School Year: 2012-13 Charlotte-Mecklenburg Schools K	indergarten Report Card
Student Name:	ID#
School:	Grade:
	Purpose of Report:
and/or the Common Core State Standards describe what students should know and be a curriculum, instruction, and assessment everything you might want to know about you you receive from the school concerning you school staff is highly encouraged. The com	your student's progress toward achieving the North Carolina Essential Standards. The Standards establish high and challenging expectations for all students, and able to do by the end of the academic year. They serve as the basis for kindergarte in Charlotte-Mecklenburg Schools. This report, however, cannot communicate ur child's current progress. This report should be considered with other information ur child's academic progress. Regular communication between the family and the ments section indicates grade level performance based upon academic level and considered on grade level. If you have any questions or concerns, please contact your child's teacher or counselor.
This document serves as a PEP for those students of Need are indicated	dents at risk for not reaching grade level proficiency by the end of the year.
QTR 1 Comments:	
QTR 2 Comments:	
QTR 3 Comments:	
QTR 4 Comments:	

Attendance	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	Year
	(to)	(to)	(to)	(to)	(to)
Absent					
Tardy					
Days Present					

General	Learner Outcomes (GL GLO Rat				Learner istently	Outcomes are the essential goa 2 = Sometimes 1 = R		arning f	or stud	ents.			
General I (GLOs)	Learner Outcomes	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	General Learner Outcomes (GLOs)	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4			
	Self Directed Learner					GLO 2: Community Contributor							
WorksOrganiz	ty to be responsible for independently and asks zes workplace and mater productive use of class to als	for help ials		-		The understanding that it is es. Participates cooperatively and achieve shared goals Shows respect and recognizes Follows school and classroom	appropr	iately w	ith other				
GLO 3: C	Complex Thinker					GLO 4: Quality Producer							
solving sUses pExplain	ty to demonstrate critic strategies rior knowledge and expe as answers and makes ar oblems in different ways	riences djustme	to solve	•		The ability to recognize and prand quality products Strives to complete work neatly Sets and strives toward learning	and co		perform	ance			
GLO 5: E Commun	ffective					GLO 6: Effective/Ethical User of Technology							
SpeaksListensFollows	ty to communicate effe s effectively in front of a g attentively to gain under s directions utes effectively through s	roup standin	g	ing, and	I	 The ability to effectively and ethically use a variety technologies Uses school materials/tools properly (e.g. books, TV computers, art supplies, pencils, scissors, glue, etc.) Explains how technology is used every day Uses various technologies responsibly to find information and create new products 				pooks, TV, DVD, glue, etc.)			
	CMS Kind	lerga	rten,	First	, Seco	ond Grade Report Card	Rubri	ic					
4	Expands Grade Level Standards	indep	endent	ly, and i	is self-m	tently produces high quality work, a otivated.	•						
3	Meets Grade Level Standards	demo stude curre	independently, and is self-motivated. Indicates the student consistently meets grade level standards. The student regularly demonstrates proficiency in the majority of the standards for the current grade level. The student, with limited errors, grasps and applies key concepts, processes and skills for the current grade. An * next to a standard indicates that level 3 is the highest level of proficiency possible.										
2	Progressing Toward Grade Level Standards	grade skills	e level. for the	The stu	ident is I grade le		oncepts	, proces	sses, and	d			
1	Not Meeting Grade Level Standards	Indic	ates the	studen	t has no	t yet met minimum level standards.							
N/A	Not Assessed At This Time	Thes	time, experience, and possible intervention for concepts, processes and skills to develop. These standards have not been addressed at this time. However, standards will be introduced before the end of the school year.										

Reading Standards for Literature	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Reading Standards for Informational Text	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Key Ideas and Details					Key Ideas and Details				
With prompting and supportasks and answers questions about keyretells familiar stories, including key deidentifies characters, settings, and majo	tails.			describes the connection between two individuals, events					deas,
Craft and Structure					Craft and Structure				
Asks and answers questions about unk Recognizes common types of texts (e.g. With prompting and support, names the a story and defines the role of each in temperature of the second secon	g., stor e autho	ybooks or and il	, poem: lustrato	s).	 Identifies the front cover, back cover, ar Names the author and illustrator of a teleach in presenting the ideas or information Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 	xt and o	defines		
With prompting and supportdescribes the relationship between illustrations and the story in which they appear (e.g., what moment in a story an illustration depicts)compares and contrasts the adventures and experiences of characters in familiar stories.					With prompting and support,describes the relationship between illu which they appear (e.g., what person, platext an illustration depicts)identifies the reasons an author givesidentifies basic similarities in and differ on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, d procedures).	ace, thi to supp ences b	ng, or i	dea in t nts in a n two te	he text.
Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity					Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity				
	s in group reading activities with purpose and Actively engages in group reading activities with purpose and understanding.								

Speaking and Listening Standards	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Comprehension and Collaboration				

- Participates in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about *kindergarten topics and texts* with peers and adults in small and larger groups.
- Follows agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under discussion).
- Continues a conversation through multiple exchanges.
- Confirms understanding of a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media by asking and answering questions about key details and requesting clarification if something is not understood.
- Asks and answers questions in order to seek help, get information, or clarify something that is not understood.

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

- Describes familiar people, places, things, and events and, with prompting and support, provides additional detail.
- Adds drawings or other visual displays to descriptions as desired to provide additional detail.
- Speaks audibly and expresses thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly.

Reading Standards: Foundational Skills	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Print Concepts				
 Demonstrates understanding of the organization and basic features of print. Follows words from left to right, top to bottom, and page by page. Recognizes that spoken words are represented in written language by specific Understands that words are separated by spaces in print. Recognizes and names all upper – and lowercase letters of the alphabet. 	sequences of	letters.		
Phonological Awareness				
 Demonstrates understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonem 	100).			
 Recognizes and produces rhyming words. Counts, pronounces, blends, and segments syllables in spoken words. Blends and segments onsets and rimes of single-syllable spoken words. Isolates and pronounces the initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes consonant, or CVC) words. (This does not include CVCs ending with /l/, /r/, or Adds or substitutes individual sounds (phonemes) in simple, one-syllable words.) in three-phor	·	onant-vowe) -
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Writing Standards Q1 Text Types and Purposes Uses a combination of drawing, dictating, and writingto compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or bookto compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are some information about the topicto narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the event they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened. Production and Distribution of Writing With guidance and support from adults, responds to questions and suggestions from peers and adds details to strength.				
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explores a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in Research to Build and Present Knowledge		noratio	on with p	eers.

- Participates in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books by a favorite author and express opinions about them).
- With guidance and support from adults, recalls information from experiences or gathers information from provided sources to answer a question.

Language Standards	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Conventions of Standard English				

Demonstrates command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking:

- Prints many upper-and lowercase letters.
- Uses frequently occurring nouns and verbs.
- Forms regular plural nouns orally by adding /s/ or /es/ (e.g., dog, dogs; wish, wishes).
- Understands and uses question words (interrogatives) e.g., who, what, where, when, why, how).
- Uses the most frequently occurring prepositions (e.g., to, from, in, out, on, off, for, of, by, with).
- Produces and expands complete sentences in shared language activities.

Demonstrates command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing:

- Capitalizes the first word in a sentence and the pronoun.
- Recognizes and names end punctuation.
- Writes a letter or letters for most consonant and short-vowel sounds (phonemes).
- Spells simple words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of sound-letter relationships.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Determines or clarifies the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on *kindergarten reading* and content:

- Identifies new meanings for familiar words and applies them accurately (e.g. knowing duck is a bird and learning the verb to duck).
- Uses the most frequently occurring inflections and affixes (e.g., -ed, -s, re-, un-, pre-, -ful, -less) as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word.

With guidance and support from adults, explores word relationships and nuances in word meanings:

- Sorts common objects into categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent.
- Demonstrates understanding of frequently occurring verbs and adjectives by relating them to their opposites (antonyms).
- Identifies real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at school that are colorful).
- Distinguishes shades of meaning among verbs describing the same general action (e.g. *walk, march, strut, prance*) by acting out the meanings.
- Uses words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts.

	Kindergarten Social Studies	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		
K.H.	History						
•	Explains how people change over time.		•	•	•		
•	Explain how seasons change over time.						
•	Explains the impact of how life events bring change.						
K.G	Geography and Environmental Literacy						
•	Uses maps to locate places in the classroom, school and home.						
•	Uses globes and maps to locate land and water features.						
•	Identifies physical features (mountains, hills, rivers, lakes, roads, etc.)						
•	Identifies locations in the classroom using positional words (near/far, left/right, above/etc.).						
•	Explains how people adapt to weather conditions.						
•	Explains ways people use environmental resources to meet basic needs and wants (s etc.).	shelter,	food, c	lothing	,		
K.E	Economics and Financial Literacy						
•	Explains how families have needs and wants				•		
•	Explains how jobs help people meet their needs and wants.		1	1	1		
KG	Civics and Governance						
•	Exemplifies positive relationships through fair play and friendship.						
•	Explains why citizens obey rules in the classroom, school, home and neighborhood.						
K.C	Culture						
•	Explains similarities in self and others.						
•	Explains the elements of culture (how people speak, how people dress, foods they ea	it, etc.)					

	Kindergarten Science	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
K.P	Physical Science: Forces and Motion; Matter Properties, and Change				
•	Understands position and motion of objects and organisms observed in the environm Understands how objects are described based on physical properties and how they a		d.		
K.E	Earth Science: Earth Systems, Structures, and Processes				
K.L	Life Science: Structure and Functions of Living Organisms				

MATHEMATICS								
Counting and Cardinality	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4				
Knows number names and the count sequence.								
Counts to 100 by ones and by tens.	•		•					
 Counts forward beginning from a given number within the known sequence 								
 Represents a number of objects with a written numeral 0-20. 				1				
Counts to tell the number of objects								
 Understands the relationship between numbers and quantities; connects counting to cardinality. a. When counting objects, says the number names in the standard order, pairing each object with one and only one number name and each number name with one and only one object. b. Understands that the last number name said tells the number of objects counted. The number of objects is the same regardless of their arrangement or the order in which they were counted. c. Understands that each successive number name refers to a quantity that is one larger. Counts to answer —how many? questions about as many as 20 things arranged in a line, a rectangular array, or a 								
circle, or as many as 10 things in a scattered configuration; given a number from 1–20,	counts	out that i	many ob	jects.				
Compares numbers								
 Identifies whether the number of objects in one group is greater than, less than, or equal another group. Compares two numbers between 1 and 10 presented as written numerals. 	al to the	number	of objec	ts in				
Operations and Algebraic Thinking	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4				
Understands addition as putting together and adding to, and understands subtraction as taking apart and taking from								
 Represents addition and subtraction with objects, fingers, mental images, drawings, sounds (e.g., claps), and acting out situations, verbal explanations, expressions, or equations. Solves addition and subtraction word problems, and adds and subtracts within 10, e.g., by using objects or drawings to represent the problem. 								
 Decomposes numbers less than or equal to 10 into pairs in more than one way, e.g., by using objects or drawings, and records each decomposition by a drawing or equation (e.g., 5 = 2 + 3 and 5 = 4 + 1). For any number from 1 to 9, finds the number that makes 10 when added to the given number, e.g., by using objects 								

Composes and decomposes numbers from 11 to 19 into ten ones and some further ones, e.g., by using objects or drawings, and records each composition or decomposition by a drawing or equation (e.g., 18 = 10 + 8); understands that these numbers are composed of ten ones and one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, or nine ones.

Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4

or drawings, and records the answer with a drawing or equation.

Works with numbers 11–19 to gain foundations for place value.

• Fluently adds and subtracts within 5.

Number and Operations in Base Ten

Measurement and Data	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4				
Describes and compares measurable attributes.								
 Describes measurable attributes of objects, such as length or weight. Describes several measurable attributes of a single object. Directly compares two objects with a measurable attribute in common, to see which object has more of/less of the attribute, and describes the difference. For example, directly compares the heights of two children and describes one child as taller/shorter. 								
Classify objects and count the number of objects in each category.								
 Classifies objects into given categories; counts the numbers of objects in each category and sorts the categories by count. 								

Geometry	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Identifies and describe shapes (squares, circles, triangles, rectangles, hexagons, cubes, cones, cylinders, and spheres).				
 Describes objects in the environment using names of shapes, an objects using terms such as above, below, beside, in front of, be Correctly names shapes regardless of their orientations or overa Identifies shapes as two-dimensional (lying in a plane: "flat") or t 	hind, and next t	0.	ositions of t	these
Analyzes, compares, creates, and composes shapes				
 Analyzes and compares two- and three-dimensional shapes, in language to describe their similarities, differences, parts (e.g., no 				

- language to describe their similarities, differences, parts (e.g., number of sides and vertices "corners") and other attributes (e.g., having sides of equal length).
- Models shapes in the world by building shapes from components (e.g., sticks and clay balls) and drawing shapes.
- Composes simple shapes to form larger shapes. For example, "Can you join these two triangles with full sides touching to make a rectangle?"