strategies as needed  Students employ QAR's as read and discuss text  Students use Post-It strategy to note specific areas of text as they read	Students' self- assess responses in discussion  Double-entry journal and/or students' responses  QAR's and	I Read It, But I Don't Get It- Tovanni-  QAR Sheet
Read critically to analyze literary elements, author's perspective, and how these components influence the texts' messages	3.1 8 G.2 3.1 8 G.4 3.1 8 G. 6	Teacher mini lessons on literary elements  Students complete graphic organizers and story maps on literary elements  Students complete bookmarks as reading  Students complete journal responses, text extensions, and open-ended questions about text elements using text support  Students discuss the elements of text in whole and/or small group discussions	responses  Completed organizers  Completed bookmarks  Journal entries and responses	Organizers- Teacher-made, McDougal-Littell  NJASK 4-Point Rubric Teacher- made rubrics Published rubrics- McDougal Littell

	Grade 8- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Read critically to analyze author's perspective, compare recurring themes or ideas across literary works and genres, and understand author's perspective.	3.1 8 G.3 3.1 8 G.9 3.1 8 G.12 3.1. 8 G.15 3.1 8 H.5	Teacher mini lessons on elements of literature  Students participate in Socratic Seminar, literature circles and/or whole class discussions	Teacher assessment of discussions	Content-Area texts  The Giver and Holocaust	
Analyze work for the ways it reflects the heritage, traditions, beliefs, and attitudes of the author.	3.1 8 H.2	Students read variety of texts on a topic and compare themes, perspective, etcEx: <i>The Giver</i> and Holocaust texts  Students respond to text in a variety of ways  Students read independent texts and respond to them and compare elements  Students make text-to-text, text-to-self, and text-to-world connections as they read	Readers notebooks and other responses Teacher conferences Readers' Response	Texts (See appendix)  Reader Notebook materials  Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch. 2, 16, 17	
Identify and analyze literary elements and techniques such as figurative language, meter, rhetorical, and stylistic features of the text	3.1 8 G.8 3.1 8 G. 11 3.1 8 G.10	Teacher mini lessons on literary and stylistic elements, figurative language, metaphors, etc.  Students use TPCASTT to analyze poetry	Students utilize techniques and language in own writing	TPCASTT	
Differentiate fact and opinion, bias, propaganda, and analyze sources of text for reliability of information	3.1 8 G. 1 3.1 8 H. 2 3.1 8 H. 4	Students read and discuss current events in social studies  Students choose print, electronic and		Current Events – Social Studies Media Center Lessons- Print and electronic	

		Grade 8- Reading		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Read and use everyday text materials and make judgments about the importance of documents	3.1 8 G.14	web resources for research  Students take notes on informational material for reports using GRASP, T-Chart or other note taking strategy  Students employ everyday text and explain importance of use- own schedule, calendars, online directions, game directions, etc.	Students' note taking charts	Sources  GRASP and T Chart  Variety of everyday texts  Write Source-  McDougal Litell- Unit and
After Reading Students will know and be able to: Respond critically to text ideas in a variety of texts using text evidence to support interpretations	3.1 8 G.7 3.2 8 D.3	Students complete and present literature projects and extensions  Student responses- journals, essays, oral discussions  Students complete story maps, organizers, and extensions  Students chose quotation from text and explain how it connects to text, self, or world at large	Completed projects  Completed responses	McDougal Littell resources Readers' Notebooks Independent Novels
Interpret ideas in text through writing, discussion, and enactment	3.1 8 G.13	Students respond to reading in discussion, journals, essays and other reading projects  Students participate in whole class discussion, literature circles, Socratic	Completed projects  Students responses in discussion	

Grade 8- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		seminar, etc.		
Explore the central idea or theme in a variety of types of texts, including informational and write essays and other responses that are clear, state a position, and cite appropriate	3.2 8 D.8 3.2 8 D.9 3.2 8 D.10 3.2 8 D.11	Students complete ASK-like open- ended questions	Students use NJASK rubric, self-assess, assess peers, and provide feedback	NJ ASK- 4 Point Rubric – Appendix  Teacher-created rubrics
text			Teacher feedback and assessment using rubric	
		Students write essays and other writings based on reading and support with evidence from the text	Completed essays/writings	
Vocabulary Students will know and be able to:				Word Study Program
Apply knowledge of spelling rules, pronunciation, word patterns and structural analysis	3.1 8 C.1 3.1 8 C.2 3.1 8 C.3	Teacher mini lessons on specific word analysis skills		Context Clue Chart- Appendix
to define new words	3.1 8 C.4	Students use context clues to define new words	Students definitions of words	
Define new words, clarify definitions using restatement, example, or contrast.	3.1 8 F.1 3.1 8 F.2 3.1 8 F.3 3.1 8 F.4	Teacher mini lessons on specific strategies for defining words and using appropriate print and electronic resources	Students are able to use resources	Print and online- dictionary, thesaurus, etc.
Expand relationships between words using synonym, antonyms, connotations, denotations, figurative and literal meanings, and multiple	3.1 8 F. 5	Students define words using strategies and context in assigned and independent reading	Completed context clue activities	Word Study Program  Assigned and Independent Texts

Grade 8- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
meanings		District Word Study program		
Fluency Students will know and be able to: Read grade-level and increasingly difficult texts with fluency and comprehension	3.1 8 D.1 3.1 8 D.2	Students participate in Reader's Theater and other choral and oral readings  Students read independent novels	Students' oral reading performance	Reader's Theater with Anne Frank play and/or other materials- <i>Read</i> Magazine Independent Novels

#### **Benchmark/Other Assessments:**

- Benchmark Program Ex: Learnia
- Open-Ended Responses
- Book Extensions and Projects
- Independent Novel Assessments

**Grade 8 Unit: Writing** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do people use writing to discover personal and shared meaning in their lives?

How do I write in a clear, concise manner for a variety of purposes and audiences?

**Topical Essential Question(s): How do good writers express themselves?** 

How does process shape the writer's product? How do writers develop a well-written product? How do the rules of language affect communication? Why does a writer choose a particular form of writing?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Good writers develop and refine their ideas for thinking, learning, communicating, and aesthetic

expression.

Good writers use a repertoire of strategies that enable them to vary form and style, in order to write for different purposes, contexts, and audiences.

Conventions of language help readers understand what is being communicated.

A writer selects a form based on audience and purpose.

	Grade 8-Writing					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources		
Prewriting Students will know and be able to:						
Generate ideas for writing, narrow a topic, gather appropriate resources for writing, and choose appropriate organizing strategy for the text.  Consider audience, purpose, genre and form when choosing a strategy for organizing and writing a specific text	3.2 8 A.3 3.2 8 D.1 3.2 8 D.2 3.2 8 D.12 3.2 8 D.12 3.2 8 D.13 3.2 8 A.6	Teacher mini lessons on purpose, genre, generating ideas, narrowing ideas, and strategies for organization  Students utilize a variety of organizers to suit their needs and purpose  Students use writers notebook to generate and explore writing topics  Students listen to and read a variety of mentor texts to learn how authors develop genre characteristics, tone, voice, and other stylistic and literary elements  Students identify specific genre and form, for a specific audience and purpose for assigned and self-selected writing  Verbal activities for prewriting- oral composing, brainstorming, role-playing, discussion, reading, interviews	Completed organizers  Writers notebook entries  Students identify and use specific elements of style and genre in writing  Written piece in specific genre for audience and purpose	McDougal Litell- unit and teacher resources  Organizers- published and teacher-created  Writers notebooks  Fountas & Pinnell – Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch.5-6  Write Source models  Specific writing prompts  Picture books and other mentor texts  Computer software for graphic organizers such as Kidspirarion/Inspiration		

	Grade 8-Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Drafting Students will know and be able to:				W.: C	
Draft writing in a selected genre with appropriate	3.2 8 B.1 3.2 8 D.2	Teacher mini lessons on drafting for specific purposes		Write Source	
structure and voice according to message, purpose, and				Writer's Notebook	
Establish and maintain a focus in a draft	3.2 8 B.1	Students write drafts Students do quickwrites on specific topics	Writer's notebook entries Quickwrites	McDougal Littell- unit and teacher resources- Writing handbook	
Develop writing stamina and draft for a sustained period of time to produce a piece of text	3.2 8 B.1	Students write without stopping to produce a draft  Students engage in the writing process	Sustained piece of writing		
Write effectively in a variety of genres including personal narratives, stories with well-developed literary elements,	3.2 8 A.1 3.2 8 A.2 3.2 8 B.2 3.2 8.D.4	Teacher models strategies to employ for "writer's block"  Students use another author's work to	Students employ	Samples of published	
biographies, memoirs, persuasive pieces and other informational pieces		create an original piece or enhance own writing	author's technique in own writing	works to use as mentor texts	

	Grade 8-Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Write using compositional risks, personal style and voice to engage the audience	3.2 8 D.5 3.2 8 D.13	Teacher shares and students read mentor texts with specific compositional risks (dialogue, literary devices, figurative language, anecdotes)  Students identify the compositional risks and stylistic elements in writing and explain the effect on the reader	Students' writing had stylistic elements and compositional risks	6 +1 Traits of Writing-Culham  Mentor texts  Student models of writing	
Write reports and subject- appropriate nonfiction pieces across the curriculum based on research and including citations, quotations, and a works cited page	3.2 8 B.3 3.2 8 D. 7 3.2 8 D.6	Students write reports and nonfiction pieces in other curriculum areas-Language arts teacher supports as needed  Teacher mini lessons on plagiarism, citing sources, direct and indirect quotations, and works cited	Report/Nonfiction piece	See Research Unit for specific strategies and resources	
		Students write essays and reports and use citations and quotations in the body of the text	Essays/reports		
Write a range of essays and open-ended questions and responses to literature	3.2 8 A. 4 3.2 8 D.3	Teacher models how to answer essay and open-ended responses  Students write essays and open-ended questions on assigned topic  Students respond to literature in response journals and essays	Essays/Open-ended responses Response journals	Content area essays  Open-ended responses in content classes	

		Grade 8-Writing		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Write multi-paragraph pieces with a clear purpose and organization, varied sentence structure, and a clear statement of a position or topic with evidence that supports the position or topic	3.2 8 D.8 3.2 8 D.9 3.2 8 D.10 3.2 8 D.11 3.2 8 D. 12	Teacher provides models of various kinds of writing- persuasive, informational, comparison, etc.  Students analyze a model to determine its organization, the topic, kinds of evidence and the effectiveness of the evidence  Students identify the position or topic, find the evidence to support it, and explain how the author used the evidence in the piece	Student writing and explanation	Models of writing  McDougall-Littell- Writing Handbook, teacher and unit resources  Write Source  Content area writing  Summer Reading Assignment
Write a range of essays including personal, speculative, descriptive or issue-based	3.2 8 B.4	Students respond to specific writing prompts  Students read various models of essays and explain the techniques the author used and their effect on the reader	Student writing	Specific writing prompts- Quotation, persuasive, speculative (NJASK) and other teacher-created prompts
Compose, revise, edit and publish using appropriate software	3.2 8 A.6	Students use word-processing programs to draft text		Word processing program
Revising Students will know and be able to: Revise drafts by rereading for content, organization, usage, sentence structure, mechanics, and word choice	3.2 8 A. 4	Students reread drafts several times, each time focusing on a specific element	Student drafts with revision comments	Write Source Student models
Revise drafts for sentence types, parallelism, and to indicate relationship between	3.2 8 C. 2 3.2 8 C. 3 3.2 8 C.4	Teacher mini lessons – sentence combining techniques, varying sentence openings, using phrases and clauses,		Models of writing  Write Source

		Grade 8-Writing		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
ideas	3.2 8 C.5	transition words  Students revise drafts for specific elements such as sentence combining, transitions, varying sentence openings, etc.  Small group, teacher, and peer conferences and feedback on pieces  Students analyze models of writing for transitions, sentence structure, compositional risks, etc. and explain the effect on the reader	Revised drafts  Students' feedback to peers in conference  Students incorporate elements in writing	Conferencing checklists-Write Source, McDougal-Littell, and teacher-created Fountas & Pinnell-Guiding Readers and writers Grades 3-6 Ch. 5-6
Use relevant scoring rubrics and criteria to improve own work, evaluate own work and evaluate peer's work and provide feedback for improvement	3.2 8 A.5 3.2 8 A.7 3.2 8 D.15	Teacher reviews NJ 6-Point Holistic Writing Rubric or other rubric and shows models of each score point  Students analyze models of each score point and explain how they fit the criteria for that score point  Students use NJ or other rubric to evaluate own and/or peer's work and provide feedback to peers  Students revise writing using feedback from rubric  Students use Praise-Question-Polish,	Students' analysis of writing  Feedback to peers  Drafts of work with revisions	NJ Holistic Writing Rubric- 6 point  Teacher-created checklists and rubrics  Models of writing at each score point on NJ rubric (released samples from state)

Grade 8-Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		checklist or rubric to provide feedback to peers  Teacher and/or peer conferences for revision  Students use software to revise their writing		Word processing software
Editing Students will know and be able to:  Use Standard English conventions in all writing	3.2 8 C.1	Teacher models editing strategies	Edited work	Write Source
Edit for correct grammar , usage, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling	3.2 8 C.6	Mini lessons on grammar, usage and spelling skills as needed  Students read a piece with a focus on pronoun-case agreement, subject-verb agreement, consistency of tense, and make changes as needed  Students utilize an editing checklist with own and peer's work  Students participate in teacher and peer editing conferences  Students use different colored pencils to edit for particular strategies  Students edit published or own pieces	Edited drafts  Students' feedback to peers	Write Source  McDougal-Litell- Grammar and Usage Workbook  NJ Holistic Scoring Rubric  Teacher-Created Rubrics and Checklists  6 + 1 Traits of Writing- Culham

Grade 8-Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		Students choose piece from writer's notebook to edit for specific elements	Edited entry	
Use a variety of reference materials, print and electronic, to edit written work	3.2 8 C.7	Teacher models how to use a variety of reference sources for editing  Students use software and other	Students' use of resources	Dictionary, thesaurus, spell check, MLA website  Software programs
Use appropriate word processing software to edit work	3.2 8 A. 6	references for editing		Software programs
Write legibly in manuscript or cursive to meet district standards	3.2 8 C.8	Students are able to write in cursive or manuscript as needed	Student handwriting	Handwriting Guidelines- Appendix
Post Writing Students will know and be able to:				
Use relevant scoring rubrics and criteria to improve own work, evaluate own work and	3.2 8 A.5 3.2 8 A.7 3.2 8 D.15	Students evaluate final draft using rubric and provide feedback to peers or self-evaluate	Students' comments on final drafts	NJ Holistic Writing Rubric- Appendix
evaluate peer's work and provide feedback for improvement				Teacher-created rubrics  McDougall-Littell materials
Maintain a collection of works	3.2 8 D.14	Students maintain a portfolio and reflect on strengths, needs, and goals as they review their work	Student Portfolios	
Share work with others		Students share work in author's chair, in small groups, as read alouds and in published booklets	Shared draft of work	Student work displays

Grade 8-Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		Teacher creates displays of students' work  Students send writing to various contests, submit to newspapers and other sources		
Respond appropriately to other's work	3.3 8 A.1 3.3 8 A.3 3.3 8 A. 6 3.3 8 B.2 3.3 8 B.3 3.4 8 A.6 3.4 8 B. 2 3.4 8 B. 3 3.4 8 B.5	Teacher models appropriate responses to student work- how to praise or offer critique  Students ask appropriate questions and provide thoughtful feedback to authors		Students' work

#### Benchmark/Other Assessments

- Specific Writing Pieces (See units)
- Benchmark Writing Pieces-
- September- Summer Reading Assignment- (Persuasive Letter)
- February Explanatory Prompt

**Grade 8 Unit: Speaking** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How does being an effective speaker enhance my personal and school experiences?

Topical Essential Question(s): What strategies can I use to speak effectively (eye contact, voice modulation, inflection, tempo,

enunciation)?

How can I determine which strategies to use to effectively communicate a specific purpose to an

audience?

How can I use speaking to clarify and enhance my thoughts?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Speaking and listening provide the foundation to connect with others, develop vocabulary, and learn the

structure of the English language.

Speaking is a form of expressing, transmitting, and exchanging ideas, information and emotions.

Oral language is a tool for communicating thinking and learning.

Grade 8- Speaking				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
<b>Discussion &amp; Questioning</b>				
(Inquiry) and Contributing				
Students will know and be able to: Present ideas in a discussion, both planned and spontaneously, that state a position, support it, acknowledge and respond to other views.	3.3 8 A.1 3.3 8 A.2 3.3 8 A.6	Students engage in whole class discussions.  Students support their discussion ideas using relevant text support and information from the discussion  Students orally retell and summarize texts	Teacher and student assessment of discussion	Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch. 16, 17

Grade 8- Speaking				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		Students listen to each other's work in Author's Chair or small groups and offer appropriate feedback	Students' feedback and comments	
Participate appropriately in a variety of oral situations including class discussions, debates, and small groups.	3.3 8 A.3 3.3 8 A.4 3.3 8 A.5 3.3 8 A.7 3.3 8 B.1 3.3 8 B.2 3.3 8 B.3 3.3 8 B.4	Students participate in whole class discussions  Students participate in Socratic Seminar and literature circles to discuss literature and other texts  Students participate in peer, teacher, and small group writing conferences, respond to others' work, and provide appropriate feedback using rubrics, criteria, responding to questions, or other structures such as Praise-Question-Polish		Socratic Seminar guidelines  Revising and Editing checklists, scoring rubrics, etc.
		Students define roles for small groups through literature circle roles and cooperative learning structures  Students engage in cooperative learning structures to solve problems in a group		Literature circle roles- Harvey Daniels  Cooperative Learning- Spencer Kagan

Grade 8- Speaking				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Word Choice Students will know and be able to:				
Use language in a discussion to effectively convey the intended message to the intended audience	3.3 8 C.1 3.3 8 C.2 3.38 C.4	Students will use text to verbally identify, demonstrate, and expand on an idea or topic through discussion  Students will actively engage their listeners through their tone, inflections, and voice modulation  Students will use correct grammar and sentence structure when speaking for all purposes	Class discussions	Texts for discussion
Oral Presentation Students will know and be able to:				
Effectively deliver a variety of types of presentations to an intended audience using visual aids and speaking techniques	3.3 8 D.1 3.3 8 D. 2 3.3 8 D.3 3.3 8 D.4 3.3 8 D.6	Students will orally present a variety of types of information- book talks, speeches, sharing written work, discussion or a topic or prompt  Students will utilize multi-media in	Students' presentations  Quality of	Book talk, Power Point presentation and other presentation criteria  Rubrics to assess presentations – Teacher – Created or NJ Speaking
Provide relevant feedback to a speaker and incorporate feedback into own presentations	3.3 8 D.5 3.3 8 D.7	Students will engage in proper speaking techniques  Students will use a teacher-created or NJ Speaking Rubric to assess	presentations  Feedback to peers	Rubric Promotion Speech criteria

Grade 8- Speaking				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		presentations and provide feedback to peers  Students will use feedback to revise presentations		
Read aloud with fluency	3.3 8 D.8	Students will engage in Reader's Theater and other read aloud activities	Students' reading	Diary of Anne Frank play- McDougal Littell- Read magazine and other plays Various texts

### **Assessments:**

• Oral Presentation- Book talk, Holocaust project or other project

**Grade 8 Unit: Listening** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How can listening enhance my understanding?

Topical Essential Question(s): How can I actively listen to gain information and understanding?

In what ways can I provide effective feedback to a speaker?

How does my purpose for listening affect my listening behaviors?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Listening is a process of hearing, receiving, constructing meaning, and responding to verbal and

nonverbal messages.

Effective listeners actively restate, interpret, respond to, and evaluate messages. Effective listeners use

these strategies for a variety of listening purposes.

Students use listening to gain understanding and appreciation of language and communication.

Grade 8- Listening					
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources	
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments		
(Objectives)					
Active Listening					
Students will know and be					
able to:				McDougal Littell audio	
Demonstrate active listening in	3.4 8 A.1	Students engage in Socratic Seminars,	Students'	resources	
a variety of situations by	3.4 8 A.2	class discussions, literature circles and	participation in and		
acknowledging the speaker and	3.4 8 A.3	debates	teacher assessment	Online audio resources	
evaluating the message for its	3.4 8 A.4		of discussions		
intended purpose	3.4 8 A.5	Students listen to, analyze messages,		Socratic Seminar	
		and respond to messages from	Students' self-	guidelines	
		classroom discussions, lectures,	assessment of		
		assemblies, and audio sources	discussion	Assemblies	
		Students listen to speeches, teacher/peer			
		reading aloud, audio sources, poetry			
		performed or read aloud, peer writing,			
		class discussions, etc.			

	Grade 8- Listening				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Evaluate a presentation using a rubric, checklist or criteria and provide appropriate feedback.	3.3 8 A. 6	Students use a rubric or checklist to evaluate a presentation and provide the speaker with feedback on items such as purpose, delivery, content, visual aids, body language and facial expressions	Students' feedback to speakers	NJ Speaking Rubric Teacher-Created rubrics and checklists  McDougal-Littell unit and teacher resources	
Listening Comprehension Students will know and be able to:					
Interpret, question, and critique oral presentations	3.4 8 B.1 3.4 8 B.3 3.4 8 B.4 3.4 8 B.5	Students discuss the purpose and intended message of texts- inform, persuade, entertain, etc.  Students listen to texts read aloud  Students ask appropriate questions of the speaker and/or give feedback	Student presentations- book talks, read alouds, Power Point, etc.	Presentation Guidelines- book talks, Power Points, etc.  McDougal Littell resources  Teacher-created rubrics	
		Students participate in discussions, Socratic Seminar, small group discussions	Assessment of discussion- teacher and student self-assessment		
Make inferences based on	3.4 8 B.2 3.4 8 B.6	Students respond orally or in writing to		Variety of texts	
presentations and integrate with other language arts	3.4 8 D.0	a text they have heard (Journal, essay, prompt, etc.)		Writing prompts from text	

**Grade 8 Unit: Viewing and Media Literacy** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How can I become a critical consumer and producer of media?

How can media enhance my life?

Topical Essential Question(s): How do I evaluate the intended message and purpose of the media?

How does the type of media affect the intended message?

What influence does media have on the viewer?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Effective viewing is essential to comprehend and respond to personal interactions, live performance,

visual arts, print and electronic media

A media-literate person is able to evaluate media for credibility and understands how words, images, and

sounds influence the way meanings are conveyed and understood in society.

Students need to view critically to respond to different forms of visual messages.

Grade 8 Viewing and Media Literacy					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Constructing Meaning Students will know and be able to:					
Analyze aspects and elements of print and electronic messages and explain how the medium affects the intended message	3.5 8 A.1 3.5 8 A.2 3.5 8 A.3	Students evaluate a variety of print and electronic texts for literary and other elements and to determine author's purpose and message	Students' responses	Electronic and print materials  McDougall Littell- Art posters and other resources	

		Grade 8 Viewing and Media Literacy		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Visual and Verbal Messages Students will know and be able to:				
Compare, contrast, and evaluate media messages	3.5 8 A.4 3.5 8 B.1 3.5 8 B.2 3.5 8 B.4 3.5 8 B.5	Students compare media version of story and the text  Students evaluate print and media sources for credibility- Ex: Holocaust unit	Compare/contrast pieces	Videos of texts read
Living with Media Students will know and be able to:  Analyze media presentations for content and evaluate their effectiveness	3.5 8 B.3 3.5 8 C.1 3.5 8 C.2	Students view a variety of media and print sources and determine the effect on the reader and the message (Holocaust unit)	Students' responses- journals, essays, reflections	Holocaust materials Websites *Media Specialist- Research unit
Create a presentation using multi-media resources	3.5 8 C.3	Students create a multi-media presentation in response to literature or on a specific topic	Project	*Science or Social Studies projects

### **Assessment:**

• Multi-media Research Presentation (may be in content area)

**Grade 8 Unit: The Giver** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How does the theme of one novel connect to another?

Topical Essential Question(s): How does an author use plot to engage a reader?

How do authors/people manipulate language to create a desired effect (euphemisms)?

Why do authors create ambiguous endings?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Authors use language to create a desired effect

Authors manipulate plot to engage a reader.

Grade 8- The Giver				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Students will understand				
	3.1 8 C.1			
Authors, through the use of	3.1 8 D.1	Mini-lesson on euphemisms		The Giver by Lois Lowry
euphemisms, can manipulate	3.1 8 D.2			
the language to create a desired	3.1 8 D.3	Students identify euphemisms in the	Students'	
effect such as making	3.1 8 D.4	text	identification of	
something cruel sound benign	3.1 8 E.1		euphemisms	
	3.18 F.4			LIFT Resources- <i>The</i>
	3.1 8 G.8			Giver
	3.18 G.11			
				Contemporary Classics
The parts of a plot	3.1 8 G.2	Mini Lessons on plot structure		Resource- The Giver
(introduction, rising action,	3.1 8 G.3			
etc.) are just as important as	3.1 8 G.4	Students complete plot structure activity		Portals to Literature-
other literary elements in	3.1 8 G.6			The Giver
engaging the reader in the	3.1 8 G.7			
story				Perfection Learning
				Teacher Resources

		Grade 8- The Giver		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Authors use ambiguous endings to encourage readers continued involvement in the story	3.1 8 G.4 3.1 8 G.2 3.1 8 G.6	Ambiguous ending activity for the novel	Discussion of ambiguous endings  Comparisons-	Texts may include but are not limited to "Block Party" McDougall Littell "Old Glory" <i>The Giver</i>
Pieces of literature with different literary elements and characters can share a common	3.1 8 G.9 3.1 8 H.5	Mini Lessons on theme and related literary elements	Discussion or Written	"The Forecast" <i>The Giver</i>
theme		Students compare the theme of <i>The Giver</i> with related texts	Students' responses	"The Pedestrian" <i>The Giver</i> "Where I'm From "George
		Reader's responses- focus on theme		Ella Lyon
Students will be able to Write a thesis essay	3.2 8 A.2 3.2 8 A.3 3.2 8 A.4 3.2 8 A.6 3.2 8 A.7 3.2 8 B.1 3.2 8 B.4	Students will use some aspect of <i>The Giver</i> to write a thesis essay – ie: plot, characters, utopian society, theme, etc.  Suggested Activity: Compare other "utopian" culture with the "utopian" culture of <i>The Giver</i>	Drafts of essays	
	3.2 8 D.8 3.2 8 D.9 3.2 8 D.10 3.2 8 D.11 3.2 8 D.12	A utopian society can/cannot exist successfully. Students read articles about various societies and compare to society in <i>The</i>	Completed	Articles on various utopian societies  Graphic Organizers
	3.2 8 D. 13	Giver Students complete graphic organizers to	organizers	

		Grade 8- The Giver		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		Students write a comparison of the societies to support their view of utopia-Students must use 2 societies (one must be <i>The Giver</i> ).	Completed comparisons	Teacher-created rubric for comparisons
Understand sentence construction	3.2 8 C.2 3.2 8 C.3 3.2 8 C.4 3.2 8 C.5 3.2 8 C.6 3.2 8 C.7 3.3 8 C.4	Review nouns/pronouns and verbs  Review subject/verb agreement  Teacher models how to combine sentences using commas for sentence fluency.	Quizzes/Worksheets  Revisions with combined sentences	Write Source pp 500-502  Write Source pp 508-509 pp 126-127  Write Source pp 470-485
Respond to literature in discussions and support views	3.3 8 A.1 3.3 8 A.2 3.3 8 A.3 3.3 8 A.5 3.3 8 A.6 3.3 8 A.7 3.3 8 B.1 3.3 8 B.2 3.3 8 D.4 3.4 8 A.1 3.4 8 A.2 3.4 8 A.3 3.4 8 A.4 3.4 8 A.5 3.4 8 A.6 3.4 8 B.5, B.6	Students participate in whole class and small group discussions about literature  Students respond to each other to extend ideas about literature	Students' participation in discussions	

Grade 8- The Giver				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Critically respond to literature	3.2 8 D.2	Students create a reader's response	Students' responses	NJASK-4 Point Rubric-
	3.2 8 D.3	journal, write open-ended questions,		Open-Ended Responses
	3.2 8 A.7	write double entry journals, answer		and/or Teacher-Created
	3.2 8 B.4	open-ended questions		Rubrics
	3.2 8 D.15			
	3.3 8 A.6			
Use context clues to define	3.1 8 C.2	Locate vocabulary and use context to	Quizzes	Dictionary, thesaurus and
vocabulary	3.1 8 C.3	define words		web-based references
	3.1 8 C.4			
	3.1 8 F.1			
	3.1 8 F.2			
	3.1 8 F.3			
	3.1 8 F.4			
	3.1 8 F.5			

**Unit Assessment:** 

• Thesis Essay

**Grade 8 Unit: Personal Narrative** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do rules of language affect communication?

Why does a writer choose a particular form of writing?

How do good writers express themselves? How does process shape the writer's product? How do writers develop a well written product?

**Topical Essential Question(s): How does author's purpose shape written communication?** 

How does audience shape author's use of form and language?

How does personal narrative as a genre help develop authorial voice?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Authors choose purpose and audience when writing.

Authors choose vocabulary and sentence structure to engage the author.

People write to express themselves.

	Grade 8- Personal Narrative				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Students will be able to				Write Source pp 93-95, 101-106, 138, 139, 35	
Generate ideas for a topic and	3.28.A.3	Teacher models how to set purpose			
plan a piece of writing	3.28.A.2	and determine audience		McDougal Littell pp 174-177	
	3.28.B.1				
	3.28.B.2	Teacher models how to use a graphic	Graphic Organizers		
	3.28.B.4	organizer			
	3.2 8 D.1				
	3.2 8 D.2	Students will plan an essay using a graphic organizer			
Write lead paragraphs that	3.2 8 D.4	Use mentor texts to help students	Various leads	Mentor texts	
engage the reader		write lead paragraphs		Write Source pp 108,109, 140	
		Writing conferences to revise writing		McDougal Littell pp 174-178	

		Grade 8- Personal Narrative		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Draft an essay that tells a personal story and uses a variety of support	3.28.A.4	Model how to elaborate an idea Students draft body of essay	Drafts	Internet resource: www.thisibelieve.com www.thisibelieve.com/educators  Write Source pp 110, 111, 140
Effectively conclude an essay		Use mentor texts to help students conclude writing	Students' conclusions to essays	McDougal Littell pp 174-178  Write Source pp 112, 140  McDougal Littell pp174-178
Revise drafts for clarity, content and organization, and elaboration of ideas	3.2 8 A. 5 3.2 8 A.6 3.2 8 A.7	Teacher mini lessons on specific skills  Students engage in peer and teacher conferences	Conference checklists/feedback sheets Rewritten drafts	
Use a rubric to improve and evaluate own and peer's writing	3.2 8 A.5 3.2 8 A.7 3.28 D.15 3.3 8 A.1 3.4 8 A.1 3.4 8 A.2 3.4 8 A.3 3.4 8 B.3	Use scoring rubric to evaluate their pieces and decide on revisions that need to be made  Students engage in self/peer/teacher conference  Use peer feedback to revise writing	Rubric evaluation sheet Feedback sheet from peers	
Students will understand that:  Voice is the writer speaking through the essay	3.2 8 D.2 3.2 8 D.5 3.2 8 D.12 3.2 8 D.13	Model using voice in writing Revise for voice		Write Source pp 118, 119 6+1 Traits of Writing- Culham pp 100-138

		Grade 8- Personal Narrative		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Sentences contain subjects and predicates and complete sentences help the reader understand the writing	3.2 8 C.1 3.2 8 C.2 3.2 8 C.3	Revise or sentence structure eliminating fragments and run-ons	Draft with revisions for sentence structure	Write Source pp504,505,248, 502  Write Source: Skillbook pp 74-77, 78-82
The use of direct and indirect quotations adds substance to writing	3.2 8 C.4	Practice using direct and indirect quotations for elaboration		Write Source pp 598-601 Write Source: Skillbook pp 25
Interjections help to create voice in writing	3.2 8 D.2 3.2 8 D.5	Revise piece, adding interjections when necessary		Write Source pp 746  Write Source: Skillbook pp 181
Edit drafts for spelling, usage, mechanics, and punctuation	3.2 8 C.1 3.2 8 C.5 3.2 8 C.6 3.2 8 C.7 3.2 8 C.8	Students read piece forward/backward to edit for conventions, mechanics, punctuation, spelling, etc.	Edited draft	
Share writing with audience including adding to a portfolio	3.2 8 D. 15 3.2 8 A. 7	Students engage in Writer's Chair Students add pieces to portfolio	Oral feedback to peers Portfolio	

### **Unit Assessment:**

• Final Personal Narrative

**Grade 8 Unit: Non-Fiction Literature Circles** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How does understanding a text structure help students better understand its meaning? How do readers construct meaning from text?

Topical Essential Question(s): How do students use the elements of non-fiction to understand a memoir?

In what ways are memoirs similar to an different from students' personal narratives?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Students read memoir differently than they read narrative.

Good readers compare, infer, synthesize and make connections to make text personally relevant and useful.

	Grade 8- Non-Fiction Literature Circles					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources		
Students will be able to  Make predictions as they read	3.1 8 E.1	Mini-lesson review on predictions Students to make predictions in Reader Response Journal	Reader Response Journal	Non-Fiction Reader's Response Journal for Literature Circles		
Explain how characters help move the plot forward	3.1 8 G.4 3.1 8 G.5	Make annotated list of important characters		Texts: See Appendix for specific titles		
Visualize the stories they are reading	3.1 8 D. 1 3.1 8D.2 3.1 8 D.3 3.1 8 D.4	Mini lesson on visualization Students choose a descriptive passage To share with group Draw a picture of scene of their choice	Completed scenes	I Read It, But I Don't Get It- Tovani (Teacher resource)		

		<b>Grade 8- Non-Fiction Literature Circles</b>	<b>S</b>	
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Make connections as they read (text to text/text to self/text to world)	31. 8E.1 3.1 8 E.2	Students make connections in Reader Response Journal Various types of entries	Reader Response Journal entries	
Analyze how authors use language for different purposes	3.1 8 E.1 3.1 8E.2 3.1 8 A.1	Reader Response Journal Various types of reader response journal entries		The Teen Centered Book Club: Readers into Headers by Kunzel and Hardesty (Library Resource)
Understand vocabulary in context	3.1 8 C.1 3.1 8 C.2 3.1 8 C.3 3.1 8 C.4 3.1 8 F.1 3.1 8 F.2 3.1 8 F.3 3.1 8 F.4 3.1 8 F.5	Students identify and define words in context either in journal, oral responses, or as role in literature circle	Definitions	Word Wizard role sheet
Good readers compare, infer, synthesize and make connections to make text personally relevant and useful	3.1 8 E. 1 3.1 8 E.2	Reader response journal entries and student discussion reflect their strategies	Reader Response Journals  Open-ended question response	
Analyze and explain how  Events in a plot do more than advance a storyline	3.1 8 G.4	Choose important events and arrange in sequential order		Literature Circles: Voice and Choice in the Student Centered Classroom –
Ask questions as they read	3.1 8 G.4	Reader Response Journal Create 5 questions that might appear on an exam and answer them		Harvey Daniels
Analyze and explain how		Reader Response Journal	Reader response journal rubric or	Reader Response – Fountas and Pinnell –
Setting effects the tone of a book	3.1 8 G.4	Entries focus on specific skills for critical analysis and interpretation of	assessment checklist	Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6 –Ch.

Grade 8- Non-Fiction Literature Circles				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Compare and analyze several authors' perspective on characters, setting, or conflict  Interpret text through journals, writing ,discussion and enactment  Read critically to analyze text elements	3.1 8 G.3 3.1 8 G.1 3.1 8 G.13 3.1 8 G.5 3.1 8 G.9 3.1 8 G.11	text	Quality of reader response entries	Journals- Reader Response Notebooks  Directions for Literature Circles
Actively and appropriately participate in small group discussions  Listen and speak in small group appropriately  Evaluate the effectiveness of the group  Respond appropriately and provide feedback to group members	3.3 8A.1 3.3 8 A.2 3.3 8 A.4 3.3 8 A.6 3.3 8 B.1 3.3 8 B.2 3.3 8 B.4 3.3 8 C.1 3.3 8 C.2 3.3 8 D.1 3.3 8 D.7 3.4 8 A.1 3.4 8 A.2 3.4 8 A.5 3.4 8 B.1	Students discuss the texts using roles, questions, etc.  Students respond appropriately to each other in discussions- Whole class and small groups	Student and teacher- made rubrics to assess group interaction	Rubrics for group interaction  Socratic Seminar in the Block- Checklists for participation

Grade 8- Non-Fiction Literature Circles				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
	3.4 8 B.3 3.4 8 B. 5 3.4 8 B.6			

#### **Assessment:**

• Final Reading Project such as Quilt Squares or Silent Literature Circle

The structures and activities for nonfiction literature circles are the same for literature study with other texts.

**Grade 8 Unit: Persuasive Writing** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How does process shape the writing product?

How can I adjust my writing to match my audience and purpose?

Why does a writer choose a particular form of writing?

Topical Essential Question(s): How can I write so that the reader understand and appreciates my words?

What new skills can I practice to make my writing better?

How can I write an effective lead which will introduce the problem and grab the reader's attention?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Written communication has the power to affect change in the world.

Writers craft text for specific audiences and purposes.

Writers use a repertoire of specific techniques to vary their form and purpose for specific

purposes, audiences and contexts (such as persuasion).

Good writers develop and refine their ideas for thinking, learning, communicating and aesthetic

expression.

Grade 8- Persuasive Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Students will be able to  Recognize persuasive techniques in a variety of persuasive texts	3.1 8 G.1 3.1 8 G.5 3.1 8 G.7 3.5 8 A.1 3.5 8 A.3	Students read models of persuasive texts to recognize ways the author uses words to persuade	Students identify ways authors use persuasion	Variety of persuasive Texts- essays, newspapers, etc.  (Internet Resource) www.nytimes.com/opinion
Open their essay with leads other than an opinion/thesis statement	3.2 8 B.1 3.3 8 C.3	Mini lessons on leads  Students review mentor texts that have a variety of leads		Write Source – transparencies benchmark papers (5-6)

	Grade 8- Persuasive Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Write an effective lead introduces the problem and grabs the reader's attention	3.2 8 A.3 3.2 8 D.1	Mini-lessons on leads		Write Source pp 223-255	
Use various types of support for main ideas (ie – facts, statistics, opinions, etc.)	3.2 8 B.1 3.2 8 B.2 3.2 8 D.2 3.2 8 D.12 3.2 8 A.2	Mini lesson on structure of persuasive Essay Student drafting Student conferencing		6 + 1 Traits of Writing- Culham – pp 92-96	
Organize their thoughts before writing	3.2 8 A.3 3.2 8 B.1 3.2 8 B.2	Students produce a Pro/Con T chart on the subject	Completed T Chart		
Choose appropriate organizing strategy for the piece	3.2 8B.1 3.2 8 D.12	Teacher models and students use additional graphic organizers for later use	Completed Organizers- Student explanation for using organizer	Graphic Organizers	
Write multiple drafts	3.2 8 A. 4 3.2 8 D. 2 3.2 8 B. 4 3.3 8 B.1 3.3 8 B.2	Student drafting Students engage in self/peer/teacher conference	Draft 1 Draft 2	Rubric – NJ Ask 6 Point Writing Rubric and teacher made rubrics	
Support their ideas using reasons, examples, anecdotes, and other forms of support	3.2 8 B.3 3.2 8 D.6	Teacher shows examples of persuasive writing and students identify the support  Students use variety of sources and graphic organizers to support ideas	Essay with various kinds of support		
Use rubric to improve and evaluate own writing and peer's writing	3.2 8 A.5 3.2 8 A. 7 3.28 D.15 3.3 8 A.1 3.4 8 A.1	Use scoring rubric to evaluate their pieces and decide on revisions that need to be made  Students engage in self/peer/teacher	Rubric evaluation sheet Feedback sheet from peers		

		Grade 8- Persuasive Writing		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
	3.4 8 A.2 3.4 8 A.3 3.4 8 B.3	Conference Use peer feed back to revise writing		Peer conference checklists
Use a variety of long and short sentences	3.2 8 C. 2 3.2 8 C.3 3.2 8 C.4	Mini lesson on sentence combining  Revise writing looking for varying sentence lengths	Drafts revised for sentence structure	Write Source pp 249 Write Source pp 496-498
Revise drafts for content and organization	3.2 8 A. 4	Students self-revise and peer revise pieces		
Use standard English conventions in writing	3.2 8 C.1	Students edit pieces for conventions- Use colored pencils to edit for specific features	Edited draft	
Use different forms of transitional devices	3.2 8 C.5	Mini lesson on transitions		<i>Write Source_</i> - pp 299, 236
Recognize and use prepositions	3.2 8 C. 4	Revise writing for appropriate use of prepositions		Write Source pp 494,495, 742,743  Write Source: Skillbook pp 174
Recognize and use conjunctions	3.2 8 C.	Revise writing for appropriate use of conjunctions Use conjunctions and prepositions to aid in modifying sentences		Write Source pp 496-498, 744-747  Write Source: Skillbook pp 175-179
Consistently edit writing for mechanics and usage	3.2 8 C.1 3.2 8 C.6 3.2 8 C.7	Edit writing reading each sentence from bottom up	Editing checklist and draft with editing marks	Write Source: pp 579-581 Write Source: Skillbook pp 3,4

Grade 8- Persuasive Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
	3.2 8 C.8	Edit several time-each time with a specific focus		Write Source: pp 618-627
				<i>Write Source</i> – Skillbook
		Students engage in peer editing		pp 41-46
		conferences and self-edit		
Share pieces with various	3.2 8 D.14	Students add comments about writing	Student portfolios	
audiences including keeping a	3.3 8 A.76	piece when adding to portfolio		
portfolio of pieces	3.4 8A.1			
	3.4 8 A. 2			
	3.4 8 B.3			

#### **Unit Assessment:**

- Persuasive Writing Prompt.
- Persuasive Writing Piece for Portfolio

**Grade 8 Unit: Holocaust** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How can I recognize the many purposes of a piece of writing and how might it act as a springboard for other forms of expression?

Topical Essential Question(s): How could the Holocaust happen? How can I relate what I've read and learned about the Holocaust to My life and the world around me?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Learning about the past helps us to prevent the same mistakes in the future.

Reading multiple texts about the same event affects a person's understanding of said event.

Good readers make connections between themselves, other texts and the world.

Grade 8 Holocaust				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Students will be able to				
Examine works about life in a concentration camp and make inferences and judgments.	3.5.8A.3 3.5.8B.2 3.5.8 B.4	Students read- "The Last Seven Months of Anne Frank"  Activities may include but are not limited to: "Who Was Anne Frank?"  "A Diary from Another World"  "All But My Life"	Anne Frank – (may include but are not limited to) Reading quiz Act One Reading quiz Act Two End of play test Vocabulary test	McDougal Littell pp 515-521  "Who Was Anne Frank?" – McDougal Littell-p.444-446  "A Diary from Another World" – McDougal-Littell p. 528-531

Grade 8 Holocaust				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Evaluate texts to determine effective support.	3.5.8A.3 3.5.8B.2 3.1 8 A.1 3.1 8 G.1 3.18 G.2 3.1 8 G.5 3.1 8 G.6 3.1 8 G.7 3.1 8 G. 12 3.1 8 G. 13 3.1 8 H.1 3.1 8 H.2 3.2 8 H. 5	Students read and compare two texts about the Holocaust  Students use graphic organizer or journal to compare the two texts	Organizers or responses	McDougal Littell pp 528-531
Examine and evaluate primary sources for bias	3.5 8 A.4 3.5 8 B.2 3.5.8B.4 3.5.8C.2 3.5.8C.3 3.4.8B.3 3.1 8 H.2	Students assess primary documents for bias, content and message at literacy stations-		One Survivor Remembers" – Teaching Tolerance: Primary Source Documents
Understand a Holocaust survivor's experience	3.1 8 G.3 3.5 8 A.2 3.5 8 A.3 3.5 8 B.5 3.5 8 C.2	Students watch DVD to gain understanding of life in a concentration camp  Students read passage from <i>All But My Life</i> Students respond to the DVD and passages orally or in writing	Discussion of DVD and reading passage  Students' responses	"One Survivor Remembers" - Teaching Tolerance: DVD of Story of Gerda Weissmann McDougal Littell from All But My Life pp 522- 527  Additional Resources

Grade 8 Holocaust				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
				CD Rom - Anne Frank House: The House with a Story  Video - Biography: Anne Frank  Video - Anne Frank: The Whole Story (Ben Kingsley)  Related readings in The Diary of Anne Frank  Latitudes: The Diary of Anne Frank Perfection Learning  Tunes for Bears to Dance To- Robert Cormier
Connect various artistic and literary genres which share the same theme  Compare and analyze various genres on a similar themes	3.5 8 A.1 3.5 8 A.2 3.5 8 A.3 3.5 8 B.4 3.5 8 B.5 3.1 8 G.2 3.1 8 G.5 3.1 8 G.7 3.1 8 G.9 3.1 8 G12	Students will compare book, poem and photograph for C1	Open-ended responses on the pieces of text read and compared	Terrible Things by Eve Bunting  First They Came for the Jews" by Pastor Niemöller  "Little Boy With His Hands Up"- Photo in Voices from the Holocaust

Grade 8 Holocaust				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Make connections between Holocaust and present day	3.1 8 G.2 3.1 8 G.5 3.1 8 G.7 3.1 8 G.9 3.1 8 G12	Students watch video - connect Auschwitz to present day bullying situations	Discussion of video	Video: If Cried, You Died  The World of Anne Frank- Merti
Analyze impact of genre on a reader		Students compare autobiography and poem  Students analyze poem using TPCASTT method  Students discuss impact of pieces read (small group and whole class)	TPCASTT analysis	"Broken Glass, Broken Lives" pp 32-37  "Crystal Night" pp 38-39 Both from Voices of the Holocaust Hitler Youth-Scholastic  TPCASTT - Appendix
Examine the Resistance Movement and explain their impact on the Holocaust	3.2 8 D.6	Students create brochures as if part of White Rose  Reader - Response Journals  Students watch DVD  Students read book about Holocaust	Brochures and Reader Response Journal entries	"The White Rose: Long Live Freedom" Voices of the Holocaust pp 81-85  DVD - Sophie Scholl  The Yellow Star by Carmen Agra Deedy

Grade 8 Holocaust				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Empathize with a person who endured the Holocaust	3.2 8 D.5	Students read informational articles on Holocaust  Students read Poetry  Students analyze a Passport from a Holocaust victim  Students create a memorial to an individual who endured the Holocaust	Student responses  Memorials	"I Never Saw Another Butterfly" by Pave Friedman I never saw another butterfly  Museum passports from US Holocaust Museum  Teacher prepared handout on Terezin  One Survivor Remembers- Teaching Tolerance
Work in small groups to read and discuss various works of literature of choice on the Holocaust  Compare, contrast and analyze various works of literature on the Holocaust	3.3 8 A.1 3.3 8 A.2 3.3 8 A.3 3.3 8 A.4 3.3 8 B.1 3.3 8 B.2 3.3 8 C.1 3.3 8 C.4 3.3 8 D.1 3.4 8 A.1 3.4 8 A.2 3.4 8 A.3 3.4.8 A.6 3.4.8 B.2 3.4.8 B.2	Students participate in Literature Circles on a Holocaust book of their choice  Students work independently to plan, read and discuss their books  Student assignments for the reading may include the following: Discussion Questions/QARs Story Maps/Graphic Organizers Journal Responses Student generated questions Responses to open ended questions	Bookmark/reader response journal  Open Ended Response – compare literature circle book protagonist to Anne Frank	Holocaust Texts: See Appendix for specific titles Book mark Directions Teacher-Created rubric or NJASK 4 Point Rubric to assess open-ended responses

Grade 8 Holocaust				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
	3.4 8 B.5 3.1 8 E.1 3.1 8 E.2 3.1 8 G.13 3.2 8 A.2 3.2 8 B.3 3.2 8 B.4 3.2 8 D.3 3.2 8 D.9 3.2 8 D.10	Students work in groups on the activities listed above		
Determine content-specific vocabulary	3.2 8 D.13 3.1 8 F.1 3.1 8 F.2	Discussion of vocabulary words and vocabulary activities	Vocabulary test	
Demonstrate reading fluency through enacting Reader's Theatre	3.1 8 F.4 3.1 8 F.5 3.1 8 D.2 3.1 8 D.1 3.1 8 D.2 3.1 8 D.3 3.1 8 D.4 3.3 8 D.7 3.3 8 D.8	With teacher direction, students will complete how to read a script  Students will read play as Reader's Theatre	Students' reading of script for Reader's Theatre	McDougal-Littell- The Diary of Anne Frank - Hackett and Goodrich
Explore dramatic license through reading the play	3.2 8 B.1 3.2 8 D.1 3.2 8 D.2	Discuss authors' use of dramatic license		

Grade 8 Holocaust				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Synthesize information from oral and visual presentations and analyze recurring themes	3.4.8B.5 3.4 8 A.1 3.4 8 A.2 3.4 8 A.3	Attend Holocaust Symposium  Listen to an ask questions of Holocaust survivors	Students' responses to Holocaust speakers- oral or in journals	Symposium speakers
Synthesize information into a culminating project	3.1 8 H.3 3.1 8 H.4 3.2 8 D.6 3.2 8 D.7 3.2 8 D.9 3.2 8 D.10 3.2 8 D.11 3.2 8 D.12	Culminating experience may include research project (please see research unit in curriculum guide)	Final projects	J.P. Case Library Website: Holocaust Link to Selected Websites and Resources (Internet Resource)
Revise and edit all of the writing in the unit for mechanics, usage, punctuation, and spelling	3.2 8A.4 3.28 A.6 3.2 8C.1 3.2 8C.2 3.2 8C.3	Students use checklists for revision and editing pieces Peer and self revision and editing of pieces	Rubrics and checklists for revision  Revised drafts	
Utilize rubrics for feedback and evaluation	3.2 8 C.4 3.2 8 C.5 3.2 8 C.6 3.2 8 C.7 3.2 8 C.8 3.2 8 A.5 3.2 8 A.7 3.2 8 D.14	Students apply rubric for feedback and evaluation	Feedback and assessment using rubric	NJ Holistic Scoring Rubric (6 points)  NJ 4-Point Open-Ended Scoring Rubric

Grade 8 Holocaust				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Share pieces with audience including adding to the writing portfolio	3.2 8 D.15	Students share using Author's Chair, gallery walks, bulletin boards and class presentations		Portfolio

### **Unit Assessment:**

• Research Project OR Culminating Project

**Grade 8 Unit: Research** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): Why conduct research?

Topical Essential Question(s): How does process shape the writer's product?

Why does a writer choose a particular form of writing?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Researchers gather and critique information from different sources for specific purposes.

Research is used to create many different products.

	Grade 8- Research					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources		
Students will be able to  Use primary and secondary sources to gain understanding of a topic	3.2 8 D.6	Compare a primary and secondary source about the same subject		McDougal Littell – pp 168,169, 144  Content-Area Texts and Articles		
Evaluate websites	3.1 8 G.1 3.5 8 A.1 3.5 8 A.3 3.5 8 B.2 3.5 8 C.1 3.5 8 C.2	Students complete website evaluation form  Review website for content reliability  Students are able to use websites with links and evaluate usefulness and credibility of links	Competed website evaluation forms	"Evaluating a Website" by media specialist		

	Grade 8- Research				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Properly cite sources	3.2 8 A.4 3.2 8 A.6 3.2 8 B.3 3.2 8 D.1 3.2 8 D.7	Teach and model paraphrasing  Students paraphrase material for sources  Model parenthetical documentation	Students' drafts	MLA Style Guide	
		Model Works Cited page  Students use parenthetical documentation in their pieces  Students develop a works cited page	Students' pieces have in-text citations and works cited pages		
Use on-line database to research	3.1 8 G.1 3.1 8G.5 3.1 8 G.14	Mini-lesson on database  Students will search for information on a topic	Students locate information on the topic	Media Specialist- Resource lessons	
Employ note taking skills	3.1 8 G.1 3.1 8 A.1 3.1 8 A.2	Model how to use different "levels" of graphic organizers (i.e. – web outline)	Note taking skills		
Produce written work that demonstrates comprehension of informational materials	3.1 8 H.1 3.1 8 H.5 3.1 8 G.13	Students create an end product such as a research paper or presentation		Various Research Projects	
Self-select materials related to a research project	3.1 8 H.4	Power Point, autobiographical account, museum display that shows their comprehension of the topic	Student presentations		
Students will understand that: Writers write multiple drafts	3.2 8 A.4 3.2 8 A.6 3.2 8 B.3	Students will use scoring rubric with self and peers to evaluate their pieces and decide on revisions that need to be made		Teacher-Created Rubric	

	Grade 8- Research					
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources		
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments			
(Objectives)						
Use of direct quotations adds	3.2 8 D.5	Students edit writing for correct		Write Source: pp 598, 600		
credibility to writing		punctuation of quotes				
Publish final product to share	3.3 8 C.3	Students will share final product	Students' feedback	Feedback Sheet		
with classmates	3.38 D.2	through activities such as Gallery	to peers			
	3.3 8 D.3	Walks, Power Point presentations and				
	3.3 8 D.6	Readings				
	3.3 8 D.7					
	3.4 8 A.1					
	3.4 8 A.2					
	3.4 8 A.3					
	3.4 8 A.4					
	3.4 8 A.5					
	3.4 8 B.3					
	3.4 8 B.4					
	3.4 8 B.5					
	3.4 B.7					
	3.5 8 C.3					

**Unit Assessments:** 

- Completed Research Projects

Note: This unit may be done in conjunction with a content area.

**Grade 8 Unit: Exposure to Classic Literature** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): What makes a piece of literature endure over time?

What causes characters to change?

**Topical Essential Question(s): How do people interpret a piece of literature?** 

How do characters engage readers?

Understandings (Big Ideas): A classic is a piece of literature that endures over time.

A work of literature or a literary theme can be portrayed many different ways.

A dynamic character changes; a static character stays the same.

People connect to a character because the character reminds them of themselves or someone they know

and this connection causes a piece of literature to endure over time.

Grade 8- Exposure to Classic Literature					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Compare parts of a classic to film versions	3.5.A.2 3.5.B.5 3.5.C.2	Students use triple entry diary or other note taking device  Students complete Venn diagrams  Reader Response Journal	Completed Note taking devices  Completed Venns  Response Journals	Venn Diagram  Reader Response Journal	
Analyze character change	3.4.B.3	Students use Reader Response Journal  Students participate in class discussion  Students us triple entry diary or other note taking device	Response Journals  Feedback in discussion  Note taking devices	Note taking devices	
Recognize and use adverbs		Revise writing for appropriate number	Revised work	Write Source: pp 490-493	

Grade 8- Exposure to Classic Literature				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		of adverbs		Write Source: Skillbook pp 171-173
Recognize and use adjectives		Revise writing for appropriate number of adjectives	Revised work	Write Source: pp 732-735 Write Source: Skillbook
				pp165-169
Define vocabulary from context clue		Students discuss new words and their meaning	Vocabulary Quiz	Novel- See Appendix
				Dictionary
Employ note taking skills		Students use triple entry diary or other note taking device		Texts may include but are not limited to:
				A Christmas Carol – Charles Dickens
				Oliver Twist-Charles Dickens
				Films may include but are not limited to:
				Mr. Magoo's Christmas Carol
				Scrooge
				Scrooged
				The Muppet Christmas Carol/ A Christmas Carol (Alastair Sim)

Grade 8- Exposure to Classic Literature				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
				A Christmas Carol (animated)
				A Christmas Carol (George C. Scott)
				A Christmas Carol (Patrick Stewart)
				Oliver
Defend a viewpoint in writing		Students write a Compare /Contrast Essay	Completed essay	
Engage in the writing process to produce a personal narrative	3.2 8 A.3 3.2 8B.4 3.2 8D.1 3.2 8 D.2	Students generate ideas for writing from responses to reading and other experiences		Organizers Revision and Editing Checklists
	3.2 8D.13 3.2 8 C.1 3.2 8 C.2 3.2 8 C.4	Students use organizer to plan compare/contrast essay  Students draft essays	Completed organizer	
	3.28 C.5 3.2 8 C.6 3.2 8 C.7 3.2 8 D.15 3.2 8 D.14	Mini lessons on specific revision needs- characteristics of essay-supporting ideas, organizing structure, transitions, word choice, sentence structure	Drafts of essay	
	3.2 8 A.6 3.3 8 A.7 3.3 8 B.2	Students engage in peer and teacher	Feedback from conferences	Teacher-made rubric
	3.3 8 D.7 3.3 8 D.7 3.3 8 D.8	Students use rubrics to provide feedback to peers	Rubric scores and	Student Writing Portfolios

Grade 8- Exposure to Classic Literature					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
	3.4 8 A.5 3.4 8 B.2 3.4 8 B.3	Students use rubrics to assess piece	feedback		

### **Unit Assessment:**

Compare/Contrast Essay

**Unit: Promotion Speech** 

Overarching Essential Question(s): How can I adjust my writing to match my audience and purpose?

Topical Essential Question(s): How does audience shape the author's use of form and language?

How can I adjust my writing so my message is well received by the listener?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Writers craft texts for specific audiences and purposes.

Word choice is essential in communicating the intended message.

Grade 8- Promotion Speech				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Students will be able to				
Understand that a speech conveys a message	3.3.8 C.3 3.3.8 C.4 3.3.8D.4 3.3.8D.5 3.38.D.6 3.4.8A.1 3.4.8A.2 3.4.8A.3 3.4.8A.5 3.48A.5	Listen to "The Speech" and "Still Me"  Students discuss main idea of the speech and how the author conveyed the message  Teacher read aloud of a picture book with message for speech  Evaluate message of book		McDougal Littell pp374-385  Oh, The Places You'll Go-Dr. Seuss
Understand that speeches have an intended purpose and audience  Understand that an accomplished speech has a	3.1 8 G. 8 3.18.A.1 3.1 8 F.4 3.1 8 F.5 3.2 8 B.1 3.2 8 B.2 3.2 8 D.2	Read samples of past accepted promotion speeches  Evaluate type of speech and how author conveyed the message	Students identify the message of the speech and how the author chose to convey it	Teacher archives – Examples of past promotion speeches

		Grade 8- Promotion Speech		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
pre-determined structure	3.1.8E.2			
Evaluate promotion speeches for the style and structure author used to convey message	3.1.8G.5 3.1.8G.7	Evaluate the speeches and determine the structure and style the author uses		
Compose a speech that utilizes a specific style and/or structure to convey meaning	3.2.8A.2 3.2.8A.3 3.2.8A.4	Students decide on organizing structure for the speech	Prewriting	Graphic Organizers
	3.2 8 B.2 3.2 8 D.1 3.2 8 D.2 3.2 8 D.4 3.2 8 D.12	Students draft speech using the organizing structure they have chosen  Write a second draft	Drafts of speech	
Revise speech for intended message and length	3.2.A.5 3.2.A.6 3.2.A.7	Students participate in self- revision  Students participate in peer conferences	Revised speech	Teacher created revision checklist
Use rubric to provide feedback and improve writing	3.2.B.1 3.2.B.2 3.2.B.4 3.2 8 D.15	and teacher conferences for revision  Use rubric to give feedback to peers and revise speech	Rubric and revised drafts	Speech rubric
Edit the speech for usage, mechanics, capitalization, and punctuation	3.2.C.1 3.2.C.2 3.2.C.3 3.2.C.4 3.2.C.5 3.2.C.6 3.2.C.7 3.2.C.8	Teacher models specific elements for editing the speech  Students self and peer edit speech- Colored pencil strategy for editing	Edited draft of speech	Teacher-created editing checklists
Share speech with audience including a portfolio	3.2.D.13 3.2.D.14	Students share speech with peers Students may submit speech for	Student explanation of speech in portfolio	Portfolio

		Grade 8- Promotion Speech		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		consideration at promotion		

## **Unit Assessment:**

• Promotion Speech

Grade 8 Unit: Readers' Workshop/Independent Reading

Overarching Essential Question(s): How can I use what I already know and what I learned to make new understanding?

How do readers construct meaning from text?

Topical Essential Question(s): How can I use the text to support my ideas/opinions about it?

What are the ways to respond to reading to show understanding?

What do readers do when they do not understand everything in a text?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Words powerfully affect meaning.

Good readers compare, infer, synthesize and make connections to make text personally relevant and

useful.

Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic reader can develop, select and

apply strategies to enhance their comprehension.

Understanding a text's features, structures and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make

meaning of the text.

Fluent readers group words quickly to make meaning of what they read.

	Grad	le 8- Reading Workshop/Independent Re	ading		
Knowledge/Skills/ Standards &		Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources	
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments		
(Objectives)					
Students will be able to		Discussion of how to choose books		Mosaic of Thought:	
			Teaching Comprehension		
Self select appropriate reading	3.1 8 D.1			in a Reader's Workshop by	
material	3.1 8 D.2			Keene and Zimmermann	
	3.1 8 D.3				
	3.1 8 D.4				
Monitor reading for	3.1 8 E.1	Students complete a variety of	Responses to text –	Gr. 8 – Videos, Van Goghs,	
understanding by setting a	3.1 8 E.2	responses to text- T. charts, Double and	journals, triple-entry	and Virtuosos, One	
purpose, making and adjusting		Triple entry Diaries, Journal Prompts,	diaries, bookmarks-	Significant Quote and	
predictions, asking questions,		Novel Reflections, Projects,		Kinfolk	
connecting new learning to		Bookmarks, Post-It Note Taking	Rubrics, checklists,		

	Grad	le 8- Reading Workshop/Independent Re	eading	
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
background experiences and texts and visualizing		Teacher models how to use note taking and response to monitor reading strategies	criteria for assessing assignments	Reading Response Journal Criteria Suggestion: Quotation from the Past I Read It, But I Don't Get It by Tovani (Library Resource
Read critically in a variety of genres  Analyze elements of texts	3.1 8 G.2 3.1 8 G.3 3.1 8 G.4 3.1 8 G.6	Students read books in a variety of genres	Book List for Recording Books Read	McDougal Littell "Checkouts" "The Treasure of Lemon Brown"- Models for
Interpret text ideas through journals, discussions, and writing  Compare and contrast various works	3.1 8 G.7 3.1 8 G.9 3.1 8 G.13 3.1 8 G.15 3.2 8 D.3 3.1 8 G.2	Students respond to text in a variety of ways in response to teacher's prompts and to their own questions	Quality of written and oral responses	reading  Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch.17 and Reading Response stems on pgs.292-297 (Teacher Resource)
Expand reading vocabulary by exposure to a variety of texts	3.1 8 F.1 3.1 8 F.2 3. 1 8 F.4	Students keep a list or sticky notes of words they define in context		
Adjust reading rate in response to text and reading level of difficulty	3.1 8 D.4 3.1 8 D. 3	Teacher models purposes for reading and reading rates		
Read increasingly difficult texts silently with comprehension and fluency	3.1 8 D.2	Students can explain reading rate for various kinds of text		

	Grad	e 8- Reading Workshop/Independent Re	ading	
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators	Assessments		
(Objectives)				
Present main ideas and themes	3.5 8.C.3	Students create projects about texts read	Rubrics, checklists	Teacher-Created
from text in a variety of	3.4 8.A.1		for assessing	assignments for
mediums and forms	3.4. 8A.3		presentations	independent reading
Respond to and give feedback	3.4 8.A.6	Students give feedback on		
about presentations	3.4 8.B.4	presentations to peers and respond to		
	3.48.B.7	presentations orally or in writing		
	3.3. 8C.3			
	3.3. 8C.4			
	3.3 8 D.2			
	3.3 8 D.3			
	3.3 8 D.4			
	3.3 8 D.6			
	3.3 8 D.7			

## **Assessment:**

• Responses to Independent Reading/ Reader Response Journal

## **Grade 8 Test Genre Integration**

The Language Arts Curriculum provides a rigorous curriculum that incorporates the test genre. The skills and strategies in the unit are integrated into the curriculum throughout the year.

Overarching Essential Question(s): How is a standardized test a specific genre?

How can I learn to approach a standardized test?

Topical Essential Question(s): How does the purpose and audience of a standardized test affect my essay?

How can I learn to make connections between a piece of text myself, other texts and the world?

How do I read differently for a test than for other purposes?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Standardized tests are a genre which students will feel familiar and confident with.

Good test takers, like good readers, compare, infer, synthesize and make connections to make text

personally relevant and useful.

Good test takers employ a variety of strategies to help them understand text.

Understanding a test's features, structures and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make

meaning of the test.

A writer selects form based on audience and purpose.

		Grade 8- Test Genre Integration		
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Students will be able to				Write Source pp 336-341
Respond in various ways to		Mini-lesson explaining components of		write source pp 330 311
test questions		open-ended questions		NJ Open Ended Rubric- 4 Point
Use text in order to respond to		Students will practice writing answers	Students' responses	
test questions open-ended		that contain a topic sentence that		
responses and writing prompts		restates the question, textual evidence,		
		connections and addresses each bullet		

		Grade 8- Test Genre Integration		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Use rubric to assess own peer's work  Use rubric to improve own writing and provide feedback to peers	3.2 8 A.5 3.2 8 A.7 3.2 8 A.4 3.2 8 C.6 3.2 8 D.3 3.2 8 D.9 3.2 8 D.15	Mini-lesson on open-ended question rubric- NJASK 4- Point Review the NJASK- 4 Point- Open- Ended Response rubric and analyze samples at each score point  Students score own responses and that of peers using rubric and provide feedback  Discussion of how to incorporate connections in responses	Student's scores, rationale and feedback	
Examine a standardized test text for basic understanding and analysis of writing and reading features	3.1 8 A.1 3.1 8 A.2 3.1 8 C.3 3.1 8 C.4 3.1 8 D.3 3.1 8 E.2 3.1 8 F.2 3.1 8 G.4 3.1 8 G.5 3.1 8 G.6 3.1 8 G.7 3.1 8 G.8 3.1 8 G.9 3.1 8 G.10 3.1 8 G.11 3.2 8 A.2 3.2 8 A.7 3.2 8 B.4	Read a variety of texts for a variety of purposes  Read stories from practice texts and apply strategies for comprehension such as making inferences, predicting, analyzing elements of fiction and nonfiction, etc.  Teacher mini lessons on how to answer specific types of test questions  Practice how to answer a multiple choice question- what is it asking, which answers can I eliminate, and which is the best answer		McDougal-Littell-Standardized test preparation at the end of each unit  McDougal-Littell-Reading Toolkit  Released State Samples of Writing  Fountas & Pinnell-Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch. 27

Grade 8- Test Genre Integration  Knowledge/Skills/ Standards & Learning Experiences Interim Possurges					
Knowledge/Skills/ Standards & Understandings Indicators (Objectives)		Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Successfully compose a	3.2 8 C.1 3. 2 8 C.2 3.2 8 C.5 3.2 8 C.6 3.2 8 D.3 3.2 7 D.5 3.2 7 D.8 3.2 7 D.9 3.2 7 D.15	Whole class write-to practice and model		NJ Assessment of Skills	
written response to select writing prompts.	3.2 8 A.5 3.2 8 A.7 3.2 8 B.1 3.2 8 B.4 3.2 8 C.1 3.2 8 C.2 3.2 8 C.5 3.2 8 C.6 3.2 8 C.5 3.2 8 C.8 3.2 8 C.9 3.2 8 C.10 3.2 8 C.11 3.2 8 C.12 3.2 8 C.15	how to respond to writing tasks  Review of strategies for effective writing of specific genres such as persuasive and personal narrative and how these can be transferred to "test writing"  Students review the NJASK Writing Rubric and analyze sample papers at each score point  Students score their own writing and that of their peers using the NJASK rubric and provide rationale for score and feedback  Written responses to practice prompts ex. Persuasive, speculative, explanatory,	Students' scores and rationale  Students' responses	and Knowledge-Writing Handbook  NJ ASK Writing Rubric (Holistic) – 6 Point  Benchmark Tool such as Learnia	

	Grade 8- Test Genre Integration						
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources			
		Required writing for the test Review of the writing process and how to use the process effectively in a timed situation Review of prewriting strategies and their importance in producing cohesive writing		Prewriting Strategies			

## **Benchmark Assessment:**

- Benchmark Tool such as Learnia
- Writing Samples-October (Summer Reading Letter- Persuasive) and February (Explanatory)

## **Grade 8 Reading List**

The resources listed are the required and/or choice selections for each unit. Titles may be used as whole class or literature circle choices. Not all of the suggested selections need to be utilized by all teachers.

## **Unit- Personal Identity**

## Required Reading- McDougal-Littell

"Checkouts"

"Block Party"

## **Suggested Reading- McDougal-Littell**

"The Ransom of Red Chief"

"High Tide in Tucson"

"Raymond's Run"

"Fear" and "Identity"- Poems

## **Unit-The Triumph of the Human Spirit**

## **Required Reading- McDougal-Littell**

"The Last Seven Months of Anne Frank"

"The Treasure of Lemon Brown"

## **Suggested Reading- McDougal-Littell**

"Rules of the Game"

"The Moustache"

"Choices" and "Legacies"- Poems

## **Unit-Rising to the Challenge**

## Required Reading- McDougal-Littell

"Still Me"

## **Suggested Reading- McDougal-Littell**

"Flowers for Algernon"

"Something to Declare"

"The Bet"

## Other Suggested Reading – McDougal-Littell (Used in units, as appropriate)

"The Lady or the Tiger"

"The Dinner Party"

"Rain, Rain Go Away"

"The Tell-Tale Heart"

"The Birthday Ritual"

"The Monkey's Paw"

## **Unit- Holocaust**

## Suggested Titles (Most often used, as appropriate):

The Diary of Anne Frank-Hackett & Goodman

Holocaust- A History of Courage and Resistance-Stadtler

Nazi Officer's Wife-Beer

Anne Frank: Her Last Seven Months-Lindwer

Alicia, My Story- Appleman-Jurman

All But My Life- Weissman

Anne Frank Remembered- Gies

Anne Frank: Diary of a Young Girl- Anne Frank

Cage-Sender

Kingdom By the Sea-Westal

Night and Dawn-Weisel

The Hiding Place-Boom

Never to Forget-Meltzer

The Other Victims-Friedman

Rescue-Meltzer

Upon the Head of the Goat-Siegel

We Are Witnesses- Boas

With Raoul Wallenberg in Budapest-Arger

## **Unit- Non-Fiction Literature Study/Literature Circles**

Alive- Reed Piers

Having Our Say- Delany

Ryan White- White

Gifted Hands- Carson

Death Be Not Proud- Gunther

A Whole New Ballgame-Macy

Woodsong- Paulsen

Caught by the Sea- Paulsen

## **Unit-Exposure to Classic Literature**

Oliver Twist- Dickens

A Christmas Carol- Dickens

## Literature Study/Literature Circles - Additional Titles Titles from the District Summer Reading List may also be used as Literature Circle titles.

*Fahrenheit 451*- Bradbury

ABC Murders- Christie

And Then There Were None- Christie

Murder on the Orient Express- Christie

The House on Mango Street- Cisneros

Eva- Dickinson

Bull Run- Fleischman

Lord of the Flies- Golding

Summer of My German Soldier- Greene

House of Dies Drear - Hamilton

Taming the Star Runner- Hinton

The Outsiders- Hinton

Tex- Hinton

Kon Tiki-Heyerdahl

Farewell to Manzanar- Houston

To Kill a Mockingbird-Lee

A Swiftly Tilting Planet- L'Engle

Walkabout-Marshall

The Girl Who Owned a City- Nelson

The Upstairs Room-Reiss

Holes- Sachar

*The Cay-* Taylor

20,000 Leagues Under the Sea-Verne

The Homecoming-Voight

The Time Machine- Wells

Blitzcat- Westall

## **Grade 8 Resources for Specific Units**

Teachers use activities from the following resources as needed to design specific assignments and differentiate instruction.

## The Giver

Burdick, K., et.al. (1996). *Literature is for Thinking: The Giver*. Littleton, MA: Sundance.

Contemporary Classics: The Giver. (2003). Logan, IA: Perfection Learning.

The Giver. (2003). Cheswald, DE: Prestwick House, Inc.

Kielham, J.K. (1997). Portals to Literature: The Giver. Logan, IA: Perfection Learning.

## Holocaust

Bartoletti, S.C. (2005). Hitler Youth. New York, NY: Scholastic.

Bunting, E. (1989). Terrible Things. Philadelphia, PA: The Jewish Publication Society.

Deedy, C.A. (2000). The Yellow Star. Atlanta, GA: Peachtree Publishers.

Merti, B. (1998). The World of Anne Frank. Portland, ME: J. Weston Walch Publishers.

Myers, K. (ed.). (1993). Latitudes: Anne Frank. Logan, IA: Perfection Learning.

One Survivor Remembers. Montgomery, AL: Teaching Tolerance.

Schroeder, P.W. & Schroeder-Hildebrand, D. (2004). *Six Million Paper Clips*. Minneapolis, MN: Kar-Ben Publishing.

Volavkava, H. (ed). (1993). I Never Saw Another Butterfly. NY: Shocken Bocks, Inc.

## Exposure to Classic Literature

A Christmas Carol. (1998). Cheswald, DE: Prestwick House, Inc.

Masterprose: A Christmas Carol. (1980). Logan, IA: Perfection Learning.

Stoessel, S. (1988). Portals to Literature: A Christmas Carol. Logan, IA: Perfection Learning.

## Grammar and Other Resources

- English Grammar and Composition: Teacher's Resource Book. (1988). Chicago, IL: Harcourt, Brace, Jovanovich, Inc.
- Kleinman, E. (2000). *GEPA Success in Language Arts Literacy*. Austin, TX: Steck Vaughn/Berrent.
- Larson, R. (1997). *Downwrite Funny*. Fort Collins, CO: Cottonwood Press.
- LoGudice, M. & C. (1998). 100% Punctuation. East Moline, IL: Lingui Systems.
- LoGudice, M. & C. (1997). 100% Grammar. East Moline, IL: Lingui Systems.
- Martin, K. & Willoughby, T. (2000). *A to Z:Ideas for Reading Teachers*. Fort Collins, CO: Cottonwood Press.
- Samston, M.S. (2005). *Phunny Stuff*. Fort Collins, CO: Cottonwood Press.
- Thurston, C.M. (2005). *Games for English & Language Arts*. Fort Collins, CO: Cottonwood Press.
- Umstatler, J. (1999). *Ready to Use Sentence Activities*. West Nyack, NY: The Center for Applied Research in Education.

## Flemington-Raritan Regional School District

## Language Arts/Literacy Curriculum

Grades 6-8

**Appendices** 

## Flemington Raritan Schools

## **Handwriting Guidelines**

## Grades 3-8

## **May 2009**

## New Jersey Core Curriculum Content Standard (2004)

- 3.2 B- Writing as a Product
  - 8. Write legibly in manuscript or cursive to meet district standards

## **Handwriting Guidelines**

## Grade 3

- Teach cursive handwriting
- Last marking period- The following items will be written in cursive
- One Do Now per day (teacher chooses the Do Now)\*
- One final draft of a writing piece, book report, or content area report
- Spelling tests done in print and cursive

## Grade 4

- Display the alphabet in the room.
- One Do Now per day (teacher chooses the Do Now)\*
- One final draft of a writing piece, book report, or content area report per marking period
- Handwriting sheets can be done as individual work during guided reading (Optional)

## Grade 5

- Display the alphabet in the room
- One Do Now per day (teacher chooses the Do Now)\*
- One final draft of a writing piece, book report, or content area report per marking period

## Grades 6-8

- Display the alphabet in the room
- One Do Now per day (teacher chooses the Do Now)\*
- One final draft of a an untimed writing piece per marking period\*\*

## Content Area Teachers

- Students write heading of their papers in cursive
- Teacher writes one item in cursive each day- agenda, homework, or notes

## Special Education/Special Needs Modifications

- Grades 5-6 May use TWC time, if it fits, to do practice or extension activities
- Write for shorter duration of time
- Use pencil grips, posture, etc. modifications
- See websites for additional resources

## \*Do Now Suggestions

- Do Now should be 2-3 sentences in length
- Daily edit, poetry, rewrite 2-3 sentences from a journal entry, a free write or quick write, a journal entry, open-ended response

## \*\*Grades 6-8 Untimed Writing Suggestions

- Open-ended questions
- Journal entries
- Writing prompt (final copy, if having students go through writing process)
- Recopy a published piece in cursive

See list of Websites for additional resources

## OPEN-ENDED SCORING RUBRIC

For Reading, Listening, and Viewing

Sample Task: The author takes a strong position on voting rights for young people. Use information from the text to support your response to the following.

	The state of the s
Points	Criteria
4	A 4-point response clearly demonstrates understanding of the task, completes all requirements, and provides an insightful explanation/opinion that links to or extends aspects of the text.
ĸ	A 3-point response demonstrates an understanding of the task, completes all requirements, and provides some explanation/opinion using situations or ideas from the text as support.
7	A 2-point response may address all of the requirements, but demonstrates a partial understanding of the task, and uses text incorrectly or with limited success resulting in an inconsistent or flawed explanation.
-	A 1-point response demonstrates minimal understanding of the task, does not complete the requirements, and provides only a vague reference to or no use of the text.
0	A 0-point response is irrelevant or off-topic.

New Jersey State Department of Education

# NEW JERSEY REGISTERED HOLISTIC SCORING RUBRIC (MODIFIED FOR ESPA)

In scoring, consider the grid of written language	Inadequate Command	Limited Command	Partial	Adequate	Strong
			Command	Commend	Command
Score		7	m	7	¥7
Content and	<ul> <li>May lack opening</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>May lack opening</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>May lack opening</li> </ul>	· Generally has opening	· Opening and closing
Organization	and/or closing	and/or closing	and/or closing	and/or closing	) }
	<ul> <li>Minimal response to</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Attempts to focus</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Usually has single</li> </ul>	- Single focus	Single focus
	topic: uncertain	<ul> <li>May drift or shift</li> </ul>	focus		· Sense of unity and
	focus	focus			coherence
					Key ideas developed
	<ul> <li>No planning evident:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Attempts organization</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Some lapses or flaws</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Ideas loosely connected</li> </ul>	· Logical progression of
	disorganized	· Few, if any, transitions	in organization	<ul> <li>Transitions evident</li> </ul>	ideas
		between ideas	<ul> <li>May lack some</li> </ul>	· ·	· Moderately fluent
			transitions between		<ul> <li>Attempts compositional</li> </ul>
			ideas		risks
	<ul> <li>Details random,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Details lack elaboration,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Repetitions details</li> </ul>	· Uneven development of · Details appropriate	Details appropriate
	inappropriate, or	i.e., highlight paper	<ul> <li>Several unelaborated</li> </ul>	details	and varied
	barley apparent		details		
Usage	<ul> <li>No apparent control</li> </ul>	Numerous errors	· Errors/patterns of errors	• Some errors that do not   • Few errors	• Few errors
	Severe/numerous errors		may be evident	interfere with meaning	
Sentence	Assortment of	<ul> <li>Excessive monontony/</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Little variety in syntax</li> </ul>	Some variety	Variety in syntax
Construction	incomplete and/or	same structure	Some errors	- Generally correct	appropriate and effective
	incorrect sentences	• Numerous errors			- Few errors
Mechanics	<ul> <li>Errors so severe they</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Numerous serious errors</li> </ul>	Patterns of errors	• No consistent pattern of • Few errors	• Few errors
	detract from meaning		evident	errors	
				· Some errors that do not	
				interfere with meaning	

	-					_			
Content/Organization	Communicates	intended message to intended audience	Relates to topic	<ul> <li>Opening and closing</li> </ul>	• Focused • Logical progression	of ideas	• Fransitions	Appropriate details	and information
Student wrote too little to allow a	reliable judgment of his/her writing.	Student did not write on the assigned	topic/task, or the student attempted to	copy the prompt	Student wrote in a language other	than English	Student infliced to minister on the tento	•	or the writing task folder was blank.
NR = No Response		Off Topic/	Off Task		NE = Not English		WF = Wrong Forms		
		NON- SCORABLE	RESPONSES						

Intent/Organization Usage Sentence Construction Mechanics
Intended message to Subject-vcrb structure, and length Capitalization structure, and length Contraction agreement Proper Modifiers

Word choice/meaning Correct construction Proper Modifiers

Proper Modifiers Singular details

Girls and closing Sentence Construction Subject-vcrb Subjec

© New Jersey State Department of Education

NOTE: All unscorable responses, (NSRs) with the exception of NR, must be coded by the Scoring Director.

# NEW JERSEY REGISTERED HOLISTIC SCORING RUBRIC (for GEPA only)

<u>ا</u>		***************************************				<b></b>	
<u>ن</u> ليسين	an scoring, consider the grid of written language	inadequate Command	Limited Command	Partial Command	Adequate	Strong	Superior
	Score	•4	. 2		4	Command	Соплиния
	Content	May lack opening and/or closing	May fack opening     and/or closing	May lack opening and/or closing	Generally has opening and/or closing	Opening and closing	Opening and closing
		Minimal response to topic; uncertain focus	Attempts to focus     May drift or shift focus	Usually has single focus	Single focus	Single focus     Sense of unity and     coherence	Single, distinct focus     Unified and coheren     Well-developed
		<ul> <li>No planning evident; disorganized</li> </ul>	Attempts organization     Few, if any, transitions between ideas	Some lapses or flaws in organization     May lack some transitions between ideas	Ideas loosely connected     Transitions evident	Logical progression of ideas     Moderately fluent     Attempts compositional	Logical progression of ideas     Pleent, cohesive     Connoositional risks
		<ul> <li>Details random, inappropriate, or barely apparent</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Details fack elaboration,</li> <li>i.e., highlight paper</li> </ul>	Repetitions details     Several unclaborated details	Uneven development of details	Details appropriate and varied	Successful     Details effective, vivid,     Pxplint and/or
	Usage	No apparent control     Severe/numerous errors	Numerous errors	• Errors/patterns of errors may be evident	Some errors that do not interfere with meaning	Few errors	pertinent  • Very few, if any, errors
14	Sentence Construction	Assortment of incomplete and/or incorrect sentences	Excessive     Tronotony/same     structure     Numerous errors	Little variety in syntax     Some errors	Some variety     Generally correct	Variety in syntax appropriate and effective	Precision and/or sophistication     Very few, if any, errors
	Mectanics	Estrota so severe they detract from meaning	Numerous serious     errors	Patterns of errors     evident	No consistent pattern of errors	• Few errors	Very few, if any, errors
					Some errors that do not interfere with manning		

	Mechanics		Spelling     Capitalization     Punctuation			
Sentence Construction			structure, and length	• Correct construction		_
	(Jsnge	Tense formation	Subject-verb agreement	usage/agreement  Word  choice/meaning	Proper Modifiers	
	Content/Organization		intended message to intended audience  Relates to topic	Opening and closing     Focused     Logical progression	of ideas  • Transitions • Appropriate details and information	
	Student wrote too little to allow a	reliable judgment, of his/her writing.	Student did not write on the assigned topic/task, or the student attempted to copy the prompt.	Student wrote in a language other than English	Student refused to write on the topic, or the writing task folder was blank.	
NR = No Response			OF = Off Topic/ Off Task	NE = Not English	WF = Wrong Format	
		NON-SCORABLE RESPONSES				
	NON-SCC					

Note: All unscorable responses, (NSRs), with the exception of NR, must be coded by the Scoring Director.

© New Jersey State Department of Education

## Flemington-Raritan Regional School District Flemington, NJ

## Language Arts Grades 1-8 Curriculum Addendum

Gregory Nolan, Superintendent Daniel Bland, Assistant Superintendent Carol Baker, Language Arts Supervisor

> Alison Bishop Christine Casterline Elizabeth Dolan Kathleen Downs Alaina Gorka Carol Hecky Chrisha Kirk Katie Lake Roseann Lane Cori Lango Linnea Liscinsky Karen Lurie Michelle Mallory Erin McNamara Joey Mulholland JenniLee Pierso Cherylann Schmidt Anabela Tavares

Council of Instruction Review: April 18, 2012 BOE Curriculum Committee Review: April 18, 2012 Board of Education Approval: June 18, 2012

## Curriculum Addendum Language Arts Grade 1

## Flemington-Raritan Regional School District

## Focus Areas for ELA Common Core Standards Grade 1

## Areas that Are Addressed, but Need More Specific Focus

## Reading Standards for Literature

RL6 identify who is telling the story at various points in a text. (Our materials do not often present the opportunity to use this skill.)

## Reading Standards for Informational Texts

RI4 Ask and answer questions to help determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases in a text.

RI8 Identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text.

## Reading Standards: Foundational Skills (K-5)

- RF2 a. Distinguish long from short vowel sound spoken in single-syllable words.
  - b. Orally produce single-syllable words y blending sounds (phonemes) including consonant blends.
  - d. Segment single-syllable words into their complete sequence of individual sounds (phonemes). (We do it individually, but this is not addressed in Pearson.)

## Writing Standards

W6 With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers. (Document camera to revise. Parents come in to type stories)

## Speaking and Listening Standards

- SL4 Describe people, places, things, and events with relevant details, expressing ideas and feelings clearly.
- SL6 Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situations. (See Grade 1 Language standards 1 and 3 on pg. 26 for specific details. (Add Framing Your Thoughts and spend more time having children practice.)

## Language Standards

- L1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
  - d. Use personal, possessive, and indefinite pronouns (e.g. I, me, my, they, them, their, anyone, everything).
  - e. Use verbs to convey a sense of past, present, and future (e.g. Yesterday I walked home; Today I walk home; Tomorrow I will walk home).
  - h. Use determiners (e.g. articles, demonstratives).
- L6 Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using frequently occurring conjunctions to signal simple relationships (e.g. I named my hamster Nibblet because she nibble too much because she likes that).

## **Areas that Need More Initial Focus**

## Reading Literature

RL4 Identify words and phrases in stories or poems that suggest feelings or appeal to the senses.

## Reading Standards: Foundational Skills (K-5)

- RF3 Know and supply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.
  - a. Know the spelling-sound correspondence for common consonant digraphs.
  - a. Know final e and common- vowel team conventions for representing long vowel sounds.
  - b. Use knowledge that every syllable must have a vowel sound to determine the number of syllables in printed words.
  - c. Decode two-syllable words following basic patterns by breaking words into syllables.
  - d. Read words with inflectional endings (s, ed, ing).

## Writing Standards

W1 Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or name the book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply a reason for the opinion, and provide some sense of closure.

## Language Standards

L1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

- j. Produce and expand complete simple and compound declarative, interrogative, imperative, and exclamatory sentences in response to prompts.
- L5 With guidance and support from adults, demonstrate an understanding of word relationships and nuances of word meanings.
  - a. Sort words into categories (e.g. colors, clothing) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent.
  - b. Define words by category and by one or more key attributes (e.g. a duck is a bird that swims, a tiger is a large cat with stripes).

## Flemington-Raritan Regional School District Language Arts Curriculum Common Core Alignment

## Grade 1

Curriculum Units	Common Core Standards
Reading/Shared/Guided Reading	RL1,2,3,4,5,6,7,9,10
	RI1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10
	RF1, RF2A-D
	(RL 8 Not Applicable to Literature)
Writing/Launching the Writing	RL5, 7
Workshop/Small Moments/Nonfiction	RF1
Writing	W2,3,5,6,7,8
	L1A-I, L2A,B,C,D,E, L6
	(W 4, 9,10 begin in Grade 3 or 4)
Speaking, Listening and Viewing	SL1A-C, SL2,3,4,5,6
	L1B-I, L6
Language	L1A-I, L2A,B,D,E, L6
Grammar, Writing for Readers	
Word Study	RF3E,G, L2D,E, L6

## Curriculum Addendum Language Arts Grade 2

## Flemington-Raritan Regional School District

## Focus Areas for ELA Common Core Standards Grade 2

## **Areas that Addressed but Need More Specific Focus**

## Reading Standards for Literature

- RL2 Recount stories, including fables and folktales from diverse cultures, and determine their central message, lesson, or moral.
- RL4 Describe how words and phrases (e.g. regular beats, alliteration, rhymes, repeated lines) supply rhythm and meaning in a story, poem, or song. (Shared Reading)
- RL6 Acknowledge differences in the points of view of characters, including by speaking in a different voice for each character when reading dialogue aloud.
- RL9 Compare and contrast two or more versions of the same story (e.g. Cinderella story) b different authors or from different cultures.

## Reading Standards for Informational Texts

- RI2 Identify the main topic of a multiparagraph text as well as the focus of specific paragraphs written within the text.
- RI6 Identify the main purpose of a text, including what the author wants to answer, explain, or describe.
- R8 Describe how reasons support specific points the author makes in a text.

## Writing Standards

- W1 Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply reasons that support the opinion, use linking words (e.g. because, and, also) to connect opinion and reasons, and provide a concluding statement or section. (Independent Reading)
- W7 Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g. read a number of books on a single topic to produce a report; record science observations).

## Speaking and Listening Standards

- SL1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partner about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.
  - a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussion (e.g. gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion). (Cooperative Learning Structures)

## Language Standards

- L1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
  - c. Use reflexive pronouns (e.g. myself, ourselves)
  - e. Use adjectives and adverbs, and choose between them depending on what is to be modified.
  - f. Produce, expand, and rearrange complete simple and compound sentences. (A-f- Write Source and Word Study)
- L2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
  - e. Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and c correct spellings.
- L3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, and listening.
  - a. Compare formal and informal uses of English.
- L4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 2 reading and content, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies.
  - a. Use glossaries and beginning dictionaries both print and digital to determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases. (Science, Social Studies, Shared Reading, Guided Reading)
- L5 Demonstrate an understanding of word relationships and nuances of word meanings.
  - e. Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g. describe foods that are spicy or juicy). (Writing)
  - f. Distinguish shades of meaning among closely related verbs (e.g. toss, throw, hurl) and closely related adjectives (e.g. thin, slender, skinny, scrawny). (Writing)
- L6 Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using adjectives and adverbs to describe (e.g. When other kids are

happy that makes me happy). (Shared Reading, Guided Reading, Independent Reading, Word Study)

## **Areas that Need More Initial Focus**

## Writing Standards

W6 With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.

## Speaking and Listening Standards

SL5 Create audio recordings of stories or poems; add drawings or other visual displays to stories or recounts of experiences when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.

## Flemington-Raritan Regional School District Language Arts Curriculum Common Core Alignment

## **Grade 2**

Curriculum Units	Common Core Standards
Reading/Shared/Guided	RL 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,9,10
Reading/Independent Reading	RI 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10
	RF3 A-F
	W1,7
	SL 1,2,3
	(RL 8 not applicable to literature)
Writing/Launching the Writing	RI 1,3,5,7,8,10
Workshop/Small Moments/Nonfiction	W 1,2,3, 5,7,8
Writing	SL 6
	(W 4,9,10 begin in Grade 3)
Speaking, Listening and Viewing	RL7
	RI7
	SL1A-C, 2,3,4,6
Language	RF 3A-F, 4A-C
Grammar, Revising	L1A-F,2 A-E,3, 4 A-E, 5 A-B, 6
	(RF1, 2 for Graded K-1 only)
Word Study	RF3B&E

## Curriculum Addendum Language Arts Grade 3

## Flemington-Raritan Regional School District

## Focus Areas for ELA Common Core Standards Grade 3

## Areas that Are Addressed, but Need More Specific Focus

## Reading and Literature

RL 5 Refer to parts of stories, dramas, and poems when writing or speaking about a text, using terms such as chapter, scene, and stanza; describe how each successive part builds on earlier sections. (We focus on referring to parts of the text, but need to also note how parts build on earlier sections.)

RL6 Distinguish their own point of view from that of the narrator or those of the characters. (We focus on point of view of the narrator or characters and need to switch the focus to include personal point of view in addition to the other two.)

## Writing Standards

- W2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.
  - a. Introduce a topic and group related information together; include illustrations when useful to aid comprehension.
  - b. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details.
  - c. Use linking verbs and phrases (e.g. also, another, and, more, but) to connect ideas within categories of information.
  - d. Provide a concluding statement or section.

(We need to focus on section c more.)

## Language Standards

- L1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
  - a. Explain the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their functions in particular sentences.
  - g. Form and use comparative and superlative adjectives and adverbs, and choose between them depending on what is to be modified.
  - h. Use coordinating and subordinating conjunctions.
  - i. Produce simple, compound, and complex sentences.

(We touch upon each of the topics. Students learn parts of speech, but we do not focus on their function in sentences. For g-h, we need to teach the skills with more intention.)

- L3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, and listening.
  - a. Choose words and phrases for effect.
  - b. Recognize and observe differences between the conventions of spoken and written standard English.
- L4 Demonstrate or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 3 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
  - c. C Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g. company, companion).

(We need to teach these skills more intentionally.)

## **Areas that Need More Initial Focus**

## Reading Standards for Informational Texts

RI9 Compare and contrast the most important points and key details presented in two texts on the same topic.

## Speaking and Listening Standards

SL5 Create engaging audio recordings of stories or poems that demonstrate fluid reading at an understandable pace; add visual displays when appropriate to emphasize or enhance certain facts or details.

## Language Standards

- L5 Demonstrate an understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings.
  - a. Distinguish the literal and nonliteral meanings of words and phrases in context (e.g. take steps).

## Flemington-Raritan Regional School District Language Arts Curriculum Common Core Alignment

## Grade 3

Curriculum Units	Common Core Standards
Reading/Shared/Guided	RL1,2,3,4,5,6,7,10
Reading/Independent Reading/Literature	RI 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10
Study	RF A-D,
-	SL1 A-D, 2, 4, 6
	L4 A-D
	(RL 8 not applicable to literature)
Writing/Launching the Writing	RL3,5
Workshop/Personal Narrative/Realistic	W1A-D, 2A-D, 3A-D, 4,5,6,7,8,10
Fiction/Personal Essay	L3A
Speaking, Listening and Viewing	RL5
	SL1A-D, 2,3,4,6
Language	L1A,B, D-I, 2A-G, L3A-B, L4A-D, L5 B,C, 6
Grammar, Revising/ Editing	
Word Study	RF 3A-D, 4A-C
	L1B, 2D-G, 4B-D
	(RF 1-2 for Grades 1-2 only)

## Curriculum Addendum Language Arts Grade 4

#### Focus Areas for ELA Common Core Standards Grade 4

#### Areas that Are Addressed, but Need More Specific Focus

#### Reading and Literature Standards

- RL 4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in text, including those that allude to significant characters found in mythology (e.g. Herculean). (We need to add more mythology.)
- RL7 Make connections between the text of a story or drama and a visual or oral presentation of the text, identifying where each version reflects specific descriptions and directions in the text. (We focus on connections between texts, but need more intentional focus on the visual and/or oral presentation of text.)

#### Speaking and Listening

SL5 Add audio recordings and visual displays to presentations when appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes.

(We need to focus on audio as well as visual in presentations.)

#### **Areas that Need More Initial Focus**

#### Reading and Literature Standards

- RL 5 Explain major differences between poems, drama, and prose, and refer to the structural elements of poems (e.g. verse, rhythm, meter) and drama (e.g. casts of characters, settings, descriptions, dialogue, stage directions) when writing or speaking about a text.
- RL9 Compare and contrast the treatment of similar themes and topics (e.g. opposition of good and evil) and patterns of events (e.g. the quest) in stories, myths, and traditional literature from different cultures.

- L5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative languages, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
- b. Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs.

## Flemington-Raritan Regional School District Language Arts Curriculum Common Core Alignment Grade 4

Unit	Common Core Standards
Reading/Shared/Guided	RL 1,2,3,4,6,7, 10
Reading/Independent Reading/ Literature	RI 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10
Study	RF3, RF4A-C,
·	W8, W9
	SL1
	SL1A-D
	SS2,SL3, SL4, SL5, SL6
	L1A-G
	L2A-D
	L3A-C
	L4A-C
	L5A-C
	L6
Writing	RL6,
Personal Narrative	RI8, RI9
<b>Realistic Fiction</b>	W1A-D
Essay	W2 A-E
Research	W3A-E
Optional Units	W4, W5, W6, W7, W10
	SL1B, SL1D
	SL4
	L1A-G
	L2A-D
	L3A-C
	L4C
	L5A-B
	L6
Speaking, Listening, Viewing	RI7, RI9
	RF3, RF4A-C
	W6, W7, W8
	SL1, SL1A, SL1B, SL1C
	SL2, SL3, SL4, SL5, SL6
	L3A-C
	L4A-C
	L6

Unit	Common Core Standards
Language	RF3
Grammar, Revision/Editing	W5, W6, W10
Word Study	SL6
	L1A-G
	L2A-D
	L3A-C
Other Subjects	RI6
	W8, W9
	SL1, SL1A, SL1B, SL1C, SL1D, SL2, SL3,
	SL4, SL5, SL6,
	L6

### Curriculum Addendum Language Arts Grade 5

#### Focus Areas for ELA Common Core Standards Grade 5

#### Areas that Are Addressed, but Need More Specific Focus

#### Reading Standards for Informational Text

- RI3 Explain the relationships or interactions between two or more individuals, events, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific information in the text.
- RI5 Compare and contrast the overall structure (e.g. chronology, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in two or more texts. (Time for Kids and current events from Scholastic News)
- RI7 Show information from multiple print or digital sources, *demonstrating the ability to locate an answer to a question quickly to solve the problem efficiently.*

#### Reading Foundational Skills

- RF3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.
  - a. Use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication, patterns, and morphology (e.g. roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context.
- RF4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.
  - a. Read on-level text with purpose and understanding.
  - b. Read on-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.
  - c. Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.

#### Writing Standards

W6 With some guidance and support from adults, use technology *including the internet* to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of *keyboarding skills* to type a minimum of two pages in a single setting. (Computers)

- W7 Conduct *short* research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic.
- W8 Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, and provide a list of sources. (Science and Social studies)
- W9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
  - a. Apply grade 5 reading standards to literature (e.g. "Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or a drama, drawing on specific details in the text [e.g. how characters interact"]).
  - b. Apply Grade 5 Reading standards to informational texts (e.g. "Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in the text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point(s)")

#### Speaking and Listening

- SL3 Summarize the points a speaker makes and explain how each claim is supported by reasons and evidence.
- SL4 Report on a topic or text or present and opinion, sequencing ideas logically and using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.
- SL5 Include multimedia components (e.g. graphics, sound) and visual display presentations when appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes. (Book reports and short research in science)

- L1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
  - e. Use correlative conjunctions (e.g. either/or, neither/nor)
- L3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
  - b.Compare and contrast the varieties of English (e.g. dialects, registers) used in stories, dramas, or poems.

- L5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
  - b. Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs.

#### **Areas that Need More Initial Focus**

#### Reading and Literature Standards

- RL7 Analyze how visual and multimedia elements contribute to the meaning, tone, or beauty of a text (e.g. graphic novel, multimedia presentation of fiction, folktale, myth, poem).
- RL9 Compare and contrast stories in the same genre (e.g. mysteries and adventure stories) on their approaches to similar themes and topics. (Can tie to independent reading)

- L1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
  - b.Form and use the perfect (e.g. I had walked, I have walked) verb tenses.

#### Flemington-Raritan Regional School District Language Arts Curriculum Common Core Alignment

#### Grade 5

Curriculum Units	Common Core Standards
Reading/Shared/Guided	RL 1,2,3,4,5,6,10
Reading/Independent Reading/Literature	RI1,2,3,4,5,6,8,9,10
Study	RF 3A, 4A-C
	L3 A-C,4A-C, 5A-C,6
	SL2,4,5
	(RL 8 not applicable to literature)
	(RF 1,2 not in Grade 5)
Writing/Launching the Writing	W 1A-D, 2A-E, 3A-E, 4,5,6,7,8, 9A-B, 10
Workshop/Personal Narrative/Realistic	L 1A-E, 2A-E
Fiction/Personal Essay/Poetry/Research	
Constitute I the state of the s	St 14 D 22457
Speaking, Listening and Viewing	SL 1A-D, 2,3,4,5,6
Language	L1A,C,D,E, 2A-E, L3A-B
Grammar, Revision/ Editing	LIA,C,D,E, ZA-E, LJA-D
Grammar, Kevision Euring	
Word Study	L4A-C

### Curriculum Addendum Language Arts Grade 6

#### Focus for ELA Common Core Standards Grade 6

#### Areas that are Addressed, but Need More Specific Focus

#### Reading Literature

- RL4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative language and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone.
- RL5 Analyze how a particular sentence, chapter, scene, or stanza fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the theme, setting, or plot.
- RL7 Compare and contrast the experience of reading a story, drama, or poem to listening to or viewing an audio, video, or live version of the text, including contrasting what they "see" and "hear" when reading the text to what they perceive when they listen or watch.
- RL9 Compare and contrast texts in different forms or genres (e.g. stories and poems' historical novels and fantasy stories) in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics.

#### Reading Informational Text

- RI3 Analyze in detail how a key individual, event, or idea is introduced, illustrated, and elaborated in a text (e.g. through examples or anecdotes).
- RI5 Analyze how a particular sentence, paragraph, chapter, or scene fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of ideas.
- RI7 Integrate information presented in different media or formats (e.g. visually, quantitatively) as well as in words to develop a coherent understanding of a topic or issue.
- RI8 Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not.

#### Writing

- W2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant context.
  - a. Introduce a topic, organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast and cause/effect; include formatting (e.g. headings), graphics (e.g. charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.

- b. Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
- c. Use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
- d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
- e. Establish and maintain a formal style.
- f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or explanation presented.
- W9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
  - a. Apply grade 6 Reading standards to literature (e.g. "Compare and contrast texts in different forms or genres [e.g. stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories] in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics").
  - b. Apply grade 6 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g. "Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not").

#### Speaking and Listening

- SL1d. Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate understanding of multiple perspectives through reflection and paraphrasing.
- SL2 Interpret information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g. visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how it contributes to a topic, text, or issues under study.
- SL4 Present claims and findings, sequencing ideas logically and using pertinent descriptions, facts, and details to accentuate main ideas or themes; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.
- SL5 Include multimedia components (e.g. graphics, images, music, sound) and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.
- SL6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate (See grade 6 Language standards 1 and 3 for specific expectations).

#### Language

- L1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing and speaking.
  - d. Recognize and correct vague pronouns (i.e. ones with unclear or ambiguous antecedents).

- e. Recognize variations from standard English in their own and others' writing and speaking, and identify and use strategies to improve expression in conventional language.
- L2b. Spell correctly.
- L3b. Maintain consistency in style and tone.
- L4d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g. by checking the inferred meaning in context or a dictionary).
- L5b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g. cause/effect, part/whole, item/category) to better understand each of the words.
- L6 Acquire and use accordingly grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

#### **Areas that Need More Initial Focus**

#### Speaking and Listening

SL3 Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not.

- L1a. Endure that pronouns are in the proper case (subjective, objective, possessive).
- L1b. Use intensive pronouns (e.g. myself, ourselves).
- L1c. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in pronoun number and person.
- L5c. Distinguish among the connotations(associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g. stingy, scrimping, economical, unwasteful, thrifty).

#### Flemington-Raritan Regional School District Language Arts Curriculum Common Core Alignment

#### Grade 6

Curriculum Units	Common Core Standards
Reading/Shared/Guided	RL 1,2,3,4,5,6,7, 9,10
Reading/Independent Reading/Literature	RI 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10
Study	W2A-F,4, 5, 6, 7,8,9A-B, 10
	SL 1 A-D, 4,6,
	L6
	(RL8-Not applicable to Literature)
Writing	W 1 A-E, 2 A-F, 3 A-E,4,5,6,7,8,9A-B,10
	L1A-E, 2A-B, 3A-B,4A-D,5A-C,6
	SL 4,6
Speaking, Listening and Viewing	SL 1 A-D,2, 3, 4,5,6
	RI 1,3,6,7,9
	W 6,7,8
Language	L 1 A-D, 2 A-C, 3A, 4A-D, 5A-C, 6
Grammar, Revising/ Editing/Word Study	

Units listed above include the following specific units:

- Integration of Test-Taking Skills
- Nonfiction Reading and Writing
- Literary Elements
- Persuasive Writing
- Short Stories
- Memoir
- Newspaper
- Science Ficiton

## Curriculum Addendum Language Arts Grade 7

#### Focus for ELA Common Core Standards Grade 7

#### Areas that Are Addressed, but Need More Specific Focus

#### Reading Literature

- RL 2 Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text.
- RL3 Analyze how particular elements of a story or drama interact (e.g. how setting shapes the characters or plot).
- RL5 Analyze how a drama's or poem's form or structure (e.g. soliloquy, sonnet) contributes to its meaning. (We need to add drama.)
- RL7 Compare and contrast a written story, drama, or poem to its audio, filmed, staged, or multimedia version, analyzing the effects of techniques unique to each medium (e.g. lighting, sound, color, or camera's focus and angles in a film).
- RL9 Compare and contrast a fictional portrayal of a time, place, or character and historical account of the same period as a means of understanding how authors of fiction use or alter history.

#### Writing

W2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through a selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.

- a. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; include formatting (e.g. headings), graphics (e.g. charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
  - d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
- W3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.
  - a. Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequences and signal shifts from one time frame setting to another. (We do small moments.)
- W6 Use technology, including the internet to produce and publish writing and link to and cite sources as well as interact and collaborate with others, including linking to and citing sources.

- W7 Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions for further research and investigation.
- W9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
  - a. Apply Grade 7 Reading standards to literature (e.g. "Compare and contrast a fictional portrayal of a time, place, character, and a historical account of the same time period as a means of understanding how authors of fiction use or alter history").
  - b. Apply Grade 7 reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g. "Trace and evaluate an argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant an sufficient to support the claims").
- W10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-related tasks, purposes, and audiences.

#### Speaking and Listening

SL3 Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.

#### Language Standards

- L5 Demonstrate an understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
- b.Use the relationship between particular words (e.g. synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words.
- c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g. refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending).
- L6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

#### **Areas that Need Initial Focus**

#### Reading Literature

RL6 Analyze how an author develops and contrasts the points of view of different characters or narrators in a text.

#### Reading Informational Texts

- RI2 Determine two or more central ideas in a text and analyze how their development over the course of the text provides an objective summary of the text.
- RI6 Determine the author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author distinguishes his or her position from that of others.
- RI7 Compare and contrast a text to audio, video, or multimedia version of the text, analyzing each medium portrayal of the subject (e.g. how the delivery of a speech affects the impact of the words).
- RI9 Analyze how two or more authors writing about the same topic shape their presentations of key information by emphasizing different evidence or advancing different interpretations of facts.

#### Writing

- W9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
  - b. Apply Grade 7 Reading standards to literature (e.g. "Compare and contrast a fictional portrayal of a time, place, character, and a historical account of the same time period as a means of understanding how authors of fiction use or alter history").
  - c. Apply Grade 7 reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g. "Trace and evaluate an argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant an sufficient to support the claims").

#### Speaking and Listening

- SL2 Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study.
- SL5 Include multimedia components and visual displays in presentations to clarify claims and findings and emphasize salient points.

- L1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
  - d. Place phrases and clauses within a sentence, recognizing and correcting misplaced and dangling modifiers.

- L5 Demonstrate an understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
  - a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g. literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context.

Some standards were minimally addressed and were therefore added to the "Needs Initial Focus" section.

#### Flemington-Raritan Regional School District Language Arts Curriculum Common Core Alignment

#### Grade 7

Curriculum Units	Common Core Standards
Reading/Shared/Guided	RL 1,2,3,4,5,7, 9,10
Reading/Independent Reading/Literature	RI 1,3,4,5,8,10
Study	W 1 A-E, 2A-F, 3A, B, D,E, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9B, 10
	SL1A-D, 3,4, 6
	L1 A-B, 2 A-B,3A,4A, C, D, 5 B-C, 6
	(RL8-Not applicable to Literature)
Writing	W 1 A-E, 2 A-F, 3 A-E,4,5,6,7,8,9A-B,10
	L1A-B, 2A-B, 3A,4C-D,5B-C,6
Speaking, Listening and Viewing	SL 1 A-D, 3, 4,6
	L1A-B, 3A
	RL7
	W7,8,9B
_	
Language	L 1 A-D, 2 A-C, 3A, 4A-D, 5B-C, 6
Grammar, Revising/ Editing/Word Study	

Units listed above include the following specific units:

- Tolerance
- Non-Fiction Reading
- Test Genre (Integrated throughout year)
- Research and Inquiry
- Poetry
- Short Stories

# Curriculum Addendum Language Arts Grade 8

#### Focus for ELA Common Core Standards Grade 8

#### Areas that Are Addressed, but Need More Specific Focus

#### Reading Literature

- RL3 Analyze how particular lines of dialogue or incidents in a story or drama propel the action, reveal aspects of a character, or provoke a decision.
- RL4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.
- RL5 Compare and contrast the structure of two or more texts and analyze how the differing structure of each text contributes to its meaning and style.
- RL 6 Analyze how differences in the points of view of the character and the audience or reader (e.g. created through the use of dramatic irony) create such effects as suspense or humor.
- RL9 Analyze how a modern work of fiction draws on themes, patterns of events, or character types from myths, traditional stories, or religious works such as the Bible, including describing how the material is rendered new.
- RL10 By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at the high end of grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

#### Reading Informational Text

- RI2 Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to supporting ideas; provide an objective summary of the text.
- RI3 Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g. through comparisons, analogies, or categories).

- RI4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.
- RI5 Analyze in detail the structure of a specific paragraph in a text, including the role of particular sentences in developing and refining a key concept.
- RI6 Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.
- RI7 Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g. print or digital text, video, multimedia) to present a particular topic or idea.
- RI10 By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at the high end of grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

#### Writing

W2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through a selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.

- b. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; include formatting (e.g. headings), graphics (e.g. charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
- c. Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
- d. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
- e. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
- f. Establish and maintain a formal style.
- g. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.

W6 Use technology, including the internet to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between the information and ideas efficiently as well as to interact and collaborate with others.

- W7 Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.
- W8 Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

#### Speaking and Listening

- SL2 Analyze the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g. visually, quantitatively, orally) and evaluate the motives (e.g. social, commercial, political) behind its presentation.
- SL3 Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the reasoning and relevance and sufficiency of the evidence and identifying when irrelevant evidence is introduced.
- SL4 Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with relevant details; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.
- SL5 Integrate multimedia and visual displays into presentations to clarify information, strengthen claims and evidence and add interest.

- L1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
  - a. Explain the function of verbals (*gerunds*, participles, infinitives) in general and their function in particular sentence.
  - b. Form and use verbs in the active and passive voice.
  - c. Form and use verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mood.
  - d. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood. *Items in italics need to be added to the curriculum.* 
    - a. Use punctuation (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break.
    - b. Use ellipsis to indicate omission.
- L3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
  - a. Use verbs in the active and passive voice and in the conditional and subjunctive mood to achieve particular effects (e.g. emphasizing the actor or the action; expressing uncertainty or describing a state contrary to fact).

- L5 Demonstrate an understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
  - a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g. verbal irony, puns) in context.
  - b. Use the relationship between particular words to better understand each of the words.
  - c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g. bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent, resolute).
- L6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

#### Flemington-Raritan Regional School District Language Arts Curriculum Common Core Alignment

#### Grade 8

Curriculum Units	Common Core Standards
Reading/Shared/Guided	RL 1,2,3,4,5,6,7, 9,10
Reading/Independent Reading/Literature	RI 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10
Study	
	(RL8-Not applicable to Literature)
Writing	W 1 A-E, 2 A-F, 3 A-E,4,5,6,7,8,9A-B,10
Speaking, Listening and Viewing	SL 1 A-D,2, 3, 4,5,6
Language Grammar, Revising/ Editing/Word Study	L 1 A-D, 2 A-C, 3A, 4A-D, 5A-C, 6

Units listed above include the following specific units:

- The Giver
- Holocaust
- Promotion Speech
- Non-Fiction Literature Circles
- Persuasive Writing
- Exposure to Classic Literature
- Test Genre Integration
- Personal Narrative