Flemington-Raritan Regional School District Flemington, New Jersey

Language Arts/Literacy Curriculum Grades 6-8

Includes 21st Century Life and Career Skills

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Language Art/Literacy Curriculum Grades 6-8

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Language Arts/Literacy Curriculum Grades 6-8

District Mission Statement

The Flemington-Raritan Schools, a caring and proactive district, in partnership with the community, will provide each student with:

- A sound educational foundation,
- The guidance to strive for his/her full potential, and
- The inspiration to become a lifelong learner and a responsible, productive citizen in an ever-changing global society.

Language Arts/Literacy Curriculum

Philosophy

The Language Arts--reading, writing, speaking, listening, and viewing—are best learned through integrated language experiences. The Language Arts strands inform and enrich each other as students engage in the integrated act of rehearsal, reflection, and learning. (NJCCCS, 2004).

An effective Language Arts/Literacy program is built on oral language experiences and is enhanced by extensive reading and writing. The fundamentals of literacy are taught in an integrated, developmentally appropriate manner. The program also incorporates the four assumptions of language learning. First, language is an active process for constructing meaning. Second, language develops in a social context. Third, in order for language ability to become increasingly complex, learners must engage with increasingly complex text and rich conversations. Finally, it is by using and exploring the language arts in multiple dimensions that students master the language (NJCCCS, 2004). The Language Arts/Literacy program provides students with opportunities for and access to experiences that enrich them intellectually and socially and that formally and informally acknowledge a variety of cultural and social points of view.

Literacy is a tool for thinking and communicating. The Language Arts/Literacy program promotes students' capacity to read, write, speak, listen, and view critically, strategically, and creatively so that they can successfully engage in 21st Century literacies and become knowledge producers as well as knowledge consumers. Students engage in collaboration, analysis, and problem solving in order to construct meaning in increasingly diverse and participatory contexts.

The Language Arts/Literacy program enhances mutual learning in the classroom as the teacher and students share authority and ownership of literacy learning. The students extend literacy beyond the classroom to explore issues and to use literacy to discover personal and shared meaning in their lives. Students utilize literacy as a tool to "go inward and outward" (Luke, 2003, p.20) and broaden their understanding to the world and become life-long learners who can participate productively in a global society.

Language Arts/Literacy Program Description

Grades 6-8

The goal of the Flemington-Raritan Language Arts/Literacy Program is to develop life-long readers and writers who can participate productively in a global society. The program is based on an integrated, developmental approach to language arts instruction. In Kindergarten through eighth grade, students use the language arts—reading, writing, speaking, listening, and viewing—as a tool for communication and thinking.

Students read, write, speak, listen and view for a variety of purposes. These purposes include comprehension, research, acquisition and production of knowledge, enjoyment, and understanding diverse cultural and social points of view. In order to achieve the standards of each of the language arts/literacy strands, students are immersed in a variety of genres and print and web-based texts and examine these texts for structure, organization, and author's purpose and message. Students learn to evaluate a variety of resources to determine their usefulness for a specific purpose and to assess their credibility.

Students develop strategies to monitor and improve their comprehension, composition, and verbal communication. They employ critical thinking skills as they analyze and write texts and engage in metacognitive strategies to assess and reflect on their reading and writing strategies. In order to become proficient in the use of strategies to enhance their learning, students participate in guided discussions, literature study and analysis, and a workshop approach to writing. Through ownership of their work and appropriate feedback, students assume responsibility for their learning and reflect on their strengths and needs.

The Language Arts/Literacy Program utilizes a balanced approach to language arts instruction and incorporates a variety of instructional strategies, structures, and content for all of the language arts strands. The balance in structures and strategies allows for a wide range of content and differentiation of instruction to help students become independent readers, writers, and learners.

The curriculum is aligned to the National Council of Teachers of English/International Reading Association Standards for the Language Arts, the New Jersey Core Curriculum Content Standards for Language Arts Literacy (2004) and the Framework for 21st Century Learning. Many of the essential questions and enduring understandings were taken from the New Jersey Standards Clarification Project (NJDOE, 2008). The learning experiences that are included in the

curriculum are suggested and teachers may do some or all of these experiences or substitute appropriate experiences to meet the needs of their students.

Flemington-Raritan Regional Schools Language Arts/Literacy Curriculum Grade 6-8

2004 New Jersey Core Curriculum Content Standards- Language Arts

The 2004 New Jersey Core Curriculum Content Standards contain specific Cumulative Progress Indicators (CPIs) for each grade level. The Language Arts/Literacy Curriculum reflects the relevant cumulative progress indicators for Grades 6-8. There are five standards altogether, each of which has a number of lettered strands. A complete listing of the standards and cumulative progress indicators may be found at www.nj.gov/education/cccs/2004/.

The standards and their associated strands are enumerated below.

3.1 Reading

- A. Concepts about Print
- B. Phonological Awareness
- C. Decoding and word Recognition
- D. Fluency
- E. Reading Strategies (before, during, and after reading)
- F. Vocabulary and Concept Development
- G. Comprehension Skills and Response to Text
- H. Inquiry and Research

3.2 Writing

- A. Writing as a Process (prewriting, drafting, revising, editing, postwriting)
- B. Writing as a Product (resulting in work samples)
- C. Mechanics, Spelling, and handwriting
- D. Writing Forms, Audiences, and Purposes (exploring a variety of writing)

3.3 Speaking

- A. Discussion (small group and whole class)
- B. Questioning (Inquiry) and Contributing
- C. Word Choice
- D. Oral Presentation

3.4 Listening

- A. Active Listening
- B. Listening Comprehension

3.5 Viewing and Media Literacy

- A. Constructing Meaning
- B. Visual and Verbal Messages
- C. Living with Media

21st Century Life and Career Skills

The 21st Century Life and Career Skills are infused throughout the curriculum units in Grades 6-8. The mission of the 21st Century Life and Career Skills is to "enable students to make informed life and career decisions that prepare them to engage as active citizens in a dynamic global society and to successfully meet the challenges and opportunities of the global workplace" (NJDOE, 2009). The 21st Century Skills include critical thinking and problem solving, communication skills, creativity and innovation skills, collaboration skills, information and media skills, and contextual learning skills.

The chart notes the activities and structures in the curriculum units that support students' facility with 21st Century Life and Career Skills. Only the 21st Century Life and Career Skills that pertain to Language Arts are included in the table. The remaining 21st Century Life and Career Skills and CPI's are infused in other content-area curricula. The learning experiences are included in Grades 6-8 unless otherwise noted. All of the indicators must be met by the end of Grade 8.

The chart contains the strands of the following Standard:

9.1 ALL STUDENTS WILL DEMONSTRATE CREATIVE, CRITICALTHINKING, COLLABORATION AND PROBLEM SOLVING SKILLS TO FUNCTION SUCCESSFULLY AS GLOBAL CITIZENS AND WORKERS IN DEVERSE ETHNIC AND ORGANIZATIONAL CULTURES.

21 st Century Content and CPI's	Learning Experiences	
Strand A: Critical Thinking and Problem Solving		
The ability to recognize and apply critical thinking and problem solving skills to solve the problem is a lifelong skill that		
develops over time.		
9A.1 Develop strategies to reinforce positive attitudes and productive behaviors that impact critical thinking and problem solving skills.	 Cooperative learning structures Brainstorming strategies Prewriting strategies Using graphic organizers to organize material to solve a problem Socratic Seminar 	
9A.2 Implement problem solving strategies to solve a problem in the school or community.	 Writing Prompt that asks students to solve a problem Service projects- Coat, drive, food pantry, etc. 	

21 st Century Content and CPI's	Learning Experiences
9A.3 Summarize strategies used by various (non-profit, not for profit, for profit) organizations and agencies to solve problems that impact communities and compare them with strategies used by similar organizations in another state or country.	• Students respond to essay questions that compare various types of societies to the one in <i>The Giver</i> . (Grade 8)
9.A.4 Design and implement a management plan using problem solving strategies.	 Role assignment in literature groups (discussion director, word wizard, etc.) Cooperative learning structures- Role for each person in group
Strand B: Creativity and Innovation Gathering and evaluating knowledge and information for the strange of the s	rom a variety of sources that include multiple/global
9 B.1 Incorporate multiple points of view to create alternative solutions.	 Participation in discussions, Socratic Seminars, literature circles Read primary sources and other texts that present a variety of points of view to solve a problem
9.B.2 Assess data gathered to solve a problem that reflects varying perspectives (cross-cultural, gender specific, generational) and determine how the data can best be used to design solutions.	 Evaluate websites Evaluate primary and secondary sources for bias Math surveys (Grade 6)
Strand C: Collaboration, Teamwork, and Leadership	own to achieve common goals with queston officiones
9.C.1 Demonstrate an individual's responsibility for personal actions and contributions to the group.	 Individual accountability structures in cooperative learning activities Individual role assignments in groups or literature circles Progress monitoring/reporting sheets in literature circles Socratic Seminar reflections Group Dynamics activities (Grade 6) Teambuilding activities (Grade 6)
9.C.2 Demonstrate the use of compromise, consensus, and community building strategies for carrying out different tasks, assignments and projects.	 Cooperative problem-solving activities Charitable Cause Essays (Grade 6) Unity Day Activities (Grade 6)

21 st Century Content and CPI's	Learning Experiences		
Leadership activities develop over time through participation	on in groups and/or teams engage in challenging or competitive		
tasks/activities.			
9.C.3 Model leadership skills during classroom and extra-	 Participation in clubs, student council, etc. 		
curricular activities.	 Group leader role in small groups 		
Strand D: Effective communication skills convey intended messages to others and assist in preventing			
misunderstandings.			
9.D.1 Employ appropriate conflict resolution skills	• Peer Leaders (Grades 7-8)		
	 Character Education Lessons 		
	Student Council		
	 Peer Tutors and Guidance Lessons/Groups (Grade 6) 		
9.D.2 Demonstrate the ability to understand inferences.	 See reading units for specific examples of inference- 		
	making strategies and opportunities		
	Use inferences to participate in discussions about reading		
	and other situations		
Communication with people from different cultural backgro	unds is enhanced by understanding cultural perspectives.		
9.D.3 Use effective communication skills face-to-face and online	 Participation in small groups, literature circles, etc. 		
interactions with peers and adults from home and diverse cultures.	 Participation in class discussions 		
	 Appropriate use of e-mails and blogs to communicate 		
	 Computer class- introduction to appropriate 		
	communication (Grade 6)		
	Oral presentations		
	 Parent presentations about culture (Grade 6) 		
9.D.4 Compare and contrast nuances in verbal/nonverbal	Parent presentations about culture (Grade 6)		
communication in different cultures that may result in	How to interpret idioms		
misunderstanding.			
9.D.5 Justify the need for greater cross-cultural understanding due	• Discussion of "sameness" in <i>The Giver</i> (Grade 8)		
to globalization.	Stories read		

21st Century Content and CPI's	Learning Experiences		
Strand E: Digital media is a 21 st century tool used for local and global communication of ideas and events.			
9.E.1 Explain how technology has strengthened the role of media	Technology and synergistic (Grade 7-8)		
in a global society.	 Newspapers online (Grade 6) 		
9E.2 Analyze the role of media in sales and marketing and in	Social Studies Content		
delivering cultural, political, and other societal messages.			
9.E.3 Differentiate between explicit and implicit media messages	Social Studies Content		
and discuss the impact on individuals, groups, and society as a	 Evaluate print and media sources for bias and message 		
whole.	 Analysis of political cartoons (Grade 6) 		
	 Analysis of persuasive techniques- fact vs opinion 		
There are ethical and unethical uses of communication and	media.		
9.E.4 Determine the undesired outcomes/consequences of	 Analysis of Nazi propaganda (Grade 8) 		
unethical uses of media.	 Computer class content (Grade 6) 		
9.E.5 Compare and contrast ways government regulate media	Internet use agreement		
advertising to protect children and adults in the United States and	Website permission		
inother countries.			
Strand F: Accountability, Productivity and Ethics			
	nanding greater individual accountability, productivity, and		
collaboration.			
9.F.1 Demonstrate how productivity and accountability contribute	Individual accountability roles in cooperative structures		
to realizing individual or group work goals within and outside the	Progress monitoring in literature circles		
classroom.	Group roles in cooperative groups		
Ethical behaviors support human rights and dignity in all aspects of life.			
9.F.2 Explain the relationship between rules, laws and safety and	Discussion about Utopia/dystopia (Grade 8)		
the protection of individual rights in the global workforce.	Literature discussions		
	Constitution Day activities		

21 st Century Content and CPI's	Learning Experiences
9.F.3 Relate the use of new technologies at home, in the workplace, and other settings to incidences of ethical/unethical behavior.	 Internet use agreement Code of conduct Assemblies pertaining to cyber-bullying, bullying, and tolerance Guidance groups Character education program Online texts

Flemington-Raritan Regional School District Language Arts/Literacy Curriculum Grades 6-8

Interdisciplinary Connections

The language arts naturally lend themselves to interdisciplinary connections. Specific grade-level interdisciplinary connections are noted in bold and italics in the grade-level units within the curriculum guide.

Interdisciplinary connections that are evident in Grades 6-8 are as follows:

Learning Experiences	Interdisciplinary Connection
Research	Social Studies, Science, Mathematics
Evaluating Websites	Social Studies, Science, Library/Media,
	Technology
Utilizing Web-based Resources	Library Media, Technology
Current Events	Social Studies
Detecting Bias in Text	Social Studies, Science
Differentiating Fact and Opinion	Social Studies, Science
Designing, Delivering, and Evaluating Oral	Social Studies, Science, Mathematics, Health
Presentations	
Reading Non-Fiction Text	Social Studies, Science, Mathematics, Health
Reading Historical Fiction	Social Studies
Writing a Variety of Essays and Open-Ended	Social Studies, Science, Mathematics, Health,
Responses	Music, Art
Analyzing the Reliability and Credibility of a	Social Studies, Science
Resource	
Determining Influence of Culture in a Text	Social Studies

Flemington-Raritan Regional School District

Language Arts/Literacy Curriculum

Grades 6-8

The following textbooks are used in Grades 6-8:

Grade	Textbook
Grade 6	 McDougal-Littell – The Language of Literature 2006 Great Source Education Group- Write Source- 2006 District Word Study Program
Grade 7	 McDougal-Littell – The Language of Literature 2006 Great Source Education Group- Write Source- 2006 District Word Study Program
Grade 8	 McDougal-Littell – The Language of Literature 2006 Great Source Education Group- Write Source- 2006 District Word Study Program

Note: Language of Literature and Write Source texts include supplemental materials and teacher resources.

Flemington-Raritan Regional School District References for the Language Arts/Literacy Curriculum

Flemington-Raritan Regional Schools. (2002). Language Arts Curriculum Guide. NJ: District.

Luke, A. (2003). Literacy education for a new ethics of global community. *Language Arts*. 81(1), 20-21.

National Council of Teachers of English. (2008). 21st—Century Literacies: (A Research Policy Brief). Retrieved September 11, 2009 from http://www.ncte.org/library/NCTEFiles/Resources/PolicyResearch/21stCenturyResearchBrief.pd f

- New Jersey Department of Education. (2008). *Standards Clarification Project*. Trenton, NJ: NJDOE.
- New Jersey Department of Education. (2009). 21st Century Life and Careers Core Curriculum Content Standards. Trenton, NJ: DOE.
- New Jersey Department of Education. (2004). New Jersey Core Curriculum Standards for Language Arts Literacy. Trenton, NJ: NJDOE.

Flemington-Raritan Regional School District Language Arts/Literacy Curriculum Teacher Resources- Grades 6-8

The following teacher resources are cited in the 6-8 Language Arts/Literacy curriculum guides.

- Atwell, N. (2006). Naming the World: A Year of Poetry. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.
- Atwell, N. (2002). Lessons that Change Writers. Portsmough, NH: Heinemann.
- Culham, R. (2003) 6+1 Traits of Writing .New York: Scholastic Books.
- Daniels, H. (2002). *Literature Circles: Voice and Choice in Book Clubs & Reading Groups*. 2nd ed. Portland, ME: Stenhouse Publishers.
- Daniels, H. (1994). *Literature Circles: Voice and Choice in the Student-Centered Classroom*. Portland, ME: Stenhouse Publishers.
- Fletcher, R. & Portalupi, J. (2004). *Teaching the Qualities of Writing*. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.
- Fountas, I.C. & Pinnell, G.S. (2001). *Guiding Readers and Writer's Grades 3-6*. Portsmouth, NH:Heinemann.
- Graves, D. & Kittle., P. (2005). Inside Writing. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.
- Hall, W. & Brewer, P. (2000). *Socratic Seminars in the Block*. Larchmount, NY: Eye on Education.
- Harvey, S. & Goodvis, A. (2007). *Strategies That Work*. 2nd ed. Portland, ME: Stenhouse Publishers.
- Latimer, H. (2003). Thinking Through Genre. Portland, ME: Stenhouse Publishers.
- Rog, L.J. & Kropp, P. (2004). *The Write Genre*. Ontario: Pembrooke Publishers.
- Tovani, C. (2000). I Read It, But I Don't Get It. Portland, ME: Stenhouse Publishers.

Flemington-Raritan Regional School District Language Arts/Literacy Curriculum Grade 6

Grade 6 Modifications

Modifications for Students with Support and Students with an IEP

- ✓ Mc Dougal-Littell *Interactive Reader Plus with Additional Support* with CD
- ✓ McDougal-Littell- *Bridges to Literature*
- ✓ *Jamestown Readers* (differentiated by reading level)
- ✓ Soar to Success books
- ✓ Framing Your Thoughts Sentence Structure- Special Education
- ✓ Framing Your Thoughts- Applied Writing- Special Education
- ✓ Chunking reading and/or writing
- ✓ Modify test/quizzes: fewer choices, shorter version, allow for oral response, provide a word bank
- ✓ Guided reading groups
- ✓ Literature circles
- ✓ Provide a copy of notes
- √ "Cloze" notes
- ✓ Push-in student support teachers
- ✓ Independent novels on students' independent reading level
- ✓ Audiotapes
- ✓ Graphic organizers while reading
- ✓ Read with breaks for discussion
- ✓ Cooperative learning structures
- ✓ Peer and teacher conferences
- ✓ Partner activities
- ✓ Masking
- ✓ Flashcards
- ✓ Repeat, clarify, rephrase directions
- ✓ Check frequently for understanding
- ✓ Multisensory techniques
- ✓ Provide assignments ahead of time
- ✓ Break long assignments into shorter tasks
- ✓ Extend test taking time
- ✓ Test outside of the room
- ✓ Provide study guides
- ✓ Allow word processor/computer for written assignments
- ✓ Provide a word bank
- ✓ Keep an assignment sheet/planner
- ✓ Modify homework expectations
- ✓ Do not penalize for incorrect spelling, unless a word bank is given
- ✓ Provide preferential seating
- ✓ Allow students to verbalize before writing
- ✓ Assist with the organization of student materials/notebook
- ✓ Use of visuals from Hotchalk (teacher website)
- ✓ Google videos

- ✓ Teacher modeling
- ✓ Mini-lessons
- ✓ Scaffolding instruction
- ✓ Teacher read alouds
- ✓ Picture books
- ✓ Readers' Theatre
- ✓ Vocabulary work

Additional Modifications Specifically for ESL Students*

- ✓ McDougal-Littell *Interactive Reader Plus for English Learners* and CD
- ✓ McDougal-Littell *Selection Summaries in English*
- ✓ McDougal-Littell Spanish Study Guide
- ✓ McDougl-Littell *Standards-based Instruction for All Students* English Language Development: Oral Support
- ✓ Push in: ESL teacher, Teacher Assistants, Support Skills Teachers
- ✓ Summaries/worksheets in Spanish
- ✓ Spanish books: *Dear Mr. Henshaw*, *Sarah Plain & Tall*, *Three Little Pigs*, *Bridge to Terabithia*
- ✓ English books at independent reading level (library, support skills and fifth grade teachers)

*Also use appropriate modification where needed from *Modifications for Students with Support* and Students with an IEP

Modifications for Gifted and Talented Students

- ✓ McDougal-Littell- Extended Interpretations and Advanced Students sections of teacher resources
- ✓ Alternate Texts
- ✓ Differentiated Texts
- ✓ District Word Study Program- Challenge Words
- ✓ Alternate Writing Assignments
- ✓ Peer and Teacher Conferencing
- ✓ Cooperative Learning

Grade 6 Pacing Guide

Marking Period 1-Theme: Courage

Reading	Writing	Grammar
Short Stories (Minimum of	Response to Literature & Open-	Parts of Speech
5)- Focus on Literary	Ended Responses	Fragments, Run-ons
Elements	Short Story	Subjects and Predicates
Independent Novels	Interpreting Quotes and	Coordinating and
	Connecting to Own Lives	Subordinating Conjunctions
Benchmark Assessment- Ex:	Reader's/Writer's Notebooks	Consistency of Verb Tense
Learnia		Capitalization
	Cursive Handwriting	Punctuating Dialogue
		Word Study

Marking Period 2 - Theme: Reality and the Real World

Reading	Writing	Grammar
Reading Nonfiction- Memoirs,	Response to Literature &	Subject/Verb Agreement
biographies, autobiographies, web	Open-Ended Responses	Sentence Structure-
articles, feature articles, magazine	Memoir	Varying Sentence Types
articles	Compare/Contrast Essay	and Complexity
Newspaper Unit	Reader's/Writer's Notebooks	Commas
Independent Novels -		Semi-Colons
(Biography/Autobiography)	Cursive Handwriting	Coordinating and
		Subordination
		Conjunctions
		Capitalization
		Word Study

^{*}Novels are interspersed in each marking period and a novel study may span more than 1 marking period.

Marking Period 3 - Theme: Growth and Change

Reading	Writing	Grammar
Literature Circles	Response to Literature &	Comparing Adjectives and
Independent Novels	Open-Ended Responses	Adverbs
Non-Fiction-based Web	Persuasive Writing- Research-	Prepositional Phrases
Research	based Persuasive Letter	Interjections
Research & Notetaking	Reader's/Writer's Notebooks	Pronoun Use
Techniques		Italics and Underlining
	Cursive Handwriting	Punctuation
Benchmark Assessment- Ex:		Capitalization
Learnia		
		Word Study

Marking Period 4 -Theme: Science Fiction and Poetry

Reading	Writing	Grammar
Science Fiction Short Stories	Response to Literature &	Review of Parts of Speech
(Minimum of 3)	Open-Ended Responses	Reinforcement of Skills as
Poetry-Various Genres	Compare/Contrast Essay	needed
Author Study	Response to Poetry	Capitalization
Independent Novels	Reader's/Writer's Notebooks	Punctuation
	Cursive Handwriting	
		Word Study

^{*}Novels are interspersed in each marking period and a novel study may span more than 1 marking period.

Unit: Reading

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do people use reading to discover personal and shared meaning in their lives?

Topical Essential Question(s): How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning?

How does fluency affect comprehension?

Why do readers need to pay attention to a writer's choice of words? What do readers do when they do not understand everything in a text?

How do readers construct meaning from text?

Why conduct research?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Understanding a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning of the text.

Readers use language structure and content clues to identify the intended meaning of words and phrases as they are used in text.

Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension.

Words powerfully affect meaning.

Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to self, text to world) to make text personally useful and relevant.

Researchers gather and critique information from different sources for specific purposes.

	Grade 6- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Before Reading					
Students will know and be able to Recognize and use organizational structures and text guides to comprehend information such as compare/contrast, cause/effect, chronological order, etc. on increasingly difficult texts	3.1 6A.1 3.1 6 A.2 3.1 6 A.3 3.1 6E.2 3.1 6 E.3 3.1 6 E.4 3.1 6 E.5 3.1 6 E.6	Teacher models and students employ a variety of notetaking guides and graphic organizers Students preview text to determine the organization and text structure	Completed graphic organizers and guides	McDougal Litell –unit resources Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6 Ch.7-10, 14 Strategies that Work-Harvey & Goodvis Content-area texts	
Monitor reading and adjust for purpose and to enhance comprehension	3.1 6 E.2 3.1 6D.1 3.1 6 D.4	Teacher models strategies for determining reading rate and when to adjust	Students adjust reading rate as needed Students can explain reading rate and purpose for the rate	Variety of genres of texts- short stories, nonfiction, articles, etc.	
Set purpose for reading, self- select appropriate reading materials, and adjust text selection accordingly	3.1 6 H.1 3.1 6 H.2 3.1 6 D.1 3.1 6 E.3	Teacher models how to self-select reading materials for a variety of purposes Students skim the text, use book jacket material, and use Five Finger method to determine appropriateness of text	Students choose appropriate texts	Media Center- Lessons on using databases and evaluating resources Variety of genres of text- Content Area textbooks	

	Grade 6- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Make predictions based on knowledge of author, genre, and/or prior knowledge before reading and adjust them as needed	3.1 6 E.1 3.1 6 E.4	Students utilize databases and resources from media center to select resources on a topic Mini lessons on evaluating text resources and research materials Students read a few pages of texts to determine if it is at an appropriate level Students complete writing before reading activity Students complete K-W-L chart or other organizers Students pose questions prior to reading	Completed writing activities Completed Organizers	Reader's Notebooks/response Journals Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6 Ch. 18-21	
		Students brainstorm predictions prior to reading, revise after reading and explain why they revised predictions using text information	Predictions and revisions		
During Reading Students will know and be able to:				Fountas & Pinnell- <i>Guiding</i>	
Monitor own comprehension as reading and apply fix-up strategies as needed	3.1 6 E.2 3.1 6 E.3 3.1 6 D.3 3.1 6 D.4	Teacher models fix-up strategies through Think Aloud and other strategies Students participate in discussions, Socratic Seminar, and/or literature circles	Quality of students' oral and written responses	Readers and Writers Gr. 3-6-Ch. 18-21 Strategies that Work-Harvey & Goodvis I Read It, But I Don't Get	

		Grade 6- Reading		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		Students employ strategies such as self- questioning: Does this make sense? What do I need to do to understand this? And apply fix-up strategies as needed Students employ QAR's as read and discuss text Students use Post-It strategy to note specific areas of text as they read	Students self- assess responses in discussion Double-entry journal and/or students' responses QAR's and	It- Tovanni- Mosaic of Thought- Keene and Zimmermann QAR Sheet
Read critically to analyze literary elements, author's perspective, and how these components influence the texts' messages	3.1 6 G.1 3.1 6 G.4 3.1 6 G.7 3.1 6 G.7 3.1 6 G.12 3.1 6 G.16 3.1 6 G.17	Teacher mini lessons on literary elements Students complete graphic organizers and story maps on literary elements Students complete bookmarks as reading Students complete journal responses, text extensions, and open-ended questions about text elements using text support Students discuss the elements of text in whole and/or small group discussions	responses Completed organizers Completed bookmarks Journal entries and responses	Organizers- Teacher-made, McDougal-Littell NJASK 4-Point Rubric Teacher- made rubrics Published rubrics- McDougal Littell

		Grade 6- Reading		Grade 6- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources				
Read critically to analyze author's perspective, compare recurring themes or ideas across literary works and genres, and understand author's perspective. Analyze work for the ways it reflects the heritage, traditions, beliefs, and attitudes of the author.	3.1 6 G.1 3.1 6 G.2 3.1 6 G.6 3.1 6 G.12 3.1 6 H.7	Teacher mini lessons on elements of literature Students participate in Socratic Seminar, literature circles and/or whole class discussions Students read variety of texts on a topic and compare themes, perspective, etc Students respond to text in a variety of ways Students read independent texts and respond to them and compare elements Students make text-to-text, text-to-self, and text-to-world connections as they	Teacher assessment of discussions Readers notebooks and other responses Teacher conferences Readers' Response	Content-Area texts Texts (See appendix) Reader Notebook materials Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Gr. 3-6-Ch.7-10				
Identify and analyze literary elements and techniques such as figurative language, meter, rhetorical, and stylistic features of the text	3.1 6 G.2 3.1 6 G.12 3.1 6 G.13 3.1 6 G.14 3.1 6 G.16 3.1 6 G.17	read Teacher mini lessons on literary and stylistic elements, figurative language, metaphors, etc. Students use TPCASTT to analyze poetry	Students utilize techniques and language in own writing	TPCASTT Sheet				
Differentiate fact and opinion, bias, propaganda, and analyze sources of text for reliability of information	3.1 6 G. 3 3.1 6 G.5 3.1 6 G.8 3.1 6 G.9 3.1 6 H. 1	Students read and discuss current events in social studies Students choose print, electronic and web resources for research		Current Events – Social Studies Media Center Lessons- Print and electronic				

	Grade 6- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Read and use everyday text materials and make judgments about the importance of documents	3.1 6 H. 2 3.1 6 H.3 3.1 6 H.5 3.1 6 G.3	Students take notes on informational material for reports using GRASP, T-Chart or other notetaking strategy Students employ everyday text and explain importance of use- own schedule, calendars, online directions, game directions, etc.	Students' notetaking charts	Sources GRASP and T Chart Variety of everyday texts Write Source McDougal Litell- Unit and teacher resources	
After Reading Students will know and be able to: Respond critically to text ideas in a variety of texts using text evidence to support interpretations	3.1 6 G.1 3.2 6 D.3	Students complete and present literature projects and extensions Student responses- journals, essays, oral discussions Students complete story maps, organizers, and extensions Students chose quotation from text and explain how it connects to text, self, or world at large	Completed Independent Novel projects Completed responses	McDougal Littell resources Readers' Notebooks Independent Novels	
Interpret ideas in text through writing, discussion, and enactment	3.1 6 G.8 3.1 6 G.3 3.1 6 G.4 3.1 6 G.7 3.1 6 G.9	Students respond to reading in discussion, journals, essays and other reading projects Students participate in whole class discussion, literature circles, Socratic seminar, etc.	Completed projects Students responses in discussion		

	Grade 6- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Explore the central idea or theme in a variety of types of texts, including informational and write essays and other responses that are clear, state a position, and cite appropriate text	3.2 6 A.1 3.2 6 A.5 3.2 6 D.8 3.2 6 D.9 3.2 6 D.10 3.2 6 D.11	Students complete open-ended questions	Students use NJASK rubric, self-assess, assess peers, and provide feedback Teacher feedback and assessment using rubric	NJ ASK- 4 Point Rubric – Appendix Teacher-created rubrics	
		Students write essays and other writings based on reading and support with evidence from the text	Completed essays/writings		
Vocabulary Students will know and be able to:				Word Study Program	
Apply knowledge of spelling rules, pronunciation, word patterns and structural analysis to define new words	3.1 6 C.1 3.1 6 C.2 3.1 6 C.3 3.1 6 C.4	Teacher mini lessons on specific word analysis skills Students use context clues to define new words	Students definitions of words	Context Clue Chart- Appendix	
Define new words, clarify definitions using restatement, example, or contrast. Expand relationships between	3.1 6 F.1 3.1 6 F.2 3.1 6 F.3 3.1 6 F.4 3.1 6 F.5	Teacher mini lessons on specific strategies for defining words and using appropriate print and electronic resources	Students are able to use resources	Print and online- dictionary, thesaurus, etc.	
words using synonym, antonyms, connotations, denotations, figurative and literal meanings, and multiple meanings	3.1 01.3	Students define words using strategies and context in assigned and independent reading District Word Study program	Completed context clue activities	Word Study Program Assigned and Independent Texts	

	Grade 6- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources	
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments		
(Objectives)					
Fluency					
Students will know and be					
able to:					
Read grade-level and	3.1 6 D.2	Students participate in Reader's Theater	Students' oral	Reader's Theater- <i>Scope</i>	
increasingly difficult texts with	3.1 6 D.4	and other choral and oral readings	reading	Magazine	
fluency and comprehension			performance		
		Students read independent novels		Independent Novels	

Benchmark/Other Assessments:

- Benchmark Assessment Ex:Learnia
- Open-Ended Responses
- Independent Novel Responses/Projects

Grade 6 Unit: Writing

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do people use writing to discover personal and shared meaning in their lives?

How do I write in a clear, concise manner for a variety of purposes and audiences?

Topical Essential Question(s): How do good writers express themselves?

How does process shape the writer's product? How do writers develop a well-written product? How do the rules of language affect communication? Why does a writer choose a particular form of writing?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Good writers develop and refine their ideas for thinking, learning, communicating, and aesthetic

expression.

Good writers use a repertoire of strategies that enable them to vary form and style, in order to write for

different purposes, contexts, and audiences.

Conventions of language help readers understand what is being communicated.

A writer selects a form based on audience and purpose.

	Grade 6- Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
	3.2 6A.2 3.2 6 A.4 3.2 6 D.2 3.2 6 D.3 3.2 6 D.12 3.2 6 D.1 3.2 6 D.3 3.2 6 A.3	Teacher minilessons on purpose, genre, generating ideas, narrowing ideas, and strategies for organization Students utilize a variety of organizers to suit their needs and purpose Students use writers notebook to generate and explore writing topics Students listen to and read a variety of mentor texts to learn how authors develop genre characteristics, tone, voice, and other stylistic and literary elements	Completed organizers Writers notebook entries Students identify and use specific elements of style and genre in writing	McDougal Litell- unit and teacher resources Organizers- published and teacher-created Writers' notebooks Fountas & Pinnell – Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch. 5, 6 Write Source models The Write Genre- Thinking Through Genre- Latimer	
		Students identify specific genre and form, for a specific audience and purpose for assigned and self-selected writing Verbal activities for prewriting- oral composing, brainstorming, role-playing, discussion, reading, interviews	Written piece in specific genre for audience and purpose	Specific writing prompts Picture books and other mentor texts Computer software for graphic organizers such as Kidspirarion/Inspiration	

	Grade 6- Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Drafting Students will know and be able to: Draft writing in a selected genre with appropriate structure and voice according to message, purpose, and audience Establish and maintain a focus in a draft Develop writing stamina and draft for a sustained period of time to produce a piece of text	3.2 6 A.5 3.2 6 B.6 3.2 6 D.3 3.2 6 D.10 3.2 6 D.11 3.2 6 B.10	Teacher mini lessons on drafting for specific purposes Students write drafts Students do quickwrites on specific topics Students write without stopping to produce a draft Students engage in the writing process	Writer's notebook entries Quickwrites Sustained piece of writing	Write Source Writer's Notebook McDougal Littell- unit and teacher resources- Writing handbook	
Write effectively in a variety of genres including personal narratives, stories with well-developed literary elements, biographies, memoirs, persuasive pieces and other informational pieces	3.2 6 A.1 3.2 6 A.3 3.2 6 B.2 3.2 6 D.1 3.2 6 D.5 3.2 6 D.6 3.2 6 D.7 3.2 6 D.8 3.2 6 D.9	Teacher models strategies to employ for "writer's block" Students use another author's work to create an original piece or enhance own writing	Students employ author's technique in own writing	Samples of published works to use as mentor texts	

	Grade 6- Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Write using compositional risks, personal style and voice to engage the audience	3.2 6 A.5 3.2 6 D.6 3.2 6 D.13	Teacher shares and students read mentor texts with specific compositional risks (dialogue, literary devices, figurative language, anecdotes) Students identify the compositional risks and stylistic elements in writing and explain the effect on the reader	Students' writing had stylistic elements and compositional risks	6 +1 Traits of Writing-Culham Mentor texts Student models of writing	
Write reports and subject- appropriate nonfiction pieces across the curriculum based on research and including citations, quotations, and a works cited page	3.2 6 B.3 3.2 6 B.5 3.2 6 B.8 3.2 6 D.1 3.2 6 D.7 3.2 6 D.12	Students write reports and nonfiction pieces in other curriculum areas-Language arts teacher supports as needed Teacher mini lessons on plagiarism, citing sources, direct and indirect quotations, and works cited	Report/Nonfiction piece	See Research Unit for specific strategies and resources	
		Students write essays and reports and use citations and quotations in the body of the text	Essays/reports		
Write a range of essays and open-ended questions and responses to literature	3.2 6 A.1 3.2 6 B.2 3.2 6 B.3 3.2 6 D.1 3.2 6 D.3 3.2 6 D.4 3.2 6 D.11 3.2 6 D.9	Teacher models how to answer essay and open-ended responses Students write essays and open-ended questions on assigned topic Students respond to literature in response journals and essays	Essays/Open-ended responses Response journals	Content area essays Open-ended responses in content classes	

Grade 6- Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Write multi-paragraph pieces with a clear purpose and organization, varied sentence structure, and a clear statement of a position or topic with evidence that supports the position or topic	3.2 6 A.1 3.2 6 B.7 3.2 6 D.6 3.2 6 D.8 3.2 6 D.10 3.2 6 D.11 3.2 6 D.12	Teacher provides models of various kinds of writing- persuasive, informational, comparison, etc. Students analyze a model to determine its organization, the topic, kinds of evidence and the effectiveness of the evidence Students identify the position or topic, find the evidence to support it, and explain how the author used the evidence in the piece	Student writing and explanation	Models of writing McDougall-Littell- Writing Handbook, teacher and unit resources Write Source Content area writing Summer Reading Assignment
Write a range of essays including personal, speculative, descriptive or issue-based	3.2 6 B.2 3.2 6 B.3 3.2 6 B.5	Students respond to specific writing prompts Students read various models of essays and explain the techniques the author used and their effect on the reader	Student writing	Specific writing prompts- Quotation, persuasive, speculative (NJASK) and other teacher-created prompts
Compose, revise, edit and publish using appropriate software	3.2 6 A.10 3.2 6 A.11	Students use word-processing programs to draft text		Word processing program
Revising Students will know and be able to: Revise drafts by rereading for content, organization, usage, sentence structure, mechanics, and word choice	3.2 6 A. 4 3.2 6 A.6 3.2 6 A.7 3.2 6 A.8 3.2 6 A.8	Students reread drafts several times, each time focusing on a specific element	Student drafts with revision comments	Write Source Student models

		Grade 6- Writing		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Revise drafts for sentence types, parallelism, and to indicate relationship between ideas	3.2 6 C. 2 3.2 6 C.7 3.2 6 D.13 3.2 6 A.10	Teacher mini lessons – sentence combining techniques, varying sentence openings, using phrases and clauses, transition words Students revise drafts for specific elements such as sentence combining, transitions, varying sentence openings, etc.	Revised drafts	Models of writing Write Source
		Small group, teacher, and peer conferences and feedback on pieces Students analyze models of writing for transitions, sentence structure, compositional risks, etc. and explain the	Students' feedback to peers in conference Students incorporate elements in writing	Conferencing checklists- Write Source, McDougal- Littell, and teacher-created Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch. 5-
Use relevant scoring rubrics and criteria to improve own work, evaluate own work and evaluate peer's work and provide feedback for improvement	3.2 6 A.12 3.2 6 A.13 3.2 6 D.14 3.2 6 D.15	Teacher reviews NJ 6-Point Holistic Writing Rubric or other rubric and shows models of each score point Students analyze models of each score point and explain how they fit the criteria for that score point Students use NJ or other rubric to evaluate own and/or peer's work and provide feedback to peers Students revise writing using feedback	Students' analysis of writing Feedback to peers Drafts of work with	NJ Holistic Writing Rubric- 6 point Teacher-created checklists and rubrics Models of writing at each score point on NJ rubric (released samples from state)

Grade 6- Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		from rubric	revisions	
		Students use Praise-Question-Polish, checklist or rubric to provide feedback to peers Teacher and/or peer conferences for		
		revision Students use software to revise their		Word processing software
		writing		word processing software
Editing Students will know and be able to: Use Standard English conventions in all writing	3.2 6 C.1	Teacher models editing strategies	Edited work	Write Source
Edit for correct grammar , usage, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling	3.2 6 C.3 3.2 6 C.4 3.2 6 C.5 3.2 6 C.6 3.2 6 C.8 3.2 6 C.9 3.2 6 C.10	Mini lessons on grammar, usage and spelling skills as needed Students read a piece with a focus on pronoun-case agreement, subject-verb agreement, consistency of tense, and make changes as needed Students utilize an editing checklist with own and peer's work Students participate in teacher and peer editing conferences Students use different colored pencils to edit for particular strategies	Edited drafts Students' feedback to peers	Write Source McDougal-Litell- Grammar and Usage Workbook NJ Holistic Scoring Rubric Teacher-Created Rubrics and Checklists 6 + 1 Traits of Writing- Culham

	Grade 6- Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Use a variety of reference materials, print and electronic, to edit written work Use appropriate word processing software to edit work	3.2 6 A.11 3.2 6 C.9	Students edit published or own pieces Students choose piece from writer's notebook to edit for specific elements Teacher models how to use a variety of reference sources for editing Students use software and other references for editing	Edited entry Students' use of resources	Dictionary, thesaurus, spell check, MLA website Software programs	
Write legibly in manuscript or cursive to meet district standards Post Writing Students will know and be able to:	3.2 6 C.10	Students are able to write in cursive or manuscript as needed	Student handwriting	Handwriting Guidelines- Appendix	
Use relevant scoring rubrics and criteria to improve own work, evaluate own work and evaluate peer's work and provide feedback for improvement	3.2 6 A.12 3.2 6 A.13 3.2 6 D.14	Students evaluate final draft using rubric and provide feedback to peers or self-evaluate	Students' comments on final drafts	NJ Holistic Writing Rubric- Appendix Teacher-created rubrics McDougall-Littell materials	
Maintain a collection of works	3.2 6 D.15	Students maintain a portfolio and reflect on strengths, needs, and goals as they review their work	Student Portfolios		
Share work with others		Students share work in author's chair, in small groups, as read alouds and in published booklets	Shared draft of work	Student work displays	

		Grade 6- Writing		
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings (Objectives)	Indicators		Assessments	
		Teacher creates displays of students'		
		work		
		Students send writing to various		
		contests, submit to newspapers and		
		other sources		
Respond appropriately to	3.3 6 A.1	Teacher models appropriate responses		Students' work
other's work	3.3 6 A.3	to student work- how to praise or offer		
	3.3 6 A. 5	critique		
	3.3 6 B.1			
	3.3 6 B.2	Students ask appropriate questions and		
		provide thoughtful feedback to authors		
	3.4 6 A.1			
	3.4 6 B. 2			
	3.4 6 D. 6			

Benchmark/Other Assessments

- Specific Writing Pieces (See units)
- Benchmark Writing Pieces-
- September- Summer Reading Assignment
- February- Explanatory Prompt

Grade 6- Unit: Speaking

Overarching Essential Question(s): How does being an effective speaker enhance my personal and school experiences?

Topical Essential Question(s): What strategies can I use to speak effectively (eye contact, voice modulation, inflection, tempo,

enunciation)?

How can I determine which strategies to use to effectively communicate a specific purpose to an

audience?

How can I use speaking to clarify and enhance my thoughts?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Speaking and listening provide the foundation to connect with others, develop vocabulary, and learn the

structure of the English language.

Speaking is a form of expressing, transmitting, and exchanging ideas, information and emotions.

Oral language is a tool for communicating thinking and learning.

	Grade 6- Speaking				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Discussion & Questioning (Inquiry) and Contributing					
Students will know and be able to: Present ideas in a discussion, both planned and spontaneously, that state a position, support it, acknowledge and respond to other views.	3.3 6 A.1 3.3 6 A.2 3.3 6 A.4	Students engage in whole class discussions. Students support their discussion ideas using relevant text support and information from the discussion Students orally retell and summarize texts	Teacher and student assessment of discussion	Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch.15-17	

		Grade 6- Speaking		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		Students listen to each other's work in Author's Chair or small groups and offer appropriate feedback	Students' feedback and comments	
Participate appropriately in a variety of oral situations including class discussions, debates, and small groups.	3.3 6 A.3 3.3 6 A.5 3.3 6 B.1 3.3 6 B.2 3.3 6 B.3 3.3 6 B.4 3.3 6 B.5 3.3 6 B.6	Students participate in whole class discussions Students participate in Socratic Seminar and literature circles to discuss literature and other texts Students participate in peer, teacher, and small group writing conferences, respond to others' work, and provide appropriate feedback using rubrics, criteria, responding to questions, or		Socratic Seminar guidelines Revising and Editing checklists, scoring rubrics, etc.
		other structures such as Praise-Question-Polish Students define roles for small groups through literature circle roles and cooperative learning structures Students engage in cooperative learning structures to solve problems in a group	Students and teachers assess participation in groups	Literature circle roles- Harvey Daniels Cooperative Learning- Spencer Kagan

	Grade 6- Speaking				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Word Choice Students will know and be able to:					
Use language in a discussion to effectively convey the intended message to the intended audience	3.3 6 C.1 3.3 6 C.2 3.3 6 C.3	Students will use text to verbally identify, demonstrate, and expand on an idea or topic through discussion Students will actively engage their listeners through their tone, inflections, and voice modulation Students will use correct grammar and sentence structure when speaking for all purposes	Class discussions	Texts for discussion	
		Students read poetry aloud	Students' readings		
Oral Presentation Students will know and be able to: Effectively deliver a variety of types of presentations to an intended audience using visual aids and speaking techniques	3.3 6 D.1 3.3 6 D. 2 3.3 6 D.3 3.3 6 D.4 3.3 6. D.5 3.3 6 D.6	Students will orally present a variety of types of information- book talks, speeches, sharing written work, discussion on a topic or prompt Students will utilize multi-media in presentations	Students' presentations Quality of presentations	Book talk, Power Point presentation and other presentation criteria (May be in Content Areas) Rubrics to assess presentations – Teacher – Created or NJ Speaking Rubric	
Provide relevant feedback to a speaker and incorporate feedback into own presentations	3.3 6 D.8 3.3 6 D.9	Students will engage in proper speaking techniques			

Grade 6- Speaking				
Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
	Students will use a teacher-created or NJ Speaking Rubric to assess presentations and provide feedback to peers Students will use feedback to revise	Feedback to peers		
3.3 6 D.7	presentations Students will engage in Reader's Theater and other read aloud activities	Students' reading	Scope magazine and other plays Various texts	
	Indicators	Standards & Learning Experiences Indicators Students will use a teacher-created or NJ Speaking Rubric to assess presentations and provide feedback to peers Students will use feedback to revise presentations 3.3 6 D.7 Students will engage in Reader's	Standards & Indicators Learning Experiences Interim Assessments Students will use a teacher-created or NJ Speaking Rubric to assess presentations and provide feedback to peers Feedback to peers Students will use feedback to revise presentations Students will engage in Reader's Students' reading	

Assessments:

• Oral Presentation- book talk or Other Project (May be in Content Area)

Grade 6 Unit: Listening

Overarching Essential Question(s): How does listening enhance my understanding?

Topical Essential Question(s): How can I actively listen to gain information and understanding?

In what ways can I provide effective feedback to a speaker?

How does my purpose for listening affect my listening behaviors?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Listening is a process of hearing, receiving, constructing meaning, and responding to verbal and

nonverbal messages.

Effective listeners actively restate, interpret, respond to, and evaluate messages. Effective listeners use

these strategies for a variety of listening purposes.

Students use listening to gain understanding and appreciation of language and communication.

	Grade 6 Listening					
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources		
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments			
(Objectives)						
Active Listening						
Students will know and be						
able to:				McDougal Littell audio		
Demonstrate active listening in	3.4 6A.1	Students engage in Socratic Seminars,	Students'	resources		
a variety of situations by	3.4 6 A.2	class discussions, literature circles and	participation in and			
acknowledging the speaker and	3.4 6 A.3	debates	teacher assessment	Online audio resources		
evaluating the message for its	3.4 6 A.4		of discussions			
intended purpose	3.4 6 A.5	Students listen to, analyze messages,		Socratic Seminar		
		and respond to messages from	Students' self-	guidelines		
		classroom discussions, lectures,	assessment of			
		assemblies, and audio sources	discussion	Assemblies		
		Students listen to speeches, teacher/peer				
		reading aloud, audio sources, poetry				
		performed or read aloud, peer writing,				
		class discussions, etc.				

	Grade 6 Listening				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Evaluate a presentation using a rubric, checklist or criteria and provide appropriate feedback.	3.3 7 A. 6 3.4 7 A.7	Students use a rubric or checklist to evaluate a presentation and provide the speaker with feedback on items such as purpose, delivery, content, visual aids, body language and facial expressions	Students' feedback to speakers	NJ Speaking Rubric Teacher-Created rubrics and checklists McDougall-Littell unit and teacher resources	
Listening Comprehension Students will know and be able to:					
Interpret, question, and critique oral presentations	3.4 6 B.1 3.4 6 B.2 3.4 6 B.3	Students discuss the purpose and intended message of texts- inform, persuade, entertain, etc. Students listen to texts read aloud Students ask appropriate questions of the speaker and/or give feedback Students participate in discussions, Socratic Seminar, small group discussions	Student presentations- book talks, read alouds, Power Point, etc. Assessment of discussion- teacher and student self- assessment	Presentation Guidelines-book talks, Power Points, etc. (May be in Content Areas) McDougall Littell resources Teacher-created rubrics	
Make inferences based on presentations and integrate with	3.4 6 B.4	Students respond orally or in writing to a text they have heard (Journal, essay,		Variety of texts	
other language arts Follow 3-4 step directions given orally	3.4 6 B.5	prompt, etc.) Students follow directions give orally		Writing prompts from text	

Grade 6 Unit: Viewing and Media Literacy

Overarching Essential Question(s): How can I become a critical consumer and producer of media?

How can media enhance my life?

Topical Essential Question(s): How do I evaluate the intended message and purpose of the media?

How does the type of media affect the intended message?

What influence does media have on the viewer?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Effective viewing is essential to comprehend and respond to personal interactions, live performance,

visual arts, print and electronic media

A media-literate person is able to evaluate media for credibility and understands how words, images, and

sounds influence the way meanings are conveyed and understood in society.

Students need to view critically to respond to different forms of visual messages.

Grade 6- Viewing and Media Literacy				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Constructing Meaning Students will know and be able to:				
Analyze aspects and elements of print and electronic messages and explain how the medium affects the intended message	3.5 6 A.1 3.5 6 A.2 3.5 6 A.3 3.5 6 A.4 3.5 6 A.5	Students evaluate a variety of print and electronic texts for literary and other elements and to determine author's purpose and message Students analyze political cartoons and text Students explain how illustrations support text	Students' responses	Electronic and print materials McDougall Littell- Art posters and other resources Cartoons

Grade 6- Viewing and Media Literacy				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Visual and Verbal Messages Students will know and be able to:				
Compare, contrast, and evaluate media messages	3.5 6 A.7 3.5 6 A.8 3.5 6 B.1 3.5 6 B.3 3.5 6 B.6	Students follow a story in the media and newspaper and compare the messages and effect		Variety of news sources- print and electronic and online Social Studies- Current
	3.5 6 B.7	Students compare media version of story and the text	Compare/contrast pieces	Events
		Students evaluate print and media sources for credibility- read the same story in 3 newspapers and compare message, tone, etc.		Videos of texts read
Living with Media Students will know and be				
able to: Analyze media presentations for content and evaluate their effectiveness	3.5 6 B.5 3.5 6 B.7 3.5 6 C.1 3.5 6 C.2 3.5 6 C.4	Students view a variety of media and print sources and determine the effect on the reader and the message Students discuss effect of media on their lives- home, family and school and explain their preferred medium	Students' responses- journals, essays, reflections	Novel-related materials Websites *Media Specialist- Research Unit

Grade 6- Viewing and Media Literacy					
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources	
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments		
(Objectives)					
Create a presentation using multi-media resources	3.5 6 C.1 3.5 6 C.3	Students create a multi-media presentation in response to literature or on a specific topic	Project	*Science or Social Studies projects	
		Students use rubric to evaluate presentation and give feedback to speaker	Feedback	Teacher-Created Rubrics	

Assessment:

• Multi-media Presentation (May be in Content Area)

Grade 6- Unit: Literary Elements - Courage

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do readers construct meaning from text?

Topical Essential Question(s): How do you know who you are and how do you have the courage of your convictions?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections to make text personally relevant and

useful.

Authors use literary element to construct meaning and leave a lasting impression on the reader.

		Grade 6- Literary Elements-Courage		
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Understandings	Indicators			
(Objectives)				
Students will know and be				
able to:				
		What makes a good reader: students	McDougall- Littell	Strategies that Work:
Use active reading strategies:	3.1 6D.1	brainstorm ideas, compare with what	selection quizzes and	Harvey and Goodvis
infer, predict, visualize,	3.1 6 D.3	the experts say, reader's journal entry	comprehension	
connect, question, clarify,	3.1 6 D.4	on being a good reader	assessments	McDougal-Littell Stories
make inferences	3.1 6 E.2			
	3.1 6 E.3	Teacher models strategies that good		Fountas and Pinnell-
	3.1 6 F.2	readers use- Students practice in		Guiding Readers and
	3.1 6 G.9	reading		Writers Grades 3-6
				Ch.18, 20, 21
		Students practice reading strategies		
		(making inferences, connections,		McDougal-Littell
		questions, clarification, visualization)		Reading Transparency
				Book pg. 10
		Use Post-It Strategy to identify places		
		where used strategy as read		
				ļ

	Grade 6- Literary Elements-Courage				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Explore fiction and recognize the distinguishing feature of fiction: plot, character, setting, theme, and conflict. How authors use literary elements to have an effect on the reader	3.1 6 G.1 3.1 6 G.2 3.1 3 G.4	Teacher reads and students explore picture books and students identify elements of short story Jigsaw bookmark with elements of short story Utilize Post-It Strategy to identify elements of short story	Small group discussion Open-ended responses	Picture books/short stories that show examples of literary elements (such Not limited to example stories Ex: Edward the Emu. The Araboolies of Liberty Street	
		Complete Literary elements definition sheet Complete Story Map Students read Independent novels that connect to the literary element unit and reading response activity	Quality of work Responses to Literature	Ex:"Priscilla and the Wimps" Richard Peck Jamestown Readers: Heroes	
Literary Elements – Characterization How authors reveal characters to reader	3.1 6 G.7 3.1.6 G.12 3.1 6 G.15	Mini Lessons on how authors reveal characters: through character's thoughts, actions, dialogue, direct description, and what other characters say and think. Students complete reading response journal entries (Connections to self and character – embarrassing moments	McDougall- Littell selection quizzes and comprehension assessments Response Journals	McDougal-Littell– Short Story "Eleven"(audio library) McDougal-Littell – Unit I Resource Book	

Grade 6- Literary Elements-Courage				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		Worksheet – Identify characterization techniques Students respond to literature-based open -ended questions	Open-Ended Response	Teacher-created scoring rubric or NJASK Openended Response Rubric McDougal-Littell Short Story "President Cleveland, Where Are you?" (audio library)
Plot – How plot development affects story How the kinds of conflict affect the story How the conflict sequencing can affect the plot	3.1 6 G.4 3.1 6 G.7 3.1 6 G.12	Mini Lessons on conflict - Man vs. Man, Man vs. Nature, Man vs. Society, Man vs. Self, Man vs. Machine – Students find examples in independent reading Reading Response Journal – Students write about problems they have encountered in their own lives	McDougall- Littell selection quizzes and comprehension assessments Response Journal	McDougal-Littell – Unit I Resource Book pg. 16 – plot, sequencing and story structure worksheet see reading appendix McDougal-Littell – Literature Analysis Transparency Book – pg. 8, Conflict
		Compete worksheet to identify types of conflict Students respond to literature -based open-ended questions	Open-ended responses	transparency McDougal-Littell – Short Story "The Circuit" Teacher-created scoring rubric or NJASK Open- ended Response Rubric

	Grade 6- Literary Elements-Courage				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Setting – How setting drives specific genres Ways that the author uses setting to establish tone	3.1 6 G.7 3.1 6 G.12 3.1 6 G.17	Mini Lesson on setting- Time, place and environment, time atmosphere To align with content of "The Circuit" read the story "Cesar Chavez" in Jamestown Reader book Heroes Students recognize and visualize setting Responding to Literature based openended questions	McDougall- Littell selection quizzes and comprehension assessments Open-Ended responses	McDougal-Littell audio library McDougal-Littell – Unit II Resource Book pg. 46 – Visualizing Setting McDougal-Littell – Short Story "Nadia the Willful" (audio library) Teacher-created scoring rubric or NJASK Openended Response Rubric	
Theme – Understand theme is author's message Analyze recurring themes in literature	3.1 6 G.4 3.1 6 G.7 3.1 6 G.9 3.1 6 G.12 31. 6 G.16	Mini Lesson -How to determine theme and extend the theme beyond one word Ex: What is the author saying about friendship rather than simply friendship as a theme Discussion and/or journal entry – Apply understanding of theme to another short story or novel. Mini-lesson – How inferencing and theme are connected, stated and implied theme, connecting theme to own life, how author develops theme	McDougall- Littell selection quizzes and comprehension assessments	McDougal-Littell – Unit I Resource Book – Understanding Theme – pg. 33 McDougal-Littell – Literary Analysis Transparency Book – pg. 7 theme	

Grade 6- Literary Elements-Courage					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
		Responding to Literature based openended questions	Open-ended responses	Teacher-created scoring rubric or NJASK Open- ended Response Rubric	
Analyze how figurative language enhances the author's writing and the reader's enjoyment	3.1 6 G.13 3. 6 G.14	Recognize types of figurative language Students use figurative language in own writing	Student writing	McDougal-Littell_— poetry "I'm Nobody Who Are You?" "It seems I Test People", "Growing Pains" Text book pages 192-200	

Unit Assessment:

Open-Ended Responses to questions on Literary Elements

Grade 6 Unit: Courage (Literary Element-writing)

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do good writers draft in a specific genre? How does process shape the product?

Topical Essential Question(s): How do writers use literary elements in creating an effective short story?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Good writers use a repertoire of strategies that enable them to vary form and style, in order to write for different purposes, audiences and context.

Grade 6- Literary Elements-Writing					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Students will know and be					
able to:					
Demonstrate understanding of the parts of speech	3.2 6 C.1 3.2 6 C.2 3.2 6 C.3	Mini-lessons for grammar, mechanics, and usage	Teacher made quizzes/tests	McDougal-Littell: Grammar/Usage/Mechanics book	
Distinguish between fragments, run-ons, and complete sentences and apply knowledge in writing	3.2 6 C.4 3.2 6 C.5 3.2 6 A.7 3.2 6 C.8	Students edit specific writing passages and journal entries for mechanics, punctuation, etc.		Editing checklists	
Locate subject and predicate in a sentence	3.2 6 C.9 3.2 6 A.10 3.2 6 A.11	Use daily edits as a springboard for mini-lessons and grammar focus	Daily edits	The Write Source (daily edits, skills book, and student reference book)	
Distinguish between coordinating and subordinating conjunctions	3.1 6 F.4 3.1 6 F.5	Students rewrite drafts of pieces with attention to sentence structure and variety and word choice	Drafts of writing	Write Source Reference book pages: Developing sentences pg. 500-511; Parts of Speech pg. 470-	
Distinguish between plural and possessive nouns and abstract/concrete nouns		Students self and peer edit		485, 496-498, 702-748 Write Source pg. 343-352	

Grade 6- Literary Elements-Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Demonstrate consistency of verb tense in writing Locate action/linking/helping verbs in sentence				Writing appendix, dictionary, internet/software resources Vocabulary and Spelling
Comprehend and apply writing the use of adjectives and their different forms (comparative, indefinite, demonstrative, etc.) Correctly punctuate dialogue with quotation mark				book
Analyze a piece of literature (in writing)	3.1 6 G.1 3.1 6 G.2 3.1 6 G. 8	Students choose quote to analyze in a written response		Various Quotations Rubric to assess Quotation
Interpret and relate meaningful quotes to town lives	3.1 6 G.16 3.2 6 D.11	Students choose a particular story element and explain its effect on the story	Students' responses	writing- Teacher-made or NJASK Writing Rubric
		Have students explain how the author used the elements of the short story to have an effect on the reader		
Respond critically to literature	3.1.6.G.1 3.1.6.G.2 3.2 D.1 3.2 6 D.4	Students complete notebook entries on literary elements (descriptive paragraphs) Students write open-ended responses to literature	Students' Responses	Responding to literature pg. 283-300

Grade 6- Literary Elements-Writing					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
		Students write book reviews			
Develop a short story using all of the literary elements	3.1.6.G.12 3.1.6.G.13 3.1.6.G16 3.2 6 A.2	Use models of short stories – Analyze elements and brainstorm ideas effective element of story		Various Mentor Texts for Short Stories	
Incorporate figurative language in writing short stories	3.2 6 A. 3 3.2 6 A.4 3.2 6 A.5 3.2 6 A.6 3.2 6 A.7	Mini-lessons which focus on the development of literary elements for writing short stories Writer's Notebook Entries	Writer's notebook	Write Source Reference book Writer's Notebooks	
		(embarrassing moments, memories, quick writes, free writes, etc.)	entries – draft, etc	Writing short stories pg. 343-352	
		Writer's Notebook – brainstorm ideas for elements of a story in notebook Write story prior to reading stories – Rewrite story after reading short stories		McDougal-Littell: "Who's the New Kid?" pg. 11	
		Writer's Notebook – brainstorm ideas for elements of a story in notebook Write story prior to reading stories –		McDougal-Littell: Unit One Resource Book (pg. 11)	
		Rewrite story after reading short stories Rewrite published stories changing specific literary element Ex. Change setting of story	Rewritten stories	McDougal-Littell Unit Four Resource Book pg. 68-72	
Engage in the writing process to produce a personal narrative	3.2 6 A.4 3.2 6 A.5 3.2 6 A.6 3.2 6 A.7 3.2 6 A.8	Teacher models how to use figurative language Mini-Lessons on literary elements- Incorporate from stories read			

	Grade 6- Literary Elements-Writing					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources		
(Objectives)	3.2 6 A.9 3.2 6 A.1 3.2 6 A.13 3.2 6 B.1 3.2 6 B.4 3.2 6 B.6 3.2 6 B.7 3.2 6 B.10 3.2 6 C.1 3.2 6 C.2 3.2 6 C.3 3.2 6 C.4 3.2 6 C.5 3.2 6 C.8 3.2 6 C.10 3.2 6 D.5 3.2 6 D.10 3.2 6 D.10 3.2 6 D.14 3.2 6 D.15 3.3 6A.3 3.3 6A.3 3.3 6A.7 3.4 6 A.1 3.4 6 A.2 3.4 6 A.3 3.4 6 B.3	Diagram stories – story map plot outline Develop each element of short story Students draft short stories Mini lessons on specific revision needs-characteristics of personal narrative, word choice, sentence structure Edit for punctuation Students engage in peer and teacher conferences to revise and edit pieces Students use rubrics to provide feedback to peers Students use rubrics to assess piece Author's share – include portfolio of work	Completed story maps/outlines Assess various stages of the writing process Drafts of story Feedback from conferences Rubric scores and feedback	*6+1 Traits Of Writing-Culham Organizers Revision and Editing Checklists Rubrics for short stories Writing Portfolios		
Use cursive writing to align with district standards	3.2.6.C.10	Rewrite heading, daily edits, and journal responses in cursive	Sample of cursive writing	Handwriting Guidelines- See Appendix		

Unit Assessment:

Short Story

Grade 6 Unit: Reality: The Real World (Non-Fiction Reading)

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do readers construct meaning from text?

Topical Essential Question(s): How does non-fiction differ from fiction?

How do students use the features of non-fiction text to construct meaning?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Understanding a text's features, structures and characteristics to facilitate the reader's ability to make

meaning of the text.

Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and

apply strategies to enhance their comprehension.

Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to self, text to world) to

make text personally useful and relevant.

Researchers gather and critique information from different sources for specific purposes.

Grade 6- Non-Fiction Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
(Objectives)		MEMOIR		
Students will know and be able to:	3.1 6.D.1 3.1.6 D.3 3.1 6 D.4	MEMOR		"The Jacket" pg. 418 (memoir)
Recognize language and features of a personal memoir	3.1.6 E.1 3.1.6 E.2 3.1.6 E.4	Analyze models of memoir Reader's/Writer's Notebook -	McDougal-Littell Selection Quizzes	McDougal-Littell Unit 3 Resource Book: pg. 62,63; Reading & Critical
Students will analyze the elements of a personal memoir	3.1.6 E.5 3.1.6 F.2	Gathering Ideas for memoirs	Readers'/Writers' notebook entries	Thinking Transparencies pg. 8
	3.1.6 G.1 3.1.6 G.4 3.1.6 G.5 3.1.6 G.9 3.1.6 G.10	Mini Lessons- ideas for memoirs Students write reading response and writing journal entries		"Oh, Broom Get to Work" pg. 275 (memoir): Literary Analysis Transparencies pg. 22
	3.1.6 G.11 3.1.6 H.1			McDougal-Littell Literary Analysis Transparencies p

Grade 6- Non-Fiction Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Analyze characteristics of writer's voice and purpose	3.1.6 H.4	Explain how writer's voice created an effect on the writing and the reader Students complete open-ended responses	Open-Ended responses	Open-Ended Response rubric- NJASK 4 Point Rubric
Examine specific word choices (specific nouns, vivid verbs, appropriate modifiers) and use effectively in own writing		Students revise writing pieces for specific word choice See Writing: Personal Memoirs. Unit	Revised drafts of writing	6+1 Traits of Writing- Culham
Consider the effectiveness in using figurative language and imagery	3.1 6 G.13	Identification of imagery, similes, and humor –Post-It Strategy Employ figurative language in own	Students' writing	The Write Genre
Recognize how sensory details contribute to the author's intended purpose	3.2 6 A.6 3.1 6 G.13	writing Explain how author's use of figurative language affected reader Students explain Helen Keller's use of sensory details "Story of My Life"	, and the second	Helen Keller- Story of My Life
Contrast different points of view	3.1 6 H.7	Students read examples of a piece from different points of view and explain how each point of view Students write journal entries from character's point of view	Journal entries	Reading and Critical Thinking Transparencies pg. 25

		Grade 6- Non-Fiction Reading		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		NON-FICTION		
Recognize the types of non- fiction of many sources of information Biography	3.1 6 G.2 3.1 6 G.11 3.1 6 G.8 3.1 6 H.2	Students read and analyze models of Autobiography and biography – Students analyze the features of each	Venn diagram for sources of information	"Matthew Henson at the Top of the World" pg. 101
Autobiography Non-fiction Articles – Web And print	3.1 6 H.3 3.1 6 H.7 3.2 6 B.1 3.2 6 D.4 3.2 6 D.11	non-fiction genre Reading Response Journal Entries – Focus on specific elements of non-fiction	Response journal entries	(biography): Literary Analysis Transparencies pg. 10;
				McDougal-Littell Unit One Resource Book pg. 48-49 Ind. Reading Books
		Students find the main idea in paragraphs and in larger non-fiction pieces	Summary of a non- fiction article	The Story of My Life"* pg. 381 (Autobiography):
		Mini Lessons on main idea and supporting details		McDougal-Littell Literary Analysis Transparencies pg. 11;
		Students use graphic organizers to keep track of information	Completed organizers	McDougal-Littell Unit Three Resource Book pg.
		Create a Venn diagram comparing and contrasting a fiction and non-fiction text.	Jamestown Readers – critical thinking assessments	Jamestown Readers
Distinguish between web and print	3.1 6 A.3 3.1 6 E.1 3.1 6 E.4	Students read web and print articles and compare format, organization, content	Open-ended	McDougal-Littell Anthology Academic Reading (section in back of
Analyze the credibility of sources	3.1 6 G.1 3.1 6 G.2 3.1 6 G.3 3.1 6 G.11	Students analyze the credibility of sources of articles Students search web-based resources	informative response on Internet research	book) pg. R116-R144 "Your Family's History
Compare two sources on a	J.1 0 U.11	Students search web-based resources		Will come Alive" pg. 260

Grade 6- Non-Fiction Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
specific theme	3.1 G H.2	(media specialist)		(Web article):
	3.1 6 H.3 3.1 6 H.5 3.1 6 H.7 3.2 6 D.7	Students read a few articles/texts on a specific theme and compare the ways the sources treat the theme Students create a Venn Diagram	Venn Diagram	McDougal-Littell Unit Two Resource Book pg. 41-42; M cDougal-Littell Writing
		comparing/contrasting web and print		Transparencies pg. 47-48
		use the Internet to locate and study non- fiction topic related to reading. For example Yellowstone National park and		"Summer of Fires"* (informative non-fiction) pg. 114
		McDougal-Littell "Summer of Fire"		Internet Sources
Understand the differences between primary and secondary sources Distinguish fact from opinion	3.1.H.2 3.1.H.3 3.1.H.4 3.1.H.7 3.5.A.3 3.5.A.7 3.5.A.8 3.5.B.1 3.5.B.2 3.5.B.6 3.5.B.7	Mini Lesson- Characteristics of primary and secondary sources Students use both primary and secondary sources in short research piece Students take notes on primary and secondary sources Student s find implied main ideas in sources that they read	Summaries of texts	McDougal-Littell Unit One Resource book pg. 55-57 McDougal-Littell Reading and Critical Thinking Transparencies pg. 6 McDougal-Littell Writing Transparencie pg. 35 and 51
Understand and identify chronological order.	3.5.C.2	Students create a chronological timeline for events in a non-fiction text	Timelines	
Classify structural features of non-fiction and use features to locate information.	3.1 6 A.1 3.1 6 A.2 3.1 6 A.3	Mini Lesson- Features of nonfiction text		Jamestown Readers

Grade 6- Non-Fiction Reading					
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources	
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments		
(Objectives)					
Distinguish between retelling	3.2 6 A.1	Students write a summary of a non-	Summaries	Rubric for scoring	
and summarizing, and	3.2 5 B.5	fiction text.		summary	
summarizing a non-fiction					
text.					

^{*}Also Available in McDougal-Littell "The Interactive Reader"

Unit Assessment:

Open-Ended Responses

Unit: Reality: The Real World (Non-Fiction Writing)

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do good writers draft in a specific genre?

Topical Essential Question(s): How do writers use authentic works to gain information and apply this new know in their own writing? How do students use their real world experiences to express themselves in their writing?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Good writers use a repertoire of strategies that enable them to vary form and style, in order to write for different purposes, audiences and context.

	Grade 6 Non-Fiction Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources	
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments		
(Objectives)					
		GRAMMAR			
Compose complex and	3.2 6.C.1	Students complete Daily edit, Skills	Teacher made quiz	McDougal-Littell:	
compound sentences to add	3.2.6C.2	Book, Practice worksheets on grammar	Journal Writing	Grammar/Usage/Mechanics	
variety and interest to writing	3.2.6C.3	and sentence structure skills	Piece	Book	
	3.2.6C.4				
Distinguish between	3.2.C.5	Use journal/notebook entries to edit for	Random evaluation	McDougal-Littell:	
coordinating and subordinating	3.2.6C.6	specific grammar/usage/sentence	of daily edit	Vocabulary and Spelling	
conjunctions and use in	3.2.6C.7	structure skills		Book	
writing	3.2.6C.8				
	3.2.6C.9	Edit own/peer's writing for grammar		Write Source Reference	
Combine simple sentences to	3.2.6C.10	and usage		book pages: Parts of	
make writing more interesting	3.2 6 A. 8			Speech pg. 486-489, 508-	
and effective	3.2 6A.9	Use Skills correctly in writing		509	
	3.2 6A.11				
	3.2 6A.12			Write Source Reference	
				book pages: Dialogue pg.	
				556-557, 598-601	
				The Write Source: (Daily	
				edits, Skills book, Student	
				Reference Book)	

Grade 6 Non-Fiction Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
				Commas, semi-colons, colons pg. 582-597
				Writing appendix, dictionary, internet/software resources
		WRITING	1	
Examine the differences in fiction and non-fiction writing	3.2.6A.1 3.2.6A.3 3.2.6A.5	Students analyze the difference in fiction and nonfiction texts		Mentor Texts for fiction and nonfiction
Use a variety of strategies to organize writing, including sequence, chronologically,	3.2.6A.7 3.2.6A.8 3.2.6A.9	Students analyze how nonfiction texts are organized and complete a variety of graphic organizers for specific text	Completed	NJ ASK persuasive writing prompts
cause/effect, problem/solution, and order of importance	3.2.6A.10 3.2.6A.11 3.2.6A.12 3.2.6A.13	structures for writing Ex: cause/effect, problem/solution, chronological order, order of	organizers	NJASK Explanatory Writing Prompts
Write grade appropriate, multi- paragraph expository pieces	3.2.6B.1 3.2.6B.2	importance, etc.	Open-ended	NJASK Writing Rubric (6 point)
across the curricula (i.e. Problem/solution, cause/effect, hypothesis/results, feature	3.26.B.3 3.26.B.4 3.2.6B.6	Students write open-ended responses and specific prompts for a variety of purposes Ex: explanatory, persuasive	Responses and Tasks	NJASK Open-Ended Response Rubric (4 Points)
articles, critique, research reports)	3.2.6B.7 3.2.6B.10 3.2.6D.1	Mini Lessons on transitions for each organizational structure		Social Studies and Science
	3.26.D.3 3.2.6D.4	Students write essays in content-area and language arts classes on specific	Content-area essays	Essays
	3.2.6D.5 3.2.6D.6 3.2.6D.8 3.26.D.11 3.26.D.12	topics		Math open-ended questions

	Grade 6 Non-Fiction Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
	3.2 6 D.14 3.2.6D.14 3.2.6D.15				
		Feature stories: researching a topic of their choice (citations)	Rubric for expository pieces	See selected personal memoirs in the reading sections)	
Evaluate personal experiences to compose an original memoir	3.1.6 G.1 3.1.6 G.4 3.1 6 .G.7 3.2 6 B.4 3.2 6 D.5 3.2 6 D.6	Students use Writer's Notebook Entries (free writes, quick writes, etc.) to gather ideas for memoirs Students use writing process to produce memoirs		Rubric for memoir	
Write effectively in the following genres: Business Letter- Letter to the Editor	3.2 6 D.1 3.2 6 D. 2 3.2 6 D.8 3.2 6 D.9	Mini-Lessons- Characteristics of business letters and compare/contrast writing		Compare/contrast – McDougal-Littell – Unit 4, pg. 65	
Compare/Contrast- Print and online newspaper articles	3.2 6 D.14 3.5 6 A.6 3.5 6 A.8 3.5 6 B.2 3.5 6 B.6 3.5 6 B.7 3.5 6 C.1	Prewriting- Teacher models and students complete appropriate graphic organizers Students choose an issue or problem and write a business letter to the editor on topic	Completed Organizers Business Letters	Write Source – pg. 537 Rubric for Business Letter Rubric for Compare/Contrast Essay	
		Students read two article on similar topic and write compare/contrast essay	Drafts of essays		

Grade 6 Non-Fiction Writing					
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources	
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments		
(Objectives)					
Gather information from a	3.1 6 H. 1	Students ask a question or choose a		Research Write Source pg	
variety of print and web sources	3.1 6 H.2	topic for research		363-415	
and write a research	3.1 6 H.3				
article/presentation	3.1 6 H.4	Students research topic using print and		Primary and Secondary	
	3.1 6 H.5	web sources and databases (media		Write source	
	3.1 6 H.6	specialist lessons)			
	3.2 6 B.8		Website evaluations	Presentations pg 423-428	
	3.2 6 D.7	Students evaluate websites for			
		credibility and usefulness		McDougal-Littell Unit 5 –	
				Resource book pg 79-87	
		Teach and model paraphrasing			
				Research Ideas	
		Model parenthetical documentation			
		N. 1.11 (1:00 (#1 1.22 C)		Library Skills- Media	
		Model how to use different "levels" of	Completed	Specialist	
		graphic organizers (i.e. – web outline)	organizers		
		Madallanda di anggaran midin a		Teacher-Created rubric for	
		Model how to cite sources within a		research products	
		paper and construct a works cited page			
		Students cite sources and construct			
		works cited page with appropriate			
		guidance			
		guidance	Drafts of research		
		Students develop way to present	product		
		research- research product	product		
		research research product			
		Students use rubric to evaluate research			
		product			

		Grade 6 Non-Fiction Writing		
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Engage in the writing process to	3.2 6 A.4			*6+1 Traits Of Writing-
produce nonfiction pieces-	3.2 6 A.5	Mini-Lessons on each genre-		Culham
Memoir, business letter,	3.2 6 A.6	Incorporate examples from mentor		
compare/contrast essay,	3.2 6 A.7	texts/models		Organizers
research product	3.2 6 A.8			
	3.2 6 A.9	Diagram writing pieces –graphic	Completed story	
	3.2 6 A.1	organizer	maps/outlines	Revision and Editing
	3.2 6 A.10			Checklists
	3.2 6 A.11			Resources – print and web-
	3.2 6 A.12	Students draft pieces	Assess various	based for revision and
	3.2 6 A.13		stages of the writing	editing
	3.2 6 B.1	Mini lessons on specific revision needs-	process	
	3.2 6 B.4	characteristics of nonfiction writing,		
	3.2 6 B.6	word choice, sentence structure	Drafts of writing	Rubrics for nonfiction
	3.2 6 B.7			pieces- Memoir, Business
	3.2 6 B.10	Edit for punctuation		Letter, Compare/Contrast,
	3.2 6 C.1			Research Product-May be
	3.2 6 C.2	Students engage in peer and teacher		in Content Area
	3.2 6 C.3	conferences to revise and edit pieces		
	3.2 6 C.4			Writing Portfolios
	3.2 6 C.5		Feedback from	
	3.2 6 C.8		conferences	
	3.2 6 C.10			
	3.2 6 D.5			
	3.2 6 D.6			
	3.2 6 D.10	Students use rubrics to provide		
	3.2 6 D.14	feedback to peers		
	3.2 6 D.15			
	3.3 6A.3	Students use rubrics to assess piece	Rubric scores and	
	3.36 A.7		feedback	
	3.4 6 A.1	Author's share – include portfolio of		
	3.4 6 A.	work		

Unit Assessment:

Research Product

Memoir

Business Letter

Compare/Contrast Essay

Grade 6 Unit: Newspaper

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do readers construct meaning from text?

Topical Essential Question(s): How does fact differ from opinion? How do students use the features of the newspaper text to construct meaning?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Good readers compare, infer, synthesize and make connections to make text personally relevant

and useful.

Good writers use a repertoire of strategies that enable them to vary form and style, in order to write for

different purposes, contexts, and audiences.

Grade 6-Newspaper				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Examine and navigate the	3.1.6.A.2	Students identify newspaper	Teacher made	McDougal-Littell: "A
newspaper		features/vocabulary from the front page	quizzes	9,500 Year Old Summer
		of a newspaper		Home" (newspaper
Survey sections and features of	3.1.6.A.3			article) pg. 714
the newspaper and understand		Students explain functions of the		
their respective functions		newspaper		McDougal-Littell: pg. 60-
				61
Compare, contrast, analyze		Students locate local, state, national,	Students'	Newspaper articles in each
local, state, national, and		and international news stories from a	explanations of each	category
international news		newspaper and explaining why they are	category of news	
		representative of that particular	story	Current Events in Social
		category.		Studies

	Grade 6-Newspaper				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Recognize and make use of the inverted pyramid style of writing, specifically the 5W's and H Understand the purpose of a news article's inverted pyramid structure	3.1.6.E.6 3.1.6.E.3 3.2.6.C.1 3.2.6.C.2 3.2.6.C.3 3.2.6.C.8 3.2.6.C.9 3.2.6.D.1 3.2.6.D.10 3.2.6.A.1 3.2.6.A.2 3.2.6.A.3 3.2.6.A.3 3.2.6.A.9 3.2.6.A.9 3.2.6.A.15 3.2.6.B.1	Students read newspaper articles and identify the "who, what, where, why and how" information within the articles. Students write a newspaper article using the inverted pyramid format.	Drafts of articles	Teacher handouts	
Identify and apply newspaper terms/vocabulary Analyze and editorial and understand its purpose	3.1.6.G.1 3.1.6.G.2 3.1.6.G.5 3.1.6.G.8 3.1.6.G.11	Students define newspaper terms Students distinguish between editorials and news articles Students read opinion section: editorials, letters to the editor and political cartoons Students write a letter to the editor	Definitions Drafts of letters	Business Letter to Editor Assignment	

Grade 6-Newspaper					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
(Objectives)	indicators		Assessments		
Compare and contrast various forms of media	3.5.6.A.6 3.5.6.A.7 3.5.6.A.8 3.5.6.B.1 3.5.6.B.2 3.5.6.B.7 3.5.6.C.4	Internet-based activity: Students compare and contrast newsprint vs. online Venn diagram/T-chart and/or compare/contrast essay.	Completed organizers and/or essay	Online Newspaper	

Unit Assessment:

Write Editorial and News Story

Unit: Literature Study/Literature Circles

Overarching Essential Question(s): How can discussion of literature enhance and expand my perspective and understanding of

literature?

What additional perspectives can I gain through discussion of literature?

Topical Essential Question(s): How can my responses to literature enhance my understanding and those of the group?

What do good readers do to understand text? How do readers construct meaning from text?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections to make text personally relevant and

useful.

Discussion of literature can enhance understanding and comprehension.

Grade 6- Literature Study/Literature Circles					
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources	
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments		
(Objectives)					
Students will know and be					
able to:		Teacher introduces and "book talks" a variety of books	Teacher observes	Various books for the	
Choose appropriate books	3.1 6A.1	Students preview books and choose 2-3	students' behaviors	grade level- See Appendix	
using text level and interest	3.1 6 A.1 3.1 6 A.2 3.1 6 E.1 3.1 6 E.2	they want to read	as they choose books	for specific titles	

	G	rade 6- Literature Study/Literature Circ	eles	
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Read appropriate texts with fluency and comprehension Make connections and predictions as they read	3.1 6 E.3 3.1 6 D.1 3.1 6 D.3 3.1 6 D.4 3.1 6 E.1 3.1 6 E.4	Students are grouped according to their choice of book Students plan their reading assignments	Rubrics for student/teachers to assess discussion quality	McDougal-Littell – Teacher Resources and Reading Toolkit Planning Sheets/Record keeping sheets for Literature circles
Compare, infer, synthesize and make connections to make text personally relevant and useful Compare and analyze several authors' perspective on theme, literary elements	3.1 7G.9 3.1 7 G.2 3.1 7 G.4 3.1 6 G.1 3.1 6 G. 2 3.1 6 G.4 3.1 6 G.7 3.1 6 G.10 3.1 6 G.12 3.1 6 G.16 3.1 6 G.14	Students read independently and discuss the reading in the groups Student assignments for the reading may include the following: Discussion Questions/QAR's Story Maps/Graphic Organizers Journal Responses Student-generated questions	Completed organizers Journal Responses and Rubric for journal responses	QAR Sheets Harvey Daniels- Voice and Choice in Student- Centered Literature Circles Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Chapter 14- Theory for teacher & Chapter 15- Ways to set-up and evaluate literature groups
Read critically to analyze text elements	3.1 6 G.14 3.1 6 G.16 3.1 6 G.17		Open-Ended Responses and Rubric for open- ended questions	

	Grade 6- Literature Study/Literature Circles				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
_		Responses to open-ended questions			
Interpret text through journals, writing, discussion and enactment	3.1 6 G.17 3.2 6 B. 5	Discussion Roles- Artful artist, discussion director, word wizard, etc.	Completed activities	Literature Circle Role Sheets	
Develop vocabulary through context	3.1 6 F.2 3.1 6 F.3 3.1 6 F.4 3.1 6 F.5	Students complete vocabulary activities such as context clue charts, definitions, etc.	Vocabulary Sheets/Quiz		
Actively and appropriately participate in small group/whole class discussions Listen and speak in small group/whole class	3.3 6A.1 3.3 6 A.2 3.3 3 A.3 3.3 6 A.4 3.3 6 A.5 3.3 6 B.1	Students discuss the texts using roles, questions, etc. Students respond appropriately to each other in discussion	Rubric for evaluating group participation and function	Teacher-Student created rubric	
appropriately Evaluate the effectiveness of the group/class	3.3. 6 B.3 3.3 6 C.3 3.3 6 D. 4 3.3 6 D.6 3.4 6 A.1 3.4 6 A.2 3.4 6 A.3	Students participate in Socratic Seminar	Socratic Seminar responses	Socratic Seminar Guidelines	
Respond appropriately and provide feedback to others	3.4 6 A.5 3.4 6B.1 3.4 6 B.2 3.4 6 B.3 3.4 6 B.4				

Assessment:

• Literature Response/Project

Grade 6 Unit: Growth and Change (Persuasive Writing)

Overarching Essential Question(s): Why does a writer choose a particular form of writing?

Topical Essential Question(s): What are the characteristics of effective persuasive writing?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Good writers use a repertoire of strategies that enable them to vary form and style, in order to write for different purposes and audiences.

Grade 6 Persuasive Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		GRAMMAR		
Students will know and be able to:				
Apply to writing adverbs by type, degree, manner, comparative, conjunctive Apply to writing the use of prepositional phrases Apply to writing the use of interjections Apply to writing the use of pronouns Distinguish when it is appropriate to use italics or underlining in writing	3.26.C.1 3.26.C.2 3.26.C.3 3.26.C.4 3.26.C.8 3.26.C.9	Students complete daily edits Students complete practice book worksheets Guides lessons from reference book Students revisit writing to apply newly acquired skills (mechanics, usage, and grammar)	Test on identifying parts of grammar Teacher made quizzes Take a journal entry and identify parts of speech	Student Reference book pages: Parts of Speech pg. 224-281, 474-497, 602-603, 706-714, 746-747 The Write Source: Daily Edit, Practice Book and Student Reference Book McDougal-Littell-Grammar, Usage and Mechanics workbook

	Grade 6 Persuasive Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
		WRITING – Persuasive Essay			
Form a thesis and support it with details and evidence.	3.2.6A.1 3.2.6A.3 3.2.6A.5 3.2.6A.6 3.2.6A.7 3.2.6A.8 3.2.6A.9 3.2.6A.10 3.2.6A.11 3.2.6A.12 3.2.6A.13	Teacher models how to form a thesis statement and support it Students examine authentic persuasive writing to analyze the thesis statement and support Mini Lessons- Writing a thesis statement, supporting a thesis statement using details, examples, anecdotes, statistics, word choice- persuasive	Letter to editor or persuasive essay Students can explain how the author supported the thesis statement and the kind of support employed	6+1 Traits of Writing - Culham Authentic persuasive texts (essays, speeches, editorials, letters to the editor)	
Distinguish between fact and opinion	3.1.6G.5 3.1.6G.8 3.1.6H.2 3.1.6H.5	Students read various persuasive pieces, identify fact from opinion, and analyze the effect of each in the piece	Student discussion of fact/opinion		
Continue to develop well structured sentences (include vary sentence beginnings)		Teacher provides explicit instruction about the complexity of sentences, including powerful beginning and segues, transitions, words, phrases and sentences – compound/complex sentences.	Students' drafts of writing	Writing appendix, dictionary, internet/software resources	
Write well developed paragraphs with introduction, body and conclusion	3.2.6B.1 3.2.6B.2 3.2.6B.5 3.2.6B.6 3.2.6B.9 3.2.6B.10	Students list debatable topics (authentic writing) Teacher models and students create a pro/con list	List of pros/cons	The Write Source: pg. 219-281	

	Grade 6 Persuasive Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
		Mini Lessons- powerful leads, effective conclusions, ways to support statements (details, examples, anecdotes, statistics), transitions			
Add compositional risks to writing	3.2.6 C.1 3.2.6 C.2 3.2.6 C.3 3.2.6 C.8 3.2.6 C.10 3.2.6 C.11 3.2.6 C.12 3.2.6 C.13 3.2.6 C.14 3.2.6 C.15	Students examine examples of compositional risks in authentic writing Model compositional risks in authentic writing	Compositional risks in students' writing	Thinking Through Genre – Latimer Models of compositional risks in authentic writing	
Engage in the writing process to produce a persuasive piece	3.2 6 A.4 3.2 6 A.5 3.2 6 A.6 3.2 6 A.7 3.2 6 A.8 3.2 6 A.9 3.2 6 A.10 3.2 6 A.11 3.2 6 A.13 3.2 6 B.1 3.2 6 B.5 3.2 6 B.5 3.2 6 B.7 3.2 6 B.9	Using graphic organizers to frame opinion paper – T-charts, Lists Mini lessons on specific revision needs-characteristics of persuasive piece-word choice, sentence structure, support, transitions Students draft persuasive piece Edit for punctuation Students engage in peer and teacher conferences to revise and edit pieces Students use rubrics to provide	Completed Organizers Assess various stages of the writing process Drafts of piece Feedback from conferences	Persuasive Writing Assignments (business letter, prompts) ex: letters to principals, school, etc. (Some essays may be in content areas) NJASK Rubric Teacher-Created Rubric	
	3.2 6 B.10 3.2 6 C.1	feedback to peers	Rubric scores and feedback	reacher-created Rabile	

		Grade 6 Persuasive Writing		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
	3.2 6 C.2 3.2 6 C.3 3.2 6 C.4 3.2 6 C.5 3.2 6 C.9 3.2 6 D.1 3.2 6 D.2 3.2 6 D.3 3.2 6 D.8 3.2 6 D.9 3.2 6 D.10 3.2 6 D.10 3.2 6 D.15 3.3 6A.3 3.3 6A.3 3.3 6 A.7 3.4 6 A.1 3.4 6 A.2 3.4 6 B.3	Students use rubrics to assess piece Author's share – include portfolio of work	NJ ASK Rubric Students' essays or letters to editor	Writing Portfolios
Use cursive writing to align with district standards	3.2.6.C.10	Rewrite heading, daily edits, and journal responses in cursive	Sample of cursive writing	Handwriting Guidelines- See Appendix

Unit Assessment:

Timed Writing Prompt – Persuasive Prompt Persuasive Final Essay

Grade 6 Unit: Science Fiction – Reading and Writing

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do readers construct meaning from text?

Topical Essential Question(s): How do students use features of science fiction to construct meaning?

How does science fiction differ from other genres of fiction (realistic, historical, fantasy, mystery, etc.)

Understandings (Big Ideas): Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to self, text to world) to

make text personally useful and relevant.

Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and

apply strategies to enhance their comprehension.

Grade 6 Science Fiction Reading and Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Examine characteristics of	3.1.G.1	Students read science fiction stories		McDougal-Littell: "All
science fiction	3.1.G.2	and identify the elements of the genre		Summer in a Day" pg. 209
	3.1.G.4	in each		
To better understand a short				McDougal-Littell: <u>"</u> The
story by identifying the	3.16.E.1	Students analyze the works of		Fun They Had" pg. 574*
purpose for reading	3.16.E.3	distinguished science fiction writers		
	3.1.C.3			McDougal-Littell: "The
	3.1.D.1	Readers' Notebooks – Specific entries	Reader's Notebook	Sandcastle" pg. 580
	3.1.D.4	- science fiction	entries	
	3.1.D.5			
	3.16.F.2			
	3.16.F.4			
Identify setting as a key	3.1 6 G.17	Mini-lesson – discuss the importance	Selection quizzes –	McDougal-Littell related
element to science fiction		of setting for science fiction.	McDougal-Littell	reading Poem: "Change"
		Emphasize through discussion that		(pg. 215)
Analyze the importance of		setting is a key element in science		
setting to story		fiction.		McDougal-Littell: Unit
				Four Resource Book

	G	rade 6 Science Fiction Reading and Wri	ting	
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Make use of characterization techniques and reading strategies as apply to science fiction	3.1.G.7 3.1.G.12 3.1.G.16	Mini- lesson - Identify characterization techniques during reading using post-it strategy Readers' Notebooks- Specific entries on use of character	Readers' Notebook entries	Reading appendix - TBD
Review figurative language as an effective literary technique in science fiction	3.1 6 C.2 3.1 6 C.3 3.1 6 E.5 3.1 6 G.2 3.1 6 G.13 3.1 6 G.18	Students view movie version of "All Summer in a Day" and compare to student's own visualization of the written text Students compare and contrast the effect of the film vs. text version of the story	Comparisons	McDougal Littell: "Literature in Performance" video McDougal-Littell Audio Library
Compare and contrast two short stories	3.16.E.6 3.1.6H.7 3.5 6 A.4 3.5 6 B.6 3.2 6 D.11	Create Venn diagram to compare and contrast stories (use Venn diagram, T-charts, time lines as graphic organizer for writing piece) Students complete open-ended questions that focus on comparison and contrast	Venn Diagrams or other organizers Open-ended questions	Venn Diagram Graphic Organizers NJ ASK Rubric- 4 Point Rubric
Engage in the writing process to a compare/contrast essay	3.2 6 A.1 3.2 6 A.4 3.2 6 A.5 3.2 6 A.6 3.2 6 A.7 3.2 6 A.8 3.2 6 A.9 3.2 6 A.10 3.2 6 A.11	Mini-Lessons on stating comparison/contrast, supporting details, examples, transitions, word choice Organize writing piece using graphic organizer Students draft pieces	Completed organizers Assess various stages	*6+1 Traits Of Writing- Culham Graphic Organizers

	Grade 6 Science Fiction Reading and Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
(Objectives)	3.2 6 A.12 3.2 6 B.1 3.2 6 B.3 3.2 6 B.5 3.2 6 B.6 3.2 6 B.7 3.2 6 B.9 3.2 6 B.10 3.2 6 C.1 3.2 6 C.2 3.2 6 C.3 3.2 6 C.4 3.2 6 C.5 3.2 6 C.7 3.2 6 C.9 3.2 6 C.9 3.2 6 C.9 3.2 6 C.10 3.2 6 C.10 3.2 6 D.1 3.2 6 D.1 3.2 6 D.1 3.2 6 D.1 3.2 6 D.15 3.3 6 A.3 3.3 6 A.7 3.4 6 A.1	Mini lessons on specific revision needs-characteristics of nonfiction writing, word choice, sentence structure Edit for punctuation Students engage in peer and teacher conferences to revise and edit pieces Students use rubrics to provide feedback to peers Students use rubrics to assess piece Author's share – include portfolio of work	of the writing process Drafts of writing Feedback from conferences Rubric scores and feedback	Revision and Editing Checklists Resources – print and web- based for revision and editing Rubrics for compare/contrast essays Writing Portfolios	
	3.36 A.7				

^{*}Available in McDougal-Littell - "The Interactive Reader"

Unit Assessment:

Compare/Contrast Essay

Grade 6 Unit: Poetry

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do readers construct meaning from text?

Topical Essential Question(s): How does poetry differ from other writing? What is the aesthetic effect of poetry and how does the author achieve that.

Understandings (Big Ideas): Understand and respond to the elements of sound and structure in poetry.

	Grade 6 Poetry				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Recognize what makes poetry -poetry(element of poetry)		Discuss poetry vs. prose (for example: stanza/paragraph, line/sentence)		Write Source: pg. 353-361	
Understand literary terms for poetry		Examine poems to identify figurative language, tone, mood, word choice, format, repetition, style	McDougal-Littell text based assessment	McDougal-Littell pg 189- 193 (introduction to poetry)	
Practice reading poetry fluently using punctuation How authors use line breaks and punctuation for effect	3.1.6.D.1 3.1.6.D.2 3.1.6.E.2	Partner reading, choral reading, whole class reading	Teacher created assessments that measure language and feature of poetry	McDougal-Littell additional poems in Anthology and Language of Literature Audio Library	
Acquaint students with different types of poetry (free verse, blank verse, ode, limerick, concrete) and various poets through reading poetry	3.1.G.1 3.1.G.2	Write a poetic text in response to another poem, reflecting the same style, mood, topic, voice	Rubric for self created poems	McDougal-Littell Literature Analysis Transparencies pg. 17-21	
Identify and respond to the elements of sound and structure in poetry	3.1.G.13 3.1.G.14 3.1.G.18 3.1.H.6 3.1.H.7	Use form, sound, imagery and figurative language to compose poetry with figurative language: alliteration, personification, onomatopoeia, metaphor, simile	Student Poems		

		Grade 6 Poetry		
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Write, present and listen to	3.1.F.5	Write a poetic text in response to prose	Student work	Classroom library
poetry	3.2.A.3	texts, either narrative or informational		
	3.2.A.5			
	3.2.A.6			
	3.2.A.9			
	3.2.A.13			
Appreciate genre of poetry	3.2.B.1	Read various types of poetry and		Online Poetry
	3.2.B.6	analyze how the author used elements		
	3.2.C.1	of poetry to create an effect		
	3.2.C.4			
	3.2.C.8	Write various types of poetry and/or	Student Poems	
	3.2.C.9	create an anthology		
Analyze poetry	3.2.D.3	Teacher models and students use	Poem Analysis	TPCASTT sheet
	3.2.D.4	TPCASTT to analyze poem		
Compare two genres of text	3.2.D.14			Thematic link – Betray and
with similar theme	3.3.A.5	Students use Reader's Notebook to	Reader's Notebook	short story
	3.3.B.1	respond to poetry	Entries	
	3.3.B.2			Revision Pieces
	3.3.B.4	Use poem as springboard for other		
	3.3.C.2	pieces		
	3.3.D.3			Poetry Appendix
	3.3.D.4	Students make quick notes as reading		
	3.3.D.7	or hearing poems		Poetry Anthologies
	3.3.D.9			
	3.4.A.1	Celebrate poetry by presenting poems	Rubric for	Rubric for Anthology
	3.4.A.3	(original and other authors) through	Anthology	
	3.4.A.5	activities such as oral and group		
	3.4.A.7	readings		
	3.4.B.1			

Unit Assessment:

Poetry Anthology

Grade 6- Unit: Independent Reading

Overarching Essential Question(s): How can I use what I already know and what I learned to make new understanding?

How do readers construct meaning from text?

Topical Essential Question(s): How can I use the text to support my ideas/opinions about it?

What are the ways to respond to reading to show understanding?

What do readers do when they do not understand everything in a text?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Words powerfully affect meaning.

Good readers compare, infer, synthesize and make connections to make text personally relevant and

useful.

Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic reader can develop, select and

apply strategies to enhance their comprehension.

Understanding a text's features, structures and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make

meaning of the text.

Fluent readers group words quickly to make meaning of what they read.

Grade 6 Independent Reading					
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources	
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments		
(Objectives)					
Students will be able to		Discussion of how to choose books		Mosaic of Thought:	
				Teaching Comprehension	
Self select appropriate reading	3.1 6 D.1			in a Reader's Workshop by	
material	3.1 6 D.2			Keene and Zimmermann	
	3.1 6 D.3				
	3.1 6 D.4				
Monitor reading for	3.1 6 E.1	Students complete a variety of	Responses to text –	Book	
understanding by setting a	3.1 6 E.2	responses to text- T. charts, Double and	journals, triple-entry	Projects/Presentations	
purpose, making and adjusting		Triple entry Diaries, Journal Prompts,	diaries, bookmarks-		
predictions, asking questions,		Novel Reflections, Projects,			
connecting new learning to		Bookmarks, Post-It Note Taking	Rubrics, checklists,		

Grade 6 Independent Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
background experiences and texts and visualizing		Teacher models how to use notetaking and response to monitor reading strategies	criteria for assessing assignments	Reading Response Journal Criteria Suggestion: Quotation from the Past I Read It, But I Don't Get It by Tovani (Library Resource
Read critically in a variety of genres	3.1 8 G.2 3.1 8 G.3 3.1 8 G.4	Students read books in a variety of genres	Book List for Recording Books Read	McDougal-Littell – Stories to model specific genres
Analyze elements of texts	3.1 8 G.6 3.1 8 G.7			Fountas & Pinnell-
Interpret text ideas through journals, discussions, and writing	3.1 8 G.9 3.1 8 G.13 3.1 8 G.15 3.2 8 D.3	Students respond to text in a variety of ways in response to teacher's prompts and to their own questions	Quality of written and oral responses	Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch.17 and Reading Response stems on pgs.292-297 (Teacher Resource)
Compare and contrast various works	3.1 8 G.2			
Expand reading vocabulary by exposure to a variety of texts	3.1 8 F.1 3.1 8F.2 3. 1 8 F.4	Students keep a list or sticky notes of words they define in context		
Adjust reading rate in response to text and reading level of difficulty	3.1 8 D.4 3.1 8 D. 3	Teacher models purposes for reading and reading rates		
Read increasingly difficult texts silently with comprehension and fluency	3.1 8 D.2	Students can explain reading rate for various kinds of text		

Grade 6 Independent Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Present main ideas and themes from text in a variety of mediums and forms	3.5 8.C.3 3.4 8.A.1 3.4. 8A.3	Students create projects about texts read	Rubrics, checklists for assessing presentations	Teacher-Created assignments for independent reading
Respond to and give feedback about presentations	3.4 8.A.6 3.4 8.B.4 3.48.B.7 3.3. 8C.3 3.3. 8C.4 3.3 8 D.2 3.3 8 D.3 3.3 8 D.4 3.3 8 D.6 3.3 8 D.7	Students give feedback on presentations to peers and respond to presentations orally or in writing		

Assessment:

• Responses to Independent Reading/ Reader Response Journal

Grade 6 -Integration of Test-Taking Skills and Strategies Throughout the Curriculum

The Language Arts Curriculum provides a rigorous curriculum that incorporates the test genre. The skills and strategies listed are integrated into the curriculum throughout the year.

Overarching Essential Question(s): How is the reading and writing I do on standardized and state test similar to and different from the writing I do in class?

Topical Essential Question(s): How is writing for a standardized test different than writing for classroom assignments?

How do I incorporate connections and text evidence successfully in my writing? How will my reading and writing competency be assessed on a standardized test?

Understandings (Big Ideas): The questions asked on a standardized test require similar skills of the students, but they need to exhibit them in different ways.

There are specific strategies for reading and writing successfully on a standardized test.

Grade 6- Test Genre Integration					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
(Objectives)	Indicators		Assessments		
Students will be able to:				NJ ASK- Writing Rubric	
Successfully compose a		Whole class write-to practice and model		(Holistic Rubric)- 6 Point	
written response to select	3.2 6 A.2	how to respond to writing tasks		rubric	
writing prompts.	3.2 6 A.5	Review of strategies for effective			
	3.2 6 A.7	writing of specific genres such as		NJ Assessment of Skills	
	3.2 6 B.1	persuasive and personal narrative and		and Knowledge-Writing	
	3.2 6 B.3	how these can be transferred to "test		Handbook	
	3.2 6 B.5	writing"			
	3.2 6 C.1	Students review the NJASK Writing			
	3.2 6 C.2	Rubric and analyze sample papers at		Write Source-	
	3.2 6 C.3	each score point			
	3.2 6 C.7		Students' analysis of		
	3.2 7 C.8		papers- Written or		
	3.2 7 C.9		oral		

		Grade 6- Test Genre Integration		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
(Objectives)	indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)	3.2 6 D.1 3.2 6.D.2 3.2 6 D.3 3.2 6 D.4 3.2 6 D.8 3.2 6 D.10 3.2 6 D.11 3.2 7 C.14	Students score their own writing and that of their peers using the NJASK rubric and provide rationale for score and feedback – NJASK 6 Point Writing Rubric Written responses to practice prompts Ex. Persuasive, speculative, explanatory, etc. AND any other state required writing for the test Review of the writing process and how to use the process effectively in a timed situation Review of prewriting strategies and their importance in producing cohesive writing	Student's scores and rationale Students' responses Prewriting organizers	McDougal-Littell-Resources for Assessment McDougal- Littell-Reading Toolkit Released State Samples of Writing Fountas & Pinnell-Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch. 27
Examine a standardized test text for basic understanding and analysis of writing and reading features	3.1 6 A.1 3.1 6 A.2 3.1 6 A.3 3.1 6 C.3 3.1 6 D.3 3.1 6 D.4 3.1 6 E.2 3.1 6 F.2 3.1 6 G.1 3.1 6 G.2 3.1 6 G.3 3.1 6 G.4 3.1 6 G.7 3.1 6 G.8	Read a variety of texts for a variety of purposes Read stories from texts and apply strategies for comprehension such as making inferences, predicting, analyzing elements of fiction and nonfiction, etc. Teacher mini lessons on how to answer specific types of test questions	Sample questions	NJASK Coach book NJ Assessment of Skills and Knowledge-A Writing Handbook Write Source

Grade 6- Test Genre Integration					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators			Resources	
Analyze a response to literature and critically respond to a variety of genres of literature	3.1 6 G.9 3.1 6 G.10 3.1 6 G.11 3.1 6 G.12 3.1 6 G.16 3.1 6 G.17 3.2 6 A.1 3.2 6 A.1 3.2 6 A.12 3.2 6 A.13 3.2 6 B.6 3.2 6 B.6 3.2 6 C.1 3.2 6 C.7 3.2 6 D.3 3.2 6 D.4 3.2 6 D.10 3.2 6 D.11 3.2 6 D.11 3.2 6 D.14 3.2 7 D.15	Students explain the connections between test questions and ones that they answer Practice how to answer a multiple choice question- what is it asking, which answers can I eliminate, and which is the best answer Review the NJASK- 4 Point- Open-Ended Response rubric and analyze samples at each score point Students score own responses and that of peers using rubric and provide feedback Discussion of how to incorporate connections in responses	Students' explanation of choices Students' responses and scores	McDougal-Littell- Resources for Assessment Released State Samples NJ ASK -Open-ended Rubric (4 point) Benchmark Tool such as Learnia Write Source McDougal-Littell- Resources for Assessment McDougal-Littell- Reading Toolkit	
Understand specific vocabulary on assessments		Teacher points out words such as "compare", "infer" etc. in questions and explains how to answer those questions	Students' responses		

Benchmark Assessment:

Benchmark – Ex: Learnia

Writing Sample- September (Summer Reading Project) and February (Explanatory Prompt)

Reading List- Grade 6

The resources listed are the required and/or choice selections for each unit. Titles may be used as whole class or literature circle choices. Not all of the suggested selections need to be utilized by all teachers.

Unit - Theme: Courage

Required Reading-McDougal-Littell

"Eleven"

"President Cleveland, Where Are You?"

"The Circuit"

"Nadia the Willful"

Suggested Reading-McDougal-Littell and other sources

"Priscilla and the Wimps"

Edward the Emu

The Araboolies of Liberty Street

"I'm Nobody Who Are You?", "It Seems I Test People", "Growing Pains"- Poems

Unit - Theme: The Real World

Required Reading-McDougal-Littell

"The Jacket"

"Oh, Broom Get to Work"

"Matthew Henson at the Top of the World"

"Summer of Fire"

"A 9,500 Year Old Summer Home"

Suggested Reading- McDougal-Littell

"The Story of My Life"

"Your Family's History Will Come Alive"

Jamestown Readers- Nonfiction

Unit - Theme: Science Fiction and Poetry

Required Reading-McDougall-Littell

"All Summer in a Day"

"The Fun They Had"

"The Sandcastle"

Suggested Reading-McDougal-Littell

Comparison of Science Fiction and Fantasy Genres

"The Walrus and the Carpenter"

"The Phantom Tollbooth

Unit – Suggested Literature Study Titles

The Fighting Ground- Avi

Beyond the Western Sea- Avi

A Place Called Ugly- Avi

Hope Was Here-Baur

Tangerine- Bloor

Leroy and the Old Man- Butterworth

The Watsons Go to Birmingham- Curtis

The Apprenticeship of Lucas Whitaker- DeFelice

The Breadwinner- Ellis

Parvana's Journey- Ellis

Mud City- Ellis

Lilly's Crossing- Giff

Jackie's Wild Seattle- Hobb

One Fat Summer- Lipsyte

Esperanza Rising- Munoz Ryan

The Girl Who Owned a City- Nelson

The Graduation of Jake Moon- Park

A Long Way from Chicago- Peck

Freak the Mighty- Philbrick

Rem World- Philbrick

The Mighty- Philbrick

Stargirl- Spinelli

Wringer- Spinelli

There's a Girl in My Hammerlock- Spinelli

Maniac Magee- Spinelli

Crash- Spinelli

The Library Card- Spinelli

Loser- Spinelli

Knots in My Yo-Yo String- Spinelli

Mississippi Bridge- Taylor, M.

The Well-Taylor, M.

The Golden Cadillac- Taylor, M.

Song of the Trees-Taylor, M.

The Friendship-Taylor, M.

Timothy of the Cay- Taylor, T.
The Cay- Taylor, T.
Child of the Owl- Yep

Additional Literature Study Titles

Titles from the District Summer Reading List for Grade 6 may also be used as Literature Study titles.

Something Upstairs- Avi

Freedom Crossing- Clark

Crazy Lady- Conly

Weasel- DeFelice

Black Eagles- Haskins

Red Scarf Girl- Jiang

Dave at Night- Levine

Journey- MacLachlan

Journey- J' burg- Naidoo

Stones in Water- Napoli

A Single Shard- Park

Bridge to Terabithia-Paterson

Call It Courage- Perry

Missing May- Rylant

Under the Blood Red Sun- Salisbury

Words by Heart- Sebestyen

Walkabout

Homeless Bird- Whelan

Grade 7 Modifications

Modifications for Students with Support and Students with an IEP

- ✓ Mc Dougal- Littell *Interactive Reader Plus with Additional Support* with CD
- ✓ McDougal-Littell-*Bridges to Literature*
- ✓ Framing Your Thoughts Sentence Structure- Special Education
- ✓ Framing Your Thoughts- Applied Writing- Special Education
- ✓ Chunking reading and/or writing
- ✓ Modify test/quizzes: fewer choices, shorter version, allow for oral response, provide a word bank
- ✓ Guided reading groups
- ✓ Literature circles
- ✓ Provide a copy of notes
- ✓ "Cloze" notes
- ✓ Push-in student support teachers
- ✓ Independent novels on students' independent reading level
- ✓ Audiotapes
- ✓ Graphic organizers while reading
- ✓ Read with breaks for discussion
- ✓ Cooperative learning structures
- ✓ Peer and teacher conferences
- ✓ Partner activities
- ✓ Masking
- ✓ Flashcards
- ✓ Repeat, clarify, rephrase directions
- ✓ Check frequently for understanding
- ✓ Multisensory techniques
- ✓ Provide assignments ahead of time
- ✓ Break long assignments into shorter tasks
- ✓ Extend test taking time
- ✓ Test outside of the room
- ✓ Provide study guides
- ✓ Allow word processor/computer for written assignments
- ✓ Provide a word bank
- ✓ Keep an assignment sheet/planner
- ✓ Modify homework expectations
- ✓ Do not penalize for incorrect spelling, unless a word bank is given
- ✓ Provide preferential seating
- ✓ Allow students to verbalize before writing
- ✓ Assist with the organization of student materials/notebook
- ✓ Use of visuals from Hotchalk (teacher website)
- ✓ Google videos
- ✓ Teacher modeling
- ✓ Mini-lessons
- ✓ Scaffolding instruction

- ✓ Teacher read alouds
- ✓ Picture books
- ✓ Readers' Theatre
- ✓ Vocabulary work

Additional Modifications Specifically for ESL Students*

- ✓ Mc Dougal-Littell *Interactive Reader Plus for English Learners* and CD
- ✓ McDougal-Littell Selection Summaries in English
- ✓ McDougal-Littell Spanish Study Guide
- ✓ Mc Dougal-Litell *Standards-based Instruction for All Students* English Language Development: Oral Support
- ✓ Push in: ESL teacher, Teacher Assistants, Support Skills Teachers
- ✓ Summaries/worksheets in Spanish
- ✓ Spanish books:
- ✓ English books at independent reading level (library, support skills and fifth grade teachers)

*Also use appropriate modification where needed from *Modifications for Students with Support* and Students with an IEP

Modifications for Gifted and Talented Students

- ✓ Alternate Texts
- ✓ Differentiated Texts
- ✓ District Word Study Program- Challenge Words
- ✓ Alternate Writing Assignments
- ✓ Peer and Teacher Conferencing
- ✓ Cooperative Learning

Grade 7 Pacing Chart

The "Research and Inquiry Unit" will be completed at different times. Its time of instruction is dependent upon library availability.

The resource and inquiry care with several resource.	ent timest 115 time of most detection is dependent upon northly uvalue					
Trimester 1-	Trimester 3-					
Time Frame: September –December (beginning)	Time Frame: March (mid-month – end of year)					
*Word Study (throughout entire trimester)	*Word Study (throughout entire trimester)					
*Independent Reading Unit- "Reading for Personal Enjoyment"	*Independent Reading Unit- "Reading for Personal Enjoyment"					
*Test Genre- Reading and Writing	*See Grammar Resource Guide (throughout entire trimester)					
*See Grammar Resource Guide (throughout entire trimester)-	*Short Story Reading and Writing Unit (Fiction)- "Learning from					
*Novel Unit- "Tolerance" (Trimester 1 or 2)	Experiences"					
*Non-Fiction Reading and Writing Unit- "Overcoming Personal Challenges"	*Poetry Unit- "Various Forms of Poetry"					
* Benchmark Assessments Ex:Learnia						
Trimester 2-						
Time Frame: December (beginning)-March (mid month)						
*Word Study (throughout entire trimester)						
*Independent Reading Unit-"Reading for Personal Enjoyment"						
*Test Genre Unit-Reading and Writing						
*See Grammar Resource Guide (throughout entire trimester)-						
*Novel Unit- "Tolerance (Trimester 1 or 2)						

• Benchmark Assessment Ex: Learnia *Note: Some novels may span 1 or 2 trimesters.

Grade 7 Grammar Pacing Guide

Trimester 1-	Trimester 2-	Trimester 3-
I.)Sentence Construction	I.)Sentence Construction	I.) Sentence Construction
A.)Types	A.)Subject-Verb Agreement B.) Combining Sentences	A.) Prepositonal Phrases B.) Interjections
1.)simple		
2.)compound		
3.) complex		
4.) compound-complex		
B.) Clauses	II.) Parts of Speech	II.) Parts of Speech
1.) dependent	A.) Possessive Nouns	A.)Prepositions
2.) independent	B.) Adjectives	
	C.) Adverbs	
C.) Run-ons & Fragments		
D.) Subjects and Predicates	III.) Punctuation	III.) Punctuation
1.) simple & compound	A.) Commas	
		A.)Hyphens
II.)Parts of Speech:	IV.) Capitalization	B.)Colons
		C.) Dashes
A.) nouns		D.) Ellipses
B.) verbs (action, linking, tense)		
C.) conjunctions		
III.) Punctuation		
A.) dialogue (quotations)		
B.) semi-colon		

Grade 7 Grammar Resource Index					
Skill	Write Source Handbook	Write Source Skill Book	McDougall Grammar, Usage and Mechanics Book		
TRIMESTER 1					
Simple Sentences	515	107	151		
Compound Sentences	516	107	151		
Complex Sentences	517,744	111,113,107,	155		
Compound-Complex Sentences		107	160		
Clauses (Dep. & Ind.)	517,698-701	75	148,149		
Fragments	503	80	28		
Subject & Predicates	501,690-693	69,73	Lesson 1		
Nouns	470-473,702-705	129,131,133,135	31-43		
Verbs	480-482,718-731	151,153,155,157,159,161	76-100		
Conjunctions	496,744-747	179,181	130		
Quotations	598-601	31	199		
Semi-colons	594-595	29	202		
TRIMESTER 2 Subject Verb Agreement	190,508-509,728	93,99			
Combining Sentences	512	101,103,105			
Adjectives	486-489,732-735	163-169	103,106,109		
Adverbs	490-493,736-739	171,173	112		
Commas	582-593	7,11,15,19,21,23,25,27	193,196		
Capitalization	618-627	49,55,57	178-187		
TRIMESTER 3					
Prepositional Phrases	519		127		
Interjections		177			
Prepositions	494-495	175	124		
Hyphens	608-611	41,43	205		
Colons	596	29	202		
Dashes	612-613	43,44	205		
Ellipses	614-615				

Grade 7 Unit: Reading

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do people use reading to discover personal and shared meaning in their lives?

Topical Essential Question(s): How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning?

How does fluency affect comprehension?

Why do readers need to pay attention to a writer's choice of words? What do readers do when they do not understand everything in a text?

How do readers construct meaning from text?

Why conduct research?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Understanding a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning of the text.

Readers use language structure and content clues to identify the intended meaning of words and phrases as they are used in text.

Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension.

Words powerfully affect meaning.

Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to self, text to world) to make text personally useful and relevant.

Researchers gather and critique information from different sources for specific purposes.

	Grade 7- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Before Reading					
Students will know and be able to Recognize and use organizational structures and text guides to comprehend information such as compare/contrast, cause/effect, chronological order, etc. on increasingly difficult texts	3.1 7A.1 3.1 7E.2	Teacher models and students employ a variety of notetaking guides and graphic organizers Students preview text to determine the organization and text structure	Completed graphic organizers and guides	McDougal Litell –unit resources Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6 Ch.19-21 Strategies that Work-Harvey & Goodvis Content-area texts	
Monitor reading and adjust for purpose and to enhance comprehension	3.1 7 E.1 3.1 7 D.2 3.1 7 D.3 3.1 7 D 4	Teacher models strategies for determining reading rate and when to adjust	Students adjust reading rate as needed Students can explain reading rate and purpose for the rate	Variety of genres of texts- short stories, nonfiction, articles, etc.	
Set purpose for reading, self- select appropriate reading materials, and adjust text selection accordingly	3.1 7 H.4	Teacher models how to self-select reading materials for a variety of purposes Students skim the text, use book jacket material, and use Five Finger method to	Students choose appropriate texts	Media Center- Lessons on using databases and evaluating resources Variety of genres of text	

		Grade 7- Reading		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Make predictions based on knowledge of author, genre, and/or prior knowledge before reading and adjust them as needed		determine appropriateness of text Students utilize databases and resources from media center to select resources on a topic Mini lessons on evaluating text resources and research materials Students read a few pages of texts to determine if it is at an appropriate level Students complete writing before reading activity Students complete K-W-L chart or other organizers Students pose questions prior to reading Students brainstorm predictions prior to reading, revise after reading and explain	Completed writing activities Completed or Organizers Predictions and revisions	Reader's Notebooks/response Journals Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6 Ch. 20-21
During Reading Students will know and be able to:		why they revised predictions using text information		
Monitor own comprehension as reading and apply fix-up strategies as needed	3.1 7 E.1 3.1 7 D.3 3.1 7 D.4	Teacher models fix-up strategies through Think Aloud and other strategies		Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Gr. 3- 6- Ch. 20-21
		Students participate in discussions,	Quality of students'	Strategies that Work-

Grade 7- Reading					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
		Socratic Seminar, and/or literature circles	oral and written responses	Harvey & Goodvis	
		Students employ strategies such as self- questioning: Does this make sense? What do I need to do to understand this? And apply fix-up strategies as	Students' self- assess responses in discussion	I Read It, But I Don't Get It- Tovanni-	
		needed Students employ QAR's as read and discuss text	Double-entry journal and/or students' responses	QAR Sheet	
		Students use Post-It strategy to note specific areas of text as they read	QAR's and responses		
Read critically to analyze literary elements, author's perspective, and how these	3.1 7 G.6 3.1 7 G.7 3.1 7 G. 9	Teacher mini lessons on literary elements			
components influence the texts' messages	3.1 7 G.10 3.1 7 G.14	Students complete graphic organizers and story maps on literary elements	Completed organizers	Organizers- Teacher-made, McDougal-Littell	
		Students complete bookmarks as reading	Completed bookmarks		
		Students complete journal responses, text extensions, and open-ended questions about text elements using text support	Journal entries and responses	NJASK 4-Point Rubric Teacher- made rubrics Published rubrics- McDougal Littell	
		Students discuss the elements of text in whole and/or small group discussions			

	Grade 7- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Read critically to analyze author's perspective, compare recurring themes or ideas across literary works and genres, and understand author's perspective. Analyze work for the ways it reflects the heritage, traditions, beliefs, and attitudes of the author.	3.1 7 G.5 3.1 7 G.10 3.1 7 G.12 3.1.7 G.14 3.1 7 H.5	Teacher mini lessons on elements of literature Students participate in Socratic Seminar, literature circles and/or whole class discussions Students read variety of texts on a topic and compare themes, perspective, etcStudents respond to text in a variety of ways Students read independent texts and respond to them and compare elements Students make text-to-text, text-to-self, and text-to-world connections as they read	Teacher assessment of discussions Readers notebooks and other responses Teacher conferences Readers' Response	Content-Area texts See appendix Reader Notebook materials Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Gr. 3-6-Ch:2, 16, 17	
Identify and analyze literary elements and techniques such as figurative language, meter, rhetorical, and stylistic features of the text	3.1 7 G.6 3.1 7 G. 7 3.1 7 G.9 3.1 7 G.13	Teacher mini lessons on literary and stylistic elements, figurative language, metaphors, etc. Students use TPCASTT to analyze poetry	Students utilize techniques and language in own writing	TPCASTT	

Grade 7- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Differentiate fact and opinion, bias, propaganda, and analyze sources of text for reliability of information	3.1 7 G. 3 3.1 7 H. 2 3.1 7 H. 4	Students read and discuss current events in social studies Students choose print, electronic and web resources for research		Current Events – Social Studies Media Center Lessons- Print and electronic sources
		Students take notes on informational material for reports using GRASP, T-Chart or other note taking strategy	Students' note taking charts	GRASP and T Chart
Read and use everyday text materials and make judgments about the importance of documents	3.1 7 G.16	Students employ everyday text and explain importance of use- own schedule, calendars, online directions, game directions, etc.		Variety of everyday texts Write Source McDougal Littell- Unit and teacher resources
After Reading Students will know and be able to:				
Respond critically to text ideas in a variety of texts using text evidence to support interpretations	3.1 7 G.10 3.2 7 D.3	Students complete and present literature projects and extensions Student responses- journals, essays, oral discussions Students complete story maps, organizers, and extensions Students chose quotation from text and explain how it connects to text, self, or world at large	Completed projects Completed responses	McDougal Littell resources Readers' Notebooks Independent Novels

Grade 7- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Interpret ideas in text through writing, discussion, and enactment	3.1 7 G.15	Students respond to reading in discussion, journals, essays and other reading projects	Completed projects	
		Students participate in whole class discussion, literature circles, Socratic seminar, etc.	Students responses in discussion	
Explore the central idea or theme in a variety of types of texts, including informational and write essays and other responses that are clear, state a position, and cite appropriate text	3.2 7 D.8 3.2 7 D.9 3.2 7 D.10 3.2 7 D.11	Students complete ASK-like open- ended questions	Students use NJASK rubric, self-assess, assess peers, and provide feedback Teacher feedback and assessment using rubric	NJ ASK- 4 Point Rubric – Appendix Teacher-created rubrics
		Students write essays and other writings based on reading and support with evidence from the text	Completed essays/writings	
Vocabulary Students will know and be able to: Apply knowledge of spelling	3.1 7 C.1	Teacher mini lessons on specific word		District Word Study Program
rules, pronunciation, word patterns and structural analysis to define new words	3.1 7 C.2 3.1 7 C.3	analysis skills Students use context clues to define new words	Students definitions of words	Context Clue Chart-
Define new words, clarify definitions using restatement, example, or contrast.	3.1 7 F.1 3.1 7 F.2 3.1 7 F.3 3.1 7 F.4	Teacher mini lessons on specific strategies for defining words and using appropriate print and electronic resources	Students are able to use resources	Print and online- dictionary, thesaurus, etc.

Grade 7- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Expand relationships between words using synonym,		Students define words using strategies and context in assigned and independent	Completed context clue activities	Word Study Program
antonyms, connotations, denotations, figurative and		reading		Assigned and Independent Texts
literal meanings, and multiple		District Word Study program		Texts
meanings				
Fluency Students will know and be able to: Read grade-level and increasingly difficult texts with fluency and comprehension	3.1 7 D.1 3.1 7 D.2	Students participate in Reader's Theater and other choral and oral readings Students read independent novels	Students' oral reading performance	Reader's Theater with class magazines Independent Novels

Benchmark/Other Assessments:

- Benchmark Assessment Ex: Learnia
- Open-Ended Responses
- Book Extensions and Projects
- Independent Novel Assessments

Grade 7 Unit: Writing

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do people use writing to discover personal and shared meaning in their lives?

How do I write in a clear, concise manner for a variety of purposes and audiences?

Topical Essential Question(s): How do good writers express themselves?

How does process shape the writer's product? How do writers develop a well-written product? How do the rules of language affect communication? Why does a writer choose a particular form of writing?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Good writers develop and refine their ideas for thinking, learning, communicating, and aesthetic

expression.

Good writers use a repertoire of strategies that enable them to vary form and style, in order to write for

different purposes, contexts, and audiences.

Conventions of language help readers understand what is being communicated.

A writer selects a form based on audience and purpose.

& Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
3	Assessments	
generating ideas, narrowing ideas, and		McDougal Litell- unit and teacher resources
Students utilize a variety of organizers to suit their needs and purpose	Completed organizers	Organizers- published and teacher-created
	generating ideas, narrowing ideas, and strategies for organization Students utilize a variety of organizers	Students utilize a variety of organizers Completed

		Grade 7- Writing		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Consider audience, purpose, genre and form when choosing a strategy for organizing and writing a specific text	3.2 7B.1 3.2 7D.12 3.2 7 D.13 3.2 7 A.6	Students use writers notebook to generate and explore writing topics Students listen to and read a variety of mentor texts to learn how authors develop genre characteristics, tone, voice, and other stylistic and literary elements Students identify specific genre and form, for a specific audience and purpose for assigned and self-selected writing Verbal activities for prewriting- oral composing, brainstorming, role-playing, discussion, reading, interviews	Writers notebook entries Students identify and use specific elements of style and genre in writing Written piece in specific genre for audience and purpose	Writers notebooks Fountas & Pinnell – Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch. 5, 6 Write Source models Specific writing prompts Picture books and other mentor texts Computer software for graphic organizers such as Kidspirarion/Inspiration
Drafting Students will know and be able to: Draft writing in a selected genre with appropriate structure and voice according to message, purpose, and audience Establish and maintain a focus in a draft	3.2 7 B.1 3.2 7 D.2 3.2 7 B.1	Teacher mini lessons on drafting for specific purposes Students write drafts Students do quickwrites on specific topics	Writer's notebook entries Quickwrites	Write Source Writer's Notebook McDougal Littell- unit and teacher resources- Writing handbook

		Grade 7- Writing		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Develop writing stamina and draft for a sustained period of time to produce a piece of text Write effectively in a variety of genres including personal narratives, stories with well-developed literary elements, biographies, memoirs, persuasive pieces and other informational pieces	3.2 7 B.1 3.2 7 A.1 3.2 7 A.2 3.2 7 B.2 3.2 7 D.4	Students write without stopping to produce a draft Students engage in the writing process Teacher models strategies to employ for "writer's block" Students use another author's work to create an original piece or enhance own writing	Sustained piece of writing Students employ author's technique in own writing	Samples of published works to use as mentor texts
Write using compositional risks, personal style and voice to engage the audience	3.2 7 D.5 3.2 7 D.13	Teacher shares and students read mentor texts with specific compositional risks (dialogue, literary devices, figurative language, anecdotes) Students identify the compositional risks and stylistic elements in writing and explain the effect on the reader	Students' writing had stylistic elements and compositional risks	6 +1 Traits of Writing- Culham Mentor texts Student models of writing
Write reports and subject- appropriate nonfiction pieces across the curriculum based on research and including citations, quotations, and a works cited page	3.2 7 B.3 3.2 7 D. 7 3.2 7 D.6	Students write reports and nonfiction pieces in other curriculum areas- Language arts teacher supports as needed Teacher mini lessons on plagiarism, citing sources, direct and indirect quotations, and works cited Students write essays and reports and use citations and quotations in the body	Report/Nonfiction piece Essays/reports	See Research Unit for specific strategies and resources

		Grade 7- Writing		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		of the text		
Write a range of essays and open-ended questions and	3.2 7 A. 4 3.2 7 D.3	Teacher models how to answer essay and open-ended responses		Content area essays
responses to literature		Students write essays and open-ended questions on assigned topic	Essays/Open-ended responses	Open-ended responses in content classes
		Students respond to literature in response journals and essays	Response journals	
Write multi-paragraph pieces with a clear purpose and organization, varied sentence structure, and a clear statement of a position or topic with evidence that supports the position or topic	3.2 7 D.8 3.2 7 D.9 3.2 7 D.10 3.2 7 D.11 3.2 7 D. 12	Teacher provides models of various kinds of writing- persuasive, informational, comparison, etc. Students analyze a model to determine its organization, the topic, kinds of evidence and the effectiveness of the evidence Students identify the position or topic, find the evidence to support it, and	Student writing and explanation	Models of writing McDougall-Littell- Writing Handbook, teacher and unit resources Write Source Content area writing Summer Reading
		explain how the author used the evidence in the piece		Assignment
Write a range of essays including personal, speculative, descriptive or issue-based	3.2 7 B.4	Students respond to specific writing prompts Students read various models of essays and explain the techniques the author used and their effect on the reader	Student writing	Specific writing prompts- Quotation, persuasive, speculative (NJASK) and other teacher-created prompts
Compose, revise, edit and publish using appropriate software	3.2 7 A.6	Students use word-processing programs to draft text		Word processing program

Grade 7- Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Revising Students will know and be able to: Revise drafts by rereading for content, organization, usage, sentence structure, mechanics, and word choice Revise drafts for sentence types, parallelism, and to indicate relationship between ideas	3.2 7 A. 4 3.2 7 C. 2 3.2 7 C. 3 3.2 7 C.4 3.2 7 C.5	Students reread drafts several times, each time focusing on a specific element Teacher mini lessons – sentence combining techniques, varying sentence openings, using phrases and clauses, transition words Students revise drafts for specific elements such as sentence combining, transitions, varying sentence openings, etc. Small group, teacher, and peer conferences and feedback on pieces Students analyze models of writing for transitions, sentence structure, compositional risks, etc. and explain the effect on the reader	Student drafts with revision comments Revised drafts Students' feedback to peers in conference Students incorporate elements in writing	Write Source Student models Models of writing Write Source Conferencing checklists- Write Source, McDougal- Littell, and teacher-created Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6 Ch. 5,
Use relevant scoring rubrics and criteria to improve own work, evaluate own work and evaluate peer's work and provide feedback for improvement	3.2 7 A.5 3.2 7 A.7 3.2 7 D.15		Students' analysis of writing	NJ Holistic Writing Rubric- 6 point Teacher-created checklists and rubrics

		Grade 7- Writing		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		Students use rubrics to evaluate own and/or peer's work and provide feedback to peers Students revise writing using feedback from rubric	Feedback to peers Drafts of work with revisions	Models of writing at each score point on NJ rubric (released samples from state)
		Students use Praise-Question-Polish, checklist or rubric to provide feedback to peers Teacher and/or peer conferences for revision		Word processing software
		Students use software to revise their writing		
Editing Students will know and be able to: Use Standard English conventions in all writing	3.2 7 C.1	Teacher models editing strategies	Edited work	Write Source
Edit for correct grammar, usage, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling	3.2 7 C.6	Mini lessons on grammar, usage and spelling skills as needed Students read a piece with a focus on pronoun-case agreement, subject-verb agreement, consistency of tense, and make changes as needed	Edited drafts	Write Source McDougal-Litell- Grammar and Usage Workbook NJ Holistic Scoring Rubric
		Students utilize an editing checklist with own and peer's work		Teacher-Created Rubrics and Checklists

Grade 7- Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		Students participate in teacher and peer editing conferences Students use different colored pencils to edit for particular strategies Students edit published or own pieces Students choose piece from writer's	Students' feedback to peers Edited entry	6 + 1 Traits of Writing- Culham
Use a variety of reference materials, print and electronic, to edit written work Use appropriate word processing software to edit work	3.2 7 C.7 3.2 7 A. 6	notebook to edit for specific elements Teacher models how to use a variety of reference sources for editing Students use software and other references for editing	Students' use of resources	Dictionary, thesaurus, spell check, MLA website Software programs
Write legibly in manuscript or cursive to meet district standards	3.2 7 C.8	Students are able to write in cursive or manuscript as needed	Student handwriting	Handwriting Guidelines- Appendix
Post Writing Students will know and be able to: Use relevant scoring rubrics and criteria to improve own work, evaluate own work and evaluate peer's work and provide feedback for improvement	3.2 7 A.5 3.2 7 A.7 3.2 D.15	Students evaluate final draft using rubric and provide feedback to peers or self-evaluate	Students' comments on final drafts	NJ Holistic Writing Rubric- Appendix Teacher-created rubrics McDougall-Littell materials

		Grade 7- Writing		
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Maintain a collection of works	3.2 7 D.14	Students maintain a portfolio and reflect on strengths, needs, and goals as they review their work	Student Portfolios	
Share work with others		Students share work in author's chair, in small groups, as read alouds and in published booklets	Shared draft of work	Student work displays
		Teacher creates displays of students' work		
		Students send writing to various contests, submit to newspapers and other sources		
Respond appropriately to other's work	3.3 7 A.1 3.3 7 A.3 3.3 7 A. 6 3.3 7 A.7 3.3 7 B.2	Teacher models appropriate responses to student work- how to praise or offer critique Students ask appropriate questions and	Students' feedback	Students' work
	3.4 7 A.1 3.4 7 B. 2 3.4 7 D. 4	provide thoughtful feedback to authors	to peers	

Benchmark/Unit Assessments

- Specific Writing Pieces (See units)
- Benchmark Writing Pieces-
- September/October –
- February Prompt-NJASK

Grade 7 Unit: Speaking

Overarching Essential Question(s): How does being an effective speaker enhance my personal and school experiences?

Topical Essential Question(s): What strategies can I use to speak effectively (eye contact, voice modulation, inflection, tempo,

enunciation)?

How can I determine which strategies to use to effectively communicate a specific purpose to an

audience?

How can I use speaking to clarify and enhance my thoughts?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Speaking and listening provide the foundation to connect with others, develop vocabulary, and learn the

structure of the English language.

Speaking is a form of expressing, transmitting, and exchanging ideas, information and emotions.

Oral language is a tool for communicating thinking and learning.

Grade 7- Speaking					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Discussion & Questioning (Inquiry) and Contributing Students will know and be able to: Present ideas in a discussion, both planned and spontaneously, that state a position, support it, acknowledge and respond to other views.	3.3 7 A.1 3.3 7 A.2 3.3 7 A.6	Students engage in whole class discussions. Students support their discussion ideas using relevant text support and information from the discussion Students orally retell and summarize texts	Teacher and student assessment of discussion Students' retellings and summaries	Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch.15, 16	

		Grade 7- Speaking		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		Students listen to each other's work in Author's Chair or small groups and offer appropriate feedback	Students' feedback and comments	
Participate appropriately in a variety of oral situations including class discussions,	3.3 7 A.3 3.3 7 A.4 3.3 7 A.5	Students participate in whole class discussions		
debates, and small groups.	3.3 7 A.7 3.3 7 B.1 3.3 7 B.2 3.3 7 B.3	Students participate in Socratic Seminar and literature circles to discuss literature and other texts	Student/Teacher assessment of discussions	Socratic Seminar guidelines
	3.3 7 B.4	Students participate in peer, teacher, and small group writing conferences, respond to others' work, and provide appropriate feedback using rubrics, criteria, responding to questions, or other structures such as Praise-Question-Polish	Feedback to peers	Revising and Editing checklists, scoring rubrics, etc.
		Students define roles for small groups through literature circle roles and cooperative learning structures	Student's self- assessment of roles	Literature circle roles- Harvey Daniels
		Students engage in cooperative learning structures to solve problems in a group		Cooperative Learning- Spencer Kagan

		Grade 7- Speaking		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Word Choice Students will know and be able to:				
Use language in a discussion to effectively convey the intended message to the intended audience	3.3 7 C.1 3.3 7 C.2 3.3 7 C.4	Students will use text to verbally identify, demonstrate, and expand on an idea or topic through discussion Students will actively engage their listeners through their tone, inflections, and voice modulation Students will use correct grammar and sentence structure when speaking for all purposes	Class discussions	Texts for discussion
Oral Presentation Students will know and be able to: Effectively deliver a variety of types of presentations to an intended audience using visual aids and speaking techniques	3.3 7 D.1 3.3 7 D. 2 3.3 7 D.3 3.3 7 D.4 3.3 7 D.6	Students will orally present a variety of types of information- book talks, speeches, sharing written work, discussion or a topic or prompt Students will utilize multi-media in presentations	Students' presentations Quality of presentations	Book talk, Power Point presentation and other presentation criteria Rubrics to assess presentations – Teacher – Created or NJ Speaking Rubric
Provide relevant feedback to a speaker and incorporate feedback into own presentations	3.3 7 D.5 3.3 7 D.7	Students will engage in proper speaking techniques Students will use feedback to revise presentations	Feedback to peers	

	Grade 7- Speaking				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
		Students will use a teacher-created or NJ Speaking Rubric to assess presentations and provide feedback to peers		NJASK or Teacher-created Rubrics	
Read aloud with fluency	3.3 7 D.8	Students will engage in Reader's Theatre and other read aloud activities	Students' reading	Read magazine and other plays Various texts	

Assessments:

• Oral Presentation- book talk or other project

Grade 7 Unit: Listening

Overarching Essential Question(s): How can listening enhance my understanding?

Topical Essential Question(s): How can I actively listen to gain information and understanding?

In what ways can I provide effective feedback to a speaker?

How does my purpose for listening affect my listening behaviors?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Listening is a process of hearing, receiving, constructing meaning, and responding to verbal and

nonverbal messages.

Effective listeners actively restate, interpret, respond to, and evaluate messages. Effective listeners use

these strategies for a variety of listening purposes.

Students use listening to gain understanding and appreciation of language and communication.

		Grade 7- Listening		
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Active Listening				
Students will know and be				
able to:				McDougal Littell audio
Demonstrate active listening in	3.4 7 A.1	Students engage in Socratic Seminars,	Students'	resources
a variety of situations by	3.4 7 A.2	class discussions, literature circles and	participation in and	
acknowledging the speaker and	3.4 7 A.3	debates	teacher assessment	Online audio resources
evaluating the message for its	3.4 7 A.4		of discussions	
intended purpose	3.4 7 A.5	Students listen to, analyze messages,		Socratic Seminar
		and respond to messages from	Students' self-	guidelines
		classroom discussions, lectures,	assessment of	
		assemblies, and audio sources	discussion	Assemblies
		Students listen to speeches, teacher/peer		
		reading aloud, audio sources, poetry		
		performed or read aloud, peer writing,		
		class discussions, etc.		

	Grade 7- Listening				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Evaluate a presentation using a rubric, checklist or criteria and provide appropriate feedback.	3.3 7 A. 6	Students use a rubric or checklist to evaluate a presentation and provide the speaker with feedback on items such as purpose, delivery, content, visual aids, body language and facial expressions	Students' feedback to speakers	NJ Speaking Rubric Teacher-Created rubrics and checklists McDougall-Littell unit and teacher resources	
Listening Comprehension Students will know and be able to:					
Interpret, question, and critique oral presentations	3.4 7 B.1 3.4 7 B.3 3.4 7 B.4 3.4 7 B.5	Students discuss the purpose and intended message of texts- inform, persuade, entertain, etc. Students listen to texts read aloud Students ask appropriate questions of the speaker and/or give feedback	Student presentations- book talks, read alouds, Power Point, etc.	Presentation Guidelines-book talks, Power Points, etc. McDougall Littell resources Teacher-created rubrics	
		Students participate in discussions, Socratic Seminar, small group discussions	Assessment of discussion- teacher and student self-assessment		
Make inferences based on	3.4 7 B.2	Students respond orally or in writing to		Variety of texts	
presentations and integrate with other language arts	3.4 7 B.6	a text they have heard (Journal, essay, prompt, etc.)		Writing prompts from text	

Grade 7 Unit: Viewing and Media Literacy

Overarching Essential Question(s): How can I become a critical consumer and producer of media?

How can media enhance my life?

Topical Essential Question(s): How do I evaluate the intended message and purpose of the media?

How does the type of media affect the intended message?

What influence does media have on the viewer?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Effective viewing is essential to comprehend and respond to personal interactions, live performance,

visual arts, print and electronic media

A media-literate person is able to evaluate media for credibility and understands how words, images, and

sounds influence the way meanings are conveyed and understood in society.

Students need to view critically to respond to different forms of visual messages.

Grade 7- Viewing and Media Literacy				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Constructing Meaning				
Students will know and be				
able to:				
Analyze aspects and elements of print and electronic messages and explain how the medium affects the intended message	3.5 7 A.1 3.5 7 A.2 3.5 7 A.3	Students evaluate a variety of print and electronic texts for literary and other elements and to determine author's purpose and message Students analyze irony in cartoons and text	Students' responses	Electronic and print materials McDougall Littell- Art posters and other resources Cartoons

		Grade 7- Viewing and Media Literacy		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Visual and Verbal Messages Students will know and be able to:				
Compare, contrast, and evaluate media messages	3.5 7 A.4 3.5 7 B.1 3.5 7 B.2 3.5 7 B.4 3.5 7 B.5	Students follow a story in the media and newspaper and compare the messages and effect Students compare media version of story and the text Students evaluate print and media sources for credibility- read the same story in 3 newspapers and compare message, tone, etc.	Compare/contrast pieces	Variety of news sources- print and electronic and online Videos of texts read
Living with Media Students will know and be able to: Analyze media presentations for content and evaluate their effectiveness	3.5 7 B.3 3.5 7 C.1 3.5 7 C.2	Students view a variety of media and print sources and determine the effect on the reader and the message	Students' responses- journals, essays, reflections	Novel-related materials Websites *Media Specialist- Research unit
Create a presentation using multi-media resources	3.5 7 C.3	Students create a multi-media presentation in response to literature or on a specific topic	Project	*Science or Social Studies projects

Assessment: Multi-media Presentation (may be in content area)

Grade 7 Unit: Reading Novels- Theme: Tolerance

Overarching Essential Question(s): Why should people have equal opportunities regardless of their ethnic background?

Topical Essential Question(s): How can I connect this piece of literature with the society we live in today?

How can I personally connect with the literature?

What about the author's style makes the writing effective?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Literature helps the reader appreciate and understand different cultures.

Literature helps the reader make connections between themselves, other texts, and the world.

Evaluating the author's style helps the reader analyze and understand the text.

Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to self, text to world) to

make text personally useful and relevant.

	Grade 7- Novels-				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Students will know and be able to:					
Examine a text for personal connections and connections to the real world.	3.1 7 E.1 3.1 7 G.1 3.1 7 G.4	Students analyze a quote that is from the text and/or related to a theme of the text and write a response Students complete journal entries that focus on their connections	Quote response Journal entries	Quotes Novels- See Appendix for titles Audio recording of texts	
		Students respond to literature in a variety of forms Students participate in class discussions and Socratic Seminar	Responses		

		Grade 7- Novels-		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Evaluate a text to gain an understanding of a variety of cultures.	3.1 7 H.2 3.1 7 H.4 3.1 & G.4	Students review of non-fiction articles about the authors or cultural aspects that coordinate with novel of choice Students compare information in articles with that presented in novel — How does author use cultural elements? To what effect?- Complete graphic organizer and/or response View video scenes from the novel and compare to the text	Graphic organizer and/or Responses	Various non-fiction articles Video scenes (as available)
Assess a text to develop an understanding of how a writer's style affects the reader's experience.	3.1 7G.5 3.1 7 G.14	Mini-lessons on appropriate figurative language- Specific figurative language depends on novel of choice	Teacher-created assignments and projects	McDougal-Littell- Teacher Resources and Reader's Handbook
Evaluate how the author used literary elements to create an effect on the reader	3.1 7 G.6 3.1 7 G.7 3.1 7 G.9 3.1 7 G.12	Mini-lessons on literary elements and the effects on the reader- characters, setting, plot, theme, mood, etc. Students participate in Socratic Seminar to discuss elements of novel		Latitudes and other novel- specific teacher resource books for novels

Grade 7- Novels-				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Interpret ideas in text through	3.1 7 G.15	Point-Of View Writing- students write	Writing piece	Teacher-Created materials
writing, discussion, and	3.2 7 D.3	from a character's point of view to		for Point of View writing
enactment		express feelings, perspective, etc. and/or		
		take a different perspective on a scene		McDougal Littell- Teacher
		of the novel		resources
		Students participate in whole class		Write Source
		discussions or literature circles		

Unit Assessment:

Point of View Writing

Grade 7 Unit: Non-Fiction Reading and Writing Theme: Overcoming Personal Challenges

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do different people tackle personal challenges?

Topical Essential Question(s): How is non-fiction different from fiction?

How does a person's personality and traits help them overcome a personal challenge?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Characters have personal challenges that the reader may connect to.

Words powerfully affect meaning.

Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to self, text to world) to

make text personally useful and relevant.

Grade 7- Non-Fiction Reading and Writing					
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources	
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments		
(Objectives)					
Students will know and be					
able to:				*Skills and Strategies to	
				help while reading Non-	
Analyze non-fiction writing	3.1 7 A.1	Students read texts from McDougall-	Students' written	Fiction (McDougal pgs.82-	
and its purpose	3.1 7 A.2	Littell and analyze organization,	and oral analyses of	86	
	3.1 7 E.1	author's style, elements, etc.	text	McDougal-Littell-	
Analyze organizational	3.1 7 E.2			REQUIRED READINGS	
structure of non-fiction writing	3.2 7 D.8	Students explain the purpose of non-		*Exploring the Titanic (p.	
		fiction articles		658)-Skill focus: fact/	
				opinion, opinion supported	
		Students complete focused journal	Journal entries	by detail.	
		entries on nonfiction		*from Immigrant Kids (p.	
	3.4 7 A.1			223)-Skill focus: main	
	3.4 7 A.5	Listen to audio recordings of stories		ideas and supporting detail	
	3.4 7 B.2				
	3.4 7 B.3				
	3.4 7 B.6				

Grade 7- Non-Fiction Reading and Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Identify and examine the use of a variety of literary element, nonfiction and stylistic foci (characterization, setting, plot, theme, nonfiction elements, fact opinion, figurative language) in several stories	3.1 7 F.1 3.1 7 F.3 3.1 7 G.2 3.17 G.11 3.1 & G.17 3.1 7 D.4 3.1 7F.4 3.5 7 A.2 3.5 7 B.5	Teacher mini lessons on specific skills and foci- characterization, fact/opinion, detail, main ideas, figurative language, etc. Students complete activities on texts such as diary entries, narratives, letters, etc. View Titanic from Performance in Literature (McDougal) and compare to text	Student work Students' oral comparisons	from Growing Up (p. 621)-skill focus:exaggeration, understatement, and sarcasm * Homeless (p. 102)-skill focus:details and their purpose, first person point of view McDougal-Littell audio recordings of stories Other Suggested Non-Fiction Pieces from McDougal-Littell *Eleanor Roosevelt (p. 87) *from Knots in My Yo-Yo String (p. 573) *The Noble Experiment (p. 287) *Teacher Created Rubrics

Grade 7- Non-Fiction Reading and Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Analyze and examine characterization and its affect on a character's actions	3.1 7 G.6 3.1 7 G.7 3.1 7 G.8 3.1 7 G.10 3.1 7 G.11 3.1 7 G.13 3.1 7 G.14 3.1 7 H.1 3.1 7 H.2 3.2 7 D.9	Mini lessons on character's and actions Students complete focused journal entries and activities Students complete open-ended responses about texts	Journal entries Open-Ended Responses	NJASK-Open-Ended Response rubric
Apply their understanding of personal narrative writing while coordinating the idea of a personal challenge	3.2 7 B.1 3.2 7 D.2 3.2 7 D.4 3.2 7 D.5	Using texts from McDougal, mini lessons on how authors incorporated the idea of personal challenge into their writing		McDougal-Littell pg. R45- R46 and pg. 178 *Teacher Created Rubrics
Engage in the writing process to produce a personal narrative	3.2 7 A.3 3.2 7 B.4 3.2 7 D.1 3.2 7 D.2 3.2 7 D.13 3.2 7 C.1 3.2 7 C.2 3.2 7 C.4 3.27 C.5 3.2 7 C.6 3.2 7 C.7 3.2 7 D.15 3.2 7 D.14 3.2 7 A.7	Students generate ideas for writing from responses to reading and other experiences Students use organizer to plan personal narrative Students draft personal narrative Mini lessons on specific revision needs-characteristics of personal narrative, word choice, sentence structure Students engage in peer and teacher	Completed organizer Feedback from	Write Source pgs. 93-113, 97-134, 135-142, and pg. 555 *6+1 Traits Of Writing-Culham Organizers Revision and Editing Checklists

Grade 7- Non-Fiction Reading and Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
		conferences to revise and edit pieces	conferences	
				Teacher-made rubric or
	3.3 7 A.6	Students use rubrics to provide	Rubric scores and	NJASK Writing Rubric
	3.3 7 B.2	feedback to peers	feedback	
	3.3 7 C.3			
	3.3 7 D.7	Students use rubrics to assess piece		
	3.3 7 D.8			
	3.4 7 A.5			
	3.4 7 B.2			
	3.4 7 B.3			

Unit Assessment:

- Personal Narrative

Grade 7 Unit: Research and Inquiry

Overarching Essential Question(s): Why conduct research?

Topical Essential Question(s): What is plagiarism and how can it be avoided?

How can research be used to enhance writing?

How is reading for research different from other purposes for reading?

How can research be utilized to construct a writing piece or other presentation?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Research writing requires the writer to cite sources of information correctly in text and on a works cited

page.

Research writing requires the writer to evaluate the credibility of sources and incorporate the information

into the piece.

Researchers gather and critique information from different sources for different purposes.

Grade 7- Research and Inquiry					
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources	
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments		
(Objectives)					
Students will know and be					
able to:					
Successfully construct a well - written paper or other presentation incorporating research.	3.1 7 G.2 3.1 7 G.3 3.1 7 G.8 3.1 7 G.14 3.1 7 H.1 3.1 7H.4 3.5 7 C.3	Mini Lessons on aspects of research- evaluating sources, summarizing, main idea and details, essential information, narrowing a topic Small research based writing activities prior to the larger research paper Instruction on note-taking strategies	Summaries, students' responses Students' notes	Teacher-created assignments Materials related to topics McDougal-Littell- Research and Technology Handbook- ps. R110-R119 Write Source- ps. 381-415	

		Grade 7- Research and Inquiry		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Apply the correct MLA format to their writing. Examine a works cited page and correctly identify pertinent information.	3.2 7 C.1 3.2 7 C.7	Mini lessons on choosing sources and using databases, how to use hyperlinks to locate information (media specialist) Mini lessons on in-text citations Mini lessons on construction of works cited page Discussion of plagiarism- What is it? How to avoid it	Student's work with citations	Library-Media Specialist lessons Databases from school library selected by media specialists Teacher-created materials on citations and plagiarism
Analyze sources for credibility and usefulness.	3.2 7 D.6 3.1 7 A.2 3.1 7 E.2 3.1 7 H.4 3.5 7 A.1 3.5 7 B.2 3.5 7 B.4 3.5 7 C.1	Review sources- electronic and print- who is the author, how credible is this author Utilize rubric to evaluate sources for credibility and usefulness		Rubric/Checklist to evaluate sources McDougal-Littell- Reading for Information-ps. S10- S23
Apply their understanding of research into a research piece	3.2 7 A.3 3.2 7 B.1 3.2 7 B.3	Students choose a topic and use strategies that were taught to gather materials, take notes, etc.	Drafts of piece	

	Grade 7- Research and Inquiry				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Engage in the writing process to produce a personal narrative	3.2 7 A.3 3.2 7 A.5 3.2 7 A.6 3.2 7 B.3 3.2 7 D.1 3.2 7 D.2 3.2 7 D.13 3.2 7 C.1 3.2 7 C.2 3.2 7 C.4 3.2 7 C.5 3.2 7 C.6 3.2 7 C.7 3.2 7 D.15 3.2 7 D.15 3.2 7 A.7	Students generate ideas for writing from topics of their interest, reading topics, content-area topics, and other experiences Students use organizer to plan a research piece Students draft research piece Mini lessons on specific revision needs-Main ideas and support, variety of resources, in-text citations, transitions, organization of piece and data, works cited page Students engage in peer and teacher	Feedback from conferences Rubric scores and feedback	Organizers Checklists for revision and editing Teacher-created or other rubrics Student portfolios	
		conferences to revise and edit pieces Students use rubrics to provide feedback to peers Students use rubrics to assess piece			

Unit Assessment:

- Research Piece- May be a Content Area Piece

Grade 7 Unit: Literature Study/Literature Circles

Overarching Essential Question(s): How can discussion of literature enhance and expand my perspective and understanding of

literature?

What additional perspectives can I gain through discussion of literature?

Topical Essential Question(s): How can my responses to literature enhance my understanding and those of the group?

What do good readers do to understand text? How do readers construct meaning from text?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections to make text personally relevant and

useful.

Discussion of literature can enhance understanding and comprehension.

	Grade 7- Literature Study/Literature Circles					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources		
Students will know and be able to: Choose appropriate books using text level and interest	3.1 7A.1 3.1 7 E.2	Teacher introduces and "book talks" a variety of books Students preview books and choose 2-3 they want to read	Teacher observes students' behaviors as they choose books	Various books for the grade level- See Appendix for specific titles		
Read appropriate texts with fluency and comprehension	3.1 7 D.1 3.1 7 D.2 3.1 7 D.3 3.1 7 D.4	Students are grouped according to their choice of book title Students plan their reading assignments		McDougal- Littell resources Planning Sheets/Record		
Make connections and predictions as they read	3.1 7 E.1 3.1 7 G.7		Connections	keeping sheets for Literature circles		

	G	rade 7- Literature Study/Literature Circ	les	
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Compare, infer, synthesize and make connections to make text personally relevant and useful	3.1 7 G. 8 3.17 G.9	Students read independently and discuss the text in the groups	Rubrics for student/teachers to assess discussion	QAR Sheets
Compare and analyze several authors' perspective on theme, literary elements Read critically to analyze text elements Interpret text through journals, writing, discussion and enactment	3.1 7 G.7 3.1 7 G.5 3.1 7 G.14 3.1 7 G.2 3.1 7G.4 3.1 7 G.5 3.1 7 G.6 3.1 7 G.7 3.1 7 G.8 3.1 7 G.9 3.1 7 G.15	Student assignments for the reading may include the following: Discussion Questions/QAR's Story Maps/Graphic Organizers Journal Responses Student-generated questions Responses to open-ended questions Discussion Roles- Artful artist, discussion director, word wizard, etc. Optional- Students create final projects Students identify unfamiliar words and use context to define	Completed organizers and assignments Journal Responses Open-ended responses	Literature Circle Role Sheets Harvey Daniels- Voice and Choice in Student- Centered Literature Circles Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Chapter 14- Theory for teacher Chapter 15- Ways to set-up and evaluate literature groups Rubric for Journal Responses Teacher-Created or NJASK 4 Point Rubric for Open-Ended Responses
Develop vocabulary through context	3.1 7 F.1 3.1 7 F.2 3.1 7 F.3 3.1 7 F. 5 3.2 7 D.3		Vocabulary quiz	

Grade 7- Literature Study/Literature Circles				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Actively and appropriately	3.3 7A.1	Students discuss the texts using roles,	Rubric for	Teacher/Student Created
participate in small group	3.3 7 A.2	questions, etc.	evaluating group	Rubric
discussions	3.3 7 A.4		participation and	
	3.3.7A.6	Students respond appropriately to each	function	
Listen and speak in small	3.3. 7 B.1	other in discussion		
group appropriately	3.3 7 B.2			
	3.3. 7 B.3			
Evaluate the effectiveness of	3.3 7C.1	Students self-evaluate the group's work	Students' Self-	Teacher and/or Student-
the group	3.3. 7 C.2	and feedback to each other	Evaluations	Created Rubric
	3.3 7 D.1			
	3.3 7 D. 4			
	3.3 7 D.7			
	3.4 7 A.1			
	3.4 7 A.2	Students give appropriate feedback to	Students' responses	
Respond appropriately and	3.4 7 A.3	each other and are able to respond to	and feedback	
provide feedback to group	3.4 7 A.5	text and other group members		
members	3.4 7 B.1	appropriately		
	3.4 7 B.2			
	3.4 7 B.3	Groups have a discussion of the text		
	3.4 7 B. 5			
	3.4 7 B.6			

Unit Assessment:

Open-Ended Responses

Grade 7 Unit: Short Stories (Fiction)- Reading and Writing- "Learning From Experience"

Overarching Essential Question(s): How can each experience in life help us learn/discover something new?

Topical Essential Question(s): How is a short story similar to and different from a novel?

What are the elements of an effective short story? How can I apply these elements to my writing?

What does the character(s) learn from their experiences in the story?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Authors use irony to achieve a specific effect on the reader.

Learning from experience is part of the human condition that short stories provide.

Authors deliberately use specific story elements to affect the reader.

	Grade 7- Short Stories					
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources		
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments			
(Objectives)						
Students will know and be						
able to:						
Analyze elements of a short story and their effect on the reader	3.1 7 G.4 3.1 7 G.5 3.1 7 G.6 3.1 7 G.7 3.1 7 G.9 3.1 7 G.12	Mini lessons on types of irony-verbal, visual, written- Students identify irony in print and electronic sources Students can create original cartoons (displaying irony-situational, dramatic, verbal) Group activities (created by teacher)-such as: cooperative learning, simultaneous roundtable, group writes, etc.	Student Cartoons	McDougal-Littell Stories-See Appendix Cartoons that depict Irony Teacher-created activities		

		Grade 7- Short Stories		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		Teacher and student creation of questions (pertaining to individual stories) utilizing students' knowledge of QAR Story maps to identify main components of the story Students complete journal responses on stories	Questions and responses Completed Story Maps Journal Responses	Story Maps Founts & Pinnell – Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch.15, 16, 17
Make connections to characters and/or the experiences they encounter in the plot of each story.	3.1 7 G.10 3.1 7 G.15 3.1 7 H .5	Students participate in Literature Circles-can homogeneously group students to make differentiation successful Students participate in Socratic Seminar Students respond to Open- Ended Questions literal and interpretative questions Students complete Teacher-created assignments, activities, projects	Assessment of Literature Circles Open-Ended Responses	Voice and Choice in Student-Centered Literature Circles- Harvey Daniels NJASK Open-Ended Response Rubric or teacher-created rubric Teacher-Created Rubrics
			Story quizzes/tests	McDougal-Littell- Unit and Teacher Resources

		Grade 7- Short Stories		
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Analyze video version of short	3.5 7 A.1	Students view "Thank You, M'am"		
story	3.5 7 A.2	from Performances in Literature-		
	3.5 7 C.1	McDougal-Littell		McDougal-Littell- "Thank
	3.5 7 C.2			You M'am"- P. 29
		Students respond to the effect of the	Student Response	
Compare and contrast effect of	3.5 7 A.4	video and compare to story for its		McDougal-Littell-
short story when read and		depiction of story elements and effect		Performances in Literature
when viewed		on the reader		and teacher resources
Extend vocabulary through use	3.1 7 F.1	Students define words in context		
of context and literal and	3.1 7 F.2	Teachers and students identify words to	Vocabulary quizzes	
figurative meanings of words	3.1 7 F.3	know		
	3.1 7 F.4			
	3.1 7 C.4			
Writing				
Compose a short story while	3.27 A.1	Students discuss how the authors of the		6+ 1 Traits of Writing-
incorporating the elements of	3.2 7 B.2	stories they read used the story elements		Culham
an effective short story.	3.2 7 D.4			
	3.2 7 D.5			

Grade 7- Short Stories				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Engage in the writing process to produce a short story	3.2 7 A.3 3.2 7 B.4 3.2 7 D.1 3.2 7 D.2 3.2 7 C.1 3.2 7 C.2 3.2 7 C.4 3.2 7 C.5 3.2 7 C.6 3.2 7 C.6 3.2 7 C.7 3.2 7 D.15 3.2 7 D.15 3.2 7 A.7 3.3 7 A.6 3.3 7 B.2 3.3 7 C.3 3.3 7 D.8 3.4 7 A.5 3.4 7 B.2 3.4 7 B.2	Students generate ideas for writing from responses to reading and other experiences Students use organizer to plan short story Students draft short story Mini lessons on specific revision needs-characteristics of short story,- story elements with focus on an element, lead and conclusion, creating suspense, mood, etc., details Students engage in peer and teacher conferences to revise and edit pieces Students use rubrics to provide feedback to peers Students use rubrics to assess piece	Feedback from conferences Rubric scores and feedback Final Short Story	Write Source pgs. 343-352 McDougal-Littell- p.506 Revision and Editing Checklists Teacher-made rubric

Unit Assessment:

- Students' Short Stories

Grade 7 Unit: Poetry

Overarching Essential Question(s): What's the purpose of different types of poems?

Topical Essential Question(s): What is the underlying message of different types of poems?

How do authors use figurative language to achieve a desired effect on the reader?

Understandings (Big Ideas): The analysis of poetry (theme, tone, etc.) and figurative language can help a reader better understand a poem.

Poetry is a form of expression.

	Grade 7- Poetry					
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources		
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments			
(Objectives)						
Students will know and be						
able to:						
Analyze a variety of poetic forms (Sonnets, Ode, Narrative Poems, Free Verse, Extended Metaphor Poem, etc.)	3.1 7 D.1 3.1 7 F.4 3.17 G.4 3.1 7 G.5 3.1 7 G.9 3.4 7 A.1 3.4 7 A.2 3.4 7 B.2 3.4 7 B.3 3.4 7 B.6	Students listen to and read a variety of poetry Students listen to audio recordings of poems (McDougl-Littell) Students view "Casey at the Bat" and discuss the elements Teacher mini lessons on elements of Poetry- theme, mood, tone, rhyme scheme, line breaks, etc.	Teacher-created quizzes	Write Source – ps. 232-238 Read Magazine McDougal-Littell- Performance in Literature- "Casey at the Bat" McDougal-Littell- Audio Recordings of Poems		

Grade 7- Poetry					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
		Students participate in literature circles to discuss poetry. Utilize the McDougall reference sections to homogenously group students (high, medium, low). Each group can read poems appropriate to their level	Responses in literature circles	Selected Poems- See Appendix McDougal-Littell- ps. 238- 242	
		Paired activities-writings, discussions, response to questions, etc. Students write journal responses and respond to Open-Ended Questions Students complete teacher-created assignments and projects	Journal responses and responses to open-ended questions		
Examine figurative language in poetry and its effect on the writing (Alliteration, Imagery, Personification, Metaphors, Similes)	3.1 7 G.11 3.1 7 G. 13 3.1 7 G. 15 3.1 7 G.17	Teacher mini lessons on elements of figurative language Students analyze poems, identify the figurative language, and discuss how the figurative language affects the reader and enhances the meaning of the poem Teacher models and students use TPCASTT to analyze poetry Students participate in Socratic Seminar	Small group discussions	Write Source- ps. 323-328 McDougal-Littell – ps. 238-242 Selected Poems- See Appendix TPCASTT Sheet Read Magazine	

		Grade 7- Poetry		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		Term List- Students can maintain a general list of terms that will aid them as they go through the unit. Some terms that can be used are: poetry, alliteration, metaphor, simile, narrative poem, ode, etc. Specific teacher-created activities for specific poems	Quizzes	
Apply their understanding of various types of poems in written form	3.2 7 B.1 3.2 7 D.2 3.2 7 D.4 3.2 7 D.13	Students discuss how the authors of the poems they read used elements effectively in the poems	Discussions	6+ 1 Traits of Writing- Culham
Engage in the writing process to produce a poem	3.2 7 A.3 3.2 7 B.4 3.2 7 D.1 3.2 7 D.2 3.2 7 D.13 3.2 7 C.1 3.2 7 C.2 3.2 7 C.4 3.2 7 C.5 3.2 7 C.6 3.2 7 C.7 3.2 7 D.15 3.2 7 D.14 3.2 7 A.7	Students generate ideas for writing from responses to reading and other experiences Students use organizer to plan poetry Students draft poems Mini lessons on specific revision needs-characteristics poetry, word choice, figurative language, line breaks	Completed Organizers Drafts of poems Revisions to poems	Write Source pgs. 353 McDougal-Littell- Teacher resources Revision and Editing Checklists Teacher-made rubric

Grade 7- Poetry				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
	3.3 7 A.6	Students engage in peer and teacher	Feedback to peers	
	3.3 7 B.2	conferences to revise and edit pieces		
	3.3 7 C.3	Students use rubrics to provide		
	3.3 7 D.7	feedback to peers		
	3.3 7 D.8			
	3.4 7 A.5	Students use rubrics to assess piece	Rubric assessments	
	3.4 7 B.2	•		
	3.4 7 B.3			

Unit Assessment:

Students' Poetry

Grade 7 Unit: Grammar, Mechanics, and Usage *See Grammar Scope and Sequence *

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do the rules of language affect communication?

Topical Essential Question(s): Why are grammar, mechanics, and usage essential for effective writing?

How does punctuation affect the fluency of my writing?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Rules, conventions of language help readers understand what is being communicated.

Grade 7- Grammar, Mechanics, and Usage					
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources	
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments		
(Objectives)					
Students will be able to:					
Identify and apply correct punctuation, mechanics, capitalization and grammar	3.2 7 C.1 3.2 7 C.2 3.2 7 C.3 3.2 7 C.4 3.2 7 C.5 3.2 7 C.6 3.2 7 C.7	Students participate in editing activities such as peer editing, handouts, and checklists Review of samples with correct usage Students create sentences that apply of grammar skills taught Students reread journal entries and apply editing skill	Students' Writing Quizzes	Write Source -Daily Language Workouts Write Source Handbook McDougall-Littell - Grammar, Mechanics, and Usage Handbook See- Grammar/Mechanic Scope and Sequence	

Grade 7- Grammar, Mechanics, and Usage				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Recognize and utilize a variety of sentence types	3.2 7 C.3 3.2 7 C.4	Students read a variety of text models and explain how the authors used sentence variety and structure to affect the reader		Write Source Handbook 6+1 Traits of Writing- Culham
		Students revise their own work for sentence variety and structure	Students' Writing	
	3.2 7 A.6 3.2 7 A.7 3.2 7 D. 15	Students review peer's work for sentence variety and structure and provide feedback to writer	Students' feedback to peers	
Make decisions about the precise use of language (parts of speech and word choice) and justify the choices made	3.2 7 B.1 3.2 7 D.2 3.2 7 D.13 3.2 7 D.15 3.1 7 G. 13	Students read a variety of text models and explain how the authors used word choice to affect the reader Students find examples of precise use of		6+1 Traits of Writing- Culham Models of text with precise language
	3.1 7 G.17	language in literature and explain the effect on the reader Students revise their own work for word	Students' Writing	Revision checklists Write Source and
		choice Students review peer's work for word		Resources for Write Source
		choice and provide feedback to writer		McDougal-Littell- Teacher and unit resources

Grade 7 Unit: Independent Reading- "Reading for Personal Enjoyment"
Students will be required to read at least "4" books of their CHOICE per year in addition to in-class novels

Overarching Essential Question(s): How does reading strategically and critically help me discover personal and shared meaning throughout my life?

Topical Essential Question(s): How can reading be enjoyable to me?

How can I apply the skills I've learned about reading and writing to a novel of my choice?

Understandings (Big Ideas): The ability to read text requires comprehension, independence and fluency.

Strategic readers apply strategies they have learned to their independent reading so they can better

understand text.

Words powerfully affect meaning.

Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to self, text to world) to

make text personally useful and relevant.

Reading many kinds of texts helps the reader develop an appreciation for reading.

Grade 7- Independent Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Students will know and be				
able to:				
Examine a variety of texts and make an appropriate choice	3.1 7 E.2 3.1 7 G.1	Teacher models how to choose a book- media specialist also models how to use	Students are able to	Media Center Resources
	3.1 7 G.4	electronic resources to find text	choose appropriate	Various texts-Print and
	3.1 7 A. 1		books independently	electronic
		Students use book jacket information,	_	
		prior genre knowledge, and knowledge		Fountas & Pinnell –
		of author to choose a book		Guiding Readers and
				Writers Grades 3-6- Ch.
		Students preview a few pages of the		7,8,10
		book to determine its appropriateness		

		Grade 7- Independent Reading		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		Teacher models when to abandon a book Students apply similar choice strategies to electronic sources		
Read a variety of texts with comprehension and fluency	3.1 7 E.1 3.1 7 E.2	Students read silently for sustained amount of time Students participate in read aloud activities	Students read for increasingly longer periods of time	Variety of texts- See Appendix for ideas
Apply self-correcting strategies automatically to enhance comprehension	3.1 7 E.3 3.1 7 E.4	Playwriting-Turn scene into skits/short plays Teacher models use of self-correcting strategies Students use self-correcting strategies to aid comprehension-Post –it, bookmarks, journal entries	Students can explain self-correcting strategy used and its reason for use Students bookmarks, journals, etc.	McDougal-Littell- Teachers' resources & Reading Toolkit

	Grade 7- Independent Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Examine a text of choice for various purposes (i.e. identification of theme, characterization, plot elements, setting etc.).	3.1 7 G.5 3.1 7 G.6 3.1 7 G.7 3.1 7 G.8 3.1 7 G.9 3.1 7 G.10 3.1 7 G.15 3.3 7 A.6 3.3 7 A.7 3.3 7 C.3 3.3 7 D.3 3.3 7 D.5 3.4 7 A.3 3.4 7 B.3 3.4 7 B.4 3.5 7 C.3	Students participate in literature circles and/or Socratic Seminars Students respond to text in response journals, through open-ended questions, point of view writing, visual presentations, and multi-media presentations Students may orally present book information	Presentations, projects, quizzes	NJASK 4 Point Rubric Teacher-created assignments and rubrics Write Source- Pgs. 283-336, 411 McDougal-Littell-p.874	
Extend and develop vocabulary	3.1 7F.1 3.1 7 F.2 3.1 7 F.4	Students track vocabulary from book as personal words	Vocabulary use	Dictionary, thesaurus, and electronic resources	

Assessments:

- Culminating Projects for Independent Books

Grade 7 Test Genre Integration

The Language Arts Curriculum provides a rigorous curriculum that incorporates the test genre. The skills and strategies in the unit are integrated into the curriculum throughout the year.

Overarching Essential Question(s): How is the reading and writing I do on standardized and state test similar to and different from the writing I do in class?

Topical Essential Question(s): How is writing for a standardized test different than writing for classroom assignments?

How do I incorporate connections and text evidence successfully in my writing? How will my reading and writing competency be assessed on a standardized test?

Understandings (Big Ideas): The questions asked on a standardized test require similar skills of the students, but they need to exhibit

them in different ways.

There are specific strategies for reading and writing successfully on a standardized test.

Grade 7- Test Genre Integration				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Students will be able to:				NJ ASK- Writing Rubric
Successfully compose a written response to select	3.2 7 A.2	Whole class write-to practice and model how to respond to writing tasks		(Holistic Rubric)- 6 Point
writing prompts.	3.2 7 A.5	Review of strategies for effective		
	3.2 7 A.7 3.2 7 B.1	writing of specific genres such as persuasive and personal narrative and		NJASK Coach book
	3.2 7 B.4 3.2 7 C.1	how these can be transferred to "test writing"		NJ Assessment of Skills and Knowledge-Writing
	3.2 7 C.2	Students review the NJASK Writing		Handbook
	3.2 7 C.5 3.2 7 C.6	Rubric and analyze sample papers at		Explore books (Special
	3.2 7 C.5 3.2 7 C.8		Students' analysis of papers- Written or	Education)
	3.2 7 C.9		oral	Write Source-ps. 152-154,

		Grade 7- Test Genre Integration		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Examine a standardized test text for basic understanding and analysis of writing and reading features	3.2 7 C.10 3.2 7 C.11 3.2 7 C.12 3.2 7 C.15 3.1 7 A.1 3.1 7 A.2 3.1 7 C.3 3.1 7 D.3 3.1 7 E.2 3.1 7 F.2 3.1 7 G.1	each score point Students score their own writing and that of their peers using the NJASK rubric and provide rationale for score and feedback Written responses to practice prompts Ex. Persuasive, speculative, explanatory, etc. AND any other state required writing for the test Review of the writing process and how to use the process effectively in a timed situation Review of prewriting strategies and their importance in producing cohesive writing Read a variety of texts for a variety of purposes Read stories from practice texts and apply strategies for comprehension such as making inferences, predicting, analyzing elements of fiction and	Student's scores and rationale Students' responses Prewriting organizers	214-216, 278-280, 336-341, 464-467 McDougal-Littell-Standardized test preparation at the end of each unit McDougal- Littell-Reading Toolkit Released State Samples of Writing Fountas & Pinnell-Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch. 27 NJASK Coach book NJ Assessment of Skills and Knowledge-A Writing Handbook Explore Books (Special education)
	3.1 7 G.2 3.1 7 G.3 3.1 7 G.7	nonfiction, etc. Teacher mini lessons on how to answer	Practice questions	

	Grade 7- Test Genre Integration				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
	3.1 7 G.8 3.1 7 G.9 3.1 7 G.10 3.1 7 G.11 3.1 7 G.15 3.2 7 A.2 3.2 7 A.7 3.2 7 B.4 3.2 7 C.1 3.2 7 C.5 3.2 7 C.6 3.2 7 D.3 3.2 7 D.5 3.2 7 D.9 3.2 7 D.9 3.2 7 D.15	Practice how to answer a multiple choice question- what is it asking, which answers can I eliminate, and which is the best answer Review the NJASK- 4 Point- Open-Ended Response rubric and analyze samples at each score point Students score own responses and that of peers using rubric and provide feedback Discussion of how to incorporate connections in responses	Students' explanation of choices Students' responses and scores	Write Source pgs. 462-463 McDougal-Littell- Standardized Test Preparation at the end of every unit Released State Samples NJ ASK -Open-ended rubric (4 point) Benchmark Tool such as Learnia Write Source pgs. 464-467 McDougal-Littell- Standardized Test Preparation at the end of every unit McDougal-Littell- Reading Toolkit	

Benchmark Assessment:

- Benchmark Tool such as Learnia
Writing Samples-September/October (Summer Reading Assignment- Persuasive Letter) and February (Explanatory)

Grade 7 Readings

The resources listed are the required and/or choice selections for each unit. Titles may be used as whole class or literature circle choices. Not all of the choice selections may be utilized by all teachers.

Unit-Overcoming Personal Challenges

Required Reading- McDougal-Littell-

"Exploring the Titanic" (p. 658)-skill focus: fact, opinion, opinion supported by detail. *from* Immigrant Kids (p. 223)-skill focus:main ideas and supporting details *from* Growing Up (p. 621)-skill focus:exaggeration, understatement, and sarcasm "Homeless" (p. 102)- skill focus:details and their purpose, first person point of view

Suggested Non-Fiction Pieces -McDougal-Littell

"Eleanor Roosevelt" (p. 87) from Knots in My Yo-Yo String (p. 573) "The Noble Experiment" (p. 287)

Unit- Learning From Experience

Required Reading- McDougall-Littell

"Seventh Grade" (p. 20)

"Thank You M'am" (p. 29)

"Lazy Peter and His Three Cornered Hat" (p.836)

"War of the Wall" (p. 109)

Suggested Non-Fiction Pieces - McDougal-Littell

"The People Could Fly" (p. 767)

"No Ordinary Day with Peanuts" (p. 348)

"The Old Grandfather and His Grandson" (p. 597)

"After Twenty Years" (p. 154)

*Other Suggested Titles (outside of McDougall-Littell):

"Charles" - Shirley Jackson

"Good Morning This is the Future!"

Unit- Poetry

Required Reading- McDougall-Littell

"Ode to an Artichoke" (p.375)

"Casey at the Bat" (p.299)

"Sarah Cynthia Sylvia Stout" (p.458)

"If I Can Stop One Heart From Breaking" (p.33)

*Other Suggested Titles (outside of McDougall-Littell):

- "Fog"- Carl Sandburg skill focus: extended metaphor
- "The Toaster"- William Jay Smith skill focus: extended metaphor
- "Identity"- Julio Noboa- skill focus: analysis and theme
- 'The Pure Suit of Happiness"- May Swenson- skill focus: analysis and theme

Shakespearean Sonnet 18- skill focus: quatrain, couplet, rhyme scheme, analysis, theme

- "Annabelle Lee"- Edgar Allen Poe –skill focus: narrative poem and its elements
- "The Road Not Taken"-Robert Frost-skill focus: rhyme scheme & theme
- "Stopping By Woods On a Snowy Evening"- Robert Frost
- "Mother to Son"- Langston Hughes-skill focus: analysis and theme

Unit- Tolerance

Suggested Titles:

Roll of Thunder, Hear My Cry -Taylor The Pearl -Steinbeck Poison Ivy -Koss Pretty Like Us -Williams Rules -Lord

Unit- Reading for Personal Enjoyment

Some suggested titles for interdisciplinary connections:

Crispin and the Cross of Lead- Avi Midwife's Apprentice-Cushman Matilda Bone-Cushman Midnight Magic-Avi Parsifal's Page-Morris Girl in a Cage-The Seeing Stone-Crossley-Holland

Literature Study- Additional Titles

Titles from the District Summer Reading List for Grade 7 may also be used as Literature tudy titles.

No Promises in the Wind-Hunt Lisa, Bright and Dark-Neufeld The Master Puppeteer- Patterson

[&]quot;The World is not a Pleasant Place To Be" (p. 201)

Beowulf-Nye

Cowboys Don't Cry-Halvorson

On My Honor-Bauer

The Adventures of Tom Sawyer-Twain

The Callender Papers- Voight

Dicey's Song-Voight

Building Blocks- Voight

The Goats- Cole

Growing Up- Baker

Crash- Spinelli

Tangerine- Bloor

King of Shadows- Cooper

Waiting for the Rain- Gordon

My Louisiana Sky- Willis Holt

Grade 8 Modifications

Modifications for Students with Support and Students with an IEP

- ✓ McDougal-Littell *Interactive Reader Plus with Additional Support* with CD
- ✓ McDougal-Littell- *Bridges to Literature*
- ✓ Framing Your Thoughts Sentence Structure- Special Education
- ✓ Framing Your Thoughts- Applied Writing- Special Education
- ✓ Chunking reading and/or writing
- ✓ Modify test/quizzes: fewer choices, shorter version, allow for oral response, provide a word bank, and extend test taking time
- ✓ Leveled thematic texts
- ✓ Literature circles
- ✓ Provide a copy of notes
- ✓ Push-in special education teachers
- ✓ Independent novels on students' independent reading level
- ✓ Books on CD
- ✓ Graphic organizers while reading
- ✓ Read with breaks for discussion
- ✓ Retellings
- ✓ Cooperative learning structures
- ✓ Peer and teacher conferences
- ✓ Partner activities
- ✓ Masking
- ✓ Flashcards
- ✓ Repeat, clarify, rephrase directions
- ✓ Check frequently for understanding
- ✓ Multisensory techniques
- ✓ Provide assignments ahead of time
- ✓ Break long assignments into shorter tasks
- ✓ Test outside of the room
- ✓ Provide study guides
- ✓ Allow word processor/computer for written assignments
- ✓ Provide a word bank
- ✓ Keep an assignment sheet/planner
- ✓ Modify homework expectations
- ✓ Provide preferential seating
- ✓ Allow students to verbalize before writing
- ✓ Assist with the organization of student materials/notebook
- ✓ Teacher modeling
- ✓ Mini-lessons
- ✓ Scaffolding instruction
- ✓ Teacher read alouds
- ✓ Picture books
- ✓ Readers' Theatre
- ✓ Vocabulary work
- ✓ Teach Fix-It Reading Strategies

- ✓ Provide option to rewrite essays
- ✓ Extended time for Timed Writings

Additional Modifications Specifically for ESL Students*

- ✓ McDougal Littell *Interactive Reader Plus for English Learners* and CD
- ✓ McDougal Littell *Selection Summaries in English*
- ✓ McDougal Littell Spanish Study Guide
- ✓ McDougal Littell *Standards-based Instruction for All Students* English Language Development: Oral Support
- ✓ McDougal Littell lesson plans provide accommodations for ELL students in each lesson
- ✓ Push in Teacher Assistants
- ✓ Summaries/worksheets in Spanish
- ✓ Spanish books: *The Giver (El Dador)*
- ✓ English books at independent reading level (library, support skills)

Modifications for Gifted and Talented Students

- ✓ Alternate Texts
- ✓ Differentiated Texts
- ✓ District Word Study Program- Challenge Words
- ✓ Alternate Writing Assignments
- ✓ Peer and Teacher Conferencing
- ✓ Cooperative Learning

^{*}Also use appropriate modification where needed from *Modifications for Students with Support* and Students with an IEP

Grade 8 Pacing Guide

Trimester 1 – Theme: Personal Identity

Reading	Writing	Grammar
The Giver (Primarily done in	Personal Narrative	Sentence Types
Trimester 1)	Independent Novel Projects	Subject/Predicate
Independent, Self-Selected	Reader Response Journals	Sentence Combining/Commas
Novels	Open-Ended Questions in	Run-Ons/Fragments
Non-fiction	Response to Literature	Nouns
McDougal-Littell-	Writing Prompts	Prounouns
"Checkouts" & "Block	Research*	Verbs
Party"		Adjectives
		Subject/Verb Agreement
Benchmark Assessment- Ex:		End Punctuation
Learnia		Capitalization
		Quotations
		Word Study

Trimester 2- Theme: The Triumph of the Human Spirit

Reading	Writing	Grammar
Holocaust Novels (May span	Persuasive Essays	Sentence Combining- Semi-
Trimesters2-3)	Independent Novel Projects	Colons
The Giver	Reader Response Journals	Adjectives
Independent, Self-Selected	Open-Ended Questions in	Adverbs
Novels	Response to Literature	Prepositions
Non-fiction	Writing Prompts	Conjunctions
Exposure to Classic Literature	Research*	Interjections
McDougal-Littell- "The Last		End Punctuation
Seven Months of Anne Frank"		Capitalization
& "The Treasure of Lemon		Transitions
Brown"		
		Word Study
Benchmark Assessment- Ex:		
Learnia		

Trimester 3- Theme: Rising to the Challenge

Reading	Writing	Grammar
Independent, Self-Selected	Promotion Speeches	Sentence Combining- Clauses &
Novels	Independent Novel Projects	Phrases
Holocaust (from Trimester 2)	Reader Response Journals	Sentence Variety- Kinds of
Non-fiction	Open-Ended Questions in	Sentences, Varying Sentence
Exposure to Classic	Response to Literature	Beginnings
Literature	Writing Prompts	Review of Parts of Speech
McDougal-Littell- "Still Me"	Research*	Hyphens
& Speech		Italics/Underlining
		Colons
		Word Study

^{*}Research is done throughout the year to accommodate interdisciplinary connections and resource availability.

Notes: Add More McDougal Pieces- Specific Grammar Skills- See Write Source

Grade 8 Unit: Reading

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do people use reading to discover personal and shared meaning in their lives?

Topical Essential Question(s): How does understanding a text's structure help me better understand its meaning?

How does fluency affect comprehension?

Why do readers need to pay attention to a writer's choice of words? What do readers do when they do not understand everything in a text?

How do readers construct meaning from text?

Why conduct research?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Understanding a text's features, structures, and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make meaning of the text.

Readers use language structure and content clues to identify the intended meaning of words and phrases as they are used in text.

Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension.

Words powerfully affect meaning.

Good readers compare, infer, synthesize, and make connections (text to text, text to self, text to world) to make text personally useful and relevant.

Researchers gather and critique information from different sources for specific purposes.

	Grade 8- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Before Reading					
Students will know and be able to Recognize and use organizational structures and text guides to comprehend information such as compare/contrast, cause/effect, chronological order, etc. on increasingly difficult texts	3.1 8A.1 3.1 8E.2	Teacher models and students employ a variety of note taking guides and graphic organizers Students preview text to determine the organization and text structure	Completed graphic organizers and guides	McDougal Litell –unit resources Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6 Ch. 19-21 Strategies that Work-Harvey & Goodvis Content-area texts	
Monitor reading and adjust for purpose and to enhance comprehension	3.1 8 E.1 3.1 8 D.2 3.1 8 D.3 3.1 8D 4	Teacher models strategies for determining reading rate and when to adjust	Students adjust reading rate as needed Students can explain reading rate and purpose for the rate	Variety of genres of texts- short stories, nonfiction, articles, etc.	
Set purpose for reading, self- select appropriate reading materials, and adjust text selection accordingly	3.1 8 H.4	Teacher models how to self-select reading materials for a variety of purposes Students skim the text, use book jacket material, and use Five Finger method to determine appropriateness of text	Students choose appropriate texts	Media Center- Lessons on using databases and evaluating resources Variety of genres of text	

	Grade 8- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
ū i		Students utilize databases and resources from media center to select resources on a topic Mini lessons on evaluating text resources and research materials Students read a few pages of texts to determine if it is at an appropriate level			
Make predictions based on knowledge of author, genre, and/or prior knowledge before reading and adjust them as needed		Students complete writing before reading activity Students complete K-W-L chart or other organizers Students pose questions prior to reading Students brainstorm predictions prior to reading, revise after reading and explain why they revised predictions using text information	Completed writing activities Completed or Organizers Predictions and revisions	Reader's Notebooks/response Journals Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch.20-21	
During Reading Students will know and be able to:					
Monitor own comprehension as reading and apply fix-up strategies as needed	3.1 8 E.1 3.1 8 D.3 3.1 8 D.4	Teacher models fix-up strategies through Think Aloud and other strategies Students participate in discussions, Socratic Seminar, and/or literature circles	Quality of students' oral and written response	Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch. 20-21 Strategies that Work- Harvey & Goodvis	

		Grade 8- Reading		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		Students employ strategies such as self- questioning: Does this make sense? What do I need to do to understand this? And apply fix-up strategies as needed Students employ QAR's as read and discuss text Students use Post-It strategy to note specific areas of text as they read	Students' self- assess responses in discussion Double-entry journal and/or students' responses QAR's and	I Read It, But I Don't Get It- Tovanni- QAR Sheet
Read critically to analyze literary elements, author's perspective, and how these components influence the texts' messages	3.1 8 G.2 3.1 8 G.4 3.1 8 G. 6	Teacher mini lessons on literary elements Students complete graphic organizers and story maps on literary elements Students complete bookmarks as reading Students complete journal responses, text extensions, and open-ended questions about text elements using text support Students discuss the elements of text in whole and/or small group discussions	Completed organizers Completed bookmarks Journal entries and responses	Organizers- Teacher-made, McDougal-Littell NJASK 4-Point Rubric Teacher- made rubrics Published rubrics- McDougal Littell

		Grade 8- Reading		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Read critically to analyze author's perspective, compare recurring themes or ideas across literary works and genres, and understand author's perspective. Analyze work for the ways it reflects the heritage, traditions,	3.1 8 G.3 3.1 8 G.9 3.1 8 G.12 3.1. 8 G.15 3.1 8 H.5	Teacher mini lessons on elements of literature Students participate in Socratic Seminar, literature circles and/or whole class discussions Students read variety of texts on a topic and compare themes, perspective, etcEx: <i>The Giver</i> and Holocaust texts	Teacher assessment of discussions	The Giver and Holocaust Texts (See appendix)
beliefs, and attitudes of the author.		Students respond to text in a variety of ways Students read independent texts and respond to them and compare elements Students make text-to-text, text-to-self, and text-to-world connections as they read	Readers notebooks and other responses Teacher conferences Readers' Response	Reader Notebook materials Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch. 2, 16, 17
Identify and analyze literary elements and techniques such as figurative language, meter, rhetorical, and stylistic features of the text	3.1 8 G.8 3.1 8 G. 11 3.1 8 G.10	Teacher mini lessons on literary and stylistic elements, figurative language, metaphors, etc. Students use TPCASTT to analyze poetry	Students utilize techniques and language in own writing	TPCASTT
Differentiate fact and opinion, bias, propaganda, and analyze sources of text for reliability of information	3.1 8 G. 1 3.1 8 H. 2 3.1 8 H. 4	Students read and discuss current events in social studies Students choose print, electronic and		Current Events – Social Studies Media Center Lessons- Print and electronic

		Grade 8- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources		
Read and use everyday text materials and make judgments about the importance of documents	3.1 8 G.14	web resources for research Students take notes on informational material for reports using GRASP, T-Chart or other note taking strategy Students employ everyday text and explain importance of use- own schedule, calendars, online directions, game directions, etc.	Students' note taking charts	Sources GRASP and T Chart Variety of everyday texts Write Source- McDougal Litell- Unit and		
After Reading Students will know and be able to: Respond critically to text ideas in a variety of texts using text evidence to support interpretations	3.1 8 G.7 3.2 8 D.3	Students complete and present literature projects and extensions Student responses- journals, essays, oral discussions Students complete story maps, organizers, and extensions Students chose quotation from text and explain how it connects to text, self, or world at large	Completed projects Completed responses	McDougal Littell resources Readers' Notebooks Independent Novels		
Interpret ideas in text through writing, discussion, and enactment	3.1 8 G.13	Students respond to reading in discussion, journals, essays and other reading projects Students participate in whole class discussion, literature circles, Socratic	Completed projects Students responses in discussion			

	Grade 8- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
		seminar, etc.			
Explore the central idea or theme in a variety of types of texts, including informational and write essays and other responses that are clear, state a position, and cite appropriate	3.2 8 D.8 3.2 8 D.9 3.2 8 D.10 3.2 8 D.11	Students complete ASK-like open- ended questions	Students use NJASK rubric, self-assess, assess peers, and provide feedback	NJ ASK- 4 Point Rubric – Appendix Teacher-created rubrics	
text			Teacher feedback and assessment using rubric		
		Students write essays and other writings based on reading and support with evidence from the text	Completed essays/writings		
Vocabulary Students will know and be able to:				Word Study Program	
Apply knowledge of spelling rules, pronunciation, word patterns and structural analysis to define new words	3.1 8 C.1 3.1 8 C.2 3.1 8 C.3 3.1 8 C.4	Teacher mini lessons on specific word analysis skills Students use context clues to define	Students definitions	Context Clue Chart- Appendix	
lo define new words	3.1 0 0.1	new words	of words		
Define new words, clarify definitions using restatement, example, or contrast.	3.1 8 F.1 3.1 8 F.2 3.1 8 F.3 3.1 8 F.4	Teacher mini lessons on specific strategies for defining words and using appropriate print and electronic resources	Students are able to use resources	Print and online- dictionary, thesaurus, etc.	
Expand relationships between words using synonym, antonyms, connotations, denotations, figurative and literal meanings, and multiple	3.1 8 F. 5	Students define words using strategies and context in assigned and independent reading	Completed context clue activities	Word Study Program Assigned and Independent Texts	

	Grade 8- Reading				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
meanings		District Word Study program			
Fluency Students will know and be able to: Read grade-level and increasingly difficult texts with fluency and comprehension	3.1 8 D.1 3.1 8 D.2	Students participate in Reader's Theater and other choral and oral readings Students read independent novels	Students' oral reading performance	Reader's Theater with Anne Frank play and/or other materials- <i>Read</i> Magazine Independent Novels	

Benchmark/Other Assessments:

- Benchmark Program Ex: Learnia
- Open-Ended Responses
- Book Extensions and Projects
- Independent Novel Assessments

Grade 8 Unit: Writing

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do people use writing to discover personal and shared meaning in their lives?

How do I write in a clear, concise manner for a variety of purposes and audiences?

Topical Essential Question(s): How do good writers express themselves?

How does process shape the writer's product? How do writers develop a well-written product? How do the rules of language affect communication? Why does a writer choose a particular form of writing?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Good writers develop and refine their ideas for thinking, learning, communicating, and aesthetic

expression.

Good writers use a repertoire of strategies that enable them to vary form and style, in order to write for different purposes, contexts, and audiences.

Conventions of language help readers understand what is being communicated.

A writer selects a form based on audience and purpose.

	Grade 8-Writing					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources		
Prewriting Students will know and be able to:						
Generate ideas for writing, narrow a topic, gather appropriate resources for writing, and choose appropriate organizing strategy for the text. Consider audience, purpose, genre and form when choosing a strategy for organizing and writing a specific text	3.2 8 A.3 3.2 8 D.1 3.2 8 D.2 3.2 8 D.12 3.2 8 D.12 3.2 8 D.13 3.2 8 A.6	Teacher mini lessons on purpose, genre, generating ideas, narrowing ideas, and strategies for organization Students utilize a variety of organizers to suit their needs and purpose Students use writers notebook to generate and explore writing topics Students listen to and read a variety of mentor texts to learn how authors develop genre characteristics, tone, voice, and other stylistic and literary elements Students identify specific genre and form, for a specific audience and purpose for assigned and self-selected writing Verbal activities for prewriting- oral composing, brainstorming, role-playing, discussion, reading, interviews	Completed organizers Writers notebook entries Students identify and use specific elements of style and genre in writing Written piece in specific genre for audience and purpose	McDougal Litell- unit and teacher resources Organizers- published and teacher-created Writers notebooks Fountas & Pinnell – Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch.5-6 Write Source models Specific writing prompts Picture books and other mentor texts Computer software for graphic organizers such as Kidspirarion/Inspiration		

Grade 8-Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Drafting Students will know and be able to:				Write Source
Draft writing in a selected genre with appropriate structure and voice according to message, purpose, and audience	3.2 8 B.1 3.2 8 D.2	Teacher mini lessons on drafting for specific purposes		Writer's Notebook McDougal Littell- unit and teacher resources- Writing
Establish and maintain a focus in a draft	3.2 8 B.1	Students write drafts Students do quickwrites on specific topics	Writer's notebook entries Quickwrites	handbook
Develop writing stamina and draft for a sustained period of time to produce a piece of text	3.2 8 B.1	Students write without stopping to produce a draft Students engage in the writing process	Sustained piece of writing	
Write effectively in a variety of genres including personal narratives, stories with well-developed literary elements, biographies, memoirs, persuasive pieces and other informational pieces	3.2 8 A.1 3.2 8 A.2 3.2 8 B.2 3.2 8.D.4	Teacher models strategies to employ for "writer's block" Students use another author's work to create an original piece or enhance own writing	Students employ author's technique in own writing	Samples of published works to use as mentor texts

		Grade 8-Writing		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Write using compositional risks, personal style and voice to engage the audience	3.2 8 D.5 3.2 8 D.13	Teacher shares and students read mentor texts with specific compositional risks (dialogue, literary devices, figurative language, anecdotes) Students identify the compositional risks and stylistic elements in writing	Students' writing had stylistic elements and compositional risks	6 +1 Traits of Writing- Culham Mentor texts Student models of writing
Write reports and subject- appropriate nonfiction pieces across the curriculum based on research and including citations, quotations, and a works cited page	3.2 8 B.3 3.2 8 D. 7 3.2 8 D.6	and explain the effect on the reader Students write reports and nonfiction pieces in other curriculum areas- Language arts teacher supports as needed Teacher mini lessons on plagiarism, citing sources, direct and indirect quotations, and works cited	Report/Nonfiction piece	See Research Unit for specific strategies and resources
		Students write essays and reports and use citations and quotations in the body of the text	Essays/reports	
Write a range of essays and open-ended questions and responses to literature	3.2 8 A. 4 3.2 8 D.3	Teacher models how to answer essay and open-ended responses Students write essays and open-ended questions on assigned topic	Essays/Open-ended responses	Content area essays Open-ended responses in content classes
		Students respond to literature in response journals and essays	Response journals	

		Grade 8-Writing		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Write multi-paragraph pieces with a clear purpose and organization, varied sentence structure, and a clear statement of a position or topic with evidence that supports the position or topic	3.2 8 D.8 3.2 8 D.9 3.2 8 D.10 3.2 8 D.11 3.2 8 D. 12	Teacher provides models of various kinds of writing- persuasive, informational, comparison, etc. Students analyze a model to determine its organization, the topic, kinds of evidence and the effectiveness of the evidence Students identify the position or topic, find the evidence to support it, and explain how the author used the evidence in the piece	Student writing and explanation	Models of writing McDougall-Littell- Writing Handbook, teacher and unit resources Write Source Content area writing Summer Reading Assignment
Write a range of essays including personal, speculative, descriptive or issue-based	3.2 8 B.4	Students respond to specific writing prompts Students read various models of essays and explain the techniques the author used and their effect on the reader	Student writing	Specific writing prompts- Quotation, persuasive, speculative (NJASK) and other teacher-created prompts
Compose, revise, edit and publish using appropriate software	3.2 8 A.6	Students use word-processing programs to draft text		Word processing program
Revising Students will know and be able to: Revise drafts by rereading for content, organization, usage, sentence structure, mechanics, and word choice	3.2 8 A. 4	Students reread drafts several times, each time focusing on a specific element	Student drafts with revision comments	Write Source Student models
Revise drafts for sentence types, parallelism, and to indicate relationship between	3.2 8 C. 2 3.2 8 C. 3 3.2 8 C.4	Teacher mini lessons – sentence combining techniques, varying sentence openings, using phrases and clauses,		Models of writing Write Source

		Grade 8-Writing		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
ideas	3.2 8 C.5	transition words Students revise drafts for specific elements such as sentence combining, transitions, varying sentence openings, etc. Small group, teacher, and peer conferences and feedback on pieces Students analyze models of writing for transitions, sentence structure, compositional risks, etc. and explain the effect on the reader	Revised drafts Students' feedback to peers in conference Students incorporate elements in writing	Conferencing checklists-Write Source, McDougal-Littell, and teacher-created Fountas & Pinnell-Guiding Readers and writers Grades 3-6 Ch. 5-6
Use relevant scoring rubrics and criteria to improve own work, evaluate own work and evaluate peer's work and provide feedback for improvement	3.2 8 A.5 3.2 8 A.7 3.2 8 D.15	Teacher reviews NJ 6-Point Holistic Writing Rubric or other rubric and shows models of each score point Students analyze models of each score point and explain how they fit the criteria for that score point Students use NJ or other rubric to evaluate own and/or peer's work and provide feedback to peers Students revise writing using feedback from rubric Students use Praise-Question-Polish,	Students' analysis of writing Feedback to peers Drafts of work with revisions	NJ Holistic Writing Rubric- 6 point Teacher-created checklists and rubrics Models of writing at each score point on NJ rubric (released samples from state)

Grade 8-Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		checklist or rubric to provide feedback to peers Teacher and/or peer conferences for revision Students use software to revise their writing		Word processing software
Editing Students will know and be able to: Use Standard English conventions in all writing	3.2 8 C.1	Teacher models editing strategies	Edited work	Write Source
Edit for correct grammar, usage, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling	3.2 8 C.6	Mini lessons on grammar, usage and spelling skills as needed Students read a piece with a focus on pronoun-case agreement, subject-verb agreement, consistency of tense, and make changes as needed Students utilize an editing checklist with own and peer's work Students participate in teacher and peer editing conferences Students use different colored pencils to edit for particular strategies Students edit published or own pieces	Edited drafts Students' feedback to peers	Write Source McDougal-Litell- Grammar and Usage Workbook NJ Holistic Scoring Rubric Teacher-Created Rubrics and Checklists 6 + 1 Traits of Writing- Culham

Grade 8-Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		Students choose piece from writer's notebook to edit for specific elements	Edited entry	
Use a variety of reference materials, print and electronic, to edit written work	3.2 8 C.7	Teacher models how to use a variety of reference sources for editing Students use software and other	Students' use of resources	Dictionary, thesaurus, spell check, MLA website Software programs
Use appropriate word processing software to edit work	3.2 8 A. 6	references for editing		Software programs
Write legibly in manuscript or cursive to meet district standards	3.2 8 C.8	Students are able to write in cursive or manuscript as needed	Student handwriting	Handwriting Guidelines- Appendix
Post Writing Students will know and be able to:				
Use relevant scoring rubrics and criteria to improve own work, evaluate own work and	3.2 8 A.5 3.2 8 A.7 3.2 8 D.15	Students evaluate final draft using rubric and provide feedback to peers or self-evaluate	Students' comments on final drafts	NJ Holistic Writing Rubric- Appendix
evaluate peer's work and provide feedback for improvement				Teacher-created rubrics McDougall-Littell materials
Maintain a collection of works	3.2 8 D.14	Students maintain a portfolio and reflect on strengths, needs, and goals as they review their work	Student Portfolios	
Share work with others		Students share work in author's chair, in small groups, as read alouds and in published booklets	Shared draft of work	Student work displays

Grade 8-Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
(Objectives)				
		Teacher creates displays of students' work		
		Students send writing to various contests, submit to newspapers and other sources		
Respond appropriately to	3.3 8 A.1	Teacher models appropriate responses		Students' work
other's work	3.3 8 A.3	to student work- how to praise or offer		
	3.3 8 A. 6	critique		
	3.3 8 B.2			
	3.3 8 B.3	Students ask appropriate questions and		
	3.4 8 A.6	provide thoughtful feedback to authors		
	3.4 8 B. 2			
	3.4 8 B. 3			
	3.4 8 B.5			

Benchmark/Other Assessments

- Specific Writing Pieces (See units)
- Benchmark Writing Pieces-
- September- Summer Reading Assignment- (Persuasive Letter)
- February Explanatory Prompt

Grade 8 Unit: Speaking

Overarching Essential Question(s): How does being an effective speaker enhance my personal and school experiences?

Topical Essential Question(s): What strategies can I use to speak effectively (eye contact, voice modulation, inflection, tempo,

enunciation)?

How can I determine which strategies to use to effectively communicate a specific purpose to an

audience?

How can I use speaking to clarify and enhance my thoughts?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Speaking and listening provide the foundation to connect with others, develop vocabulary, and learn the

structure of the English language.

Speaking is a form of expressing, transmitting, and exchanging ideas, information and emotions.

Oral language is a tool for communicating thinking and learning.

Grade 8- Speaking				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Discussion & Questioning (Inquiry) and Contributing				
Students will know and be able to: Present ideas in a discussion, both planned and spontaneously, that state a position, support it, acknowledge and respond to other views.	3.3 8 A.1 3.3 8 A.2 3.3 8 A.6	Students engage in whole class discussions. Students support their discussion ideas using relevant text support and information from the discussion Students orally retell and summarize texts	Teacher and student assessment of discussion	Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch. 16, 17

Grade 8- Speaking				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		Students listen to each other's work in Author's Chair or small groups and offer appropriate feedback	Students' feedback and comments	
Participate appropriately in a variety of oral situations including class discussions, debates, and small groups.	3.3 8 A.3 3.3 8 A.4 3.3 8 A.5 3.3 8 A.7 3.3 8 B.1 3.3 8 B.2 3.3 8 B.3 3.3 8 B.4	Students participate in whole class discussions Students participate in Socratic Seminar and literature circles to discuss literature and other texts Students participate in peer, teacher, and small group writing conferences, respond to others' work, and provide appropriate feedback using rubrics, criteria, responding to questions, or other structures such as Praise-Question-Polish		Socratic Seminar guidelines Revising and Editing checklists, scoring rubrics, etc.
		Students define roles for small groups through literature circle roles and cooperative learning structures Students engage in cooperative learning structures to solve problems in a group		Literature circle roles- Harvey Daniels Cooperative Learning- Spencer Kagan

Grade 8- Speaking				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Word Choice Students will know and be able to:				
Use language in a discussion to effectively convey the intended message to the intended audience	3.3 8 C.1 3.3 8 C.2 3.38 C.4	Students will use text to verbally identify, demonstrate, and expand on an idea or topic through discussion Students will actively engage their listeners through their tone, inflections, and voice modulation Students will use correct grammar and sentence structure when speaking for all purposes	Class discussions	Texts for discussion
Oral Presentation Students will know and be able to:				
Effectively deliver a variety of types of presentations to an intended audience using visual aids and speaking techniques	3.3 8 D.1 3.3 8 D. 2 3.3 8 D.3 3.3 8 D.4 3.3 8 D.6	Students will orally present a variety of types of information- book talks, speeches, sharing written work, discussion or a topic or prompt Students will utilize multi-media in presentations	Students' presentations Quality of presentations	Book talk, Power Point presentation and other presentation criteria Rubrics to assess presentations – Teacher – Created or NJ Speaking Rubric
Provide relevant feedback to a speaker and incorporate feedback into own presentations	3.3 8 D.5 3.3 8 D.7	Students will engage in proper speaking techniques Students will use a teacher-created or NJ Speaking Rubric to assess	Feedback to peers	Promotion Speech criteria

Grade 8- Speaking				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		presentations and provide feedback to peers Students will use feedback to revise presentations		
Read aloud with fluency	3.3 8 D.8	Students will engage in Reader's Theater and other read aloud activities	Students' reading	Diary of Anne Frank play- McDougal Littell- Read magazine and other plays Various texts

Assessments:

• Oral Presentation- Book talk, Holocaust project or other project

Grade 8 Unit: Listening

Overarching Essential Question(s): How can listening enhance my understanding?

Topical Essential Question(s): How can I actively listen to gain information and understanding?

In what ways can I provide effective feedback to a speaker?

How does my purpose for listening affect my listening behaviors?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Listening is a process of hearing, receiving, constructing meaning, and responding to verbal and

nonverbal messages.

Effective listeners actively restate, interpret, respond to, and evaluate messages. Effective listeners use

these strategies for a variety of listening purposes.

Students use listening to gain understanding and appreciation of language and communication.

Grade 8- Listening					
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources	
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments		
(Objectives)					
Active Listening					
Students will know and be					
able to:				McDougal Littell audio	
Demonstrate active listening in	3.4 8 A.1	Students engage in Socratic Seminars,	Students'	resources	
a variety of situations by	3.4 8 A.2	class discussions, literature circles and	participation in and		
acknowledging the speaker and	3.4 8 A.3	debates	teacher assessment	Online audio resources	
evaluating the message for its	3.4 8 A.4		of discussions		
intended purpose	3.4 8 A.5	Students listen to, analyze messages,		Socratic Seminar	
		and respond to messages from	Students' self-	guidelines	
		classroom discussions, lectures,	assessment of		
		assemblies, and audio sources	discussion	Assemblies	
		Students listen to speeches, teacher/peer			
		reading aloud, audio sources, poetry			
		performed or read aloud, peer writing,			
		class discussions, etc.			

	Grade 8- Listening				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Evaluate a presentation using a rubric, checklist or criteria and provide appropriate feedback.	3.3 8 A. 6	Students use a rubric or checklist to evaluate a presentation and provide the speaker with feedback on items such as purpose, delivery, content, visual aids, body language and facial expressions	Students' feedback to speakers	NJ Speaking Rubric Teacher-Created rubrics and checklists McDougal-Littell unit and teacher resources	
Listening Comprehension Students will know and be able to:					
Interpret, question, and critique oral presentations	3.4 8 B.1 3.4 8 B.3 3.4 8 B.4 3.4 8 B.5	Students discuss the purpose and intended message of texts- inform, persuade, entertain, etc. Students listen to texts read aloud Students ask appropriate questions of the speaker and/or give feedback	Student presentations- book talks, read alouds, Power Point, etc.	Presentation Guidelines- book talks, Power Points, etc. McDougal Littell resources Teacher-created rubrics	
		Students participate in discussions, Socratic Seminar, small group discussions	Assessment of discussion- teacher and student self-assessment		
Make inferences based on	3.4 8 B.2	Students respond orally or in writing to		Variety of texts	
presentations and integrate with other language arts	3.4 8 B.6	a text they have heard (Journal, essay, prompt, etc.)		Writing prompts from text	

Grade 8 Unit: Viewing and Media Literacy

Overarching Essential Question(s): How can I become a critical consumer and producer of media?

How can media enhance my life?

Topical Essential Question(s): How do I evaluate the intended message and purpose of the media?

How does the type of media affect the intended message?

What influence does media have on the viewer?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Effective viewing is essential to comprehend and respond to personal interactions, live performance,

visual arts, print and electronic media

A media-literate person is able to evaluate media for credibility and understands how words, images, and

sounds influence the way meanings are conveyed and understood in society.

Students need to view critically to respond to different forms of visual messages.

Grade 8 Viewing and Media Literacy				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Constructing Meaning Students will know and be able to:				
Analyze aspects and elements of print and electronic messages and explain how the medium affects the intended message	3.5 8 A.1 3.5 8 A.2 3.5 8 A.3	Students evaluate a variety of print and electronic texts for literary and other elements and to determine author's purpose and message	Students' responses	Electronic and print materials McDougall Littell- Art posters and other resources

	Grade 8 Viewing and Media Literacy				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Visual and Verbal Messages Students will know and be able to:					
Compare, contrast, and evaluate media messages	3.5 8 A.4 3.5 8 B.1 3.5 8 B.2 3.5 8 B.4 3.5 8 B.5	Students compare media version of story and the text Students evaluate print and media sources for credibility- Ex: Holocaust unit	Compare/contrast pieces	Videos of texts read	
Living with Media Students will know and be able to: Analyze media presentations for content and evaluate their effectiveness	3.5 8 B.3 3.5 8 C.1 3.5 8 C.2	Students view a variety of media and print sources and determine the effect on the reader and the message (Holocaust unit)	Students' responses- journals, essays, reflections	Holocaust materials Websites *Media Specialist- Research unit	
Create a presentation using multi-media resources	3.5 8 C.3	Students create a multi-media presentation in response to literature or on a specific topic	Project	*Science or Social Studies projects	

Assessment:

• Multi-media Research Presentation (may be in content area)

Grade 8 Unit: The Giver

Overarching Essential Question(s): How does the theme of one novel connect to another?

Topical Essential Question(s): How does an author use plot to engage a reader?

How do authors/people manipulate language to create a desired effect (euphemisms)?

Why do authors create ambiguous endings?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Authors use language to create a desired effect

Authors manipulate plot to engage a reader.

Grade 8- The Giver				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Students will understand				
	3.1 8 C.1			
Authors, through the use of	3.1 8 D.1	Mini-lesson on euphemisms		The Giver by Lois Lowry
euphemisms, can manipulate	3.1 8 D.2			
the language to create a desired	3.1 8 D.3	Students identify euphemisms in the	Students'	
effect such as making	3.1 8 D.4	text	identification of	
something cruel sound benign	3.1 8 E.1		euphemisms	
	3.18 F.4			LIFT Resources- The
	3.1 8 G.8			Giver
	3.18 G.11			
				Contemporary Classics
The parts of a plot	3.1 8 G.2	Mini Lessons on plot structure		Resource- The Giver
(introduction, rising action,	3.1 8 G.3			
etc.) are just as important as	3.1 8 G.4	Students complete plot structure activity		Portals to Literature-
other literary elements in	3.1 8 G.6			The Giver
engaging the reader in the	3.1 8 G.7			
story				Perfection Learning
				Teacher Resources

		Grade 8- The Giver		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Authors use ambiguous endings to encourage readers continued involvement in the story Pieces of literature with different literary elements and characters can share a common theme	3.1 8 G.2 3.1 8 G.6 3.1 8 G.9 3.1 8 H.5	Ambiguous ending activity for the novel Mini Lessons on theme and related literary elements Students compare the theme of <i>The Giver</i> with related texts Reader's responses- focus on theme	Discussion of ambiguous endings Comparisons-Discussion or Written Students' responses	Texts may include but are not limited to "Block Party" McDougall Littell "Old Glory" The Giver "The Forecast" The Giver "The Pedestrian" The Giver "Where I'm From "George Ella Lyon
Students will be able to Write a thesis essay	3.2 8 A.2 3.2 8 A.3 3.2 8 A.4 3.2 8 A.6 3.2 8 A.7 3.2 8 B.1 3.2 8 B.4 3.2 8 D.8 3.2 8 D.9 3.2 8 D.10 3.2 8 D.11 3.2 8 D.12 3.2 8 D.12	Students will use some aspect of <i>The Giver</i> to write a thesis essay – ie: plot, characters, utopian society, theme, etc. Suggested Activity: Compare other "utopian" culture with the "utopian" culture of <i>The Giver</i> A utopian society can/cannot exist successfully. Students read articles about various societies and compare to society in <i>The Giver</i> Students complete graphic organizers to	Drafts of essays Completed organizers	Articles on various utopian societies Graphic Organizers

		Grade 8- The Giver		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		Students write a comparison of the societies to support their view of utopia-Students must use 2 societies (one must be <i>The Giver</i>).	Completed comparisons	Teacher-created rubric for comparisons
Understand sentence construction	3.2 8 C.2 3.2 8 C.3 3.2 8 C.4 3.2 8 C.5 3.2 8 C.6 3.2 8 C.7 3.3 8 C.4	Review nouns/pronouns and verbs Review subject/verb agreement Teacher models how to combine sentences using commas for sentence fluency.	Quizzes/Worksheets Revisions with combined sentences	Write Source pp 500-502 Write Source pp 508-509 pp 126-127 Write Source pp 470-485
Respond to literature in discussions and support views	3.3 8 A.1 3.3 8 A.2 3.3 8 A.3 3.3 8 A.5 3.3 8 A.6 3.3 8 A.7 3.3 8 B.1 3.3 8 B.2 3.3 8 D.4 3.4 8 A.1 3.4 8 A.2 3.4 8 A.3 3.4 8 A.4 3.4 8 A.5 3.4 8 A.6 3.4 8 A.6 3.4 8 B.5, B.6	Students participate in whole class and small group discussions about literature Students respond to each other to extend ideas about literature	Students' participation in discussions	

Grade 8- The Giver				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings (Objectives)	Indicators		Assessments	
Critically respond to literature	3.2 8 D.2 3.2 8 D.3 3.2 8 A.7 3.2 8 B.4 3.2 8 D.15 3.3 8 A.6	Students create a reader's response journal, write open-ended questions, write double entry journals, answer open-ended questions	Students' responses	NJASK-4 Point Rubric- Open-Ended Responses and/or Teacher-Created Rubrics
Use context clues to define vocabulary	3.1 8 C.2 3.1 8 C.3 3.1 8 C.4 3.1 8 F.1 3.1 8 F.2 3.1 8 F.3 3.1 8 F.4 3.1 8 F.5	Locate vocabulary and use context to define words	Quizzes	Dictionary, thesaurus and web-based references

Unit Assessment:

• Thesis Essay

Grade 8 Unit: Personal Narrative

Overarching Essential Question(s): How do rules of language affect communication?

Why does a writer choose a particular form of writing?

How do good writers express themselves? How does process shape the writer's product?

How do writers develop a well written product?

Topical Essential Question(s): How does author's purpose shape written communication?

How does audience shape author's use of form and language?

How does personal narrative as a genre help develop authorial voice?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Authors choose purpose and audience when writing.

Authors choose vocabulary and sentence structure to engage the author.

People write to express themselves.

Grade 8- Personal Narrative				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Students will be able to				Write Source pp 93-95, 101-106, 138, 139, 35
Generate ideas for a topic and	3.28.A.3	Teacher models how to set purpose		
plan a piece of writing	3.28.A.2	and determine audience		McDougal Littell pp 174-177
	3.28.B.1			
	3.28.B.2	Teacher models how to use a graphic	Graphic Organizers	
	3.28.B.4	organizer		
	3.2 8 D.1			
	3.2 8 D.2	Students will plan an essay using a graphic organizer		
Write lead paragraphs that	3.2 8 D.4	Use mentor texts to help students	Various leads	Mentor texts
engage the reader		write lead paragraphs		Write Source pp 108,109, 140
		Writing conferences to revise writing		McDougal Littell pp 174-178

		Grade 8- Personal Narrative		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Draft an essay that tells a personal story and uses a variety of support	3.28.A.4	Model how to elaborate an idea Students draft body of essay	Drafts	Internet resource: www.thisibelieve.com www.thisibelieve.com/educators Write Source pp 110, 111, 140
Effectively conclude an essay		Use mentor texts to help students conclude writing	Students' conclusions to essays	McDougal Littell pp 174-178 Write Source pp 112, 140 McDougal Littell pp174-178
Revise drafts for clarity, content and organization, and elaboration of ideas	3.2 8 A. 5 3.2 8 A.6 3.2 8 A.7	Teacher mini lessons on specific skills Students engage in peer and teacher conferences	Conference checklists/feedback sheets Rewritten drafts	
Use a rubric to improve and evaluate own and peer's writing	3.2 8 A.5 3.2 8 A.7 3.28 D.15 3.3 8 A.1 3.4 8 A.1 3.4 8 A.2 3.4 8 A.3 3.4 8 B.3	Use scoring rubric to evaluate their pieces and decide on revisions that need to be made Students engage in self/peer/teacher conference Use peer feedback to revise writing	Rubric evaluation sheet Feedback sheet from peers	
Students will understand that: Voice is the writer speaking through the essay	3.2 8 D.2 3.2 8 D.5 3.2 8 D.12 3.2 8 D.13	Model using voice in writing Revise for voice		Write Source pp 118, 119 6+1 Traits of Writing- Culham pp 100-138

		Grade 8- Personal Narrative		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Sentences contain subjects and predicates and complete sentences help the reader understand the writing	3.2 8 C.1 3.2 8 C.2 3.2 8 C.3	Revise or sentence structure eliminating fragments and run-ons	Draft with revisions for sentence structure	Write Source pp504,505,248, 502 Write Source: Skillbook pp 74-77, 78-82
The use of direct and indirect quotations adds substance to writing	3.2 8 C.4	Practice using direct and indirect quotations for elaboration		Write Source pp 598-601 Write Source: Skillbook pp 25
Interjections help to create voice in writing	3.2 8 D.2 3.2 8 D.5	Revise piece, adding interjections when necessary		Write Source pp 746 Write Source: Skillbook pp 181
Edit drafts for spelling, usage, mechanics, and punctuation	3.2 8 C.1 3.2 8 C.5 3.2 8 C.6 3.2 8 C.7 3.2 8 C.8	Students read piece forward/backward to edit for conventions, mechanics, punctuation, spelling, etc.	Edited draft	
Share writing with audience including adding to a portfolio	3.2 8 D. 15 3.2 8 A. 7	Students engage in Writer's Chair Students add pieces to portfolio	Oral feedback to peers Portfolio	

Unit Assessment:

• Final Personal Narrative

Grade 8 Unit: Non-Fiction Literature Circles

Overarching Essential Question(s): How does understanding a text structure help students better understand its meaning? How do readers construct meaning from text?

Topical Essential Question(s): How do students use the elements of non-fiction to understand a memoir?

In what ways are memoirs similar to an different from students' personal narratives?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Students read memoir differently than they read narrative.

Good readers compare, infer, synthesize and make connections to make text personally relevant and useful.

Grade 8- Non-Fiction Literature Circles					
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Students will be able to Make predictions as they read	3.1 8 E.1	Mini-lesson review on predictions Students to make predictions in Reader Response Journal	Reader Response Journal	Non-Fiction Reader's Response Journal for Literature Circles	
Explain how characters help move the plot forward	3.1 8 G.4 3.1 8 G.5	Make annotated list of important characters		Texts : See Appendix for specific titles	
Visualize the stories they are reading	3.1 8 D. 1 3.1 8D.2 3.1 8 D.3 3.1 8 D.4	Mini lesson on visualization Students choose a descriptive passage To share with group Draw a picture of scene of their choice	Completed scenes	I Read It, But I Don't Get It- Tovani (Teacher resource)	

		Grade 8- Non-Fiction Literature Circles	3	
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Make connections as they read (text to text/text to self/text to world)	31. 8E.1 3.1 8 E.2	Students make connections in Reader Response Journal Various types of entries	Reader Response Journal entries	
Analyze how authors use language for different purposes	3.1 8 E.1 3.1 8E.2 3.1 8 A.1	Reader Response Journal Various types of reader response journal entries		The Teen Centered Book Club: Readers into Headers by Kunzel and Hardesty (Library Resource)
Understand vocabulary in context	3.1 8 C.1 3.1 8 C.2 3.1 8 C.3 3.1 8 C.4 3.1 8 F.1 3.1 8 F.2 3.1 8 F.3 3.1 8 F.4 3.1 8 F.5	Students identify and define words in context either in journal, oral responses, or as role in literature circle	Definitions	Word Wizard role sheet
Good readers compare, infer, synthesize and make connections to make text personally relevant and useful	3.1 8 E. 1 3.1 8 E.2	Reader response journal entries and student discussion reflect their strategies	Reader Response Journals Open-ended question response	
Analyze and explain how Events in a plot do more than	3.1 8 G.4	Choose important events and arrange in sequential order	,	Literature Circles: Voice and Choice in the Student Centered Classroom –
Ask questions as they read	3.1 8 G.4	Reader Response Journal Create 5 questions that might appear on an exam and answer them		Harvey Daniels
Analyze and explain how		Reader Response Journal	Reader response journal rubric or	Reader Response – Fountas and Pinnell –
Setting effects the tone of a book	3.1 8 G.4	Entries focus on specific skills for critical analysis and interpretation of	assessment checklist	Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6 –Ch.

		Grade 8- Non-Fiction Literature Circles	5	
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Compare and analyze several authors' perspective on characters, setting, or conflict Interpret text through journals, writing ,discussion and enactment Read critically to analyze text	3.1 8 G.3 3.1 8 G.1 3.1 8 G.13	text	Quality of reader response entries	Journals- Reader Response Notebooks Directions for Literature Circles
Actively and appropriately participate in small group discussions Listen and speak in small group appropriately	3.1 8 G.9 3.1 8 G.11 3.3 8 A.1 3.3 8 A.2 3.3 8 A.4 3.3 .8 A.6 3.3 .8 B.1 3.3 8 B.2 3.3 .8 B.4	Students discuss the texts using roles, questions, etc.	Student and teacher- made rubrics to assess group interaction	Rubrics for group interaction Socratic Seminar in the Block- Checklists for participation
Evaluate the effectiveness of the group Respond appropriately and provide feedback to group members	3.3 8C.1 3.3 8 C.2 3.3 8 D.1 3.3 8 D. 4 3.3 8 D.7 3.4 8 A.1 3.4 8 A.2 3.4 8 A.3 3.4 8 A.5 3.4 8 B.1 3.4 8 B.2	Students respond appropriately to each other in discussions- Whole class and small groups		

Grade 8- Non-Fiction Literature Circles				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
	3.4 8 B.3 3.4 8 B. 5 3.4 8 B.6			

Assessment:

• Final Reading Project such as Quilt Squares or Silent Literature Circle

The structures and activities for nonfiction literature circles are the same for literature study with other texts.

Grade 8 Unit: Persuasive Writing

Overarching Essential Question(s): How does process shape the writing product?

How can I adjust my writing to match my audience and purpose?

Why does a writer choose a particular form of writing?

Topical Essential Question(s): How can I write so that the reader understand and appreciates my words?

What new skills can I practice to make my writing better?

How can I write an effective lead which will introduce the problem and grab the reader's attention?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Written communication has the power to affect change in the world.

Writers craft text for specific audiences and purposes.

Writers use a repertoire of specific techniques to vary their form and purpose for specific

purposes, audiences and contexts (such as persuasion).

Good writers develop and refine their ideas for thinking, learning, communicating and aesthetic

expression.

	Grade 8- Persuasive Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Students will be able to Recognize persuasive techniques in a variety of persuasive texts	3.1 8 G.1 3.1 8 G.5 3.1 8 G.7 3.5 8 A.1 3.5 8 A.3	Students read models of persuasive texts to recognize ways the author uses words to persuade	Students identify ways authors use persuasion	Variety of persuasive Texts- essays, newspapers, etc. (Internet Resource) www.nytimes.com/opinion	
Open their essay with leads other than an opinion/thesis statement	3.2 8 B.1 3.3 8 C.3	Mini lessons on leads Students review mentor texts that have a variety of leads		Write Source – transparencies benchmark papers (5-6)	

		Grade 8- Persuasive Writing		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Write an effective lead introduces the problem and grabs the reader's attention	3.2 8 A.3 3.2 8 D.1	Mini-lessons on leads		Write Source pp 223-255
Use various types of support for main ideas (ie – facts, statistics, opinions, etc.)	3.2 8 B.1 3.2 8 B.2 3.2 8 D.2 3.2 8 D.12 3.2 8 A.2	Mini lesson on structure of persuasive Essay Student drafting Student conferencing		6 + 1 Traits of Writing- Culham – pp 92-96
Organize their thoughts before writing	3.2 8 A.3 3.2 8 B.1 3.2 8 B.2	Students produce a Pro/Con T chart on the subject	Completed T Chart	
Choose appropriate organizing strategy for the piece	3.2 8B.1 3.2 8 D.12	Teacher models and students use additional graphic organizers for later use	Completed Organizers- Student explanation for using organizer	Graphic Organizers
Write multiple drafts	3.2 8 A. 4 3.2 8 D. 2 3.2 8 B. 4 3.3 8 B.1 3.3 8 B.2	Student drafting Students engage in self/peer/teacher conference	Draft 1 Draft 2	Rubric – NJ Ask 6 Point Writing Rubric and teacher made rubrics
Support their ideas using reasons, examples, anecdotes, and other forms of support	3.2 8 B.3 3.2 8 D.6	Teacher shows examples of persuasive writing and students identify the support Students use variety of sources and graphic organizers to support ideas	Essay with various kinds of support	
Use rubric to improve and evaluate own writing and peer's writing	3.2 8 A.5 3.2 8 A. 7 3.28 D.15 3.3 8 A.1 3.4 8 A.1	Use scoring rubric to evaluate their pieces and decide on revisions that need to be made Students engage in self/peer/teacher	Rubric evaluation sheet Feedback sheet from peers	

		Grade 8- Persuasive Writing		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
	3.4 8 A.2 3.4 8 A.3 3.4 8 B.3	Conference Use peer feed back to revise writing		Peer conference checklists
Use a variety of long and short sentences	3.2 8 C. 2 3.2 8 C.3 3.2 8 C.4	Mini lesson on sentence combining Revise writing looking for varying sentence lengths	Drafts revised for sentence structure	Write Source pp 249 Write Source pp 496-498
Revise drafts for content and organization	3.2 8 A. 4	Students self-revise and peer revise pieces		
Use standard English conventions in writing	3.2 8 C.1	Students edit pieces for conventions- Use colored pencils to edit for specific features	Edited draft	
Use different forms of transitional devices	3.2 8 C.5	Mini lesson on transitions		<i>Write Source</i> – pp 299, 236
Recognize and use prepositions	3.2 8 C. 4	Revise writing for appropriate use of prepositions		Write Source pp 494,495, 742,743 Write Source: Skillbook pp 174
Recognize and use conjunctions	3.2 8 C.	Revise writing for appropriate use of conjunctions Use conjunctions and prepositions to aid in modifying sentences		Write Source pp 496-498, 744-747 Write Source: Skillbook pp 175-179
Consistently edit writing for mechanics and usage	3.2 8 C.1 3.2 8 C.6 3.2 8 C.7	Edit writing reading each sentence from bottom up	Editing checklist and draft with editing marks	Write Source: pp 579-581 Write Source: Skillbook pp 3,4

Grade 8- Persuasive Writing				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
	3.2 8 C.8	Edit several time-each time with a specific focus		Write Source: pp 618-627
				<i>Write Source</i> – Skillbook
		Students engage in peer editing		pp 41-46
		conferences and self-edit		
Share pieces with various	3.2 8 D.14	Students add comments about writing	Student portfolios	
audiences including keeping a	3.3 8 A.76	piece when adding to portfolio		
portfolio of pieces	3.4 8A.1			
	3.4 8 A. 2			
	3.4 8 B.3			

Unit Assessment:

- Persuasive Writing Prompt.
- Persuasive Writing Piece for Portfolio

Grade 8 Unit: Holocaust

Overarching Essential Question(s): How can I recognize the many purposes of a piece of writing and how might it act as a springboard for other forms of expression?

Topical Essential Question(s): How could the Holocaust happen? How can I relate what I've read and learned about the Holocaust to My life and the world around me?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Learning about the past helps us to prevent the same mistakes in the future.

Reading multiple texts about the same event affects a person's understanding of said event.

Good readers make connections between themselves, other texts and the world.

Grade 8 Holocaust				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Students will be able to				
Examine works about life in a concentration camp and make inferences and judgments.	3.5.8A.3 3.5.8B.2 3.5.8 B.4	Students read- "The Last Seven Months of Anne Frank" Activities may include but are not limited to: "Who Was Anne Frank?" "A Diary from Another World" "All But My Life"	Anne Frank – (may include but are not limited to) Reading quiz Act One Reading quiz Act Two End of play test Vocabulary test	McDougal Littell pp 515-521 "Who Was Anne Frank?" – McDougal Littell-p.444-446 "A Diary from Another World" – McDougal-Littell p. 528-531

Grade 8 Holocaust				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Evaluate texts to determine effective support.	3.5.8A.3 3.5.8B.2 3.1 8 A.1 3.1 8 G.1 3.18 G.2 3.1 8 G.5 3.1 8 G.6 3.1 8 G.7 3.1 8 G. 12 3.1 8 G. 13 3.1 8 H.1 3.1 8 H.2 3.2 8 H. 5	Students read and compare two texts about the Holocaust Students use graphic organizer or journal to compare the two texts	Organizers or responses	McDougal Littell pp 528-531
Examine and evaluate primary sources for bias	3.5 8 A.4 3.5 8 B.2 3.5.8B.4 3.5.8C.2 3.5.8C.3 3.4.8B.3 3.1 8 H.2	Students assess primary documents for bias, content and message at literacy stations-		One Survivor Remembers" – Teaching Tolerance: Primary Source Documents
Understand a Holocaust survivor's experience	3.1 8 G.3 3.5 8 A.2 3.5 8 A.3 3.5 8 B.5 3.5 8 C.2	Students watch DVD to gain understanding of life in a concentration camp Students read passage from <i>All But My Life</i> Students respond to the DVD and passages orally or in writing	Discussion of DVD and reading passage Students' responses	"One Survivor Remembers" - Teaching Tolerance: DVD of Story of Gerda Weissmann McDougal Littell from All But My Life pp 522- 527 Additional Resources

Grade 8 Holocaust				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
				CD Rom - Anne Frank House: The House with a Story Video - Biography: Anne Frank Video - Anne Frank: The Whole Story (Ben Kingsley) Related readings in The Diary of Anne Frank Latitudes: The Diary of Anne Frank Perfection Learning Tunes for Bears to Dance To- Robert Cormier
Connect various artistic and literary genres which share the same theme Compare and analyze various genres on a similar themes	3.5 8 A.1 3.5 8 A.2 3.5 8 A.3 3.5 8 B.4 3.5 8 B.5 3.1 8 G.2 3.1 8 G.5 3.1 8 G.7	Students will compare book, poem and photograph for C1	Open-ended responses on the pieces of text read and compared	Terrible Things by Eve Bunting First They Came for the Jews" by Pastor Niemöller "Little Boy With His Hands Up"- Photo in Voices from the Holocaust
	3.1 8 G.9 3.1 8 G12			

Grade 8 Holocaust				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Make connections between Holocaust and present day	3.1 8 G.2 3.1 8 G.5 3.1 8 G.7 3.1 8 G.9 3.1 8 G12	Students watch video - connect Auschwitz to present day bullying situations	Discussion of video	Video: If Cried, You Died The World of Anne Frank- Merti
Analyze impact of genre on a reader		Students compare autobiography and poem Students analyze poem using TPCASTT method Students discuss impact of pieces read (small group and whole class)	TPCASTT analysis	"Broken Glass, Broken Lives" pp 32-37 "Crystal Night" pp 38-39 Both from Voices of the Holocaust Hitler Youth-Scholastic TPCASTT - Appendix
Examine the Resistance Movement and explain their impact on the Holocaust	3.2 8 D.6	Students create brochures as if part of White Rose Reader - Response Journals Students watch DVD Students read book about Holocaust	Brochures and Reader Response Journal entries	"The White Rose: Long Live Freedom" Voices of the Holocaust pp 81-85 DVD - Sophie Scholl The Yellow Star by Carmen Agra Deedy

Grade 8 Holocaust				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Empathize with a person who endured the Holocaust	3.2 8 D.5	Students read informational articles on Holocaust Students read Poetry Students analyze a Passport from a Holocaust victim Students create a memorial to an individual who endured the Holocaust	Student responses Memorials	"I Never Saw Another Butterfly" by Pave Friedman I never saw another butterfly Museum passports from US Holocaust Museum Teacher prepared handout on Terezin One Survivor Remembers- Teaching Tolerance
Work in small groups to read and discuss various works of literature of choice on the Holocaust Compare, contrast and analyze various works of literature on the Holocaust	3.3 8 A.1 3.3 8 A.2 3.3 8 A.3 3.3 8 A.4 3.3 8 B.1 3.3 8 B.2 3.3 8 C.1 3.3 8 C.4 3.3 8 D.1 3.4 8 A.1 3.4 8 A.2 3.4 8 A.3 3.4.8 A.6 3.4.8 B.2 3.4.8 B.2	Students participate in Literature Circles on a Holocaust book of their choice Students work independently to plan, read and discuss their books Student assignments for the reading may include the following: Discussion Questions/QARs Story Maps/Graphic Organizers Journal Responses Student generated questions Responses to open ended questions	Bookmark/reader response journal Open Ended Response – compare literature circle book protagonist to Anne Frank	Holocaust Texts: See Appendix for specific titles Book mark Directions Teacher-Created rubric or NJASK 4 Point Rubric to assess open-ended responses

Grade 8 Holocaust				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
	3.4 8 B.5 3.1 8 E.1 3.1 8 E.2 3.1 8 G.13 3.2 8 A.2 3.2 8 B.3 3.2 8 B.4 3.2 8 D.3 3.2 8 D.9 3.2 8 D.10 3.2 8 D.13	Students work in groups on the activities listed above		
Determine content-specific vocabulary	3.1 8 F.1 3.1 8 F.2 3.1 8 F.4 3.1 8 F.5 3.1 8 D.2	Discussion of vocabulary words and vocabulary activities	Vocabulary test	
Demonstrate reading fluency through enacting Reader's Theatre	3.1 8 D.1 3.1 8 D.2 3.1 8 D.3 3.1 8 D.4 3.3 8 D.7 3.3 8 D.8	With teacher direction, students will complete how to read a script Students will read play as Reader's Theatre	Students' reading of script for Reader's Theatre	McDougal-Littell- The Diary of Anne Frank - Hackett and Goodrich
Explore dramatic license through reading the play	3.2 8 B.1 3.2 8 D.1 3.2 8 D.2	Discuss authors' use of dramatic license		

	Grade 8 Holocaust				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources	
Synthesize information from oral and visual presentations and analyze recurring themes	3.4.8B.5 3.4 8 A.1 3.4 8 A.2 3.4 8 A.3	Attend Holocaust Symposium Listen to an ask questions of Holocaust survivors	Students' responses to Holocaust speakers- oral or in journals	Symposium speakers	
Synthesize information into a culminating project	3.1 8 H.3 3.1 8 H.4 3.2 8 D.6 3.2 8 D.7 3.2 8 D.9 3.2 8 D.10 3.2 8 D.11 3.2 8 D.12	Culminating experience may include research project (please see research unit in curriculum guide)	Final projects	J.P. Case Library Website: Holocaust Link to Selected Websites and Resources (Internet Resource)	
Revise and edit all of the writing in the unit for mechanics, usage, punctuation, and spelling	3.2 8A.4 3.28 A.6 3.2 8C.1 3.2 8C.2 3.2 8C.3	Students use checklists for revision and editing pieces Peer and self revision and editing of pieces	Rubrics and checklists for revision Revised drafts		
Utilize rubrics for feedback and evaluation	3.2 8 C.4 3.2 8 C.5 3.2 8 C.6 3.2 8 C.7 3.2 8 C.8 3.2 8 A.5 3.2 8 A.7 3.2 8 D.14	Students apply rubric for feedback and evaluation	Feedback and assessment using rubric	NJ Holistic Scoring Rubric (6 points) NJ 4-Point Open-Ended Scoring Rubric	

Grade 8 Holocaust				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Share pieces with audience including adding to the writing portfolio	3.2 8 D.15	Students share using Author's Chair, gallery walks, bulletin boards and class presentations		Portfolio

Unit Assessment:

• Research Project OR Culminating Project

Grade 8 Unit: Research

Overarching Essential Question(s): Why conduct research?

Topical Essential Question(s): How does process shape the writer's product?

Why does a writer choose a particular form of writing?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Researchers gather and critique information from different sources for specific purposes.

Research is used to create many different products.

Grade 8- Research				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Students will be able to Use primary and secondary sources to gain understanding of a topic	3.2 8 D.6	Compare a primary and secondary source about the same subject		McDougal Littell – pp 168,169, 144 Content-Area Texts and Articles
Evaluate websites	3.1 8 G.1 3.5 8 A.1 3.5 8 A.3 3.5 8 B.2 3.5 8 C.1 3.5 8 C.2	Students complete website evaluation form Review website for content reliability Students are able to use websites with links and evaluate usefulness and credibility of links	Competed website evaluation forms	"Evaluating a Website" by media specialist

Grade 8- Research				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Properly cite sources	3.2 8 A.4 3.2 8 A.6 3.2 8 B.3 3.2 8 D.1 3.2 8 D.7	Teach and model paraphrasing Students paraphrase material for sources Model parenthetical documentation	Students' drafts	MLA Style Guide
		Model Works Cited page Students use parenthetical documentation in their pieces Students develop a works cited page	Students' pieces have in-text citations and works cited pages	
Use on-line database to research	3.1 8 G.1 3.1 8G.5 3.1 8 G.14	Mini-lesson on database Students will search for information on a topic	Students locate information on the topic	Media Specialist- Resource lessons
Employ note taking skills	3.1 8 G.1 3.1 8 A.1 3.1 8 A.2	Model how to use different "levels" of graphic organizers (i.e. – web outline)	Note taking skills	
Produce written work that demonstrates comprehension of informational materials	3.1 8 H.1 3.1 8 H.5 3.1 8 G.13	Students create an end product such as a research paper or presentation		Various Research Projects
Self-select materials related to a research project	3.1 8 H.4	Power Point, autobiographical account, museum display that shows their comprehension of the topic	Student presentations	
Students will understand that: Writers write multiple drafts	3.2 8 A.4 3.2 8 A.6 3.2 8 B.3	Students will use scoring rubric with self and peers to evaluate their pieces and decide on revisions that need to be made		Teacher-Created Rubric

Grade 8- Research				
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Use of direct quotations adds	3.2 8 D.5	Students edit writing for correct		Write Source: pp 598, 600
credibility to writing		punctuation of quotes		
Publish final product to share	3.3 8 C.3	Students will share final product	Students' feedback	Feedback Sheet
with classmates	3.38 D.2	through activities such as Gallery	to peers	
	3.3 8 D.3	Walks, Power Point presentations and		
	3.3 8 D.6	Readings		
	3.3 8 D.7			
	3.4 8 A.1			
	3.4 8 A.2			
	3.4 8 A.3			
	3.4 8 A.4			
	3.4 8 A.5			
	3.4 8 B.3			
	3.4 8 B.4			
	3.4 8 B.5			
	3.4 B.7			
	3.5 8 C.3			

Unit Assessments:

- Completed Research Projects

Note: This unit may be done in conjunction with a content area.

Grade 8 Unit: Exposure to Classic Literature

Overarching Essential Question(s): What makes a piece of literature endure over time?

What causes characters to change?

Topical Essential Question(s): How do people interpret a piece of literature?

How do characters engage readers?

Understandings (Big Ideas): A classic is a piece of literature that endures over time.

A work of literature or a literary theme can be portrayed many different ways.

A dynamic character changes; a static character stays the same.

People connect to a character because the character reminds them of themselves or someone they know

and this connection causes a piece of literature to endure over time.

Grade 8- Exposure to Classic Literature					
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources	
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments		
(Objectives)					
Compare parts of a classic to	3.5.A.2	Students use triple entry diary or other	Completed Note	Venn Diagram	
film versions	3.5.B.5	note taking device	taking devices		
	3.5.C.2			Reader Response Journal	
		Students complete Venn diagrams	Completed Venns		
		Reader Response Journal	Response Journals		
Analyze character change	3.4.B.3	Students use Reader Response Journal	Response Journals	Note taking devices	
		Students participate in class discussion	Feedback in		
		Students participate in class discussion	discussion		
		Students us triple entry diary or other	discussion		
		note taking device	Note taking devices		
Recognize and use adverbs		Revise writing for appropriate number	Revised work	Write Source: pp 490-493	
Recognize and use adveros		Keyise withing for appropriate number	ICCVISCU WOLK	write source. pp 430-433	

Grade 8- Exposure to Classic Literature				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		of adverbs		Write Source: Skillbook pp 171-173
Recognize and use adjectives		Revise writing for appropriate number of adjectives	Revised work	Write Source: pp 732-735 Write Source: Skillbook
				pp165-169
Define vocabulary from context clue		Students discuss new words and their meaning	Vocabulary Quiz	Novel- See Appendix
		6		Dictionary
Employ note taking skills		Students use triple entry diary or other note taking device		Texts may include but are not limited to:
				A Christmas Carol – Charles Dickens
				Oliver Twist-Charles Dickens
				Films may include but are not limited to:
				Mr. Magoo's Christmas Carol
				Scrooge
				Scrooged
				The Muppet Christmas Carol/ A Christmas Carol (Alastair Sim)

Grade 8- Exposure to Classic Literature				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
				A Christmas Carol (animated)
				A Christmas Carol (George C. Scott)
				A Christmas Carol (Patrick Stewart)
				Oliver
Defend a viewpoint in writing		Students write a Compare /Contrast Essay	Completed essay	
Engage in the writing process	3.2 8 A.3	Students generate ideas for writing from		Organizers
to produce a personal narrative	3.2 8B.4	responses to reading and other		Revision and Editing
	3.2 8D.1	experiences		Checklists
	3.2 8 D.2			
	3.2 8D.13	Students use organizer to plan	Completed	
	3.2 8 C.1	compare/contrast essay	organizer	
	3.2 8 C.2			
	3.2 8 C.4	Students draft essays		
	3.28 C.5			
	3.2 8 C.6	Mini lessons on specific revision needs-	Drafts of essay	
	3.2 8 C.7	characteristics of essay-supporting		
	3.2 8 D.15	ideas, organizing structure, transitions,		
	3.2 8 D.14	word choice, sentence structure		
	3.2 8 A.6		Feedback from	Teacher-made rubric
	3.3 8 A.7	Students engage in peer and teacher	conferences	
	3.3 8 B.2	conferences to revise and edit pieces		
	3.3 8 C.3			Student Writing Portfolios
	3.3 8 D.7	Students use rubrics to provide		
	3.3 8 D.8	feedback to peers	Rubric scores and	

Grade 8- Exposure to Classic Literature				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
	3.4 8 A.5 3.4 8 B.2 3.4 8 B.3	Students use rubrics to assess piece	feedback	

Unit Assessment:

Compare/Contrast Essay

Unit: Promotion Speech

Overarching Essential Question(s): How can I adjust my writing to match my audience and purpose?

Topical Essential Question(s): How does audience shape the author's use of form and language?

How can I adjust my writing so my message is well received by the listener?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Writers craft texts for specific audiences and purposes.

Word choice is essential in communicating the intended message.

Grade 8- Promotion Speech				
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
(Objectives)				
Students will be able to				
Understand that a speech conveys a message	3.3.8 C.3 3.3.8 C.4 3.3.8 D.4 3.3.8 D.5 3.38 D.6 3.4.8 A.1 3.4.8 A.2 3.4.8 A.3 3.4.8 A.5 3.48 A.6	Listen to "The Speech" and "Still Me" Students discuss main idea of the speech and how the author conveyed the message Teacher read aloud of a picture book with message for speech Evaluate message of book		McDougal Littell pp374-385 Oh, The Places You'll Go-Dr. Seuss
Understand that speeches have an intended purpose and audience Understand that an accomplished speech has a	3.1 8 G. 8 3.18.A.1 3.1 8 F.4 3.1 8 F.5 3.2 8 B.1 3.2 8 B.2 3.2 8 D.2	Read samples of past accepted promotion speeches Evaluate type of speech and how author conveyed the message	Students identify the message of the speech and how the author chose to convey it	Teacher archives – Examples of past promotion speeches

		Grade 8- Promotion Speech		
Knowledge/Skills/ Standards & Understandings Indicators (Objectives)		Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
pre-determined structure Evaluate promotion speeches for the style and structure author used to convey message Compose a speech that utilizes a specific style and/or structure to convey meaning	3.1.8E.2 3.1.8G.5 3.1.8G.7 3.2.8A.2 3.2.8A.3 3.2.8A.4 3.2.8 B.2 3.2.8 D.1 3.2.8 D.2 3.2.8 D.4 3.2.8 D.4	Evaluate the speeches and determine the structure and style the author uses Students decide on organizing structure for the speech Students draft speech using the organizing structure they have chosen Write a second draft	Prewriting Drafts of speech	Graphic Organizers
Revise speech for intended message and length Use rubric to provide feedback and improve writing	3.2.A.5 3.2.A.6 3.2.A.7 3.2.B.1 3.2.B.2 3.2.B.4 3.2.B.4	Students participate in self- revision Students participate in peer conferences and teacher conferences for revision Use rubric to give feedback to peers and revise speech	Revised speech Rubric and revised drafts	Teacher created revision checklist Speech rubric
Edit the speech for usage, mechanics, capitalization, and punctuation	3.2.C.1 3.2.C.2 3.2.C.3 3.2.C.4 3.2.C.5 3.2.C.6 3.2.C.7 3.2.C.8	Teacher models specific elements for editing the speech Students self and peer edit speech- Colored pencil strategy for editing	Edited draft of speech	Teacher-created editing checklists
Share speech with audience including a portfolio	3.2.D.13 3.2.D.14	Students share speech with peers Students may submit speech for	Student explanation of speech in portfolio	Portfolio

		Grade 8- Promotion Speech		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
		consideration at promotion		

Unit Assessment:

• Promotion Speech

Grade 8 Unit: Readers' Workshop/Independent Reading

Overarching Essential Question(s): How can I use what I already know and what I learned to make new understanding?

How do readers construct meaning from text?

Topical Essential Question(s): How can I use the text to support my ideas/opinions about it?

What are the ways to respond to reading to show understanding?

What do readers do when they do not understand everything in a text?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Words powerfully affect meaning.

Good readers compare, infer, synthesize and make connections to make text personally relevant and

useful.

Good readers employ strategies to help them understand text. Strategic reader can develop, select and

apply strategies to enhance their comprehension.

Understanding a text's features, structures and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make

meaning of the text.

Fluent readers group words quickly to make meaning of what they read.

	Grad	e 8- Reading Workshop/Independent Re	ading	
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Resources	
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Students will be able to		Discussion of how to choose books		Mosaic of Thought:
		Teaching Comprehension		
Self select appropriate reading	3.1 8 D.1			in a Reader's Workshop by
material	3.1 8 D.2			Keene and Zimmermann
	3.1 8 D.3			
	3.1 8 D.4			
Monitor reading for	3.1 8 E.1	Students complete a variety of	Responses to text –	Gr. 8 – Videos, Van Goghs,
understanding by setting a	3.1 8 E.2	responses to text- T. charts, Double and	journals, triple-entry	and Virtuosos, One
purpose, making and adjusting		Triple entry Diaries, Journal Prompts,	diaries, bookmarks-	Significant Quote and
predictions, asking questions,		Novel Reflections, Projects,		Kinfolk
connecting new learning to		Bookmarks, Post-It Note Taking	Rubrics, checklists,	

	Grad	le 8- Reading Workshop/Independent Re	ading	
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
background experiences and texts and visualizing		Teacher models how to use note taking and response to monitor reading strategies	criteria for assessing assignments	Reading Response Journal Criteria Suggestion: Quotation from the Past I Read It, But I Don't Get It by Tovani (Library Resource
Read critically in a variety of genres	3.1 8 G.2 3.1 8 G.3 3.1 8 G.4	Students read books in a variety of genres	Book List for Recording Books Read	McDougal Littell "Checkouts" "The Treasure of Lemon
Analyze elements of texts	3.1 8 G.6 3.1 8 G.7			Brown"- Models for reading
Interpret text ideas through journals, discussions, and writing	3.1 8 G.9 3.1 8 G.13 3.1 8 G.15 3.2 8 D.3	Students respond to text in a variety of ways in response to teacher's prompts and to their own questions	Quality of written and oral responses	Fountas & Pinnell- Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch.17 and Reading Response
Compare and contrast various works	3.1 8 G.2			stems on pgs.292-297 (Teacher Resource)
Expand reading vocabulary by exposure to a variety of texts	3.1 8 F.1 3.1 8F.2 3. 1 8 F.4	Students keep a list or sticky notes of words they define in context		
Adjust reading rate in response to text and reading level of difficulty	3.1 8 D.4 3.1 8 D. 3	Teacher models purposes for reading and reading rates		
Read increasingly difficult texts silently with comprehension and fluency	3.1 8 D.2	Students can explain reading rate for various kinds of text		

	Grad	e 8- Reading Workshop/Independent Re	ading	
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Present main ideas and themes from text in a variety of mediums and forms	3.5 8.C.3 3.4 8.A.1 3.4. 8A.3	Students create projects about texts read	Rubrics, checklists for assessing presentations	Teacher-Created assignments for independent reading
Respond to and give feedback about presentations	3.4 8.A.6 3.4 8.B.4 3.48.B.7 3.3. 8C.3 3.3. 8C.4 3.3 8 D.2 3.3 8 D.3 3.3 8 D.4 3.3 8 D.6 3.3 8 D.7	Students give feedback on presentations to peers and respond to presentations orally or in writing		

Assessment:

• Responses to Independent Reading/ Reader Response Journal

Grade 8 Test Genre Integration

The Language Arts Curriculum provides a rigorous curriculum that incorporates the test genre. The skills and strategies in the unit are integrated into the curriculum throughout the year.

Overarching Essential Question(s): How is a standardized test a specific genre?

How can I learn to approach a standardized test?

Topical Essential Question(s): How does the purpose and audience of a standardized test affect my essay?

How can I learn to make connections between a piece of text myself, other texts and the world?

How do I read differently for a test than for other purposes?

Understandings (Big Ideas): Standardized tests are a genre which students will feel familiar and confident with.

Good test takers, like good readers, compare, infer, synthesize and make connections to make text

personally relevant and useful.

Good test takers employ a variety of strategies to help them understand text.

Understanding a test's features, structures and characteristics facilitate the reader's ability to make

meaning of the test.

A writer selects form based on audience and purpose.

		Grade 8- Test Genre Integration		
Knowledge/Skills/	Standards &	Learning Experiences	Interim	Resources
Understandings	Indicators		Assessments	
(Objectives)				
Students will be able to				
				Write Source pp 336-341
Respond in various ways to		Mini-lesson explaining components of		
test questions		open-ended questions		NJ Open Ended Rubric- 4
				Point
Use text in order to respond to		Students will practice writing answers	Students' responses	
test questions open-ended		that contain a topic sentence that		
responses and writing prompts		restates the question, textual evidence,		
		connections and addresses each bullet		

		Grade 8- Test Genre Integration		
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Use rubric to assess own peer's work Use rubric to improve own writing and provide feedback to peers	3.2 8 A.5 3.2 8 A.7 3.2 8 A.4 3.2 8 C.6 3.2 8 D.3 3.2 8 D.9 3.2 8 D.15	Mini-lesson on open-ended question rubric- NJASK 4- Point Review the NJASK- 4 Point- Open- Ended Response rubric and analyze samples at each score point Students score own responses and that of peers using rubric and provide feedback Discussion of how to incorporate connections in responses	Student's scores, rationale and feedback	
Examine a standardized test text for basic understanding and analysis of writing and reading features	3.1 8 A.1 3.1 8 A.2 3.1 8 C.3 3.1 8 C.4 3.1 8 D.3 3.1 8 E.2 3.1 8 F.2 3.1 8 G.4 3.1 8 G.5 3.1 8 G.6 3.1 8 G.7 3.1 8 G.8 3.1 8 G.9 3.1 8 G.10 3.1 8 G.11 3.2 8 A.2 3.2 8 A.7 3.2 8 B.4	Read a variety of texts for a variety of purposes Read stories from practice texts and apply strategies for comprehension such as making inferences, predicting, analyzing elements of fiction and nonfiction, etc. Teacher mini lessons on how to answer specific types of test questions Practice how to answer a multiple choice question- what is it asking, which answers can I eliminate, and which is the best answer		McDougal-Littell-Standardized test preparation at the end of each unit McDougal- Littell-Reading Toolkit Released State Samples of Writing Fountas & Pinnell-Guiding Readers and Writers Grades 3-6- Ch. 27

		Grade 8- Test Genre Integration		
Knowledge/Skills/ Standards & Understandings Indicators (Objectives)		Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources
Successfully compose a	3.2 8 C.1 3. 2 8 C.2 3.2 8 C.5 3.2 8 C.6 3.2 8 D.3 3.2 7 D.5 3.2 7 D.8 3.2 7 D.9 3.2 7 D.15	Whole class write-to practice and model		NJ Assessment of Skills
written response to select writing prompts.	3.2 8 A.2 3.2 8 A.7 3.2 8 B.1 3.2 8 B.4 3.2 8 C.1 3.2 8 C.5 3.2 8 C.6 3.2 8 C.5 3.2 8 C.8 3.2 8 C.9 3.2 8 C.10 3.2 8 C.11 3.2 8 C.11 3.2 8 C.12 3.2 8 C.15	how to respond to writing tasks Review of strategies for effective writing of specific genres such as persuasive and personal narrative and how these can be transferred to "test writing" Students review the NJASK Writing Rubric and analyze sample papers at each score point Students score their own writing and that of their peers using the NJASK rubric and provide rationale for score and feedback Written responses to practice prompts ex. Persuasive, speculative, explanatory, etc. AND any other state	Students' scores and rationale Students' responses	and Knowledge-Writing Handbook NJ ASK Writing Rubric (Holistic) – 6 Point Benchmark Tool such as Learnia

	Grade 8- Test Genre Integration						
Knowledge/Skills/ Understandings (Objectives)	Standards & Indicators	Learning Experiences	Interim Assessments	Resources			
		Required writing for the test Review of the writing process and how to use the process effectively in a timed situation Review of prewriting strategies and their importance in producing cohesive writing		Prewriting Strategies			

Benchmark Assessment:

- Benchmark Tool such as Learnia
- Writing Samples- October (Summer Reading Letter- Persuasive) and February (Explanatory)

Grade 8 Reading List

The resources listed are the required and/or choice selections for each unit. Titles may be used as whole class or literature circle choices. Not all of the suggested selections need to be utilized by all teachers.

Unit- Personal Identity

Required Reading- McDougal-Littell

"Checkouts"

"Block Party"

Suggested Reading- McDougal-Littell

"The Ransom of Red Chief"

"High Tide in Tucson"

"Raymond's Run"

"Fear" and "Identity"- Poems

Unit-The Triumph of the Human Spirit

Required Reading- McDougal-Littell

"The Last Seven Months of Anne Frank"

"The Treasure of Lemon Brown"

Suggested Reading- McDougal-Littell

"Rules of the Game"

"The Moustache"

"Choices" and "Legacies"- Poems

Unit-Rising to the Challenge

Required Reading- McDougal-Littell

"Still Me"

Suggested Reading- McDougal-Littell

"Flowers for Algernon"

"Something to Declare"

"The Bet"

Other Suggested Reading – McDougal-Littell (Used in units, as appropriate)

"The Lady or the Tiger"

"The Dinner Party"

"Rain, Rain Go Away"

"The Tell-Tale Heart"

"The Birthday Ritual"

"The Monkey's Paw"

Unit- Holocaust

Suggested Titles (Most often used, as appropriate):

The Diary of Anne Frank-Hackett & Goodman

Holocaust- A History of Courage and Resistance-Stadtler

Nazi Officer's Wife-Beer

Anne Frank: Her Last Seven Months-Lindwer

Alicia, My Story- Appleman-Jurman

All But My Life- Weissman

Anne Frank Remembered- Gies

Anne Frank: Diary of a Young Girl- Anne Frank

Cage-Sender

Kingdom By the Sea-Westal

Night and Dawn-Weisel

The Hiding Place-Boom

Never to Forget-Meltzer

The Other Victims-Friedman

Rescue-Meltzer

Upon the Head of the Goat-Siegel

We Are Witnesses- Boas

With Raoul Wallenberg in Budapest-Arger

Unit- Non-Fiction Literature Study/Literature Circles

Alive- Reed Piers

Having Our Say- Delany

Ryan White- White

Gifted Hands- Carson

Death Be Not Proud- Gunther

A Whole New Ballgame-Macy

Woodsong- Paulsen

Caught by the Sea- Paulsen

Unit-Exposure to Classic Literature

Oliver Twist- Dickens
A Christmas Carol- Dickens

Literature Study/Literature Circles - Additional Titles Titles from the District Summer Reading List may also be used as Literature Circle titles.

Fahrenheit 451- Bradbury

ABC Murders- Christie

And Then There Were None- Christie

Murder on the Orient Express- Christie

The House on Mango Street- Cisneros

Eva- Dickinson

Bull Run- Fleischman

Lord of the Flies- Golding

Summer of My German Soldier- Greene

House of Dies Drear - Hamilton

Taming the Star Runner- Hinton

The Outsiders- Hinton

Tex- Hinton

Kon Tiki-Heyerdahl

Farewell to Manzanar- Houston

To Kill a Mockingbird-Lee

A Swiftly Tilting Planet- L'Engle

Walkabout-Marshall

The Girl Who Owned a City- Nelson

The Upstairs Room-Reiss

Holes- Sachar

The Cay- Taylor

20,000 Leagues Under the Sea- Verne

The Homecoming-Voight

The Time Machine- Wells

Blitzcat- Westall

Grade 8 Resources for Specific Units

Teachers use activities from the following resources as needed to design specific assignments and differentiate instruction.

The Giver

Burdick, K., et.al. (1996). *Literature is for Thinking: The Giver*. Littleton, MA: Sundance.

Contemporary Classics: The Giver. (2003). Logan, IA: Perfection Learning.

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Flemington-Raritan Regional School District

Language Arts/Literacy Curriculum

Grades 6-8

Appendices

Flemington Raritan Schools

Handwriting Guidelines

Grades 3-8

May 2009

New Jersey Core Curriculum Content Standard (2004)

- 3.2 B- Writing as a Product
 - 8. Write legibly in manuscript or cursive to meet district standards

Handwriting Guidelines

Grade 3

- Teach cursive handwriting
- Last marking period- The following items will be written in cursive
- One Do Now per day (teacher chooses the Do Now)*
- One final draft of a writing piece, book report, or content area report
- Spelling tests done in print and cursive

Grade 4

- Display the alphabet in the room.
- One Do Now per day (teacher chooses the Do Now)*
- One final draft of a writing piece, book report, or content area report per marking period
- Handwriting sheets can be done as individual work during guided reading (Optional)

Grade 5

- Display the alphabet in the room
- One Do Now per day (teacher chooses the Do Now)*
- One final draft of a writing piece, book report, or content area report per marking period

Grades 6-8

- Display the alphabet in the room
- One Do Now per day (teacher chooses the Do Now)*
- One final draft of a an untimed writing piece per marking period**

Content Area Teachers

- Students write heading of their papers in cursive
- Teacher writes one item in cursive each day- agenda, homework, or notes

Special Education/Special Needs Modifications

- Grades 5-6 May use TWC time, if it fits, to do practice or extension activities
- Write for shorter duration of time
- Use pencil grips, posture, etc. modifications
- See websites for additional resources

*Do Now Suggestions

- Do Now should be 2-3 sentences in length
- Daily edit, poetry, rewrite 2-3 sentences from a journal entry, a free write or quick write, a journal entry, open-ended response

**Grades 6-8 Untimed Writing Suggestions

- Open-ended questions
- Journal entries
- Writing prompt (final copy, if having students go through writing process)
- Recopy a published piece in cursive

See list of Websites for additional resources

OPEN-ENDED SCORING RUBRIC

For Reading, Listening, and Viewing

Sample Task: The author takes a strong position on voting rights for young people. Use information from the text to support your response to the following.

	The state of the s
Points	Criteria
4	A 4-point response clearly demonstrates understanding of the task, completes all requirements, and provides an insightful explanation/opinion that links to or extends aspects of the text.
ĸ	A 3-point response demonstrates an understanding of the task, completes all requirements, and provides some explanation/opinion using situations or ideas from the text as support.
7	A 2-point response may address all of the requirements, but demonstrates a partial understanding of the task, and uses text incorrectly or with limited success resulting in an inconsistent or flawed explanation.
-	A 1-point response demonstrates minimal understanding of the task, does not complete the requirements, and provides only a vague reference to or no use of the text.
0	A 0-point response is irrelevant or off-topic.

New Jersey State Department of Education

NEW JERSEY REGISTERED HOLISTIC SCORING RUBRIC (MODIFIED FOR ESPA)

In scoring, consider the grid of written language	Inadequate Command	Limited Command	Partial	Adequate	Strong
			Command	Commend	Command
Score		7	m	7	¥7
Content and	 May lack opening 	 May lack opening 	 May lack opening 	· Generally has opening	· Opening and closing
Organization	and/or closing	and/or closing	and/or closing	and/or closing) }
	 Minimal response to 	 Attempts to focus 	 Usually has single 	- Single focus	Single focus
	topic: uncertain	 May drift or shift 	focus		· Sense of unity and
	focus	focus			coherence
					Key ideas developed
	 No planning evident: 	 Attempts organization 	 Some lapses or flaws 	 Ideas loosely connected 	· Logical progression of
	disorganized	· Few, if any, transitions	in organization	 Transitions evident 	ideas
		between ideas	 May lack some 	· ·	· Moderately fluent
			transitions between		 Attempts compositional
			ideas		risks
	 Details random, 	 Details lack elaboration, 	 Repetitions details 	· Uneven development of · Details appropriate	Details appropriate
	inappropriate, or	i.e., highlight paper	 Several unelaborated 	details	and varied
	barley apparent		details		
Usage	 No apparent control 	Numerous errors	· Errors/patterns of errors	• Some errors that do not • Few errors	• Few errors
	Severe/numerous errors		may be evident	interfere with meaning	
Sentence	Assortment of	 Excessive monontony/ 	 Little variety in syntax 	Some variety	Variety in syntax
Construction	incomplete and/or	same structure	Some errors	- Generally correct	appropriate and effective
	incorrect sentences	• Numerous errors			- Few errors
Mechanics	 Errors so severe they 	 Numerous serious errors 	Patterns of errors	• No consistent pattern of • Few errors	• Few errors
	detract from meaning		evident	errors	
				· Some errors that do not	
				interfere with meaning	

	-					_			
Content/Organization	Communicates	intended message to intended audience	Relates to topic	 Opening and closing 	• Focused • Logical progression	of ideas	• Fransitions	Appropriate details	and information
Student wrote too little to allow a	reliable judgment of his/her writing.	Student did not write on the assigned	topic/task, or the student attempted to	copy the prompt	Student wrote in a language other	than English	Student infliced to minister on the tento	•	or the writing task folder was blank.
NR = No Response		Off Topic/	Off Task		NE = Not English		WF = Wrong Forms		
		NON- SCORABLE	RESPONSES						

Intent/Organization Usage Sentence Construction Mechanics
Intended message to Subject-vcrb structure, and length Capitalization structure, and length Contraction agreement Proper Modifiers

Word choice/meaning Correct construction Proper Modifiers

Proper Modifiers Singular details

Girls and closing Sentence Construction Subject-vcrb Subjec

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NOTE: All unscorable responses, (NSRs) with the exception of NR, must be coded by the Scoring Director.

NEW JERSEY REGISTERED HOLISTIC SCORING RUBRIC (for GEPA only)

	In constant constant					···	
	grid of written language	rnacequate Command	Limited Command	Partial Command	Adequate	Strong	Superior
	Score		7	3	4	Comments	Commissing
	Content	May lack opening and/or closing	May fack opening and/or closing	May lack opening and/or closing	 Generally has opening and/or closing 	• Opening and closing	Opening and closing
		Minimal response to topic; uncertain focus	Attempts to focus May drift or shift focus	Usually has single focus	Single focus	Single focus Sense of unity and Scherence	Single, distinct focus Unified and coheren Well-developed
		No planning evident; disorganized	 Attempts organization Few, if any, transitions between ideas 	Some lapses or flaws in organization May lack some	Ideas loosely connected Transitions evident	Key ideas developed Logical progression of ideas	Logical progression of ideas
***************************************	F			transitions between ideas		Moderately fluent Attempts compositional risks	Fluent, cohesive Compositional risks
		 Defails random, inappropriate, or barely apparent 	Details fack claboration, i.c., highlight paper	Repetitious details Several unelaborated details	Uneven development of details.	Details appropriate and	Details effective, vivid, explicit, and/or
	Usage	No apparent control Severe/numerous errors	Numerous errors	Errors/patterns of errors may be evident	Some errors that do not interfere with meaning	• Few errors	pertinent Very few, if any, errors
14	Sentence Construction	Assortment of incomplete and/or incorrect sentences	• Excessive monotony/same structure structure • Numerous errors	Little variety in syntax Some errors	Some variety Generally correct	Variety in syntax appropriate and effective	Precision and/or sophistication Very few, if any errors
<u> </u>	Mechanics	• Errors so severe they detract from meaning	Numerous serious errors	Patterns of errors evident	No consistent pattern of errors	Few errors	Very few, if any, errors
					Some errors that do not interfere with meaning		

Usage Tense formation Subject:verb agreement Pronouns usage/agreement Word choice/meaning Proper Modifiers								fi i
Off Task topic/ Student did not write on the assigned off Task topic/lask, or the student attempted to copy the prompt. NE = Not English Student wrote in a language other than English Student refused to write on the topic, or Appropriate details		NR = No Response	Student wrote too little to allow a	ContentOrganization	(Jsage	·	Sentence Construction	
Off Task topic/ask, or the student attempted to Off Task topic/lask, or the student attempted to Off Task topic/lask to Word Off Ideas WIF = Wrong Student refused to write on the topic, or Appropriate details	NON-SCORABLE		reliable judgment, of his/her writing.					
Student wrote in a language other than English. English. Student refused to write on the topic, or the writing task folder was blank.	KESPONSES	OT = Off Topics Off Task	Student did not write on the assigned topic/lask, or the student attempted to copy the prompt.	intended message to intended audience Relates to topic	Tense formation Subject-verb agreement Pronouns	• •	 Variety of type, structure, and length Correct constraintion 	
Wrong Student refused to write on the topic, or • Transitions the writing task folder was blank. • Appropriate details		NE = Not English	Student wrote in a language other than English.	Opening and closing Focused Logical progression	usage/agreement Word Choice/meaning	······································		
		WF = Wrong Formar	Student refused to write on the topic, or the writing task folder was blank,	of ideas Transitions Appropriate details and information	Proper Modifiers			

Mechanics

Spelling
 Capitalization
 Punctuation

Note: All unscorable responses, (NSRs), with the exception of NR, must be coded by the Scoring Director.

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