

## Chapter 22 Practice Problems, Review, and Assessment

*For all problems, assume the battery voltage and the lamp resistances are constant.*

16. A lamp draws a current of 0.50 A when it is connected to a 120-V source.

- a. What is the resistance of the lamp?
- b. What is the power consumption of the lamp?

**SOLUTION:**

a.

$$R = \frac{V}{I} = \frac{120 \text{ V}}{0.50 \text{ A}} = 2.4 \times 10^2 \Omega$$

b.  $P = IV = (0.50 \text{ A})(120 \text{ V}) = 6.0 \times 10^1 \text{ W}$

**ANSWER:**

a.  $R = 2.4 \times 10^2 \Omega$

b.  $P = 6.0 \times 10^1 \text{ W}$

17. A 75-W lamp is connected to 125 V.

- a. What is the current through the lamp?
- b. What is the resistance of the lamp?

**SOLUTION:**

a.

$$I = \frac{P}{V} = \frac{75 \text{ W}}{125 \text{ V}} = 0.60 \text{ A}$$

b.

$$R = \frac{V}{I} = \frac{125 \text{ V}}{0.60 \text{ A}} = 2.1 \times 10^2 \Omega$$

**ANSWER:**

a.  $I = 0.60 \text{ A}$

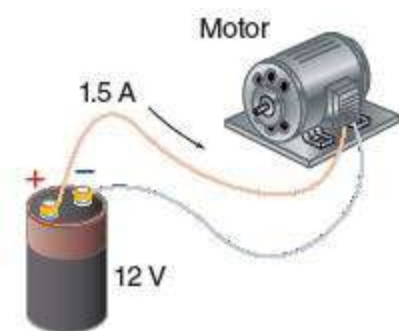
b.  $R = 2.1 \times 10^2 \Omega$

**Chapter Assessment**

**Section 1 Currents and Circuits: Mastering Problems**

51. A motor is connected to a 12-V battery, as shown in **Figure 20**. (Level 1)

- a. How much power is delivered to the motor?
- b. How much energy is transformed if the motor runs for 15 min?



**Figure 20**

**SOLUTION:**

a.  $P = VI = (12 \text{ V})(1.5 \text{ A}) = 18 \text{ W}$

b.  $E = Pt = (18 \text{ W})(15 \text{ min})(60 \text{ s/min})$   
 $= 1.6 \times 10^4 \text{ J}$

**ANSWER:**

a.  $P = 18 \text{ W}$

b.  $E = 1.6 \times 10^4 \text{ J}$

59. **Dryers** A 4200-W clothes dryer is connected to a 220-V circuit. How much current does the dryer draw? (Level 1)

**SOLUTION:**

$$P = IV$$

$$I = \frac{P}{V} = \frac{4200 \text{ W}}{220 \text{ V}} = 19 \text{ A}$$

**ANSWER:**

$$I = 19 \text{ A}$$

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60. **Flashlights** A flashlight bulb is connected across a 3.0-V potential difference. The current through the bulb is 1.5 A.  
(Level 1)

- a. What is the power rating of the bulb?
- b. How much electrical energy does the bulb transform in 11 min?

**SOLUTION:**

a.  $P = IV = (1.5 \text{ A})(3.0 \text{ V}) = 4.5 \text{ W}$

b. The definition of power is

$$P = \frac{E}{t}, \text{ so}$$

$$E = Pt$$

$$= (4.5 \text{ W})(11 \text{ min}) \left( \frac{60 \text{ s}}{\text{min}} \right)$$

$$= 3.0 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$$

**ANSWER:**

a.  $P = 4.5 \text{ W}$

b.  $E = 3.0 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$