

DINWIDDIE COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS HOMEBOUND INSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES PROCEDURES

Dinwiddie County Public Schools
Office of Exceptional Education

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PROCEDURES FOR HOMEBOUND INSTRUCTION

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Introduction

The Board of Education through the regulations establishing *Standards for Accrediting Public Schools in Virginia* requires in 8 VAC 20-131-180 that:

Homebound instruction shall be made available to students who are confined at home or in a health care facility for periods that would prevent normal school attendance based upon certification of need by a licensed physician or licensed clinical psychologist. For students eligible for special education or related services, the Individualized Education Program committee must revise the IEP, as appropriate, to direct off-site instruction. Credit for the work shall be awarded when it is done under the supervision of a teacher licensed by the Board of Education and meets the requirements of 8 VAC 20-131-110.

Schools are encouraged to pursue alternative means to deliver instruction to accommodate student needs through emerging technologies and other similar means. Standard units of credit shall be awarded for successful completion of such courses when the course is equivalent to that offered in the regular school program and the work is done under the supervision of a licensed teacher. Verified units of credit may be earned when the student has successfully completed the requirements and passed the SOL test associated with the course. The local school board shall develop policies governing this method of delivery of instruction that shall include the provisions of 8 VAC 20-131-110 and the administration of required SOL tests prescribed by 8 VAC 20-131-30.

The Code of Virginia § 54.1-2957.02 states “whenever any law or regulation requires a signature, certification, stamp, verification, affidavit or endorsement by a physician, it shall be deemed to include a signature, certification, stamp, verification, affidavit or endorsement by a nurse practitioner.”

Instruction that occurs within the environs of the child’s home falls in several categories: home-based, home instruction, and homebound (see Glossary of Terms, Appendix A). Please note that this guidance document addresses only students requiring **homebound** instruction.

These procedures have been developed to provide guidance for the school division in the provision of homebound instructional services to students who are confined at home or in a health care facility. For the purposes of homebound instructional services, “**confined at home or in a health care facility**” means the student is unable to participate in the normal day-to-day activities typically expected during school attendance; and absences from home are infrequent, of relatively short duration, or to receive health care treatment.

Overview of Services

Dinwiddie County Public Schools (DCPS) is responsible for providing instructional services for public school students who must be temporarily confined at home or in a health care facility. The school division is also responsible for providing homebound services to a student enrolled in the school division who is confined in another county or city in Virginia and to qualified students confined in another state, if those students meet homebound eligibility requirements. Students must be enrolled in DCPS in order to receive homebound instruction.

The goals of homebound services are to sustain continuity of instruction and to facilitate the student returning to school. Homebound instructional services are not a guarantee that the student will progress in the academic program.

Homebound instruction is designed to provide continuity of educational services between the classroom and home or health care facility, for students whose medical needs, both physical and psychiatric, do not allow school attendance for a limited period of time. Homebound instruction may be used to supplement the classroom program for students with health impairments whose conditions may interfere with regular school attendance (e.g., students receiving dialysis or radiation/chemotherapy, or students with other serious health conditions).

Eligibility for Homebound Services

Eligibility for homebound instructional services should be a collaborative decision between the treating health care provider, parent/guardian, and school personnel. Prior to requesting homebound services, the parent/guardian should explore options for school-based instruction with school personnel. If homebound services are needed, approval of services is based upon a completed medical certification of need (Appendix B).

The medical certification of need is the health care provider's documentation of the student's illness, treatment plan, and the estimated length of recovery time. The certification **must be fully completed by a health care provider, including** parental permission to contact the treating physician or licensed clinical psychologist, in order for the student to be considered for homebound services. The school division reviews all requests for completeness of information and appropriateness of the request and will follow up with the treating physician or licensed clinical psychologist to clarify the need for homebound instruction versus school-based instruction with appropriate accommodations, as necessary. Homebound services are for student illness/injury only; services are not appropriate to compensate for absences related to family care or illness.

Students with Disabilities

After the homebound request is administratively approved by the school division's homebound coordinator, requested homebound instruction for students with disabilities shall be subject to further review by the student's Individualized Education Program (IEP) Team pursuant to the *Individuals with Disabilities Education Act* or, if applicable, the student's 504 Team pursuant to *Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973*.

For students with an IEP, as part of its review and determination of a change in placement, the IEP Team must review the approved medical certification of need for homebound instruction and determine the appropriate placement for the student based on the student's educational needs. If the IEP Team determines that homebound services are appropriate, the team must include language in the IEP that clearly defines the time period for the frequency and duration of the homebound services. The IEP may also include a statement that the IEP Team will reconsider the need for continuation of services by a specified date. The IEP Team should add a statement that addresses the fact that these services are temporary and thus do not constitute a permanent change in placement and are not the "stay put" placement should the IEP Team and parents later disagree over the continuation of homebound services. Parental consent must be obtained to implement an amended IEP, prior to initiation of homebound services.

For students eligible under Section 504, after a student is administratively approved for homebound instruction, the 504 Team should conduct a reevaluation of the student and make an individualized determination regarding an appropriate placement. If the 504 Team determines that homebound services are appropriate, the team must include language in the 504 Plan that clearly outlines any accommodations and any related aids and services that will be made available to the student while receiving homebound instruction.

Initiation of Service

The parent/guardian submits the medical certification of need (see Appendix B) directly to the homebound coordinator for DCPS. Homebound instruction should be initiated as soon as possible following receipt of a complete certification and approval. If possible no later than five instructional days upon **approval** of the request. In cases where the student has an IEP or 504 Plan, the certification should be promptly transmitted to the IEP or 504 Team by the homebound coordinator for review and determination of a change in placement for the student.

If administrative processing delays the initiation of homebound services, efforts to provide homebound services should be documented and delays explained to the parent/guardian. If the school division experiences difficulty finding a licensed homebound instructor, the school

division should determine whether compensatory educational services for the student are warranted. For student with IEPs or 504 Plans, the IEP or 504 Team should review and determine whether compensatory services for the student are warranted if there is any delay in the initiation of services or any interruption in the services.

Types of Homebound Services/Settings for Services

Homebound services may be provided on a daily basis for students whose acute illnesses prevent them from attending school for a short period of time. Some students have chronic illnesses that may “flare up” necessitating shorter, more frequent periods of time away from school. For these students, it is appropriate for the physician or licensed clinical psychologist to request intermittent homebound services. These are services that would start and stop, based on pre-defined triggers. Examples of students who may require intermittent homebound services are those with cancer, while they are receiving chemotherapy or are immune suppressed; or children with sickle cell disease who are in “crisis.” The homebound instructional services for these students should be individualized to minimize the interruption of instruction. School divisions may wish to consider whether or not to allow students with such conditions to present certification from the doctor for longer than the suggested nine calendar weeks. For these students, it may be appropriate to extend medical certification for the duration of the condition.

Based on the premise that instruction should take place in the school setting to the fullest extent possible, part-time homebound instruction for students who can tolerate less than a full day in the classroom setting should be considered whenever appropriate. This may be an excellent transition strategy for students who have been on extended homebound or who lack the endurance for a full day in the school setting.

Homebound instruction may be provided to eligible students utilizing online technology. In order to be eligible for reimbursement, the program content must be verified by the homebound coordinator and must be taught by licensed teachers. Individual student instruction shall be monitored by a teacher licensed by the Virginia Board of Education or by the homebound coordinator, as long as the coordinator holds a license to teach in Virginia. Should an online provider be used to deliver instruction, the school pacing guidelines must be followed.

If the home setting is not deemed appropriate for instruction and the student’s condition allows, as confirmed by a health care provider, homebound instruction may take place at the school, public library, or other agreed upon location.

Review and Termination of Service

Students receiving homebound instruction should return to school-based instruction as soon as possible. Homebound services should not be approved for periods in excess of nine calendar weeks. If it is necessary for homebound instruction to continue beyond nine weeks, an extension or reauthorization form, including treatment plan, progress towards treatment goals, and specific plans to transition the student back to the school setting, will be required from the treating health care provider to document the need for extended services.

The homebound teacher will assist the student, family, and school personnel with the student's transition back to the classroom setting. However, other support staff, such as the school nurse, school counselor, IEP case manager, or school psychologist, may be more appropriately assigned to the student for transition purposes depending on the nature of the student's needs.

If a student has an IEP or 504 Plan, the IEP or 504 Team must amend the IEP or 504 Plan upon the ending period of homebound services in order to either return the student to the school setting or continue the homebound placement.

Hours of Homebound Instruction

Homebound instruction is designed so the student does not fall significantly behind during the period of confinement. It is necessary for the student to participate in the instructional process and complete assignments. Homework should be expected. Not all work will be completed in the presence of the homebound teacher. Every effort will be made to ensure academic progress; however, course credit must still be **earned** according to class requirements. Priority will be given to core academic subjects. Specialty classes (i.e., those requiring labs, special facilities, or equipment) may not be comparable or available. Elective courses are not guaranteed (**see Figure 1**).

Figure 1

Homebound Instruction IS :	Homebound Instruction IS NOT :
• Designed so that the student does not fall significantly behind during the period of confinement • Interactive; the student is expected to participate in the instructional process and complete assignments • Expected to include homework • Intended to ensure academic progress	• Intended to supplant school services • Expected to have all work completed in the presence of the homebound teacher • A substitute for course credit that must be earned according to class requirements • A guarantee that specialty classes (i.e., requiring labs, special facilities, or equipment) will be comparable or available.

Homebound Instruction IS :	Homebound Instruction IS NOT :
Intended to provide priority to core academic subjects	- Automatically inclusive of elective courses - A guarantee of on-time graduation; all diploma requirements must be met for graduation

The following represents the recommended minimum hours of instruction to be provided. These hours may not be applicable in all instances (i.e., for students with IEPs, the IEP Team determines the hours required in accordance with the student's educational needs).

1. Elementary school students – one hour per day
2. Middle school students – eight hours per week
3. High school students – two hours per core academic subject per week.

Student Absences

In instances where the student is not available for the scheduled homebound session and there has been no prior notification, the homebound teacher should wait for 15 minutes before closing out the session and will be compensated with a prorated amount of \$15.00. Such missed services will not be made up by the school division.

Group Instruction

Any requests for group homebound instruction must be submitted in writing to the homebound coordinator for prior approval. Homebound teachers will be paid a pre-determined group rate.

Transporting Students

Homebound teachers are not allowed to transport students at any time. If the homebound teacher provides instruction at a local library or other public facility, the parent must transport the student to and from the library and must remain with the student throughout the duration of the instruction.

Allowable Expenses

Homebound teachers are paid for direct instruction and up to one hour per week of school-based teacher consultation. Travel and planning time are not included in allowable charges for payment.

Homebound Instruction on Non-Student Days and Holidays

Homebound services are typically provided on regular school days. Homebound services may be provided on Saturdays and/or teacher workdays if there is mutual agreement between the homebound teacher and the parent/guardian with prior approval from the homebound coordinator. Homebound instruction is not provided on Sundays or holidays without prior approval from the homebound coordinator.

Participation in Extracurricular and Non-Academic Activities

Students receiving homebound instruction should be permitted to participate in division-sponsored extracurricular and non-academic activities to the extent they are able to do so. The homebound coordinator or his or her designee should ensure that all students receiving homebound instruction are provided with appropriate notices regarding school pictures, (including individual and group pictures), the yearbook, field trips, and information concerning graduation events in a timely manner. The school division will require a statement from the student's health care provider in considering whether the student will be permitted to participate in these activities. Ultimately, the decision regarding whether the student is permitted to participate in these activities remains in the discretion of the homebound coordinator or his or her designee. In addition, for students with disabilities, a student's participation in extracurricular and/or non-academic activities may be subject to further review by the student's IEP or 504 Team.

Concerns about the Provision of Services

Any concerns about the provision of homebound instruction should be brought to the attention of the homebound coordinator. For students with disabilities, any such concerns should also be brought to the attention of a student's IEP or 504 Team.

Responsibility for Provision of Services

The School Division

The school division's responsibilities in the provision of homebound instructional services include:

1. Designating an individual to coordinate the services for the school division, including supervision of instruction provided

2. Submitting an annual report for reimbursement
3. Employing teachers licensed to teach in Virginia
4. Facilitating the return of the student to school
5. Providing services in a timely manner
6. Ensuring the continuity of instructional services to the student
7. Ensuring that students who receive homebound services are included in Virginia's State Assessment program

The Program Coordinator

The individual designated to coordinate homebound services for a school division is a vital link in the appropriate provision of services. The coordinator is responsible for:

1. Documenting the receipts of requests for homebound instruction
2. Validating requests for homebound instruction and for students with IEPs or 504 Plans, submitting such requests to the IEP or 504 Team for determination of a change in placement
3. Communicating the status of the request to appropriate school personnel
4. Coordinating the overall provision of services in a timely manner
5. Considering the possibility of available technology (distance broadcasting, robotics, etc.) for the student to participate in certain classroom activities from home
6. Verifying ongoing treatment and/or therapy and monitoring progress towards transition back to the school setting
7. Facilitating the student's return to instruction in the classroom
8. Completing the annual report
9. Providing oversight of instruction
10. Documenting that students who receive homebound services are included in Virginia's State Assessment program

The School Homebound Coordinator and Classroom Teacher

A student receiving homebound instruction is maintained on the class roll. The classroom teacher with the assistance of the school homebound coordinator will:

1. Provide the homebound teacher with appropriate instructional materials and information.
2. Be responsible for grading procedures in collaboration with the homebound teacher.
3. Maintain close contact with the homebound teacher or the program coordinator supervising online instruction to monitor the instructional progress of the student.
4. Collaborate with the homebound teacher about the curriculum and appropriate instructional strategies.

The Student/Parent/Guardian

The Student and Parent/Guardian are responsible for:

1. Notifying the school division that homebound services may be needed, discussing the process for initiating services, and signing a release of information form so the school can

share information with the physician about homebound services prior to the official request being made.

2. Obtaining the medical certification of need from the physician or licensed clinical psychologist requesting homebound services and completing parental signature forms in order to begin homebound instruction.
3. Having a responsible adult in the home during the entire period of instruction.
4. Providing adequate facilities for teaching (quiet room without interruptions, with a table, chairs, and appropriate supplies) or provide transportation to another agreed upon facility.
5. Having the student ready for instruction at the time designated by the homebound teacher.
6. Supervising daily homework.
7. Notifying the teacher, prior to the scheduled visit, if there is a contagious illness in the home or if there is an emergency.
8. Keeping all appointments with the homebound teacher (excessively missed appointments may result in suspension of services for general education students and may relieve the school division from providing make-up services to students with disabilities).
9. Making every effort to complete school assignments.
10. Advising the homebound teacher of any change in the student's status that would necessitate modification or termination of homebound services.
11. Notifying the homebound coordinator of missed appointments or tardiness by the homebound teacher.
12. Following the health care provider treatment plan by keeping appointments, therapy sessions, and so forth.

The Homebound Teacher

Professional Qualifications

An individual employed as a homebound teacher or supervising online instruction must hold a teacher's license issued by the Virginia Board of Education (Va. Code § 22.1-299). Homebound teachers must be employed and supervised by designated officials of the school division. A homebound teacher should have a broad background of professional training and experience to adapt instruction to each student's needs. Teachers engaging in academic instruction in the home should also be able to adjust to a variety of home situations and be knowledgeable of cultural uniqueness.

Teacher Qualifications for Teaching Homebound Instruction for Students with Disabilities

In determining the appropriate teacher to provide homebound instruction for students with disabilities, the same requirements that must be met for "in school" instruction should be met for those students receiving instruction at home. Matching teacher credentials/qualifications to student needs will need to be done on a case-by-case basis.

If the person delivering the service does not meet all of the qualifications, he or she must be supervised by someone who does and is actively involved in the child's case (i.e., the homebound

teacher should receive direct supervision concerning the child and instruction from a qualified teacher).

Responsibilities of the Homebound Teacher

Persons serving as homebound teachers must:

1. Maintain close contact with the student's teachers, counselor, or the program coordinator to receive and implement appropriate educational programs;
2. Use assignments and materials provided by the classroom teacher or supervisor of instruction;
3. Maintain an accurate record of the hours of instruction provided for each assigned student and file such information with the designated school division representative;
4. Submit the student's completed work to the designated school representative prior to the end of the grading period and maintain written documentation of work completed with the homebound records, or in cases where online instruction is used, provide a written record; and
5. Document any instructional time that is interrupted because of the child not being available for the instruction period.

The homebound teacher is an essential part of the team of persons who provide materials and instruction to enable the homebound student to maintain academic progress while not attending the regular school program. Homebound instruction is a modification of the general education program. If work is returned to the classroom teacher for grading, prompt feedback to the homebound teacher and student is expected, and necessary, in order to ensure progress in the academic program.

Role of Physician or Clinical Psychologist Providing Certification

Homebound instruction is designed to provide continuity of educational services between the classroom and home or health care facility for students whose medical needs, both physical and psychiatric, do not allow school attendance for a **limited** period of time. At the time of the initial request, the physician or clinical psychologist providing the medical certification of need for homebound instruction **must** provide in writing to the school division the following:

1. Name of the student
2. Certification that the student is "confined at home or in a health care facility"
3. Nature and extent of the illness, including whether the medical condition(s) prohibit attendance for a full day or a portion of the day
4. Date of examination or diagnosis
5. Whether the illness is chronic or intermittent
6. Recommended accommodations the school could make that would allow the student to receive instruction in the school setting
7. Any particular aspects of the illness that may impact the way in which instruction is delivered (e.g., the student will be unable to write or type)

8. Estimated date of return to school (the parent and health care provider should be informed that if this date is beyond nine calendar weeks, additional steps must be taken as outlined below)
9. Ongoing treatment and/or therapy being provided
10. Frequency of treatment and/or therapy
11. Specific plans to transition the student back to the school setting
12. Signature, date, office address, and phone number of the certifying health care provider.

Since homebound instruction is not intended to supplant school services, if it is necessary to extend homebound instruction beyond the initial time frame or longer than nine calendar weeks, a transition plan is required outlining the following:

1. Name of the student
2. Justification for the extension of homebound instruction
3. Additional time homebound instruction is anticipated
4. Specific steps planned to return the student to classroom instruction
5. Changes in amount and kind of activity for the student during extended homebound instruction
6. Signature, date, office address, and phone number of the certifying health care provider.

Reimbursement of Instruction Cost

In order for the school division to be reimbursed for providing homebound services, teachers must provide direct instruction or oversee the use of an online program. Reimbursement payments are made to school divisions by the Virginia Department of Education in the year following the delivery of services. The amount of the reimbursement is based on the prior year's data submitted by school divisions using a composite index of ability-to-pay approach. Reimbursement for homebound services is made to the school division for payment made directly to licensed teachers employed by the division or for technology assisted programs that meet the aforementioned criteria. Payments do not include third-party payments to health care facilities. Reimbursements are based on actual instructional time documented by the homebound teacher. The Virginia Department of Education does not reimburse school divisions for planning time, travel, fringe benefits, computer equipment, software, or network fees. School divisions will use the Single Sign-on for Web Systems (SSWS) to submit a request for reimbursement, including verification of the students' medical need for services, the name(s) of the homebound teacher(s), teacher(s) license number, the number of hours of instruction provided, the hourly rate as determined by the school division for instruction, verification that instructional hours were provided by a teacher licensed in Virginia or meeting the criteria for online instruction, and other information that may be requested by the Virginia Department of Education. Specific instructions and deadlines for filing the homebound report will be communicated to school divisions, on an annual basis, in a Superintendent's Memorandum. All homebound forms, including certification, termination, and requests for reimbursement of state funds, should be properly signed, and maintained by the school division.

Reimbursement of Instruction Cost for Students with Disabilities

It is appropriate to include the cost of homebound instruction for students with disabilities in the request for reimbursement for homebound services that the school division completes each year. School divisions will be reimbursed following the process outlined above.

Reimbursement for instruction of special education students who have been suspended or expelled is not permitted through the homebound instruction budget. Under these circumstances, educational services in the IEP must be provided by the school division through special education funding or other sources, excluding homebound.

Annual Report

DCPS submits to the VDOE an end-of-year report of homebound instruction services delivered. Reimbursement is based upon the information provided in this report and will be filed using the following procedures:

1. Use the Single Sign-on Web System to submit the annual report electronically.
2. Enter an instructor's current Virginia license number; the teacher name will be displayed in the list.
3. Enter the hourly rate and number of hours the teacher has worked; total amount paid will be calculated in the appropriate field.
4. Submit the completed annual Report for Homebound Instruction to the VDOE.
5. Print and email the report **signed by the school division superintendent or designee to the liaison at VDOE.**

APPENDIX A

The Glossary of Terms and Phrases

Confined – the student is unable to participate in the normal day-to-day activities typically expected during school attendance; and absences from home are infrequent, of relatively short duration, or to receive health care treatment. The definition does not apply to situations wherein students are confined due to discipline or non-medically based situations.

Eligible Student – a student enrolled in a public school for which the need for homebound instruction has been appropriately documented, certified, and approved by the school division.

Home-based Instruction – means services that are delivered in the home setting (or other agreed upon setting) in accordance with the child’s Individualized Education Program (8 VAC 20-80-10). The student’s IEP Team makes this placement decision based upon the student’s educational needs and consideration of the student’s least restrictive environment. Medical certification is not necessary for such a placement and no homebound instruction reimbursement is provided for these services. This type of instruction may be provided to students who are removed from school by the division for disciplinary or other reasons.

Homebound Instruction – academic instruction provided to students who are confined at home or in a health care facility for periods that would prevent normal school attendance based upon medical certification of need by a licensed physician or licensed clinical psychologist. For a student with a disability with an IEP, the IEP Team must determine the delivery of services, including the number of hours of services. For a student with a 504 Plan, the 504 Team must determine whether a change in placement to a homebound setting is appropriate and, if so, identify any accommodations and/or related aids and services that will be provided to the student while receiving homebound instruction.

Home Instruction – instruction of a child or children by a parent or parents, guardian, or other person having control or charge of such child or children as an alternative to attendance in a public or private school in accordance with the provisions of the *Code of Virginia* (COV). This instruction may also be termed home schooling. (Va. Code § 22.1-254.1, 8 VAC 20-80-10)

Home Tutoring – instruction by a tutor or teacher with qualifications prescribed by the Virginia Board of Education, as an alternative to attendance in a public or private school and approved by the division superintendent in accordance with the provisions of the *Code of Virginia*. This tutoring is often used as an alternative form of home schooling but is not home instruction as defined in Va. Code § 22.1-254.

Individualized education program or **IEP** means a written statement for a child with a disability that is developed, reviewed, and revised at least annually in a team meeting in

accordance with the IDEA. The IEP specifies the individual educational needs of the child and what special education and related services are necessary to meet the child's educational needs.

Individualized education program team or IEP team means a group of individuals described in the Virginia special education regulations (at 8 VAC 20-81-110) that is responsible for developing, reviewing, or revising an IEP for a child with a disability.

Interim Homebound – homebound services that start and stop, based on pre-defined triggers for students with chronic illnesses that may “flare up” necessitating shorter, more frequent periods of time away from school.

Licensed Clinical Psychologist – a psychologist licensed by the Virginia Board of Psychology. For the purposes of eligibility, the licensed clinical psychologist must either be in a treatment relationship or establishing a treatment relationship with the student to meet requirements for requesting homebound services.

Licensed Physician – an individual who has been licensed by his/her state Board of Medicine to practice medicine. In regard to the provision of homebound services, it is expected that the physician will only certify those conditions that fall within their documented experience and training.

Licensed Teacher – an individual who has met all the current requirements for a teacher in the Commonwealth of Virginia and holds a license from the Virginia Board of Education, or, if teaching online, a license from Virginia or another state.

Medical Certificate of Need for Homebound Instruction – physician or licensed clinical psychologist’s written documentation of the medical need for homebound instruction. The certification shall include, but not be limited to, the current illness requiring the student to be confined at home or healthcare facility, estimated date of return to school, and the plan of treatment.

Nurse Practitioner – a registered nurse who has met the requirements for licensure as stated in 18 VAC 90-30-60 et seq. Nurse practitioners are registered nurses with additional education and are jointly licensed by the Boards of Nursing and Medicine.

Psychiatrist – an individual who has been licensed by the Virginia Board of Medicine and trained to practice in the science of treating mental diseases. A psychiatrist is a medical doctor (M.D.).

Regular School Year – the period of time between the opening day of school in the fall and the closing day of school for that school year.

Section 504 Plan – A written plan of modifications and/or accommodations for qualified individuals under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. § 794).

Student with a Disability – is one who has been found eligible for special education and related services in accordance with federal and state regulations governing special education.

Temporary – existing for a short time, or for a limited time. The term implies an arrangement established with the intent of preparing the student for returning to school as soon as possible. It is expected that the time determined for homebound services will be based on the premise that every student should be maintained in the regular school setting to the greatest extent possible.

Transition Plan – plan provided by the licensed physician or licensed clinical psychologist to explain the need for extended homebound instruction. The plan shall include: name of the student, justification for the extension of homebound instruction, additional time homebound instruction is anticipated, and specific steps planned to return the student to classroom instruction.

APPENDIX B

Homebound Instruction Medical Certification of Need

Homebound instruction shall be made available to students who are **confined** at home or in a health care facility for periods that would prevent normal school attendance (8VAC20-131-180). The term “**confined at home or in a health care facility**” means the student is unable to participate in the normal day-to-day activities typically expected during school attendance; and absences from home are infrequent, for periods of relatively short duration, or to receive health care treatment. Students receiving homebound instruction may not work or participate in extra-curricular activities, non-academic activities (such as field trips), or community activities unless these activities are specifically outlined in the students medical plan of care from the physician or the Individualized Education Program or 504 Plan (if applicable).

To be fully completed by the licensed physician or licensed clinical psychologist providing care to the student for the condition for which the services are requested.*

1. Name of Student:
2. Name of School:
3. Grade:
4. Nature and extent of illness:
5. Date of examination or diagnosis of this illness:
6. Is the student confined at home or in a health care facility? Yes ☐ No ☐
7. Could this child attend school if the school makes accommodations? Yes ☐ No ☐
If yes, please list the recommended accommodations. If no, please explain:
8. Estimated date of return to school:
9. Explain ongoing treatment and/or therapy being provided:
10. Frequency of treatment:

Signature and Certification of Licensed Physician/Clinical Psychologist

Date

Print Physician/Psychologist Name

Telephone Number

Office Address

City, State, and Zip Code

Students may receive instruction in the home, a health care facility, or any other approved facility as agreed upon by the school division and parent or student who has reached the age of majority (eligible student). If it is necessary for homebound instruction to continue beyond nine weeks, an extension or reauthorization form, including treatment plan, progress towards treatment goals, and specific plans to transition the student back to the school setting will be required.

To be completed by the parent/guardian or eligible student.

Name of Parent/Guardian or Eligible Student:

Home Phone:

Work Phone:

Cell Phone:

Street Address:

City:

State:

Zip Code:

Acknowledgement/Release: I acknowledge this request and agree with the need for homebound services. I further acknowledge that the requested homebound services for students receiving special education services shall be subject to further review by the student's IEP Team pursuant to the *Individuals with Disabilities Education Act* or by the student's 504 Team (if applicable). I will provide an environment conducive to learning, ensure that a responsible adult is in the home for the duration of instruction, and, if applicable, provide transportation to another agreed upon facility. I will keep appointments with the homebound teacher or contact the teacher or homebound coordinator if an appointment must be missed.

I understand that the school division has established policies and procedures for homebound instruction that provide more detail than this certificate of need.

By my signature, I authorize the release and exchange of medical information between the health care provider, listed on the reverse side, or his/her designee, and school division personnel. My signature provides the health care provider(s) with the authorization necessary to disclose protected health information and records regarding said student as it pertains to the condition for which homebound instructional services are being requested. This authorization may be withdrawn at any time in writing.

Please note: This form, including parental permission to contact the treating physician or psychologist, must be **fully** completed in order for the student to be considered for homebound services. If you have questions about completing this form, please contact:

Signature of Parent/Guardian or Eligible Student

Date

*The *Code of Virginia* § 54.1-2957.02 states “whenever any law or regulation requires a signature, certification, stamp, verification, affidavit or endorsement by a physician, it shall be deemed to include a signature, certification, stamp, verification, affidavit or endorsement by a nurse practitioner.”

APPENDIX C

Frequently Asked Questions and Answers

The following Frequently Asked Questions are provided to answer common questions. The answers supplied are general and may vary depending upon other facts involved in an individual case.

Question: Can either the school division or parents appeal the appropriateness of the services or the certification?

Answer: No. Decisions about the appropriateness of services can be made after all the facts and other information have been collected. Any questions or concerns about the appropriateness of services or the certification are addressed by the school division’s homebound coordinator and, where appropriate, to a student’s IEP or 504 Team.

Question: If a student lives in one school division in Virginia but attends school in another division or another state, which division has the responsibility for providing homebound services if they are needed?

Answer: For general education students, eligibility for homebound services is based upon the student’s enrollment in public school and the inability to attend school. Responsibility for providing services rests with the public-school division in which the student is enrolled. Enrollment is based on the residency requirement set forth in the *Code of Virginia* (§ 22.1-3). For students with disabilities under IDEA, enrollment is not a prerequisite for the provision of a free appropriate public education (FAPE). Responsibility for the provision of services in such cases should be determined in accordance with the provisions of 8 VAC 20-81-30.

Question: If two or more eligible students need instruction in the same subject at the same time and they live in the same home, such as a foster home or other group living facility, can they be instructed in a group?

Answer: In this instance, it is reasonable to provide homebound services in a group setting, unless age and grade level or other circumstances unique to a student’s condition would dictate a one-to-one situation. For students with disabilities, this arrangement must be determined to be appropriate by the IEP Team and listed in the student’s IEP.

Question: How should reimbursement be reported when more than one student was instructed at the same time?

Answer: Reimbursement is based upon instructional hours delivered by the homebound teacher and not on the number of students instructed.

Question: What forms must be sent to the Virginia Department of Education (VDOE)?

Answer: Each school division submits an end-of-year report of homebound instruction services delivered to the VDOE. Reimbursement is based upon the information provided in this report. The school division will:

1. Use the Single Sign-on for Web Systems to submit the annual report electronically.
2. Enter an instructor's current Virginia license number; the teacher name will be displayed in the list.
3. Enter the hourly rate and number of hours the teacher has worked; total amount paid will be calculated in the appropriate field.
4. Submit the completed annual Report for Homebound Instruction to the VDOE.
5. Print and mail the report signed by the school division superintendent to the School Health Specialist at VDOE.

Question: Is it permissible to use medical information submitted by a nurse, dentist, chiropractor, social worker, or licensed professional counselor to determine eligibility for homebound instruction?

Answer: No. Only a licensed physician or licensed clinical psychologist can provide the certification of need for homebound services. In addition, the *Code of Virginia* § 54.1-2957.02, allows nurse practitioners to sign in situations where a physician's signature is required.

Question: When students enrolled in a public school are hospitalized in health care or psychiatric facilities that provide no education service, is the school division obligated to provide homebound instruction in the health care facility?

Answer: Eligibility for homebound services is based upon the student's enrollment in a public school and the inability to attend school. Responsibility for providing the homebound services, regardless of location, is with the public-school division where the student is enrolled, or for students with disabilities, by the school division indicated in 8 VAC 20-81-30. School divisions may contract with other school divisions to provide homebound services when distance is a factor.

Question: Will the VDOE reimburse the school division for homebound services for a student to remain at home to care for a newborn child?

Answer: No. The VDOE can only provide reimbursement for the eligible student (mother) until such time as the student is recovered and able to return to school. Homebound services are for student illness/injury only; services are not appropriate to compensate for absences related to family care or illness.

Question: Will the VDOE reimburse the school division for providing homebound instruction to a group of pregnant teenagers at a school location?

Answer: No. The VDOE will only reimburse the school division for providing homebound services to students confined to home or health care facility for medical reasons. If a student is able to attend school to receive educational services, the student is not eligible for homebound instruction.

Question: Does the VDOE reimburse the school division for homebound services for a student parentally placed in a private school?

Answer: No, homebound services are provided only to students enrolled in public schools.

Question: Should students in schools using block scheduling receive more homebound services than other secondary school students?

Answer: The number of hours of services a student receives is designed to meet the needs of the individual student and determined by the homebound coordinator or, where appropriate, an IEP Team for a student with a disability.

Question: Does the VDOE reimburse the school division for special education students who need homebound services?

Answer: Yes, but the VDOE will reimburse the school division for homebound instruction provided only to those students for whom there is a completed certification of need by a licensed physician, or a licensed clinical psychologist and the IEP Team has determined the delivery of homebound instructional services.

Question: Does the VDOE reimburse the school division for expenses incurred in providing homebound instruction to special education and general education classroom students for reasons other than medical concerns (discipline, home-based instruction, or non-medically based situations)?

Answer: No.

Question: Can a student's schedule be modified while on homebound?

Answer: Yes, a student's schedule can be modified.

Question: Is it appropriate to assume a student will receive course credit for instruction received?

Answer: Instruction is provided for students to progress in courses. While every effort is made to encourage academic progress, course credit is not guaranteed for students receiving homebound instruction.