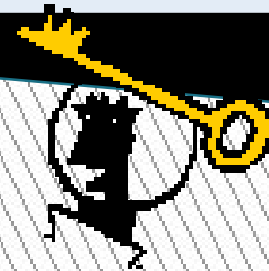
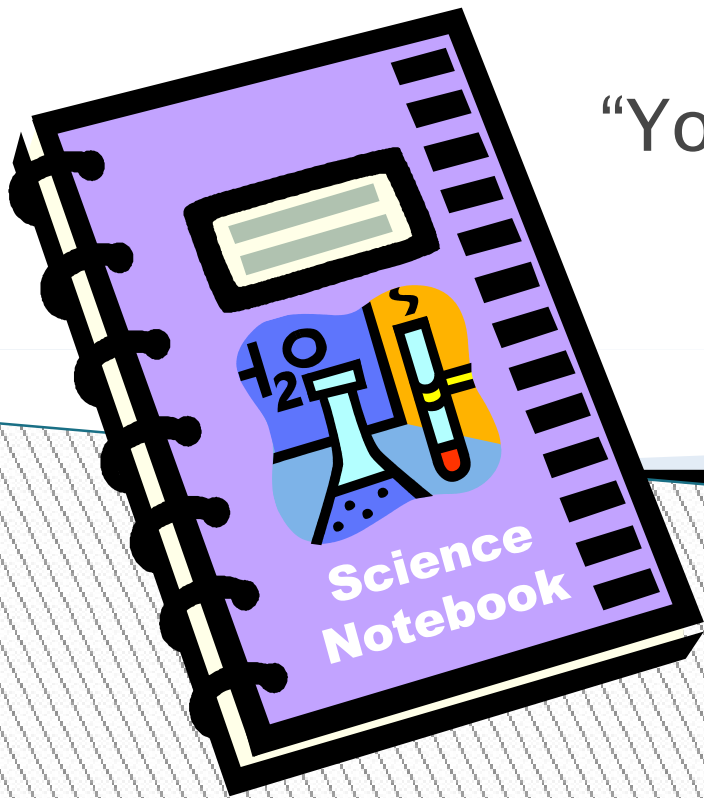


# INTERACTIVE SCIENCE NOTEBOOK, Gr. 6–8

“Your Key To Success in Science”  
Edited by Dr. Campbell



**Have you ever heard yourself say .**

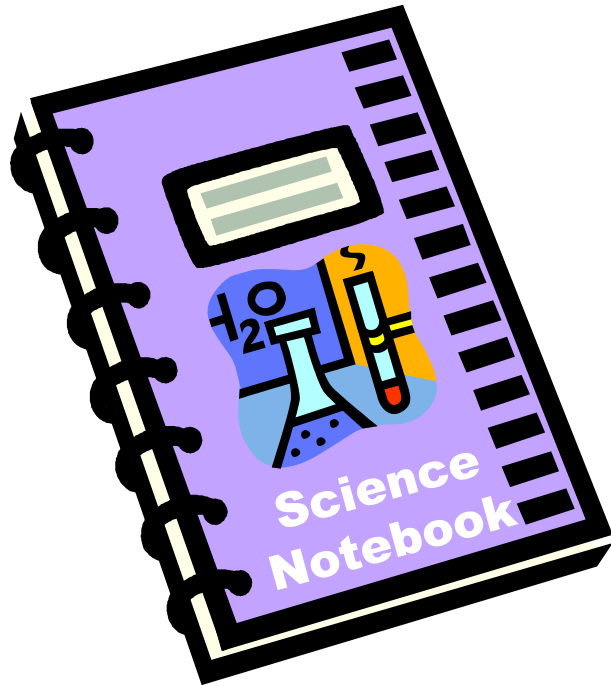
**I can't find my . . .**

**notes, homework, old quizzes . . .**  
**I can't remember what**  
**we did in class yesterday**

**I'm sure its in . . .**  
**my backppack . . .**  
**my room . . .**

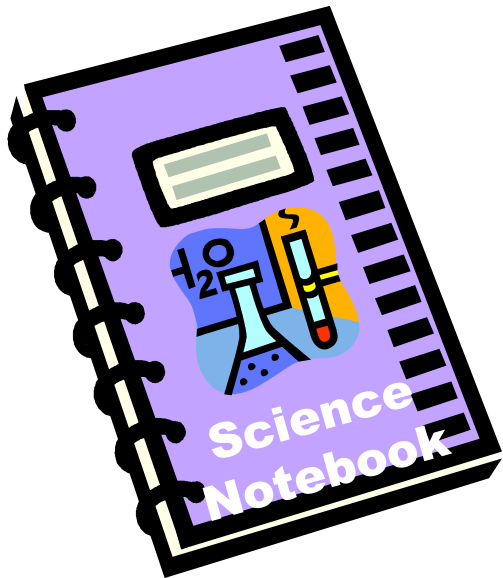
**I was absent last week, did I miss anything?**

**Well, Here's Your Answer...**

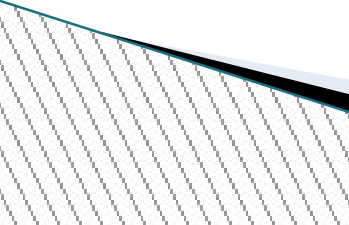


**Interactive Science  
Notebook**

# What is An Interactive Notebook



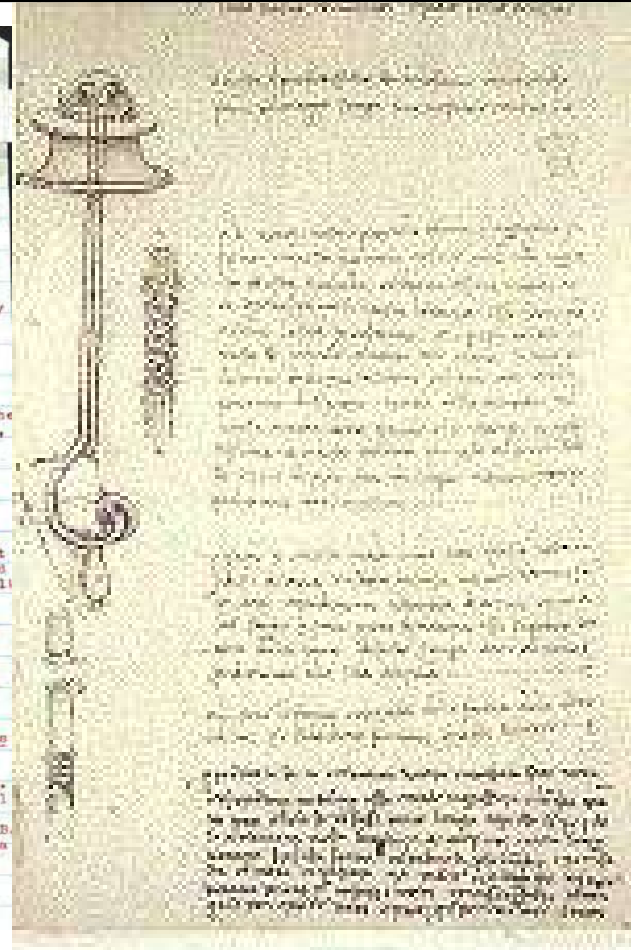
# Real Scientist Use Notebooks



# Real Scientist Use Notebooks

DIAN FOSSEY

October 1: Yesterday Nemoys found Group 4 in the middle of the wide slope before Shallow Slopes under a large Hagenia at that point. We found their track descending across our path in nettles and went higher, to edge of Shallow Slope to make sure it had been their track before returning near Khanguka tree to descend into nettles to find last night's nests. They were spread out over 130' with U.B. nested near Papoose, (some 4' off ground) and Simba in little nest by his side and all under shelter of Hypericum - it had poured rain the previous night. ~~On the way we found Acacia tracks on our trail beneath the~~ The biggest muzzle was the finding of a female's nest with infant dung of a cow and a half, or approximately less than 2 months. The dung and nest appeared to be only one day older than the other nests, but that's not for certain. My final conclusion is that Maisie has given birth even though the nest that must have been Semon's didn't have large enough dung in it. The trail then went into the Hypericums and up onto the base of Honey Man's Ridge. We found the group feeding on the opposite slopes - i.e. Ambassador's Ridge, at 1:30. I did not take notes for the first half-an-hour in hopes of locating Old Goat to see if she had an infant or if Maisie had rejoined the group. During that half-an-hour U.B. was in a huddle with Simba, Papoose, Tiger and Augustus nearest him; Petula next; Flossie and Cleo slightly below on log with Flossie feeding; Old Goat to left of my screen with Digit above her - both the furthest animals from the group bulk. There was grooming between U.B. and Pet. and Papoose and play with youngsters. My notes begin at one o'clock. Old Goat moves into day nesting spot high above group which had in part been feeding up until now (seal-sun dry); Digit at first lower than she but also my same line settles into day nest spot. U.B. self-grooming on inverted lobelia top which served as his nest at this time. ~~U.B. laying against Papoose with Augustus between them and~~ Cleo playing behind her with foliage. Tiger uphill from her about 6' only apart from his mother a good 140' and Simba is above him come 6'. One animal heard coughing a great deal. Digit moves off uphill and Tiger moves up abt to feed before Flossie approaches him with Cleo dorsal and takes over Tiger's nest. He only moved a few feet away and looked at her with a grin expression - open mouth and playful. Cleo goes directly over to Tiger and plops on his lap for a mild play session. Simba moves away from them at this point. Simba then further uphill alone and feeding. Papoose and Petula still laying flat. After some 40 minutes Flossie goes uphill with Cleo grabbing onto her neck and lying half-dorsal as she moves off. Flossie follows Simba's route. U.B. "again" grooming Papoose. Petula, above them, sits up as though thinking about feeding. Cleo up with Flossie tackling a small Vernonia sapling for play and feeding. U.B. still grooming Papoose's rump. Flossie feeding at 1:16. U.B. occasionally looking over in our direction very intently. Tiger and Simba begin tussling together quite vigorously with Simba holding her own well. U.B. still self-grooming at 1:17. Cleo swimming above with a smile face from a small Vernonia. Tiger and Simba still tussling at 1:20. U.B. wearing his sappy expression all day long. Much group harmony in evidence today despite overcast and eventual rain. Tiger and Simba rest abt. Below Petula is huddled over Augustus grooming him. At 1:21 Tiger and Simba



DA VINCI

The notebook is divided into TWO sections.

## **Left Side-Right Side: WHICH SIDE?**

- ▶ The **Left SIDE “LOVES”** student work. This is the side that you can use to show me your creativity. This is the “output” or **product side**.
- ▶ The **Right side is “RESTRICTED”** and contains information provided by Dr. Campbell. It can also be used for notes about the text or in class videos.



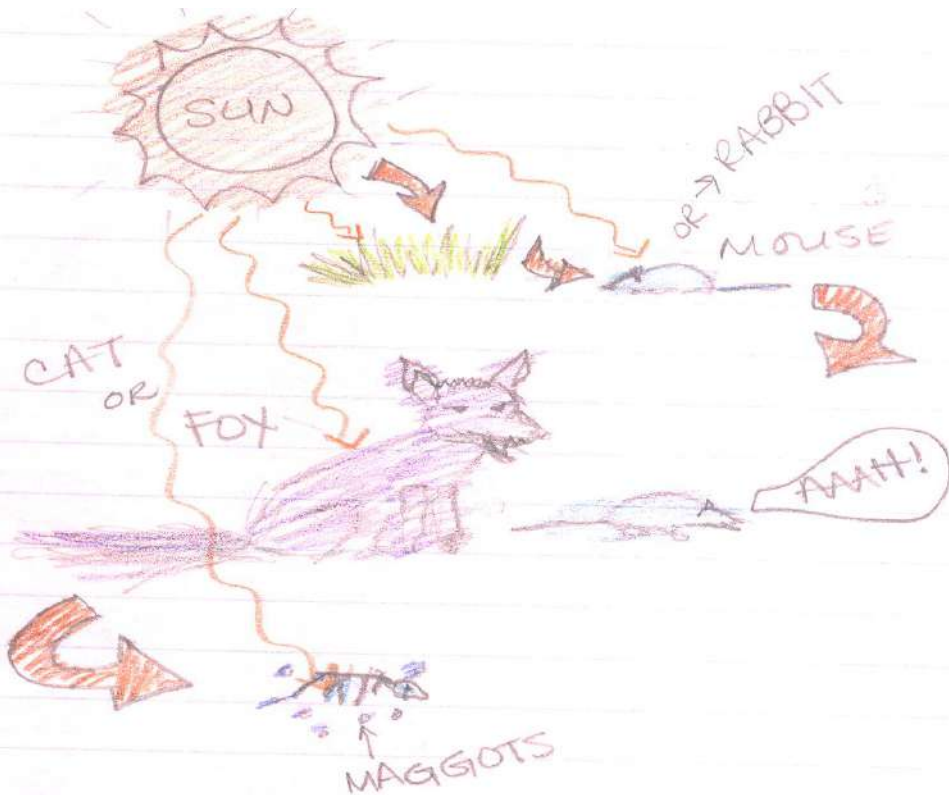
The notebook is divided into TWO sections.

LEFT side “loves”

STUDENT work = OUTPUT

RIGHT side is “restricted” to

TEACHER INPUT



A food web is made up of several linked food chains. The energy source flows through all the parts of the food web.

4.5c

Flow of energy through food webs

All organisms are part of a food web. Several food chains, which are linked, make up a food web. A food chain identifies the roles organisms use to get the food they need to survive. The sun, which is the source of energy, is the start of food chains. Food chains also contain producers, consumers, and decomposers. A producer is a plant. Plants use sunlight to make food. The greatest amount of energy in a community is in the producers. Primary, first-level, consumers are animals that eat plants. Secondary, second-level consumers, eat an animal for their food source. You have heard these called herbivores, carnivores, and omnivores. Do you remember the difference? Decomposers are organisms that break down wastes and dead plants or animals. The sun's energy cycles through ecosystems from producers through consumers and back into the nutrient pool through decomposers.

For example, a simple food chain might be the sun, grass, mouse, fox, and maggots. In this food chain what is the producer? What is the decomposer? What is the source of energy? This food chain is part of a larger food web. Can you see that changing the mouse to a rabbit makes a different food chain but in the same food web? What other chains in this food web could we create? Can you identify which are primary/secondary consumers, producers, and decomposers?



- ① eat Plants
- ② eat animals
- ③ eat both

#2



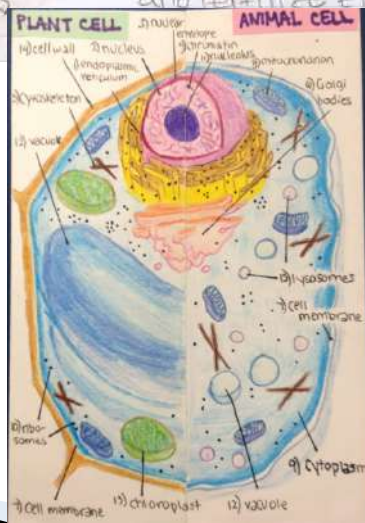
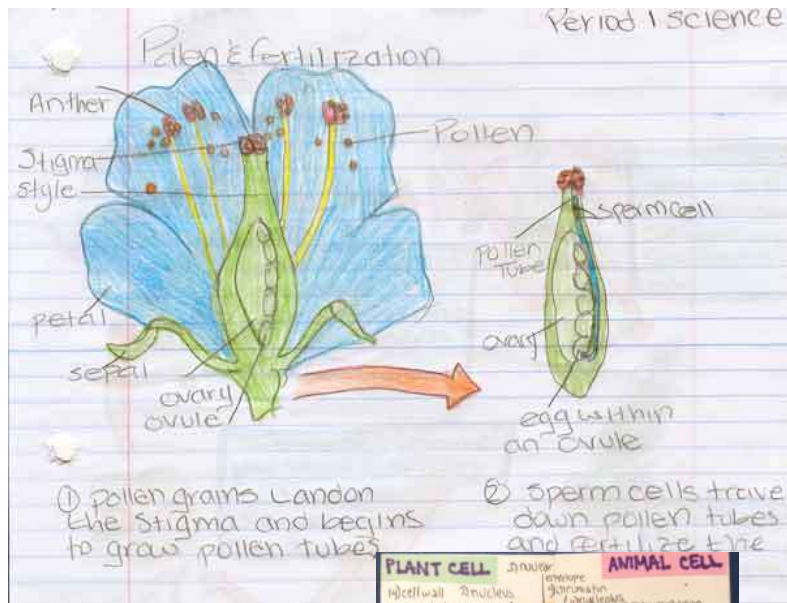
## **LEFT SIDE is for You**

- ▶ The **LEFT SIDE** belongs to you.
- ▶ On this page you may include **diagrams, cartoons, drawings, poems, foldables, etc.** Let your **CREATIVITY** go wild!
- ▶ This helps **YOU** make the connection to what we are learning.

**EVEN PAGES = 2,4,6,8...YOU GOT IT..**

## LEFT SIDE

The day's activity is placed on the **LEFT** or **OUTPUT** side of the notebook. This section acts as a **reinforcement** for the **RIGHT** or **INPUT** side. This side entails hands-on, tactile learning.

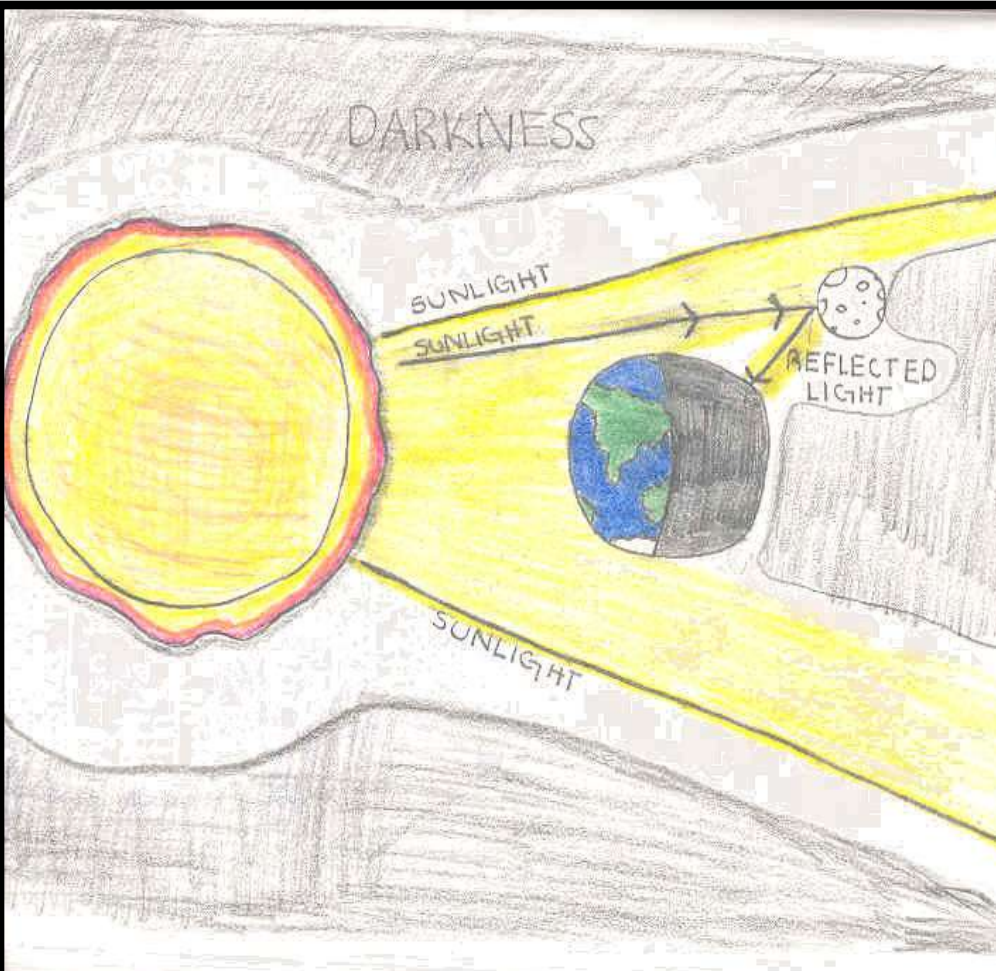


# Examples of Left Side Assignments

- ▶ Science Warm-Ups
- ▶ Graphic Organizers
- ▶ Drawings/Illustrations
- ▶ Cartoons/Comics
- ▶ Lab Analysis
- ▶ Your Questions
- ▶ Teach Your Parent

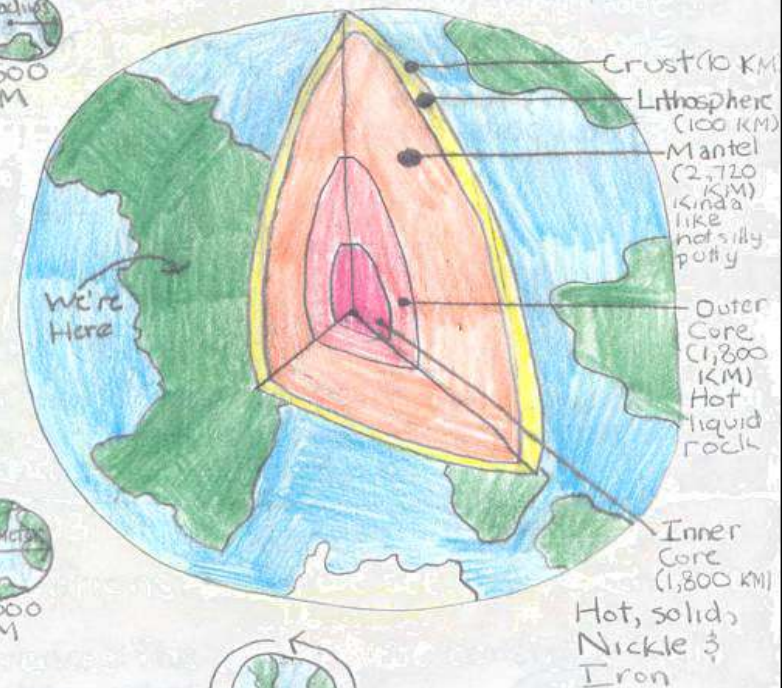


# DRAWINGS/ILLUSTRATIONS



09/11/03

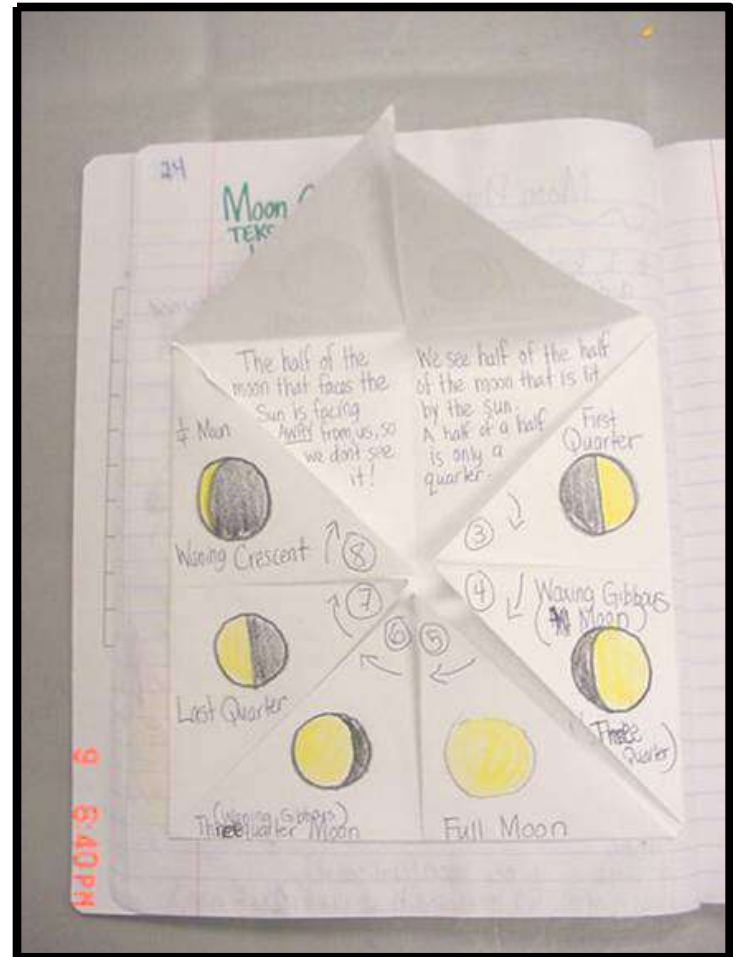
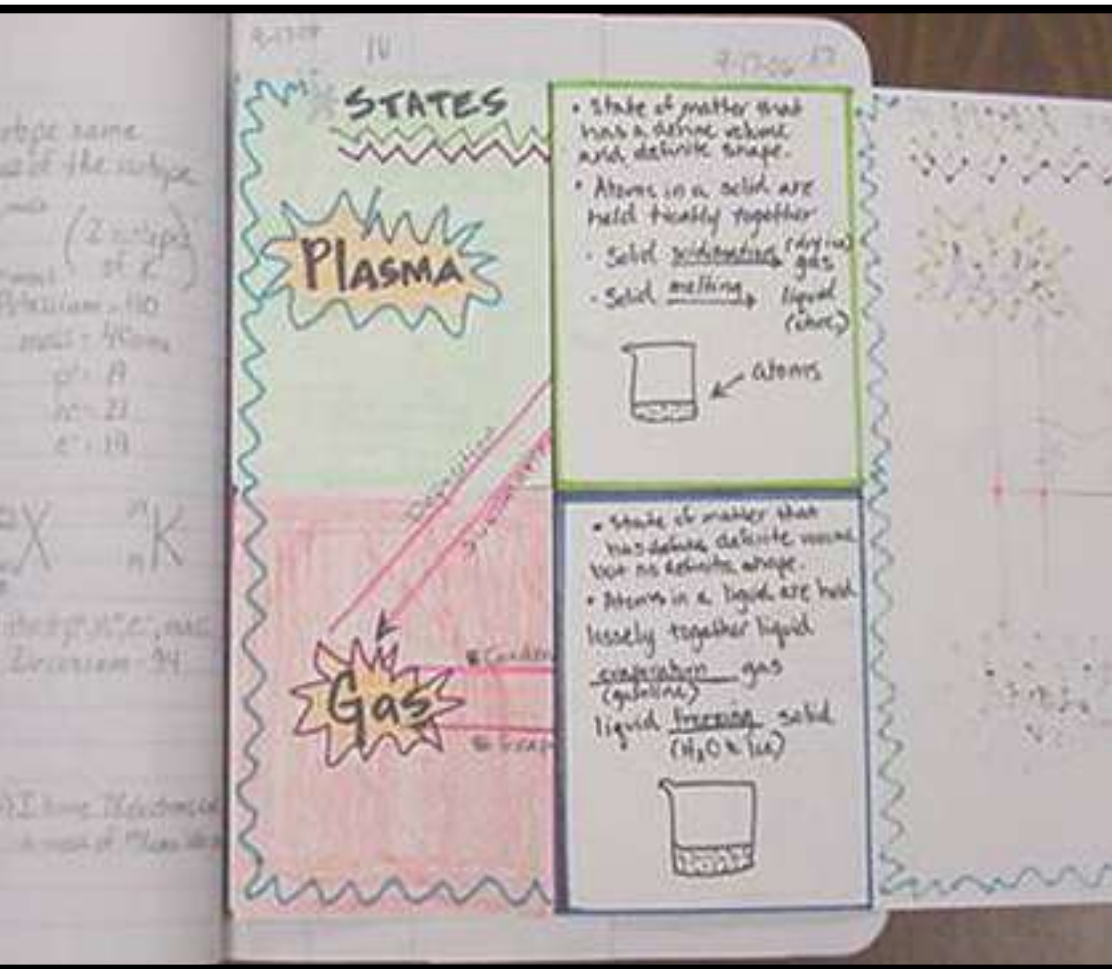
## Inside Planet Earth



Circumference  
40,000 KM

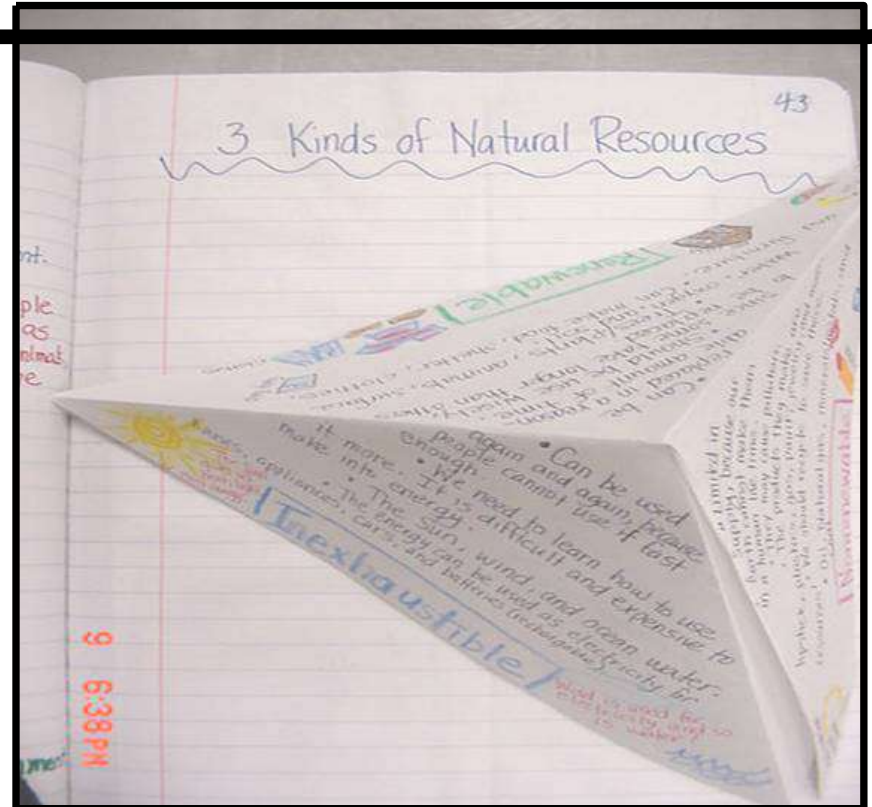


# FOLDABLES

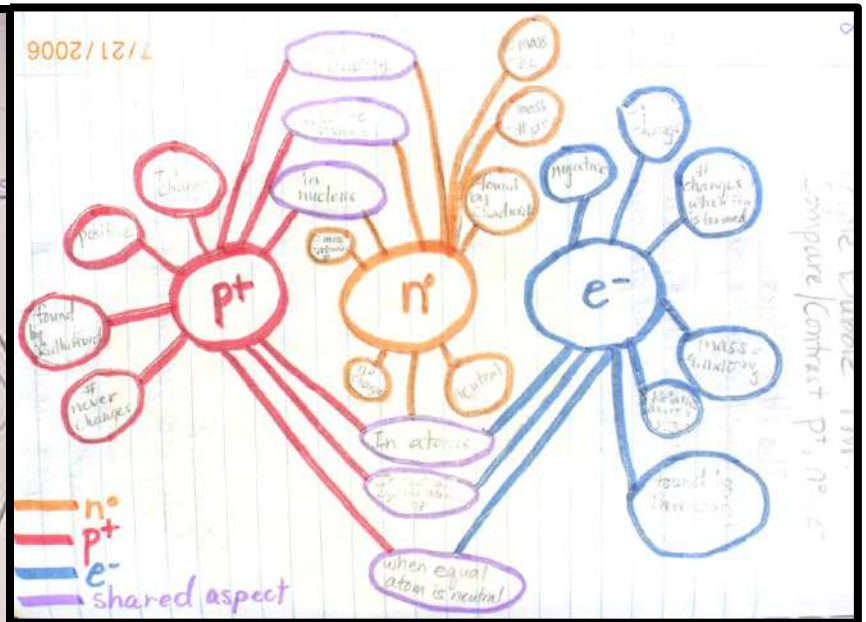
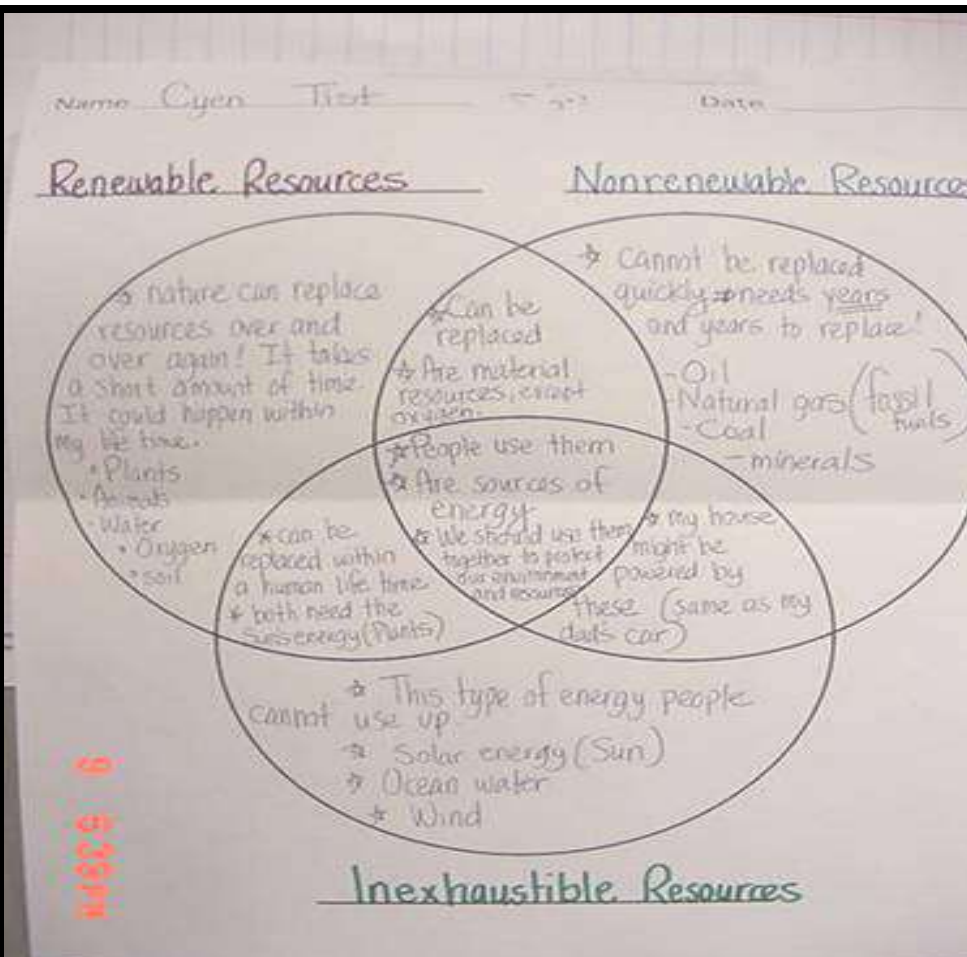




# FOLDABLES



# GRAPHIC ORGANIZERS



## **RIGHT SIDE from Dr. C**

- ▶ The **RIGHT SIDE** contains information given or “input” from Dr. Campbell. It also contains notes from your text.
- ▶ It can contain notes from videos, etc.
- ▶ The **RIGHT SIDE** contains much, but not all of the **TESTABLE** material.

**Odd Pages = 1,3,5,7..YOU KNOW IT.**

## Example of Right Side "Input"

- ▶ Notes from
  - Teacher guided
- Review Point



# Example of Right Side "Input"

Facts of a gas:

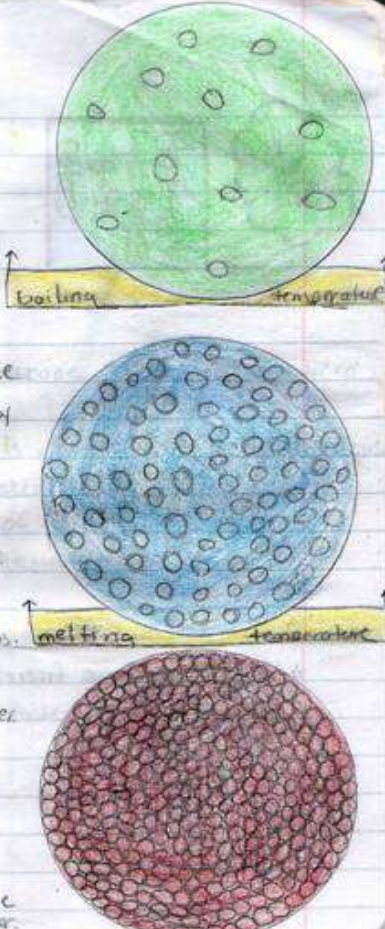
- \* The particles move fast and away from each other.
- \* The temperature

Facts of a liquid:

- \* The particles of a substance are further apart and slide by each other. (It can cling)
- \* The molecules move faster.
- \* The temperature increases.
- \* Molecules take the shape of their container.
- \* Liquids are denser than a gas.

Facts of solids:

- \* Particles are close together.
- \* Molecules move slow.
- \* The temperature of the substance decreases.
- \* The substance contracts.
- \* A solid keeps its shape + volume.
- \* The particles are locked together.




23

## Moon Phases / Cycles

\* I know the moon looks different, but I don't know why or when it changes. I learned about the words full moon (all the moon shows), half moon (only half shows) and a crescent moon (only a  $\frac{1}{4}$  shows).

### Moon Notes

- \* The moon rotates around the earth.
- \* One side of the moon always faces the sun.
- \* We see different "moons" because our position around the sun changes, which changes the light of the moon as the sun hits it.
- \* The moon does not make (produce) its own light.
- \* The phases or positions of the moon we see depends on where the moon, sun, and earth are.
- \* There is a new moon (can't see it), first quarter, full moon, and third quarter (half moon).



9 6:40pm



# Science Notebook Supplies



Mead Five Star  
Notebook

Erasable pens & pencils



Scissors



Scotch  
Tape



colored pencils



HIGHLIGHTER

**NO MARKERS!**



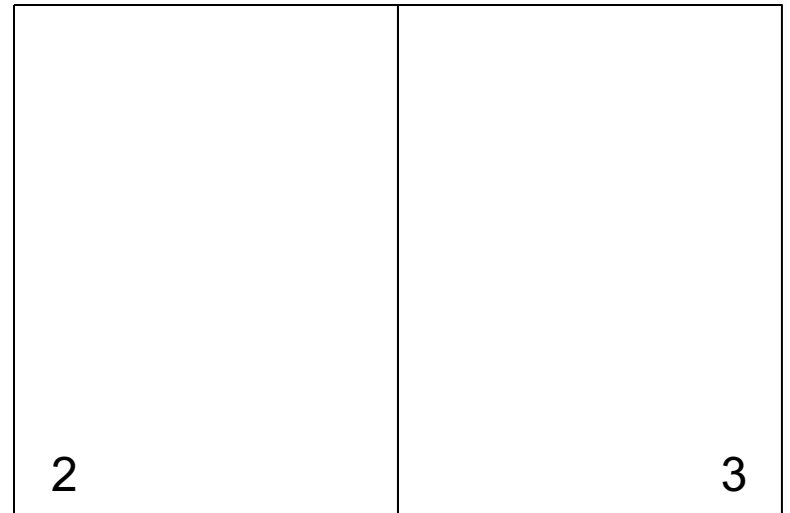
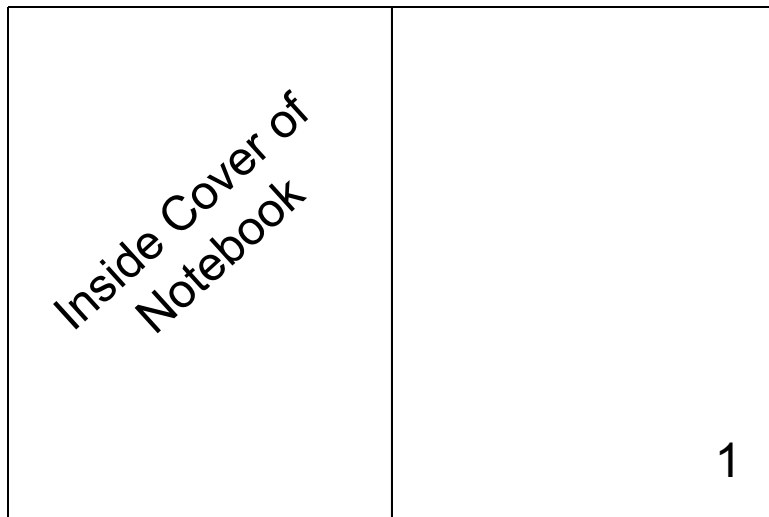
# Getting Started

Setting up your ISN



# Step 1: Numbering Pages

- Starting with the first page, **NUMBER ALL** of the pages (front and back). Numbers should be small and at the bottom outside corner of every page. (Hint: You should have about 200 pages)



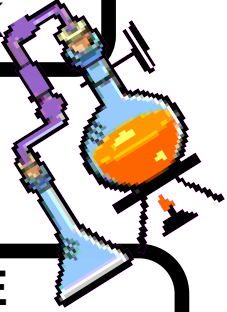


# Step 2 : Title Page (page 1)

- ▶ The name of the course:
  - Grade \_\_\_\_\_ Science
- ▶ The words: Interactive Science Notebook
- ▶ The class period that you have science:
  - 3<sup>rd</sup> period, for example
- ▶ The school year: 2016–2017
- ▶ Your “awesome” teacher: Dr. Campbell
- ▶ Your name: (self explanatory)
- ▶ **Three pictures about science** (anything that represents science, hand drawn or photos)
- ▶ Use at least four colors on your title page (black & white do not count)

BE CREATIVE  
MAKE IT  
ORIGINAL

# Title Page Example

<b>Cover of Notebook</b>	<b>Grade ____ Science</b>
	<b>INTERACTIVE SCIENCE NOTEBOOK</b>
	  
	<b>YOUR NAME</b> <b>Your Class period</b> <b>Dr. Campbell</b> <b>2016-2017</b>



## Step 3 : All About Me (page 2)

- ▶ Your name
- ▶ Your age and Birthday
- ▶ Three words that describe you
- ▶ A picture of you (hand drawn or a photo)
- ▶ Three pictures that represent you
- ▶ Use at least four colors (black and white don't count)

*This goes  
on the  
back of the  
title page!*

# All About Me Example

**All About Me**



Teacher

Nature Lover

Quilter

**YOUR NAME**  
**Age**  
**Birthday**

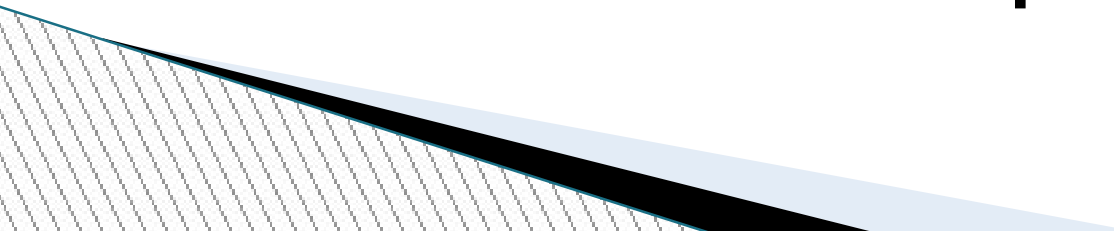
2

**Table of Contents**

--	--	--

3

## **Step 4: TABLE OF CONTENTS**

- Pages 3–8 will be set up for use as a Table of Contents
  - Title each page with “Table of Contents
  - Use a ruler and divide your pages into three sections.
  - Refer to the next page for a picture
- 

# Table of Contents Set-Up

[illegible]

# Table of Contents Set-Up

[illegible]



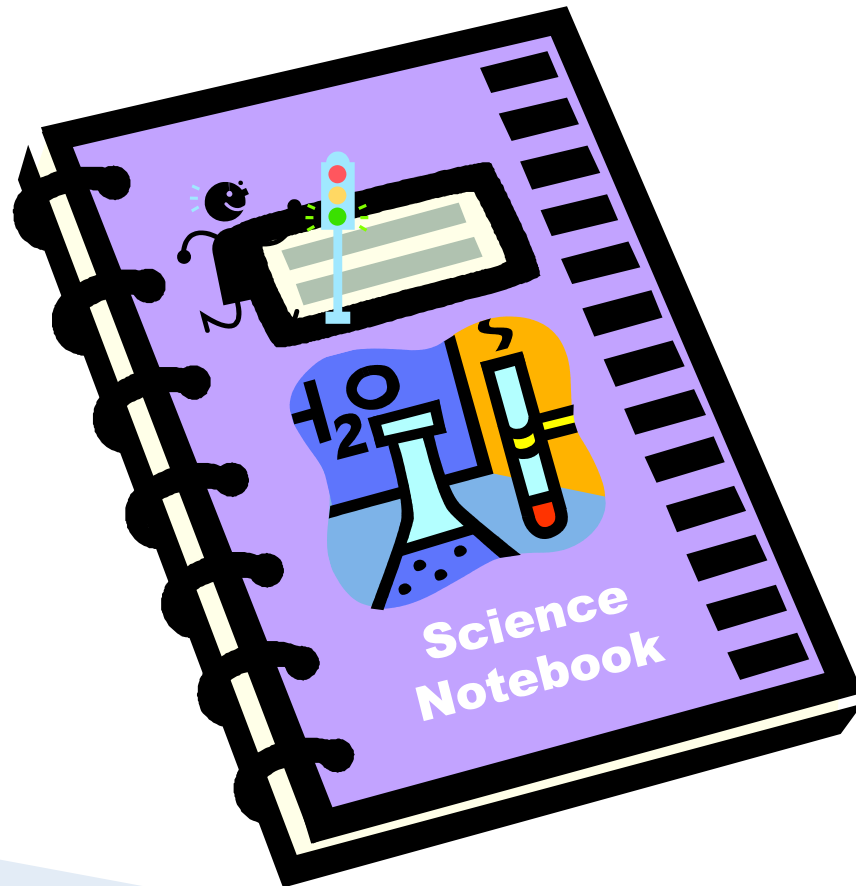


# NOTEBOOK RULES..

- ▶ No **RIPPED OUT** pages or torn corners
- ▶ No **DOODLING** that doesn't relate to science
- ▶ Notebook should be used for **SCIENCE CLASS ONLY**
- ▶ **DATE AND NUMBER** each page
- ▶ All entries must go into the **Table of Contents**
- ▶ **BE COLORFUL & LOVE YOUR NOTEBOOK**



**WE ARE READY!**



Credits –

Thank you to the many teachers over the past 10 years who have developed the ideas behind ISN. Their research and dedication have laid the foundation for these learning tools.

