# CLEVELAND SCHOOL DISTRICT Hayes Cooper Center SCHOOL WELLNESS PLAN 2021-2024

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#### **Preamble**

The link between health of students and learning is well documented. If children are to be successful in school they cannot be tired, hungry, sick, or suffering from problems associated with the lack of physical activity. It has become apparent that problems such as poor nutrition and lack of physical activity can adversely affect not only a child's health, but also his or her ability to learn. This is why a coordinated approach to school health can make a difference in a child's educational experience. A coordinated approach to school health improves children's health and their capacity to learn through the support of families, schools, and communities working together. The approach to school health is about keeping students healthy over time, reinforcing positive healthy behaviors throughout the school day, and making it clear that good health and learning go hand in hand.

All students at Hayes Cooper Center shall possess the knowledge and skills necessary to make healthy choices that promote healthy lifestyles. All staff at Hayes Cooper Center is encouraged to model healthful eating and physical activity as a valuable part of daily life. To meet this goal, Hayes Cooper Center adopts this school wellness policy with the following commitments to implementing a coordinated approach to school health. This policy is designed to effectively utilize school and community resources and to equitably serve the needs and interests of all students and staff, taking into consideration differences in culture.

## I. School Wellness Committee

#### Committee Role and Membership

The School wellness committee will meet at least 3 times a year to establish goals for and oversee school health policies and programs.

Hayes Cooper Center wellness committee membership will include, but not limited to: parents / caregivers, students, representatives of the school nutrition program, physical education teachers, health education teachers; school health professionals, school administrators, school board members, health professionals, and the general public. The committee will try to reflect the diversity of our school and community.

#### Leadership

The school wellness policy coordinator will ensure compliance with the policy.

The school administrator will set meeting dates.

The meeting committee will meet at least 3 times a year. (August, January, May)

# II. Wellness Policy Implementation, Monitoring, Accountability and Community Engagement

# Implementation Plan

Hayes Cooper Center School Wellness Committee (SWC) will develop and maintain a plan for implementation of the wellness policy.

#### Recordkeeping

The SWC coordinator will keep records to document compliance with the requirements of the wellness policy and place them in the school administrator's office.

#### Annual Notification of Policy.

Hayes Cooper Center will actively inform families and the public each year of basic information about the wellness policy. HCC will make this information available on our website. Annually, names and contact information of the coordinating committee will be posted on the website.

#### Triennial Progress Assessments

Once every three years, HCC will evaluate compliance with the wellness policy to assess the implementation of the policy. Any changes in the policy will be made public on the HCC website.

#### Revisions and Updating the Policy

HCC will update or modify the wellness policy based on eh results of the annual School Health Index and triennial assessments and/ or as District and HCC priorities change. SWC will assess if wellness goals have been met and revise the policy as needed.

#### Community / Public Involvement, Outreach and Communications

HCC will:

- Invite parents and community members to participate in school health planning by serving on the local School Health Council.
- Invite family members to a school meal.
- Recruit and involve families as volunteers by taking advantage of their time, experience, and resources.
- Invite family volunteers to lead physical activities for children such as, but not limited to May Day Play Day.
- Plan Healthy rewards for students.

# III. Nutrition

#### School Meals

We are committed to serving healthy meals to children, with plenty of fruits, vegetables, whole grains, and fat-free and low-fat milk; that are moderate in sodium, low in saturated fat, and have zero grams trans-fat per serving and to meeting the nutrition needs of school children within their calorie requirements. The school meal programs aim to improve the diet and health of school children, help mitigate childhood obesity, model healthy eating to support the development of lifelong healthy eating patterns and support healthy choices while accommodating cultural food preferences and special dietary needs with appropriate medical documentation.

We participate in USDA child nutrition programs, including the National School Lunch Program (NSLP), the School Breakfast Program (SBP), and After School Snack Program, and Summer Food Service Program (SFSP). We are committed to offering school meals through the NSLP and SBP programs, and other applicable federal child nutrition programs, that:

- Are accessible to all students;
- Are appealing and attractive to children;
- Are served in clean and pleasant settings;
- Meet or exceed current nutrition requirements established by local, state, and federal statutes and regulations.
- Promote healthy food and beverage choices using some of the following Smarter Lunchroom techniques:
  - Whole fruit options are displayed in attractive bowls or baskets.
  - Sliced or cut fruit is available daily.
  - Daily fruit options are displayed in a location in the line of sight and reach of students.
  - All staff members, especially those serving, have been trained to politely prompt students to select and consume the daily vegetable options with their meal.
  - White milk is placed in front of other beverages in all coolers.
  - Alternative entrée options are highlighted on posters or signs within all service and dining areas.
  - Student surveys and taste testing opportunities are used to inform menu development, dining space decor and promotional ideas.
  - Student artwork is displayed in the service and/or dining areas.
  - Daily announcements are used to promote and market menu options.
- Menus will be posted on the District website. Nutrient content and ingredients can be requested by contacting the Child Nutrition department.
- Menus will be created by a nutrition professional.
- School meals are administered by a team of child nutrition professionals.
- The District child nutrition program will accommodate students with special dietary needs with appropriate medical documentation.
- Students will be allowed at least 10 minutes to eat breakfast and at least 20 minutes to eat lunch, counting from the time they have received their meal and are seated.
- Students are served lunch at a reasonable and appropriate time of day.
- Participation in federal child nutrition programs will be promoted among students and families to help ensure that families know what programs are available in their children's school.

#### Staff Qualifications and Professional Development

Our school nutrition program manager and staff will meet or exceed hiring and annual continuing education/training requirements in the USDA professional standards for child nutrition professionals.

#### Water

To promote hydration, free, safe, unflavored drinking water will be available to all students throughout the school day. We will make drinking water available where school meals are served during mealtimes via fountains and/or beverage dispensers.

#### Competitive Foods and Beverages

All vending machines have been removed from our building to ensure competitive food and beverages are not sold on the school campus during the day.

#### Celebrations and Rewards

All foods <u>offered</u> on the school campus will meet or exceed the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards, including through:

- 1. Celebrations and parties. HCC will provide a list of healthy party ideas to parents and teachers, including non-food celebration ideas.
- Classroom snacks brought by parents.
- 3. Rewards and incentives. Foods and beverages will not be used as a reward, or withheld as punishment for any reason, such as for performance or behavior.

#### **Fundraising**

Foods and beverages that meet or exceed the USDA Smart Snacks in Schools nutrition standards may be sold through fundraisers on the school campus\* during the school day\*. The District will make available to parents and teachers a list of healthy fundraising ideas.

- Schools will use non-food fundraisers at least 25% of the time, and encourage those promoting physical activity (such as walk-a-thons, Jump Rope for Heart, fun runs, etc.).
- Fundraising during school hours will sell only non-food items or foods and beverages that
  meet or exceed the Smart Snacks nutrition standards. These fundraisers may include but are
  not limited to, donation nights at restaurants, cookie dough, candy and pizza sales, market
  days, etc.

#### **Nutrition Promotion**

Students and staff will receive consistent nutrition messages throughout schools, classrooms, and cafeterias. Nutrition promotion also includes marketing and advertising nutritious foods and beverages to students and is most effective when implemented consistently through a comprehensive and multi-channel approach by school staff, teachers, parents, students and the community.

HCC will promote healthy food and beverage choices for all students throughout the school campus, as well as encourage participation in school meal programs.

### The Hayes Cooper Center will:

- Offer a school lunch program with menus that meet the meal patterns and nutrition standards established by the U.S. Department of Agriculture and the Mississippi Department of Education, Office of Child Nutrition Programs.
- Offer school breakfast and snack programs (where approved and applicable) with menus
  that meet the meal patterns and nutrition standards established by the U.S. Department
  of Agriculture and the Mississippi Department of Education, Office of Child Nutrition
  Programs.
- Encourage school staff and families to participate in school meal programs.
- Operate all Child Nutrition Programs with school foodservice staff who are properly
  qualified according to current professional standards (Mississippi Board of Education
  Policy, Code EE-2E).
- Establish food safety as a key component of all school food operations and ensure that the food service permit is current for the Food Service school site.
- Follow State Board of Education policies on competitive foods and extra food sales (Mississippi Board of Education Policy, Code EEH).
- Establish guidelines for all foods available on the school campus during the school day with the objective of promoting student health and reducing childhood obesity.

#### Hayes Cooper Center will:

- Provide adequate time for students to eat and enjoy school meals (a minimum of 10 minutes at breakfast and 20 minutes at lunch).
- Encourage students to make food choices based on the 2005 Dietary Guidelines for Americans, by emphasizing menu options that feature baked (rather than fried foods, whole grains, fresh fruits and vegetables, and reduced-fat dairy products.
- Establish a cafeteria environment conductive to positive dining experience, with socializing among students and between students and adults; with supervision of eating areas by adults who model proper conduct and voice level; and with adults who model healthy habits by eating with the students.

#### **Nutrition Education**

HCC will teach, model, encourage and support healthy eating by all students. Schools will provide nutrition education and engage in nutrition promotion that:

- Is designed to provide students with the knowledge and skills necessary to promote and protect their health;
- Is part of not only health education classes, but also integrated into other classroom instruction through subjects such as math, science, language arts, social sciences and elective subjects;
- Includes enjoyable, developmentally-appropriate, culturally-relevant and participatory activities, such as cooking demonstrations or lessons, promotions, taste-testing, farm visits and school gardens;

- Promotes fruits, vegetables, whole-grain products, low-fat and fat-free dairy products and healthy food preparation methods;
- Emphasizes caloric balance between food intake and energy expenditure
- Links with school meal programs, cafeteria nutrition promotion activities, school gardens,
   Farm to School programs, other school foods and nutrition-related community services;
- Teaches media literacy with an emphasis on food and beverage marketing; and
- Includes nutrition education training for teachers and other staff.

#### Essential Healthy Eating Topics in Health Education

HCC will include in the health education curriculum a minimum of 12 of the following essential topics on healthy eating:

- Relationship between healthy eating and personal health and disease prevention
- Food guidance from MyPlate
- Reading and using FDA's nutrition fact labels
- Eating a variety of foods every day
- Balancing food intake and physical activity
- Eating more fruits, vegetables and whole grain products
- Choosing foods that are low in fat, saturated fat, and cholesterol and do not contain trans fat
- Choosing foods and beverages with little added sugars
- Eating more calcium-rich foods
- Preparing healthy meals and snacks
- Risks of unhealthy weight control practices
- Accepting body size differences
- Food safety
- Importance of water consumption
- Importance of eating breakfast
- Making healthy choices when eating at restaurants
- Eating disorders
- The Dietary Guidelines for Americans
- Reducing sodium intake
- Social influences on healthy eating, including media, family, peers and culture
- How to find valid information or services related to nutrition and dietary behavior
- How to develop a plan and track progress toward achieving a personal goal to eat healthfully
- Resisting peer pressure related to unhealthy dietary behavior

Influencing, supporting, or advocating for others' healthy dietary behavior

#### Food and Beverage Marketing in Schools

Any foods and beverages marketed or promoted to students on the school campus\* during the school day\* will meet or exceed the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards such that only those foods that comply with or exceed those nutrition standards are permitted to be marketed or promoted to students.

Food and beverage marketing is defined as advertising and other promotions in schools. Food and beverage marketing often includes an oral, written, or graphic statements made for the purpose of promoting the sale of a food or beverage product made by the producer,

manufacturer, seller or any other entity with a commercial interest in the product.<sup>1</sup> This term includes, but is not limited to the following:

- Brand names, trademarks, logos or tags, except when placed on a physically present food or beverage product or its container.
- Displays, such as on vending machine exteriors
- Corporate brand, logo, name or trademark on school equipment, such as marquees, message boards, scoreboards or backboards (Note: immediate replacement of these items are not required; however, districts will replace or update scoreboards or other durable equipment when existing contracts are up for renewal or to the extent that is in financially possible over time so that items are in compliance with the marketing policy.)
- Corporate brand, logo, name or trademark on cups used for beverage dispensing, menu boards, coolers, trash cans and other food service equipment; as well as on posters, book covers, pupil assignment books or school supplies displayed, distributed, offered or sold by the District.
- Advertisements in school publications or school mailings.
- Free product samples, taste tests or coupons of a product, or free samples displaying advertising of a product.

As the District/school nutrition services/Athletics Department/PTA/PTO reviews existing contracts and considers new contracts, equipment and product purchasing (and replacement) decisions should reflect the applicable marketing guidelines established by the District wellness policy.

# IV. Physical Activity

#### Physical Education

HCC will provide students with physical education, using an age-appropriate, sequential physical education curriculum consistent with national and state standards for physical education. The physical education curriculum will promote the benefits of a physically active lifestyle and will help students develop skills to engage in lifelong healthy habits, as well as incorporate essential health education concepts The curriculum will support the essential components of physical education.

All students will be provided equal opportunity to participate in physical education classes. The District will make appropriate accommodations to allow for equitable participation for all students and will adapt physical education classes and equipment as necessary.

HCC students will receive physical education for at least 45 minutes per week throughout the school year.

HCC physical education program will promote student physical fitness through individualized fitness and activity assessments (via the <a href="Presidential Youth Fitness Program">Presidential Youth Fitness Program</a> or other appropriate assessment tool) and will use criterion-based reporting for each student.

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#### The Hayes Cooper School will:

- Provide physical education for all students
- Offer a planned sequential program of physical education instruction incorporating individual and group activities, which are student taught in a positive environment.
- Implement the Mississippi Physical Education Framework.
- Incorporate 5 to 10- minute physical activity sessions in classrooms to teach subject areas and to make transitions between different lessons (e.g., Take Ten!, Mind and Body, etc.).
- Participate in a yearly fitness test for students (e.g., Fitness Gram, President's Challenge to Physical Fitness, etc.).
- Establish or enhance physical activity opportunities (like walking clubs or fitness challenges) for staff and /or parents.
- Provide staff-monitored recreational activities that promote moderate physical activity during all outdoor and indoor recess times.
- Collaborate with local recreational departments and youth fitness programs to promote participation in lifelong physical activities.

#### Essential Physical Activity Topics in Health Education

Health education will be required in all grades (elementary) and the district will require middle and high school students to take and pass at least one health education course. The District will include in the health education curriculum a minimum of 12 the following essential topics on physical activity:

- The physical, psychological, or social benefits of physical activity
- How physical activity can contribute to a healthy weight
- How physical activity can contribute to the academic learning process
- How an inactive lifestyle contributes to chronic disease
- Health-related fitness, that is, cardiovascular endurance, muscular endurance, muscular strength, flexibility, and body composition
- Differences between physical activity, exercise and fitness
- Phases of an exercise session, that is, warm up, workout and cool down
- Overcoming barriers to physical activity
- Decreasing sedentary activities, such as TV watching
- Opportunities for physical activity in the community
- Preventing injury during physical activity
- Weather-related safety, for example, avoiding heat stroke, hypothermia and sunburn while being physically active
- How much physical activity is enough, that is, determining frequency, intensity, time and type
  of physical activity
- Developing an individualized physical activity and fitness plan
- Monitoring progress toward reaching goals in an individualized physical activity plan
- Dangers of using performance-enhancing drugs, such as steroids
- Social influences on physical activity, including media, family, peers and culture
- How to find valid information or services related to physical activity and fitness
- How to influence, support, or advocate for others to engage in physical activity
- How to resist peer pressure that discourages physical activity.

#### Recess (Elementary)

HCC will offer at least **20 minutes of recess** on all days during the school year. This policy may be waived on early dismissal or late arrival days. If recess is offered before lunch, schools will have appropriate hand-washing facilities and/or hand-sanitizing mechanisms located just inside and/or outside the cafeteria to ensure proper hygiene prior to eating and students are required to use these mechanisms before eating. Hand-washing time, as well as time to put away coats/hats/gloves, will be built in to the recess transition period/timeframe before students enter the cafeteria.

Outdoor recess will be offered when weather is feasible for outdoor play.

In the event that the HCC must conduct **indoor recess**, teachers and staff will follow the indoor recess guidelines that promote physical activity for students, to the extent practicable.

Recess will complement, not substitute, physical education class. Recess monitors or teachers will encourage students to be active, and will serve as role models by being physically active alongside the students whenever feasible.

#### Classroom Physical Activity Breaks (Elementary and Secondary)

HCC recognizes that students are more attentive and ready to learn if provided with periodic breaks when they can be physically active or stretch. Thus, students will be offered **periodic opportunities** to be active or to stretch throughout the day on all or most days during a typical school week. HCC teachers will provide short (3-5-minute) physical activity breaks to students during and between classroom time at least three days per week. These physical activity breaks will complement, not substitute, for physical education class, recess, and class transition periods.

#### Active Transport

Due to our building location (on an active highway), students are unable to participate in Walk to School.

# V. Other Activities that Promote Student Wellness

#### Community Partnerships

Bolivar Medical Center and North Sunflower Medical Center have been used as contacts and resources during the COVID-19 pandemic. We will continue to work with both resources to provide up-to-date resources for faculty, staff, students, and families.

#### Staff Wellness and Health Promotion

Staff will be encouraged to use outdoor spaces (bus route through campus) as a walking trail during classroom breaks and recess. Our Booster Club provides faculty and staff with healthy snacks and meals during the month. We will continue to cooperate with them to provide healthy options for teachers. We plan to work with local fitness staff to provide school-wide exercise classes for faculty at a discounted rate (post-COVID-19).

# Evaluation Plan

The wellness committee will meet 4 times a year and discuss any discrepancy in our building to determine what issues need to be addressed.