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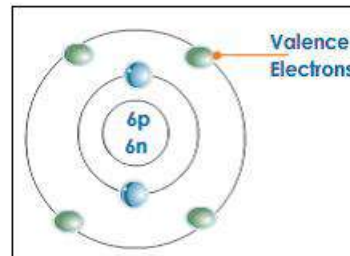
CH 7 READING GUIDE – Ionic and Metallic Bonding!

7.1: lons (p. 194-199)

1) What are **VALENCE ELECTRONS**? _____

2) Fill in the chart below for each element:

Element	# valence e ⁻	electron dot structure (Lewis Structure)
Rb		
S		
Sr		
Al		
C		
Kr		
P		
I		

[illegible]

3) How many valence electrons do atoms of the noble gases have?

4) Why is this number (from previous question) significant?

5) How do **CATIONS** form?

6) How do **ANIONS** form?

7) Atoms of which elements tend to gain electrons?

8) Atoms of which elements tend to lose electrons?

9) Write the electron configuration ($1s^2 2s^2 \dots$) for:

- Na: _____
- Na⁺: _____
- Br: _____
- Br: _____

10) Complete the chart below.

Element	# of valence e ⁻	gain/lose e ⁻ (how many?)	Ionic charge	metal/nonmetal
Mg				
O				
P				
Br				
Rb				
Ar				
S				
N				
Li				

11) Write the electron configuration for the following. (HINT: These are transition metals! Read the passage on transition metals on page 197 to help you predict the e⁻ config. for the ions!). You may use the abbreviated (noble gas) configuration method if you prefer).

- Cd: _____
- Cd²⁺: _____
- Ag: _____
- Ag⁺: _____

7.2: Ionic Bonds and Ionic Compounds (p. 201-207)

12) What is an **IONIC COMPOUND**? _____ \

13) Although ionic compounds are composed of ions, ionic compounds are **electrically neutral**...**WHY**? _____

14) What are **IONIC BONDS**? _____

15) What is a **CHEMICAL FORMULA**? _____

16) What is a **FORMULA UNIT**? _____

17) What is the formula unit for **magnesium chloride**? _____ **WHY**? _____

18) (HINT: See sample problem 7.1 on page 203) For each ionic compound formed from the following pairs of elements, do the following:

i) Use **electron dot (Lewis) structures** to show the transfer of electrons from one element to the other.

ii) Write the **chemical formula and name of the compound** formed when the 2 elements combine to form an ionic compound.

A) K and Cl

D) Sr and Br

B) Li and N

E) Al and S

C) Ca and O

F) Mg and P

19) Write the correct chemical formula AND name for the compounds formed from each pair of ions below:

A) K^+ and S^{2-} : _____ ; _____

B) Ca^{2+} and N^{3-} : _____ ; _____

C) Na^+ and O^{2-} : _____ ; _____

D) Al^{3+} and Cl^- : _____ ; _____

E) Rb^+ and F^- : _____ ; _____

F) Sr^{2+} and Br^- : _____ ; _____

20) What are three properties of **IONIC COMPOUNDS**?

- _____
- _____
- _____

7.3: Bonding in Metals (p. 209-213)

21) What is a **METALLIC BOND**? _____

22) How does the mobility of valence electrons in metals explain the following properties of metals?

•conducts electricity: _____

•malleable / ductile: _____

23) What are **ALLOYS**? How are they prepared? _____

24) Why are alloys so important? _____

25) What are the most important alloys today? _____

26) List the principal elements in most steels: _____

27) List some useful properties of steel alloys. _____

