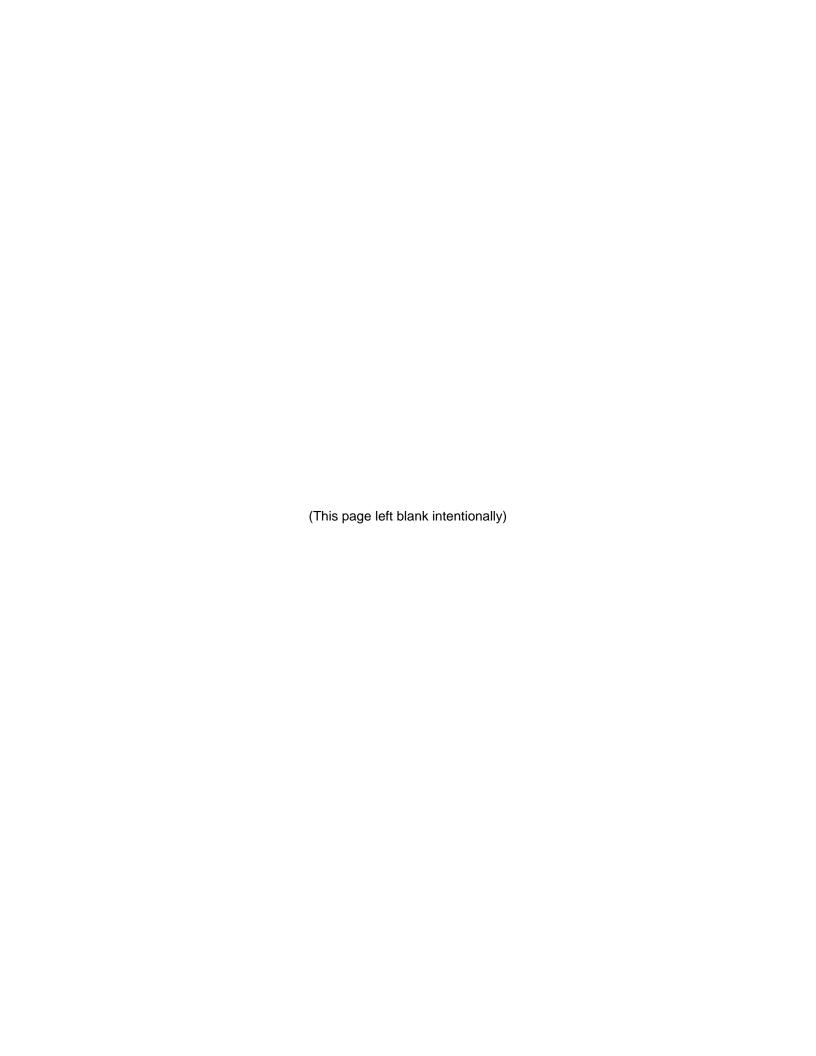
Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Jackson Public School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jackson Public School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Jackson Public School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jackson Public School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 6-14, 56-57, 58, 59, 60 and 61, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Jackson Public School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 12, 2021, on our consideration of the Jackson Public School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Jackson Public School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Jackson Public School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

JD CPA. PLLC

Jackson, Mississippi January 12, 2021 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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The following discussion and analysis of Jackson Public School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2020 decreased \$2,620,458, including a prior period adjustment of \$189,479, which represents a 1% decrease from fiscal year 2019. Total net position for 2019 decreased \$2,523,500, including a prior period adjustment of \$36,338, which represents a 1% decrease from fiscal year 2018.
- General revenues amounted to \$211,466,630 and \$214,056,768, or 79% and 80% of all revenues for fiscal years 2020 and 2019, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$55,035,122, or 21% of total revenues for 2020, and \$54,274,401, or 20% of total revenues for 2019.
- The District had \$269,311,689 and \$270,891,007 in expenses for fiscal years 2020 and 2019; only \$55,035,122 for 2020 and \$54,274,401 for 2019 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$211,466,630 for 2020 and \$214,056,768 for 2019 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$188,203,957 in revenues and \$188,521,654 in expenditures for 2020, and \$188,832,438 in revenues and \$189,225,078 in expenditures in 2019. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$1,578,783 from 2019 to 2020, including a prior period adjustment of (\$193,252) and a decrease in inventory of \$104,949, and decreased by \$1,903,164 from 2018 to 2019, including a prior period adjustment of (\$69,419) and an increase in inventory of \$18,288.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$6,370,097 for 2020 and decreased by \$5,465,368 for 2019. The decrease for 2020 was due to the disposal of buildings, mobile equipment, and furniture and equipment, coupled with the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt, excluding bond premium, decreased by \$16,234,341 for 2020 and increased by \$49,864,167 for 2019. The decrease for 2020 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$141,789 for 2020 and decreased by \$50,182 for 2019.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$297,743,899 as of June 30, 2020.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	Percentage Change	
Current assets	\$ 62,845,916	\$ 66,906,957	(6.07) %	6
Restricted assets	76,060,327	79,174,821	(3.93) %	6
Capital assets, net	184,659,134	191,029,231	(3.33) %	6
Total assets	323,565,377	337,111,009	(4.02) %	6
Deferred outflows of resources	 42,613,666	 38,324,512	11.19 %	6
Current liabilities	16,836,740	14,948,425	12.63 %	6
Long-term debt outstanding	218,046,787	236,606,983	(7.84) %	6
Net OPEB liability	27,659,284	25,900,156	6.79 %	6
Net pension liability	380,045,022	368,172,643	3.22 %	6
Total liabilities	 642,587,833	 645,628,207	(0.47) %	6
Deferred inflows of resources	 21,335,109	24,930,755	(14.42) %	6
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	67,885,426	61,712,613	10.00 %	6
Restricted	28,430,176	30,540,728	(6.91) %	6
Unrestricted	(394,059,501)	(387, 376, 782)	(1.73) %	6
Total net position	\$ (297,743,899)	\$ (295,123,441)	(0.89) %	6

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (394,059,501)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows	
and deferred inflows	397,833,190
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB	
liability effect	\$ 3,773,689

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$6,370,097.
- The principal retirement of \$16,376,130 of long-term debt.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 were \$266,501,752 and \$268,331,169, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$269,311,689 for 2020 and \$270,891,007 for 2019.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	 Year Ended June 30, 2020	Year Ended June 30, 2019	Percentaç Change	ge
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 2,053,416	\$ 2,056,863	(0.17)	%
Operating grants and contributions	52,981,706	52,217,538	1.46	%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	95,922,120	92,546,348	3.65	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	111,013,501	116,714,544	(4.88)	%
Investment earnings	1,948,706	2,195,511	(11.24)	%
Sixteenth section sources	1,154,861	1,640,335	(29.60)	%
Other	 1,427,442	 960,030	48.69	%
Total revenues	266,501,752	268,331,169	(0.68)	%
Expenses:				
Instruction	116,708,189	116,469,224	0.21	%
Support services	99,619,142	98,403,431	1.24	%
Non-instructional	14,926,605	16,647,730	(10.34)	%
Sixteenth section	106,652	382,352	(72.11)	%
Pension expense	27,896,980	30,207,865	(7.65)	%
OPEB expense	1,316,218	1,105,222	19.09	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 8,737,903	 7,675,183	13.85	%
Total expenses	269,311,689	270,891,007	(0.58)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	(2,809,937)	 (2,559,838)	(9.77)	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	(295,123,441)	(292,599,941)	(0.86)	%
Prior Period Adjustment	189,479	36,338	421.43	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	 (294,933,962)	 (292,563,603)	(0.81)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ (297,743,899)	\$ (295,123,441)	(0.89)	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	Total I	Ехре	nses	Percentage
	2020		2019	Change
Instruction	\$ 116,708,189	\$	116,469,224	0.21 %
Support services	99,619,142		98,403,431	1.24 %
Non-instructional	14,926,605		16,647,730	(10.34) %
Sixteenth section	106,652		382,352	(72.11) %
Pension Expense	27,896,980		30,207,865	(7.65) %
OPEB Expense	1,316,218		1,105,222	19.09 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 8,737,903		7,675,183	13.85 %
Total expenses	\$ 269,311,689	\$	270,891,007	(0.58) %
	 Net (Expe	nse) l	Revenue	Percentage
	 2020		2019	Change
Instruction	\$ (95,106,795)	\$	(98,481,438)	3.43 %
Support services	(81,283,703)		(80,646,538)	(0.79) %
Non-instructional	171,684		1,881,992	(90.88) %
Sixteenth section	(106,652)		(382,352)	72.11 %
Sixteenth section Pension Expense				` '
	(106,652)		(382,352)	72.11 %
Pension Expense	 (106,652) (27,896,980)		(382,352) (30,207,865)	72.11 % 7.65 %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$214,276,567 for 2020 and \$216,616,606 for 2019) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$95,922,120 for 2020 and \$92,546,348 for 2019) and state and federal revenues (\$111,013,501 for 2020 and \$116,714,544 for 2019). In addition, there was \$1,154,861 and \$1,640,335 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2020 and 2019, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$1,948,706 for 2020 and \$2,195,511 for 2019.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$123,485,777, a decrease of \$9,213,843, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$189,479 and an increase in inventory of \$847. \$20,652,328, or 17% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$102,833,449, or 83% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The decrease in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$1,578,783, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$193,252) and a decrease in inventory of \$104,949. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$4,229,132, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$70,412 and an increase in inventory of \$105,796. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund Increase (Decrease)
Title I-A Basic Fund no increase or decrease
GO Bond Construction 2018 Fund \$ (3,405,928)

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District. Budget revisions during the year were routine in nature and were insignificant when compared to total revenues and expenditures of the District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2020, the District's total capital assets were \$329,690,146, including land, school buildings, improvements other than buildings, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and leased property under capital leases. This amount represents a decrease of \$14,214 from 2019. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2020, was \$145,031,012, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$6,769,279, resulting in total net capital assets of \$184,659,134.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019	Percentage Change
\$	6,780,059	\$	6,780,059	0.00 %
·	156,695,743		160,896,387	(2.61) %
	14,770,295		15,563,037	(5.09) %
	1,572,165		1,359,324	15.66 %
	1,149,591		1,927,268	(40.35) %
	3,691,281		4,503,156	(18.03) %
\$	184,659,134	\$	191,029,231	(3.33) %
	\$	\$ 6,780,059 156,695,743 14,770,295 1,572,165 1,149,591 3,691,281	\$ 6,780,059 \$ 156,695,743	\$ 6,780,059 \$ 6,780,059 156,695,743 160,896,387 14,770,295 15,563,037 1,572,165 1,359,324 1,149,591 1,927,268 3,691,281 4,503,156

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2020, the District had \$218,046,787 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$17,130,644 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District made principal payments totaling \$16,376,130 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased \$141,789 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

D-----

	 June 30, 2020	 June 30, 2019	Change	_
General obligation bonds payable	\$ 14,415,000	\$ 15,855,000	(9.08)	%
Special obligation bonds payable	146,940,000	160,085,000	(8.21)	%
Three mill notes payable	14,615,000	15,435,000	(5.31)	%
Obligations under capital leases	4,358,960	5,330,090	(18.22)	%
Qualified school construction bonds payable	15,400,000	15,400,000	0.00	%
Compensated absences payable	1,995,949	1,854,160	7.65	%
Bond premiums	 20,321,878	 22,647,733	(10.27)	%
Total	\$ 218,046,787	\$ 236,606,983	(7.84)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Jackson Public School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Jackson Public School District, P.O. Box 2338, Jackson, MS 39225-2338.

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Assets Activities Cash adam deash equivalents \$ 43,565,544 Due from other governments 17,194,442 Other receivables, net 419,720 Inventories 1,666,720 Restricted assets 76,060,327 Capital assets, ner of accumulated depreciation: "Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation: Buildings 156,695,743 Improvements other than buildings 14,772,255 Mobile equipment 1,149,518 Leased property under capital leases 3,891,281 Total Assets 323,565,377 Deferred Outflows of Resources 22,119,410 Deferred Outflows - pensions 22,119,410 Deferred Outflows of Resources 15,415,894 Uneamed revenue 1,45,724 Interest payable and accrued liabilities 1,46,724 Logital related liabilities 9,43,433 Uneamed revenue 1,45,724 Logital related liabilities	Statement of Net Position	Exhibit A		
Assets Activities Cash and cash equivalents \$ 43,565,544 Due from other governments 17,194,442 Other receivables, net 419,720 Inventories 1,666,210 Restricted assets 70,606,321 Capital assets, non-depreciable:	June 30, 2020	Governmental		
Gash and cash equivalents \$43,565,544 Oute from ether governments 17,194,420 Other receivables, net 419,720 Inventionias 1,686,210 Restricted assets 70,000,320 Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation: 50,000,500 Buildings 156,695,743 Improvements other than buildings 14,770,295 Mobile equipment 1,172,656 Furniture and equipment 1,149,591 Leased property under capital leases 3,291,221 Total Assets 323,3665,377 Deferred Outflows of Resources 22,119,410 Deferred Outflows - advance refunding of debt 11,407,441 Deferred Outflows - PEB 3,086,810 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 42,613,666 Liabilities 1,416,274 Uneared revenue 4,572 Interest payable and accrued liabilities 1,416,274 Unenger iniabilities, due within one year: 2 Capital related liabilities 1,452,458,47 Non-capital related buildies 9,434,33 Capital related buildies				
Due from other governments 17,194,442 Other receivables, net 419,720 Inventories 1,666,210 Restricted assets 70,000,327 Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation: ****Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation: Buildings 156,695,743 Improvements other than buildings 14,772,255 Mobile equipment 1,149,518 Furniture and equipment 1,149,518 Leased property under capital leases 3,891,281 Total Assets 323,565,377 Deferred Outflows of Resources 28,119,410 Deferred Outflows - pensions 28,119,410 Deferred Outflows - OPEB 3,086,815 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 42,613,666 Liabilities 1,457,244 Liabilities 1,5415,894 Uncarned revenue 1,522,106 Interest payable on long-term liabilities 1,5415,894 Uncarned revenue 1,522,108 Interest payable on long-term liabilities 1,472,272 Long-term liabilities, due within one year: 2,425,847 Capital rela	Assets			
Other receivables, net Inventories 1,666,210 Restricted assets 76,060,327 Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land 6,780,069 Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation: Buildings 156,695,743 Improvements other than buildings 156,695,743 Mobile equipment 1,770,295 Furniture and equipment 1,149,591 Leased property under capital leases 3,691,281 Total Assets 323,565,377 Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Outflows - advance refunding of debt 11,407,441 Deferred outflows - oPEB 3,086,815 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 42,613,666 Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 15,415,894 Long-term liabilities, due within one year: 12,425,847 Long-term liabilities, due within one year: 20,213,878 Capital related liabilities 9,434,363 Capital related liabilities 9,434,363 Capital related liabilities 9,434,363 Capital related liabilities 9,434,363 Capital related liabilities 9,434,363 <	·	\$		
Inventories	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
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Capital assets, non-depreciable: 6,780,059 Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation: 156,695,743 Buildings 156,695,743 Improvements other than buildings 14,770,295 Mobile equipment 1,149,591 Leased property under capital leases 3,691,281 Total Assets 323,565,377 Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred outflows - advance refunding of debt Deferred outflows - PEB 3,086,815 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 42,613,666 Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 15,415,894 Unearmed revenue 4,572 Interest payable on long-term liabilities 1,416,274 Long-term liabilities, due within one year: 2 Capital related liabilities 4,740,479 Non-capital related liabilities 9,434,363 Capital related liabilitie				
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Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation: Buildings	·	6 780 059		
Buildings		0,700,000		
Improvements other than buildings	·	156,695,743		
Furniture and equipment	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Leased property under capital leases 3,691,281 Total Assets 323,565,377 Deferred Outflows of Resources 11,407,441 Deferred outflows - pensions 28,119,410 Deferred outflows - Pensions 28,119,410 Deferred Outflows - OPEB 3,398,815 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 42,613,666 Liabilities 15,415,894 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 15,415,894 Uneamed revenue 4,572 Interest payable on long-term liabilities 1,416,274 Long-term liabilities, due within one year: 20,214,873 Capital related liabilities 1,070,338 Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year: 20,321,878 Capital related liabilities 96,434,363 Capital related liabilities 96,434,363 Capital related bond premiums 20,321,878 Non-capital related liabilities 96,434,363 Capital related bond premiums 380,450,222 Net pension liability 380,450,222 Net pension liability 380,450,222 Total Liabilities 2,283,308	•			
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred outflows - advance refunding of debt 11,407,441 Deferred outflows - pensions 28,119,410 Deferred outflows - pensions 28,119,410 Deferred outflows - OPEB 3,086,815 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 42,613,666	Furniture and equipment	1,149,591		
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred outflows - advance refunding of debt 11,407,441 Deferred outflows - pensions 28,119,410 Deferred outflows - OPEB 3,086,815 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 42,613,666 Liabilities 15,415,894 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 15,415,894 Uneamed revenue 4,572 Interest payable on long-term liabilities 1,416,274 Long-term liabilities, due within one year: 2 Capital related liabilities 1,2425,847 Non-capital related liabilities 4,704,797 Net OPEB liability 1,070,338 Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year: 2 Capital related liabilities 96,434,363 Capital related biblities 96,434,363 Capital related biblities 96,434,363 Capital related liabilities 84,159,902 Net pension liability 330,045,022 Net pension liability 330,333 Total Liabilities 42,588,394 Deferred Inflows of Resources 26,588,946 Deferred inflo	Leased property under capital leases	 3,691,281		
Deferred outflows - advance refunding of debt 11,407,441 Deferred outflows - pensions 28,119,410 Deferred outflows - OPEB 3,086,815 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 42,613,666 Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 15,415,894 Uneamed revenue 4,572 Interest payable on long-term liabilities 1,416,274 Long-term liabilities, due within one year: 2 Capital related liabilities 4,704,797 Non-capital related liabilities 4,704,797 Net OPEB liability 1,070,338 Capital related bond premiums 20,321,878 Non-capital related liabilities 96,434,363 Capital related liabilities 96,434,363 Capital related liabilities 84,159,902 Net pension liabilities 84,159,902 Net pension liabilities 642,587,833 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Inflows - pensions 18,496,801 Deferred Inflows - OPEB 2,838,308 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 21,335,109 <td <="" colspan="2" td=""><td>Total Assets</td><td> 323,565,377</td></td>	<td>Total Assets</td> <td> 323,565,377</td>		Total Assets	 323,565,377
Deferred outflows - advance refunding of debt 11,407,441 Deferred outflows - pensions 28,119,410 Deferred outflows - OPEB 3,086,815 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 42,613,666 Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 15,415,894 Uneamed revenue 4,572 Interest payable on long-term liabilities 1,416,274 Long-term liabilities, due within one year: 2 Capital related liabilities 4,704,797 Non-capital related liabilities 4,704,797 Net OPEB liability 1,070,338 Capital related bond premiums 20,321,878 Non-capital related liabilities 96,434,363 Capital related liabilities 96,434,363 Capital related liabilities 84,159,902 Net pension liabilities 84,159,902 Net pension liabilities 642,587,833 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Inflows - pensions 18,496,801 Deferred Inflows - OPEB 2,838,308 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 21,335,109 <td <="" colspan="2" td=""><td>Deferred Outflows of Resources</td><td></td></td>	<td>Deferred Outflows of Resources</td> <td></td>		Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions 28,119,410 Deferred outflows - OPEB 3,086,815 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 42,613,666 Liabilities 15,415,894 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 15,415,894 Unearmed revenue 4,572 Interest payable on long-term liabilities 1,416,274 Long-term liabilities, due within one year: Capital related liabilities 1,704,797 Non-capital related liabilities 1,070,338 1,070,338 Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year: Capital related liabilities 96,434,363 Capital related bind premiums 20,321,878 Non-capital related liabilities 84,159,902 Net pension liability 380,045,022 Net OPEB liability 26,588,946 Total Liabilities 642,587,833 Deferred Inflows of Resources 21,335,109 Deferred Inflows of Resources 21,335,109 Net Position 84,169,801 Net rost in Incomplete Inflows of Resources 21,335,109 Net Position 84,268 Net rost in Incomplete Inflows of Resources 9,		11 407 441		
Deferred outflows - OPEB 3,086,815 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 42,613,666 Liabilities 15,415,894 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 15,415,894 Unearned revenue 4,572 Long-term liabilities, due within one year: 2 Capital related liabilities 12,425,847 Non-capital related liabilities 4,704,797 Net OPEB liability 1,070,338 Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year: 2 Capital related liabilities 96,434,363 Capital related liabilities 96,434,363 Capital related liabilities 84,159,902 Non-capital related liabilities 84,159,902 Net pension liability 380,045,022 Net OPEB liability 380,045,022 Net OPEB liability 26,588,946 Total Liabilities 642,587,833 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Inflows - OPEB 2,938,308 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 9,223,016 Restricted for: 9,223,016	·			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	·			
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Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 15,415,894 Unearned revenue 4,572 Interest payable on long-term liabilities 1,416,274 Long-term liabilities, due within one year: 2 Capital related liabilities 12,425,847 Non-capital related liabilities 4,704,797 Net OPEB liability 1,070,338 Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year: 2 Capital related liabilities 96,434,363 Capital related bond premiums 20,321,878 Non-capital related liabilities 381,159,902 Net pension liability 380,045,022 Net pension liability 380,045,022 Net OPEB liability 26,588,946 Total Liabilities 642,587,833 Deferred inflows of Resources 18,496,801 Deferred inflows - pensions 18,496,801 Deferred inflows - OPEB 2,838,308 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 21,335,109 Net Position \$0,223,016 Net investment in capital assets 67,885,426 Restricted for: \$2,237,016 Expendable: \$2,247,236 Capital improvements	Total Deletted Outflows of Resources	 42,013,000		
Uneamed revenue 4,572 Interest payable on long-term liabilities 1,416,274 Long-term liabilities, due within one year: 2 Capital related liabilities 12,425,847 Non-capital related liabilities 4,704,797 Net OPEB liability 1,070,338 Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year: 2 Capital related liabilities 96,434,363 Capital related bond premiums 20,321,878 Non-capital related liabilities 84,159,902 Net pension liability 380,045,022 Net OPEB liability 26,588,946 Total Liabilities 642,587,833 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows - pensions 18,496,801 Deferred inflows - Pensions 18,496,801 Deferred inflows - OPEB 2,838,308 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 21,335,109 Net Position \$67,885,426 Restricted for: Expendable: School-based activities 9,223,016 Debt service 15,247,236 Capital improvements 39,830 <td></td> <td>15 415 894</td>		15 415 894		
Interest payable on long-term liabilities				
Long-term liabilities, due within one year: Capital related liabilities				
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Net OPEB liability 1,070,338 Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year: 96,434,363 Capital related liabilities 96,434,363 Capital related bond premiums 20,321,878 Non-capital related liabilities 84,159,902 Net pension liability 380,045,022 Net OPEB liability 26,588,946 Total Liabilities 642,587,833 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Inflows - pensions 18,496,801 Deferred inflows - OPEB 2,838,308 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 21,335,109 Net investment in capital assets 67,885,426 Restricted for: Expendable: School-based activities 9,223,016 Debt service 15,247,236 Capital improvements 100,000 Forestry improvements 39,830 Unemployment benefits 3,520,837 Non-expendable: Sixteenth section 299,257 Unrestricted (394,059,501)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	12,425,847		
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year: Capital related liabilities 96,434,363 Capital related bond premiums 20,321,878 Non-capital related liabilities 84,159,902 Net pension liability 380,045,022 Net OPEB liability 26,588,946 Total Liabilities 642,587,833 Deferred Inflows of Resources	Non-capital related liabilities	4,704,797		
Capital related liabilities 96,434,363 Capital related bond premiums 20,321,878 Non-capital related liabilities 84,159,902 Net pension liability 380,045,022 Net OPEB liability 26,588,946 Total Liabilities 642,587,833 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows - pensions 18,496,801 Deferred inflows - OPEB 2,838,308 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 21,335,109 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 67,885,426 Restricted for: Expendable: School-based activities 9,223,016 Debt service 15,247,236 Capital improvements 100,000 Forestry improvements 39,830 Unemployment benefits 3,520,837 Non-expendable: Sixteenth section 299,257 Unrestricted (394,059,501)	Net OPEB liability	1,070,338		
Capital related bond premiums 20,321,878 Non-capital related liabilities 84,159,902 Net pension liability 380,045,022 Net OPEB liability 26,588,946 Total Liabilities 642,587,833 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows - OPEB 2,838,308 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 21,335,109 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 67,885,426 Restricted for: Expendable: School-based activities 9,223,016 Debt service 15,247,236 Capital improvements 100,000 Forestry improvements 39,830 Unemployment benefits 3,520,837 Non-expendable: Sixteenth section 299,257 Unrestricted (394,059,501)				
Non-capital related liabilities 84,159,902 Net pension liability 380,045,022 Net OPEB liability 26,588,946 Total Liabilities 642,587,833 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows - pensions 18,496,801 Deferred inflows - OPEB 2,838,308 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 21,335,109 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 67,885,426 Restricted for: 2 Expendable: 9,223,016 Debt service 15,247,236 Capital improvements 90,000 Forestry improvements 39,830 Unemployment benefits 3,520,837 Non-expendable: Sixteenth section 299,257 Unrestricted (394,059,501)	·			
Net pension liability 380,045,022 Net OPEB liability 26,588,946 Total Liabilities 642,587,833 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows - pensions 18,496,801 Deferred inflows - OPEB 2,838,308 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 21,335,109 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 67,885,426 Restricted for: Expendable: School-based activities 9,223,016 Debt service 15,247,236 Capital improvements 100,000 Forestry improvements 39,830 Unemployment benefits 3,520,837 Non-expendable: Sixteenth section 299,257 Unrestricted (394,059,501)				
Net OPEB liability 26,588,946 Total Liabilities 642,587,833 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows - OPEB 2,838,308 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 21,335,109 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 67,885,426 Restricted for: Expendable: School-based activities 9,223,016 Debt service 15,247,236 Capital improvements 100,000 Forestry improvements 39,830 Unemployment benefits 3,520,837 Non-expendable: 3ixteenth section 299,257 Unrestricted (394,059,501)				
Total Liabilities 642,587,833 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows - OPEB 2,838,308 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 21,335,109 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 67,885,426 Restricted for: Expendable: School-based activities 9,223,016 Debt service 15,247,236 Capital improvements 100,000 Forestry improvements 39,830 Unemployment benefits 3,520,837 Non-expendable: Sixteenth section 299,257 Unrestricted (394,059,501)				
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows - pensions 18,496,801 Deferred inflows - OPEB 2,838,308 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 21,335,109 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 67,885,426 Restricted for: Expendable: School-based activities 9,223,016 Debt service 15,247,236 Capital improvements 100,000 Forestry improvements 39,830 Unemployment benefits 3,520,837 Non-expendable: Sixteenth section 299,257 Unrestricted (394,059,501)	•			
Deferred inflows - pensions 18,496,801 Deferred inflows - OPEB 2,838,308 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 21,335,109 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 67,885,426 Restricted for: Expendable: School-based activities 9,223,016 Debt service 15,247,236 Capital improvements 100,000 Forestry improvements 39,830 Unemployment benefits 3,520,837 Non-expendable: Sixteenth section 299,257 Unrestricted (394,059,501)	Total Liabilities	 642,587,833		
Deferred inflows - OPEB 2,838,308 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 21,335,109 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 67,885,426 Restricted for: Expendable: School-based activities 9,223,016 Debt service 15,247,236 Capital improvements 100,000 Forestry improvements 39,830 Unemployment benefits 3,520,837 Non-expendable: Sixteenth section 299,257 Unrestricted (394,059,501)	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Net Position 21,335,109 Net investment in capital assets 67,885,426 Restricted for: Expendable: School-based activities 9,223,016 Debt service 15,247,236 Capital improvements 100,000 Forestry improvements 39,830 Unemployment benefits 3,520,837 Non-expendable: Sixteenth section 299,257 Unrestricted (394,059,501)	Deferred inflows - pensions	18,496,801		
Net Position Net investment in capital assets 67,885,426 Restricted for: Expendable: School-based activities 9,223,016 Debt service 15,247,236 Capital improvements 100,000 Forestry improvements 39,830 Unemployment benefits 3,520,837 Non-expendable: 299,257 Sixteenth section 299,257 Unrestricted (394,059,501)	Deferred inflows - OPEB	 2,838,308		
Net investment in capital assets 67,885,426 Restricted for: Expendable: School-based activities 9,223,016 Debt service 15,247,236 Capital improvements 100,000 Forestry improvements 39,830 Unemployment benefits 3,520,837 Non-expendable: 299,257 Sixteenth section 299,257 Unrestricted (394,059,501)	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 21,335,109		
Restricted for: Expendable: 9,223,016 School-based activities 9,223,016 Debt service 15,247,236 Capital improvements 100,000 Forestry improvements 39,830 Unemployment benefits 3,520,837 Non-expendable: 299,257 Sixteenth section 299,257 Unrestricted (394,059,501)				
Expendable: 9,223,016 School-based activities 9,223,016 Debt service 15,247,236 Capital improvements 100,000 Forestry improvements 39,830 Unemployment benefits 3,520,837 Non-expendable: 299,257 Sixteenth section 299,257 Unrestricted (394,059,501)	·	67,885,426		
School-based activities 9,223,016 Debt service 15,247,236 Capital improvements 100,000 Forestry improvements 39,830 Unemployment benefits 3,520,837 Non-expendable: 299,257 Sixteenth section 299,257 Unrestricted (394,059,501)				
Debt service 15,247,236 Capital improvements 100,000 Forestry improvements 39,830 Unemployment benefits 3,520,837 Non-expendable: 299,257 Unrestricted (394,059,501)	·	0 222 046		
Capital improvements 100,000 Forestry improvements 39,830 Unemployment benefits 3,520,837 Non-expendable: 299,257 Unrestricted (394,059,501)				
Forestry improvements 39,830 Unemployment benefits 3,520,837 Non-expendable: 299,257 Unrestricted (394,059,501)				
Unemployment benefits 3,520,837 Non-expendable: 299,257 Sixteenth section 299,257 Unrestricted (394,059,501)	·	,		
Non-expendable: 299,257 Sixteenth section (394,059,501) Unrestricted (394,059,501)	· ·			
Sixteenth section 299,257 Unrestricted (394,059,501)		5,525,557		
Unrestricted (394,059,501)		299.257		
		(394,059,501)		
rotal Net Position (delicit) \$ (297,743,899)	Total Net Position (deficit)	\$ (297,743,899)		

Statement of Activities							Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 20)20						Net (Expense)
							Revenue and
							Changes in
			F	rogram Revenues			Net Position
			·	Operating	Capital		
			Charges for	Grants and	Grants and		Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$	116,708,189 \$	1,183,348 \$	20,418,046 \$	-	\$	(95,106,795)
Support services	*	99,619,142	337,379	17,998,060	_	•	(81,283,703)
Non-instructional		14,926,605	532,689	14,565,600	-		171,684
Sixteenth section		106,652	-	-	-		(106,652)
Pension expense		27,896,980	-	_	-		(27,896,980)
OPEB expense		1,316,218	-	_	-		(1,316,218)
Interest on long-term liabilities		8,737,903	-	-	-		(8,737,903)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	269,311,689 \$	2,053,416 \$	52,981,706 \$		\$	(214,276,567)
			General Revenues	s:			
			Taxes:				
			General purp				71,209,160
			Debt purpose				24,712,960
				rants and contribut	tions:		
			State				110,914,317
			Federal				99,184
				vestment earnings	;		1,948,706
			Sixteenth sect	tion sources			1,154,861
			Other				1,427,442
			Total Gene	eral Revenues			211,466,630
			Change in Net Po	sition			(2,809,937)
			Net Position - Be	ginning, as previou	sly reported		(295,123,441)
			Prior Period Adj	ustments			189,479
			Net Position - Be	ginning, as restate	ed		(294,933,962)
						_	

Net Position (deficit) - Ending

\$ (297,743,899)

		JACKSON PUBL	IC SCHOOL DIS	STRICT		
		Govern	mental Funds			
Balance Sheet						Exhibit C
June 30, 2020						
		Major F	unds			
				GO Bond	Other	Total
		General	Title I-A Basic	Construction 2018	Governmental	Governmental
A4		Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets	•	47 000 070 A	74.440	400.040.	07 700 050 Ф	45 057 700
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,002,276 \$	74,418		27,789,053 \$	45,057,789
Cash with fiscal agents		-	-	25,052,292	6,580,848	31,633,140
Investments				42,934,942	-	42,934,942
Due from other governments		5,204,706	5,236,789	-	6,752,947	17,194,442
Other receivables, net		409,644	10,076	-	- 	419,720
Due from other funds		13,053,621	215,825	-	1,455,115	14,724,561
Inventories		943,181	-	<u> </u>	723,029	1,666,210
Total assets	\$	36,613,428 \$	5,537,108	\$ 68,179,276 \$	43,300,992 \$	153,630,804
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	13,122,246 \$	696,011	\$ 32,178 \$	1,565,459 \$	15,415,894
Due to other funds	*	320,940	4,841,097	-	9,562,524	14,724,561
Unavailable revenue - federal programs		-	-	_	4,572	4,572
Total Liabilities		13,443,186	5,537,108	32,178	11,132,555	30,145,027
		,,	2,001,100		,	
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Inventory		943,181	-	-	723,029	1,666,210
Permanent fund principal		-	-	-	299,257	299,257
Restricted:						
Debt service		-	-	-	16,663,510	16,663,510
Capital projects		-	-	68,147,098	1,100,939	69,248,037
Forestry improvement purposes		-	-	-	39,830	39,830
Grant activities		-	-	-	7,556,806	7,556,806
Unemployment benefits		-	-	-	3,520,837	3,520,837
Assigned:						
Facility repairs and improvements		-	-	-	2,264,229	2,264,229
Capital reserve		581,204	-	-	-	581,204
Activity funds/athletics		993,529	-	-	-	993,529
Unassigned		20,652,328		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	20,652,328
Total Fund Balances		23,170,242		68,147,098	32,168,437	123,485,777
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	36,613,428 \$	5,537,108	\$ 68,179,276 \$	43,300,992 \$	153,630,804

JACKSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT		
Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of	Net Position	Exhibit C-1
June 30, 2020		
·		
Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	123,485,777
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are		
different because:		
1. Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and		
 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: 		
Land	\$ 6,780,059	
Construction in progress	-	
Buildings	248,395,514	
Improvements other than buildings	39,414,769	
Mobile equipment	10,482,312	
Furniture and equipment	15,922,761	
Leased property under capital leases	8,694,731	404 050 404
Accumulated depreciation	(145,031,012)	184,659,134
2. Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the		
current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Net pension liability	(380,045,022)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to		
future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	28,119,410	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(18,496,801)	(370,422,413)
3. Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the		
current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net OPEB liability	(27,659,284)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to		
future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	2 006 015	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	3,086,815	(27 410 777)
Deletted filliows of resources felated to OPEB	(2,838,308)	(27,410,777)
4. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the		
current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
	(4.4.445.000)	
General obligation bonds	(14,415,000)	
Special obligation bonds	(146,940,000)	
Other bonds payable	(15,400,000)	
Notes payable	(14,615,000)	
Capital lease obligations Compensated absences	(4,358,960) (1,995,949)	
Unamortized charges	11,407,441	
Unamortized charges Unamortized premiums	(20,321,878)	
Accrued interest payable	(1,416,274)	(208,055,620)
Addition payable	(1,710,217)	(200,000,020)
Net Position of governmental activities	\$	(297,743,899)
		

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Exhibit D

Major Funds GO Bond Other Total
Local sources \$ 73,737,001 \$ 35,846 \$ 1,445,476 \$ 25,670,138 \$ 100,888, Intermediate sources 55,000 55,
Intermediate sources 55,000 55,
State sources 113,055,526 6,221,989 119,277,
Federal sources 256,569 15,694,844 - 28,837,123 44,788,
Sixteenth section sources
Total Revenues 188,203,957 15,730,690 1,445,476 60,784,250 266,164,
Expenditures:
Instruction 108,604,169 7,645,195 - 13,523,175 129,772,
Support services 79,565,855 7,947,537 4,851,404 11,801,197 104,165,
Noninstructional services 66,832 236,199 - 15,643,619 15,946,
Sixteenth section 106,652 106,
Debt service:
Principal 16,376,130 16,376,
Interest 173,896 9,345,311 9,519,
Other <u>4,250</u> 14,500 18,
Total Expenditures 188,521,654 15,828,931 4,851,404 66,703,932 275,905,
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues
over (under) Expenditures (317,697) (98,241) (3,405,928) (5,919,682) (9,741,
Other Financing Sources (Uses):
Insurance recovery 337,379 337,
Payments held by escrow agent 1,283,000 1,283,
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent (1,283,000) (1,283,
Operating transfers in 5,276,094 5,406,885 10,682,
Operating transfers out (5,293,358) (214,078) - (5,175,543) (10,682,
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (962,885) (214,078) - 1,514,342 337,
Net Change in Fund Balances (1,280,582) (312,319) (3,405,928) (4,405,340) (9,404,
Fund Balances:
July 1, 2019, as previously reported 24,749,025 - 71,553,026 36,397,569 132,699,
Prior period adjustments (193,252) 312,319 - 70,412 189,
July 1, 2019, as restated 24,555,773 312,319 71,553,026 36,467,981 132,889,
Increase (Decrease) in inventory (104,949) 105,796
June 30, 2020 <u>\$ 23,170,242 \$ - \$ 68,147,098 \$ 32,168,437 \$ 123,485,</u>

JACKSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT					
Governmental Funds					
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,		Exhibit D-1			
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020	5				
Tor the Tear Linded Julie 30, 2020					
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(9,404,169)			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:					
 Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: 					
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 418,372 (6,769,279)	(6,350,907)			
 In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold. 		(19,190)			
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:					
Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable	16,376,130 149,993	16,526,123			
4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:					
Pension expense	(27,896,980)				
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	24,159,887	(3,737,093)			
5. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:					
OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	(1,316,218) 982,398	(333,820)			
6. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:	·	(000,020)			
Change in compensated absences Change in inventory Amortization of deferred charges, premiums and discounts	(141,789) 847 650,061	509,119			
The state of the s	333,00				
Change in Net Position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	(2,809,937)			

Fiduciary Funds			
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position		Exhibit E	
June 30, 2020			
	Private-Purpose Trust Funds		
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	49,713	
Total Assets		49,713	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		644	
Total Liabilities		644	
Net Position			
Held in trust		49,069	
Total Net Position	<u>\$</u>	49,069	

Fiduciary Funds		
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	Exhibit F	
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020		
	Private-Purpose	
Additions	1	rust Funds
Interest on investments	\$	124
Contributions and donations from private sources		45,239
Total Additions		45,363
Deductions		
Educational media services		2,200
Total Deductions		2,200
Change in Net Position		43,163
Net Position July 1, 2019		5,906
June 30, 2020	<u>\$</u>	49,069

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Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered an "other stand-alone government." The school district is a related organization of, but not a component unit of, the city of Jackson since the governing authority of the city selects a majority of the school district's board but does not have financial accountability for the school district.

For financial reporting purposes, Jackson Public School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two
 preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed
 by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I-A Basic Fund - This is a special revenue fund that accounts for federal revenue received and expenditures incurred related to the District's Title I program.

GO Bond Construction 2018 Fund - This is a capital projects fund that accounts for the proceeds from the issuance of the Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2018 and the expenditure of the proceeds for the construction and renovation of school facilities.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The school district also reports fiduciary funds which focus on net position and changes in net position. The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Lake Memorial Library Fund - This fund serves as a private-purpose trust fund used to report a trust arrangement, other than those properly reported elsewhere, in which the principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Private-purpose Trust Funds</u> - Private-purpose trust funds are used to report all trust arrangements, other than those properly reported elsewhere, in which the principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the city on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund. In addition, unspent proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt reported as cash and cash equivalents, cash with fiscal agent, and/or investments in a Capital Projects Fund is classified as restricted assets because the funds are to be spent for specific purposes outlined in resolutions approved by the board, bond documentation, etc.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy		Estimated Useful Life	
Land	\$	0	0	
Buildings		50,000	40 years	
Building improvements		25,000	20 years	
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years	
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years	
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years	
Leased property under capital leases		*	*	

(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources.

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has incurred deferred outflows which are presented as a deferred outflow from advance refunding of debt, a deferred outflow related to pensions, and a deferred outflow related to OPEB. See Note 16 for further details.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has incurred deferred inflows which are presented as a deferred inflow related to pensions and a deferred inflow related to OPEB. See Note 16 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a resolution approved by the School Board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to authorization established by the School District's approved fund balance policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year end of not less than 7% of general revenues. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year end falls below the goal, the District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

13. Accounting Standards Update

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* in May 2020. The objective of this Statement was to provide temporary relief to governments in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing effective dates of certain Statements and Implementation Guides. The effective dates of GASB 83-84, GASB 88-93, and Implementation Guides No. 2017-3, 2018-1, 2019-1, and 2019-2 were postponed one year. The effective dates of GASB 87, *Leases*, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*, were postponed eighteen months.

Jackson Public School District chose to early implement GASB 84 in the current fiscal year. Therefore, the agency funds (i.e., club funds and clearing funds) previously shown as fiduciary funds are now shown in the General Fund.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$45,057,789 and \$49,713, respectively. The carrying amount of deposit reported in the government-wide financial statements included cash and cash equivalents of \$43,565,544 and a portion of restricted assets in the amount of \$1,492,245 (see Note 4).

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2020, none of the district's bank balance of \$53,346,183 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$31,633,140.

Investments

As of June 30, 2020, the district had the following investments.

Investment Type	Rating	Maturities (in years)	Fair Value
U.S. Treasury Notes and Bonds Agency Obligations Agency Obligations	AA AA N/A	Less than 1 year 1 to 5 years Less than 1 year	\$ 21,390,157 16,543,344 5,001,441
Total			\$ 42,934,942

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2020:

- U.S. Treasury Notes and Bonds of \$21,390,157 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)
- Agency Obligations of \$16,543,344 and \$5,001,441 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2020, the district did not have any investments to which this would apply.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Title I-A Basic Fund	\$ 4,841,097
	Other governmental funds	8,212,524
Title I-A Basic Fund	General Fund	215,825
Other governmental funds	General Fund	105,115
	Other governmental funds	1,350,000
Total		\$ 14,724,561

The inter-fund loans were made mainly to cover the initial payments of reimbursable expenditures of federal programs and to eliminate deficit cash balances. In addition, inter-fund loans were made to record indirect costs from various federal program funds due to the General Fund and to record the amounts due from the General Fund to various special revenue funds for the funding of daily operations.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 5,293,358
Title I-A Basic Fund	General Fund	214,078
Other governmental funds	General Fund	5,062,016
	Other governmental funds	 113,527
Total		\$ 10,682,979

Operating transfers were primarily for the following: the funding of daily operations and routine activities of funds other than School District Maintenance, indirect cost transfers, transfer to cover vocational and special education expenditures, debt service transfers, transfer to cover unemployment costs, administrative cost pool transfers, and other routine operating transfers.

Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance totaling \$299,257 of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs. In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agent balance totaling \$6,580,848 of the QSCB Bond Retirement Fund. Also, the restricted assets include the cash and cash equivalents, cash with fiscal agent and investment balances totaling \$192,042, \$25,052,292 and \$42,934,942, respectively, of the GO Bond Construction 2018 Fund. In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash balance of the QSCB Northwest Middle School Capital Projects Fund totaling \$918,278, the School Bond Series 2008 Capital Projects Fund totaling \$7, and the Limited Tax Note 2017A Capital Projects Fund totaling \$82,661 resulting from unspent proceeds of long-term debt at fiscal year-end. Total restricted assets reported on the Statement of Net Position are \$76,060,327.

Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance			Balance
	 7/1/2019	Increases	Decreases	6/30/2020
Governmental Activities:				
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 6,780,059 \$	\$	\$	6,780,059
Total non-depreciable capital assets	 6,780,059	-	-	6,780,059
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	248,420,387		24,873	248,395,514
Improvements other than buildings	39,414,769			39,414,769
Mobile equipment	10,166,920	335,950	20,558	10,482,312
Furniture and equipment	16,227,494	82,422	387,155	15,922,761
Leased property under capital leases	8,694,731			8,694,731
Total depreciable capital assets	 322,924,301	418,372	432,586	322,910,087
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	87,524,000	4,195,670	19,899	91,699,771
Improvements other than buildings	23,851,732	792,742		24,644,474
Mobile equipment	8,807,596	121,053	18,502	8,910,147
Furniture and equipment	14,300,226	847,939	374,995	14,773,170
Leased property under capital leases	 4,191,575	811,875		5,003,450
Total accumulated depreciation	138,675,129	6,769,279	413,396	145,031,012
Total depreciable capital assets, net	184,249,172	(6,350,907)	19,190	177,879,075
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 191,029,231 \$	(6,350,907) \$	19,190 \$	184,659,134

The capital assets above include significant amounts which have been valued at estimated historical cost. The estimated historical cost was based on replacement cost multiplied by the consumer price index implicit price deflator for the year of acquisition.

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	 Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 4,435,998
Support services	2,043,231
Non-instructional	 290,050
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 6,769,279

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance 7/1/2019	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2020	Amounts due within one year
Α.	General obligation bonds payable	\$ 15,855,000 \$	\$	1,440,000 \$	14,415,000 \$	1,510,000
В.	Special obligation bonds payable	160,085,000		13,145,000	146,940,000	13,760,000
C.	Three mill notes payable	15,435,000		820,000	14,615,000	855,000
D.	Obligations under capital leases	5,330,090		971,130	4,358,960	905,847
E.	Qualified school construction bonds payable	15,400,000			15,400,000	-
F.	Compensated absences payable	 1,854,160	141,789		1,995,949	99,797
	Subtotal	\$ 213,959,250 \$	141,789 \$	16,376,130 \$	197,724,909 \$	17,130,644
	Add: Bond premium	 22,647,733		2,325,855	20,321,878	
	Total	\$ 236,606,983 \$	141,789 \$	18,701,985 \$	218,046,787 \$	17,130,644

A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	An	nount Issued		Amount Outstanding
General obligation bonds, Series 2012-A Total	5.00%	1/15/2013	4/1/2028	\$	21,065,000 21,065,000	\$ \$	14,415,000 14,415,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 1,510,000 \$	720,750 \$	2,230,750
2022	1,585,000	645,250	2,230,250
2023	1,665,000	566,000	2,231,000
2024	1,745,000	482,750	2,227,750
2025	1,835,000	395,500	2,230,500
2026 - 2028	6,075,000	7,500	6,082,500
Total	\$ 14,415,000 \$	2,817,750 \$	17,232,750

This debt will be retired from the General Obligation Series 2012A Refunding Debt Service Fund.

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2020, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 1% of property assessments as of October 1, 2019.

B. Special obligation bonds payable

Special obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

			Maturity			Amount
Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Date	Α	mount Issued	Outstanding
1. Special obligation bonds,						
Series 2015A	5.00%	11/10/2015	4/1/2028	\$	104,990,000	\$ 80,900,000
2. Special obligation bonds,						
Series 2015B	0.58%-5.0%	11/10/2015	10/1/2020		13,080,000	3,000,000
3. Special obligation bonds,						
Series 2018	4.0%-5.25%	11/29/2018	6/30/2039		65,000,000	63,040,000
Total				\$	183,070,000	\$ 146,940,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Special obligation bonds, Series 2015A issued on November 10, 2015:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 8,710,000 \$	4,045,000 \$	12,755,000
2022	9,165,000	3,609,500	12,774,500
2023	9,640,000	3,151,250	12,791,250
2024	10,140,000	2,669,250	12,809,250
2025	10,660,000	2,162,250	12,822,250
2026 – 2028	32,585,000	3,180,000	35,765,000
Total	\$ 80,900,000 \$	18,817,250 \$	99,717,250

This debt will be retired from the General Obligation Bonds Series 2015A Refunding Debt Service Fund.

2. Special obligation bonds, Series 2015B issued on November 10, 2015:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 3,000,000 \$	75,000 \$	3,075,000
Total	\$ 3,000,000 \$	75,000 \$	3,075,000

This debt will be retired from the General Obligation Bonds Series 2015B Refunding Debt Service Fund.

3. Special obligation bonds, Series 2018 issued on November 29, 2018:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 2,050,000 \$	3,052,400 \$	5,102,400
2022	2,155,000	2,947,275	5,102,275
2023	2,265,000	2,836,775	5,101,775
2024	2,380,000	2,720,650	5,100,650
2025	2,500,000	2,598,650	5,098,650
2026 - 2030	14,570,000	10,932,500	25,502,500
2031 – 2035	18,690,000	6,814,275	25,504,275
2036 - 2039	 18,430,000	1,969,888	20,399,888
Total	\$ 63,040,000 \$	33,872,413 \$	96,912,413

This debt will be retired from the General Obligation Bond, Series 2018 Debt Service Fund.

Total special obligation bonds payments for all issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 13,760,000 \$	7,172,400 \$	20,932,400
2022	11,320,000	6,556,775	17,876,775
2023	11,905,000	5,988,025	17,893,025
2024	12,520,000	5,389,900	17,909,900
2025	13,160,000	4,760,900	17,920,900
2026 - 2030	47,155,000	14,112,500	61,267,500
2031 - 2035	18,690,000	6,814,275	25,504,275
2036 - 2039	 18,430,000	1,969,888	20,399,888
Total	\$ 146,940,000 \$	52,764,663 \$	199,704,663

C. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity			Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Ar	nount Issued	Outstanding
Limited tax notes refunding, Series 2012B	4.37%	1/15/2013	10/1/2023	\$	15,100,000	\$ 12,480,000
Limited tax notes,Series 2017	2.31%	8/18/2017	8/18/2028		2,500,000	2,135,000
Total				\$	17,600,000	\$ 14,615,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Limited tax notes refunding, Series 2012B issued on January 15, 2013:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 660,000 \$	530,719 \$	1,190,719
2022	3,770,000	433,937	4,203,937
2023	3,935,000	265,640	4,200,640
2024	 4,115,000	89,844	4,204,844
Total	\$ 12,480,000 \$	1,320,140 \$	13,800,140

This debt will be retired from the Limited Tax Note Debt Service Fund.

2. Limited tax notes, Series 2017 issued on August 18, 2017:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 195,000 \$	47,066 \$	242,066
2022	205,000	42,446	247,446
2023	215,000	37,595	252,595
2024	225,000	32,513	257,513
2025	235,000	27,200	262,200
2026 - 2029	1,060,000	50,474	1,110,474
Total	\$ 2,135,000 \$	237,294 \$	2,372,294

This debt will be retired from the Limited Tax Note 2017A Debt Service Fund.

Total three mill notes payable payments for all issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 855,000 \$	577,785 \$	1,432,785
2022	3,975,000	476,383	4,451,383
2023	4,150,000	303,235	4,453,235
2024	4,340,000	122,357	4,462,357
2025	235,000	27,200	262,200
2026 - 2029	 1,060,000	50,474	1,110,474
Total	\$ 14,615,000 \$	1,557,434 \$	16,172,434

D. Obligations under capital leases

The school district has entered into lease agreements, which qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes, for the acquisition of the following:

- 1. Buses at a cost of \$1,238,460
- Transportation equipment and food service equipment at a cost of \$3,999,791
- 3. Buses at a cost of \$3,973,617

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	C	Outstanding
. 5	4.000/	0/40/0044	0/04/0000			00.4-0
1. Buses	4.99%	6/13/2011	8/31/2020	\$ 1,238,460	\$	80,173
2. Transportation/food service equipment	4.37%	9/19/2013	10/10/2023	3,999,791		1,413,894
3. Buses	2.58%	7/26/2017	4/10/2027	3,973,617		2,864,893
Total				\$ 9,211,868	\$	4,358,960

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest and Maintenance Charges	Total
2021	\$ 905,847 \$	130,850 \$	1,036,697
2022	789,460	99,756	889,216
2023	771,244	72,690	843,934
2024	601,420	45,530	646,950
2025	419,346	30,620	449,966
2026 - 2027	 871,643	28,291	899,934
Total	\$ 4,358,960 \$	407,737 \$	4,766,697

The capital leases for the buses will be retired from the EEF Buildings and Buses Fund (Special Revenue Fund) and the capital lease for the transportation/food service equipment will be retired from the Lunchroom Fund and EEF Buildings and Buses Fund (Special Revenue Funds).

The school district uses the straight-line method of amortization for the lease payments which is not in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, the difference between the effective interest method and the straight-line method is not considered material.

E. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 14, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
QSCB, Series 2015	0.15%	8/14/2015	6/15/2027	\$ 15,400,000	\$ 15,400,000
Total				\$ 15,400,000	\$ 15,400,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ - \$	23,100 \$	23,100
2022	-	23,100	23,100
2023	-	23,100	23,100
2024	-	23,100	23,100
2025	-	23,100	23,100
2026 - 2027	15,400,000	46,200	15,446,200
Total	\$ 15,400,000 \$	161,700 \$	15,561,700

This debt will be retired from the QSCB Series 2015 Debt Service Fund.

F. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 – Short-Term Financing

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the school district participated in the following short-term financing for the purpose of supplementing the school district's resources until tax proceeds become available:

Bank-financed short term debt.

The school district issued a revenue anticipation note payable to Trustmark National Bank, and the proceeds from such issuance are accounted for as a current liability in the General Fund of the school district. Once the cash flow was available, the district made a payment consisting of principal and interest to the trustee.

All transactions related to participation in this program are accounted for as part of the school district's General Fund.

B. Changes in short-term debt activity recorded in the governmental activities during fiscal year 2020 are as follows:

Description	7/1/2019	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2020
Tax Anticipation Note, 1.99%	\$ -	\$ 20,000,000	\$ 20,000,000	\$
Total	\$ -	\$ 20,000,000	\$ 20,000,000	\$ -

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65. whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2020 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2020, 2019 and 2018 were \$24,159,887, \$22,159,763 and \$22,263,234, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the school district reported a liability of \$380,045,022 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2020 net pension liability was 2.160332 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019. This was a decrease of 0.053179 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$27,896,980. At June 30, 2020 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 230,352	\$ 431,640
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		4,344,551
Changes of assumptions	3,729,171	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		13,720,610
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	24,159,887	
Total	\$ 28,119,410	\$ 18,496,801

\$24,159,887 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2021	\$ (4,704,311)
2022	(10,815,920)
2023	(752,147)
2024	1.735.100

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2018. Subsequent to the June 30, 2018 valuation, the Board adopted new actuarial assumptions based on the experience investigation for the four-year period ending June 30, 2018. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.00-18.25 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
Domestic Equity	27.00	%	4.90	%
International Equity	22.00		4.75	
Global Equity	12.00		5.00	
Fixed Income	20.00		1.50	
Real Estate	10.00		4.00	
Private Equity	8.00		6.25	
Cash	1.00		0.25	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	Current					
		1% Decrease		Discount		1% Increase
		(6.75%)		Rate (7.75%)		(8.75%)
District's proportionate share of						
the net pension liability	\$	499,582,349	\$	380,045,022	\$	281,377,691

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 9 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$982,398 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$27,659,284 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 3.25962843 percent. This was a decrease of 0.08859153 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,316,218. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 41,821	\$ 395,914
Changes of assumptions	2,062,074	1,434,269
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	522	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,008,125
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	982,398	
Total	\$ 3,086,815	\$ 2,838,308

\$982,398 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2021	\$ (261,510)
2022	(261,510)
2023	(261,510)
2024	(166,039)
2025	139,062
Thereafter	77,616

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.00-18.20 percent, including wage inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.50% 3.89%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2019 2018
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	
Measurement Date	3.50%
Prior Measurement Date	3.89%

Health Care Cost Trends
Medicare Supplement Claims
Pre-Medicare

7.00 percent for 2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated April 2, 2019.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.50 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.89% to 3.50%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2019, the trust has \$1,017,904. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2018 and the June 30, 2019 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.50 percent) than the current discount rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(2.50%)	Rate (3.50%)	(4.50%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 30,724,638	\$ 27,659,284	\$ 25,036,587

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
		Rates	
	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 25,630,589	\$ 27,659,284	\$ 29,957,452

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Note 10 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2021	\$ 834,337
2022	830,122
2023	830,122
2024	830,122
2025	824,922
2026 - 2030	3,514,037
2031 – 2035	2,921,460
2036 - 2040	1,744,603
2041 – 2045	737,030
Thereafter	 237,900
Total	\$ 13,304,655

Note 11 – Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
To reclass prior year expenditures from Title I and other federal funds to the General Fund, and to reclassify club funds to the	\$ 189,479
General Fund at the governmental fund level	
Total	\$ 189,479

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
General Fund	To reclass prior year expenditures from Title I and other federal funds to the General Fund, and to	\$ (193,252)
Title I-A Basic Fund	reclassify club funds to the General Fund To reclass prior year expenditures from Title I to the General Fund	312,319
Other governmental funds	To reclass prior year expenditures from other federal funds to the General Fund	 70,412
Total		\$ 189,479

Note 12 - Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 13 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 14 – Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the subsidy payments amounted to \$0 because the interest paid was minimal.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2020 was \$6,580,848. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be

sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending June 30	Amount
2021	\$ 1,283,000
2022	1,283,000
2023	1,283,000
2024	1,284,000
2025	1,284,000
2026 - 2027	2,568,000
Total	\$ 8,985,000

Note 15 - Insurance loss recoveries

The Jackson Public School District received \$337,379 in insurance loss recoveries during the fiscal year related to various damages to property. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as charges for services and were allocated to the support services expense function.

Note 16 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The net investment in capital assets net position amount of \$67,885,426 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenditures resulting from a deferred outflow from advance refunding of school district debt and deferred bond premiums. The \$11,407,441 balance of deferred outflows from advance refunding of debt at June 30, 2020, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the net investment in capital assets net position over the next 8 years. The \$20,321,878 balance of the deferred bond premiums at June 30, 2020, will be recognized as a decrease in an expense and will increase the net investment in capital assets net position over the next 19 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$394,059,501) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$24,159,887 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. The \$3,959,523 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2020, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$394,059,501) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$18,496,801 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2020, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$394,059,501) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$982,398 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. The \$2,104,417 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2020, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$394,059,501) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$2,838,308 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2020, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

Note 17 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position/Balance Sheet date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position/Balance Sheet date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the School District evaluated the activity of the School District through January 12, 2021 and determined that no events requiring disclosure have occurred.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Increase (Decrease) in inventory

June 30, 2020

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Final (GAAP Basis) to Final Original Final to Actual Revenues: 73,737,001 \$ (1,232,699)74,184,426 \$ 74,969,700 \$ 785,274 \$ Local sources State sources 104,403,561 112,951,131 113,055,526 8,547,570 104,395 385,000 256.917 (128,083)Federal sources 256,569 (348)Sixteenth section sources 1,259,092 1,154,861 1,259,092 (104,231)Total Revenues 178,972,987 189,436,840 188,203,957 10,463,853 (1,232,883)Expenditures: Instruction 97,737,408 110,055,693 108,604,169 (12,318,285)1,451,524 Support services 79,853,803 79,020,612 79,565,855 833,191 (545, 243)Noninstructional services 100,000 100,000 66,832 33,168 Sixteenth section 159,092 106,652 (159,092)52,440 Facilities acquisition and construction 500,124 760,679 (260,555)760,679 Debt service: Principal 21,785,700 21,283,000 502,700 21,283,000 173,896 Interest 213,100 173.896 39.204 Other 35,338 4,250 4,250 31,088 211,557,222 Total Expenditures 200,225,473 188,521,654 (11,331,749)23,035,568 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (21,252,486) (22, 120, 382)(317,697)(867, 896)21,802,685 Other Financing Sources (Uses): (20,000,000) Bonds and notes issued 20,000,000 20,000,000 Insurance recovery 40,000 337,379 337,379 297.379 Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent (1,283,000)(1,283,000)Sale of transportation equipment 25,000 (25,000)Sale of other property 500,000 (500,000)Operating transfers in 11,507,500 14,798,822 5,276,094 3,291,322 (9,522,728)Operating transfers out (11,939,955)(14,586,540)(2,646,585)9,293,182 (5,293,358)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 20,132,545 20,549,661 417,116 (21,512,546) (962, 885)Net Change in Fund Balances (1,119,941)(1,570,721)(1,280,582)(450,780)290,139 Fund Balances: July 1, 2019, as previously reported 24,952,038 24,952,038 24,749,025 (203,013)(108,876)(193, 252)312,463 Prior period adjustments (505,715)(396, 839)July 1, 2019, as restated 24,843,162 24,446,323 24,555,773 (396, 839)109,450

(104,949)

23,170,242 \$

(104,949)

294,640

(847,619)\$

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

23,723,221 \$

22,875,602 \$

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I-A Basic Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

					Variances Positive (Negative)	
	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Original	Final
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$	- \$	211 \$	35,846 \$	211 \$	35,635
Federal sources		26,480,843	24,528,162	15,694,844	(1,952,681)	(8,833,318)
Total Revenues		26,480,843	24,528,373	15,730,690	(1,952,470)	(8,797,683)
Expenditures:						
Instruction		10,798,883	8,995,708	7,645,195	1,803,175	1,350,513
Support services		12,312,741	12,511,884	7,947,537	(199,143)	4,564,347
Noninstructional services		481,919	471,155	236,199	10,764	234,956
Total Expenditures		23,593,543	21,978,747	15,828,931	1,614,796	6,149,816
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures		2,887,300	2,549,626	(98,241)	(337,674)	(2,647,867)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers out		(403,094)	(350,475)	(214,078)	52,619	136,397
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(403,094)	(350,475)	(214,078)	52,619	136,397
Net Change in Fund Balances		2,484,206	2,199,151	(312,319)	(285,055)	(2,511,470)
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2019, as previously reported		-	-	-	-	-
Prior period adjustments		(41,248)	-	312,319	41,248	312,319
July 1, 2019, as restated		(41,248)	-	312,319	41,248	312,319
June 30, 2020	\$	2,442,958 \$	2,199,151 \$	- \$	(243,807) \$	(2,199,151)

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	2.160332%	2.213511%	2.279406%	2.357943%	2.357567%	2.310335%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability \$	380,045,022	368,172,643	378,914,640	421,187,498	364,433,367	280,432,367
District's covered payroll	140,696,908	141,353,867	146,225,162	150,843,295	147,287,327	141,109,054
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	270.12%	260.46%	259.13%	279.22%	247.43%	198.73%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	 2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	24,159,887	22,159,763	22,263,234	23,030,463	23,757,819	23,197,754
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 24,159,887	22,159,763	22,263,234	23,030,463	23,757,819	23,197,754
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered payroll	138,849,925	140,696,908	141,353,867	146,225,162	150,843,295	147,287,327
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.40%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2015, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2020	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	%	3.259628	3.348220	3.358427
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	27,659,284	25,900,156	26,350,519
District's covered-employee payroll		140,696,908	141,353,867	150,884,880
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		19.66%	18.32%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.12%	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years

Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 2020 982,398	2019 1,108,669	2018 1,123,362
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 982,398	1,108,669	1,123,362
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -		
District's covered-employee payroll	138,849,925	140,696,908	141,353,867
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.71%	0.79%	0.79%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

JACKSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

<u>2016:</u>

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

JACKSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For Year Ended June 30, 2020

<u> 2019:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2017 valuation for the June 30, 2019 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Price Inflation Salary increase Investment rate of return

Level percentage of payroll, open 38.4 years 5-year smoothed market 3.00 percent 3.25 percent to 18.50 percent, including inflation 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

JACKSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For Year Ended June 30, 2020

<u>2019:</u> The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

2019: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2019:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 3%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.25% to 18.50%

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.25%

Pre-Medicare

Ultimate health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 4.75%

Pre-Medicare

Year of ultimate trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 2028

Pre-Medicare

Long-term investment rate of return, net of

OPEB plan investment expense, including 3.89%

price inflation

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary Information Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 Catalog of Federal Federal Grantor/ Domestic Pass-through Grantor/ Assistance Pass-through Entity Federal Expenditures Program Title No. Identifying Number **U.S.** Department of Agriculture Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster: School breakfast program 10.553 185MS326N1099 3,171,751 National school lunch program 10.555 185MS326N1099 10,102,668 1,165,095 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 185MS326N1099 14,439,514 Total Child Nutrition Cluster 10.582 397,133 School Fruits & Vegetables 185MS326L1603 14,836,647 Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 14,836,647 U.S. Department of Defense Direct Program: N/A 831,557 Reserve Officers' Training Corps 12.xxx 831,557 Total U.S. Department of Defense U.S. Department of Education Passed-through Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Service Rehabilitation services - vocational rehabilitation grants to the states 84.126 H126A180034 4,732 4,732 Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Service Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 ES010A190024 19,465,686 84.424 ES424A190025 924,613 Title IV - Student Support and Academic Enrichment 84.048 V048A190024 119,502 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 84.196 ES196A190025 286.010 Education for Homeless Children and Youth 85.365 ES365A190024 26,794 English Language acquisition grants 84.367 1,426,368 ES367A190023 Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants 22,248,973 Subtotal Special education cluster: 84.027 H027A190108 6.731.565 Special education - grants to states 84.173 H173A190113 35,878 Special education - preschool grants Total special education cluster 6,767,443 Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education 29,016,416 29,021,148 Total U.S. Department of Education U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: 93 778 1805MS5ADM 99,184 Medical assistance program 99,184 Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S Department of Health and Human Services 99,184 Total for All Federal Awards 44,788,536

The notes to the supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

JACKSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Jackson Public School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Jackson Public School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Jackson Public School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Jackson Public School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Noncash Awards

Donated commodities of \$1,062,944 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 196,282,777 79,623,144	141,182,773 18,969,285	7,826,422 1,732,615	15,500,063 31,668	31,773,519 58,889,576
Total	\$ 275,905,921	160,152,058	9,559,037	15,531,731	90,663,095
Total number of students *	 21,743				
Cost per student	\$ 12,690	7,366	440	714	4,170

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

The notes to the supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

JACKSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

Revenues:				
No rondes.				
Local sources \$	73,737,001 \$	72,264,269 \$	74,936,573 \$	75,840,472
State sources	113,055,526	114,656,963	120,173,514	126,597,679
Federal sources	256,569	270,870	1,565,316	1,321,008
Sixteenth section sources	1,154,861	1,640,336	1,199,009	1,319,315
Total Revenues	188,203,957	188,832,438	197,874,412	205,078,474
Expenditures:				
Instruction	108,604,169	108,185,589	107,066,830	110,672,255
Support services	79,565,855	80,373,141	86,976,798	84,710,391
Noninstructional services	66,832	90,080	57,951	44,379
Sixteenth section	106,652	382,352	86,280	61,371
Debt service:				
Interest	173,896	192,166	155,285	73,058
Other	4,250	1,750	4,250	5,000
Total Expenditures	188,521,654	189,225,078	194,347,394	195,566,454
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	(317,697)	(392,640)	3,527,018	9,512,020
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance loss recovery	337,379	157,197	35,998	39,576
Capital leases issued	-	-	3,973,617	-
Payment to QZAB/QSCB debt escrow agent	(1,283,000)	(1,283,000)	(1,259,798)	(1,282,259)
Sales of transportation equipment	-	-	-	26,400
Operating transfers in	5,276,094	5,605,230	2,381,006	1,093,743
Operating transfer out	(5,293,358)	(5,325,985)	(6,392,153)	(4,738,835)
Other financing uses	-	(612,835)	(1,102,703)	(538,360)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(962,885)	(1,459,393)	(2,364,033)	(5,399,735)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,280,582)	(1,852,033)	1,162,985	4,112,285
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period as previously reported	24,749,025	26,652,189	25,544,790	21,471,707
Prior period adjustments	(193,252)	(69,419)	(30,588)	(68,660)
Beginning of period, as restated	24,555,773	26,582,770	25,514,202	21,403,047
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	(104,949)	18,288	(24,998)	29,458
End of Period \$	23,170,242 \$	24,749,025 \$	26,652,189 \$	25,544,790

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

JACKSON PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
All Governmental Funds
Last Four Years
UNAUDITED

	2020	2019*	2018*	2017*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 100,888,461 \$	97,601,554 \$	97,655,122 \$	99,003,892
Intermediate sources	55,000			
State sources	119,277,515	120,942,296	126,583,937	132,834,823
Federal sources	44,788,536	47,989,786	47,378,851	51,333,197
Sixteenth section sources	1,154,861	1,640,336	1,199,009	1,319,315
Total Revenues	266,164,373	268,173,972	272,816,919	284,491,227
Expenditures:				
Instruction	129,772,539	127,797,571	126,127,396	131,530,845
Support services	104,165,993	102,206,149	105,039,621	107,503,287
Noninstructional services	15,946,650	17,992,410	18,115,126	19,611,904
Sixteenth section	106,652	382,352	86,280	61,371
Facilities acquistion and construction	-	821,552	1,309,006	5,083,380
Debt service:				
Principal	16,376,130	15,085,651	14,682,501	13,587,179
Interest	9,519,207	8,134,423	7,645,382	8,169,123
Other	18,750	362,500	60,118	20,510
Total Expenditures	275,905,921	272,782,608	273,065,430	285,567,599
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	(9,741,548)	(4,608,636)	(248,511)	(1,076,372)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Bonds and notes issued		GE 000 000	2 500 000	
	-	65,000,000	2,500,000	-
Capital leases issued	-	457.407	3,973,617	- 0.000 570
Insurance loss recovery	337,379	157,197	35,998	8,639,576
Payments held by escrow agent	1,283,000	1,283,000	1,259,798	1,282,259
Premiums on bonds and refunding bonds issued	- (4 000 000)	5,763,109	- (4.050.700)	- (4 000 050)
Payment to QZAB/QSCB debt escrow agent	(1,283,000)	(1,283,000)	(1,259,798)	(1,282,259)
Sales of transportation equipment	-	-	-	26,400
Sales of other property	40.000.070	-	40.000.507	10,400
Operating transfer in	10,682,979	19,306,980	12,336,597	5,906,796
Operating transfer out	(10,682,979)	(19,306,980)	(12,336,597)	(5,906,796)
Other financing uses	227 270	(612,835)	(1,105,160)	(538,360)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	337,379	70,307,471	5,404,455	8,138,016
Net Change in Fund Balances	(9,404,169)	65,698,835	5,155,944	7,061,644
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period as previously reported	132,699,620	66,907,561	62,895,485	56,018,722
Prior period adjustments	189,479	21,563	(1,203,733)	(175,040)
Beginning of period, as restated	132,889,099	66,929,124	61,691,752	55,843,682
Increase (decrease) in inventory	847	71,661	59,865	(9,841)
End of Period	\$ 123,485,777 \$	132,699,620 \$	66,907,561 \$	62,895,485

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

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246 Briarwood Drive, Suite 102 Jackson, MS 39206 p. 601-316-1444

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE
AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT
OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED
IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Jackson Public School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jackson Public School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise Jackson Public School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 12, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Jackson Public School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Jackson Public School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Jackson Public School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Cost that we consider to be a significant deficiency as Finding 2020-001.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Jackson Public School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Jackson Public School District's Response to Findings

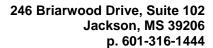
The Jackson Public School District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Auditee's Corrective Action Plan. The Jackson Public School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ID CPA, PLLC

Jackson, Mississippi January 12, 2021





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Jackson Public School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Jackson Public School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on Jackson Public School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The Jackson Public School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of the auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations and terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for Jackson Public School District's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the school district's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for its major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the school district's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Jackson Public School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Jackson Public School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Jackson Public School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is as reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

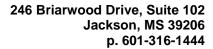
The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

ID CPA, PLLC

Jackson, Mississippi January 12, 2021

LATIONS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Jackson Public School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jackson Public School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, which collectively comprise Jackson Public School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 12, 2021. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements disclosed the following immaterial instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations. Our findings and recommendations and your responses are as follows:

Finding 1

Criteria:

Section 25-11-127 Miss Code Ann. (1972), provides that a reemployed retiree is not paid more than allowed as noted on the Form 4B. Also, notice must be given within five (5) days from the date of employment and also from the date of termination of the employment.

Condition:

During the testing of retired personnel, it was noted that the district paid multiple retirees more than the statutory allowed amount noted on the form 4-B and that some re-hired employees' forms were not filed with the PERS office within five (5) days of re-employment of a PERS service retiree.

Cause:

The school district failed to implement a system to ensure that rehired retirees were not paid more than statutorily allowed and that PERS Form 4Bs were filed in a timely manner.

Effect:

The district was not in compliance with the Section 25-11-127, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

Recommendation:

The District should implement procedures and controls to monitor and ensure that reemployed retirees are not paid in excess of what is statutorily allowed and that all forms are submitted within the required timeframe.

Response:

The District will strengthen internal controls to ensure retirees are not paid in excess of the allowable wages on Form 4Bs and Form 4Bs are submitted within five (5) days.

Finding 2

<u>Criteria:</u>

Section 31-7-305, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states: "payments should be delivered to the vendor no later than 45 days of receipt of an undisputed invoice and receipt, inspection and approval of the goods and services."

Condition:

Multiple instances of invoices examined were paid over 45 days after receipt of goods or services.

Cause:

Procedures need to be implemented and followed to ensure compliance with State laws.

Effect:

The District was not in compliance with the Section 31-7-305, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

Recommendation:

We recommend that the school district comply with Section 31-7-305, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and ensure that payments are made timely.

<u>Response:</u>

The District will strengthen internal controls to ensure invoices are paid within 45 days after receipt.

Finding 3

Criteria:

Sections 37-6-15, 37-9-27, 37-39-21 and 25-1-19 Miss Code Ann. (1972), provides that all Board Members, Superintendents and Purchasing Agent(s) are to be each covered under an individual bond and that all bonds must be filed and recorded in the office of the clerk of the chancery court of the county.

Condition:

During our examination of surety bonds and through inquiry of management personnel, it was noted that all Board Members, Superintendent and Purchasing Agent(s) were covered under a blanket bond and the bond was not on file with the clerk of the chancery court of the county.

Cause:

Procedures need to be implemented and followed to ensure compliance with State laws.

Effect:

The district was not in compliance with Sections 37-6-15, 37-9-27, 37-39-21 and 25-1-19 of the Miss Code Ann. (1972).

Recommendation:

We recommend that the district comply with Sections 37-6-15, 37-9-27, 37-39-21 and 25-1-19 of the Miss Code Ann. (1972), and have all Board Members, Superintendent and Purchasing Agent(s) covered under individual bonds that are filed with the clerk of the chancery court of the county.

Response:

The district will strengthen internal controls to ensure all appropriate personnel are covered under individual bonds and that all bonds will be filed with the chancery clerk.

Finding 4

Criteria:

Miss. Code Section 29-3-57, states, the superintendent of educations should terminate lease agreements that are over 60 days in default.

Condition:

During our test work we noted instances where leases were not terminated after being 60 days, or more, delinquent.

Cause:

The school district failed to implement a system to ensure that leases will be terminated after 60 days of delinquency.

Effect:

The district was not in compliance with the Section 29-3-57, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

Recommendation:

The District should terminate all leases after 60 days of delinquency.

Response:

The district will implement proper controls to ensure leases are properly terminated that are over 60 days in default.

Finding 5

Criteria:

Miss. Code Section 37-7-333, states, that the District can only have funds deposited into banking institutions that were selected and approved as a result of the bid selection process.

Condition:

During our test work we noted an instance where the District had funds deposited at a banking institution that was not approved.

Cause:

The school district failed to implement a system to ensure that funds were only held at financial institutions that were approved as the result of the bid selection process.

Effect:

The district was not in compliance with the Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

Recommendation:

The District should close all accounts that contain funds at financial institutions that were not board approved.

Response:

The District is in the process of moving those funds into one of the approved banking institutions.

The Office of the State Auditor or a public accounting firm will review, on the subsequent year's audit engagement, the findings in this report to ensure that corrective action has been taken.

The Jackson Public School District's responses to the findings included in this report were not audited and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

JD CPA, PLLC

Jackson, Mississippi January 12, 2021 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

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Jackson Public School District Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Fin	ancial St	atements:		
1.	. Type of auditor's report issued:		Unmodified	
2.	. Internal control over financial reporting:			
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified	d? (Yes/No)	No
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identif	fied? (Yes/None reported)	Yes
3.	Nonco	mpliance material to financial stat	ements noted? (Yes/No)	No
Fed	deral Aw	ards:		
4.	Interna	al control over major programs:		
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified	d? (Yes/No)	No
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identif	fied? (Yes/None reported)	None reported
5.	. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified			Unmodified
6.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance No with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? (Yes/No)			No
7.	Identifi	cation of major programs:		
	CFDA	Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluste	<u>r</u>
	12.xxx		Reserve Officers' Training Corps	
	84.010		Title I Grants to Local Educational A	gencies
	84.367	,	Supporting Effective Instruction Stat	e Grants
8.	Dollar	threshold used to distinguish betw	veen type A and type B programs:	\$1,343,656
9.	Audite	e qualified as low-risk auditee?	(Yes/No)	No
10.	 Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule Yes of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b). (Yes/No) 			Yes

Jackson Public School District Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests disclosed the following findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Significant Deficiency

Finding 2020-001

Criteria:

Management is responsible for establishing an internal control system that ensures strong financial accountability and safeguards district's funds.

Condition:

During our testing of general disbursements, we noted instances where a purchase order was dated after an invoice date.

Cause:

This is the result from a weakness in internal control that ensures purchasing guidelines are met.

Effect:

Lack of adequate internal controls over general disbursement could result in expenditures being made that were not properly authorized and misappropriation of public funds.

Recommendation:

We recommend the district implement controls and procedures to ensure that all expenditures are properly authorized prior to goods being ordered or services being rendered.

Views of Management: In agreement. See management's Corrective Action Plan.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN AND SUMMARY OF PRIOR FEDERAL AUDIT FINDINGS



AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

As required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (UG), the Jackson Public School District has prepared and hereby submits the following corrective action plan for the findings included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Cost for the year ended June 30, 2020:

Finding

2020-001

Corrective Action Plan Details

A. Contact person responsible for corrective action:

Name: Sharolyn Miller Title: Chief Financial Officer

- B. Description of corrective action planned: The district will strengthen controls and properly monitor its purchasing practices to ensure proper purchasing rules are followed.
- C. Anticipated completion date of corrective action: June 30, 2021

Truly,

Chief Financial Officer



PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOLLOW-UP

As required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Jackson Public School District has prepared and hereby submits the following summary schedule of prior audit findings as of June 30, 2020:

Finding:	Status:
2018-001 & 2019-003	Resolved
2019-002	Resolved
2019-001	Partially Resolved (See finding 2020-001)